PCA-6003

Full-sized socket 370 Intel® Pentium® III processorbased PCI/ISA-bus CPU card

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PCA-6003 Series comparison table			
Model	PCA-6003V-00A1	PCA-6003VE-00A1	PCA-6003H-00A1
CPU: Intel®Pentium® III Socket 370	1	1	1
System chipset: VIA Apollo PLE133T	1	1	1
BIOS: Award P&P Flash BIOS	1	1	1
L2 Cache: 128/256/512KB on CPU	1	1	1
Max. System RAM: 1 GB (2 X 168-pin sockets)	1	1	1
USB Port	2	2	2
2 EIDE connectors	1	1	1
2 serial, 1 parallel ports	1	1	1
VGA: AGP/VGA (Chipset built-in)	1	✓	1
LAN: 10/100Base-T Ethernet (chipset: Realtek 8139C)	×	1	1
HiSA (ISA high drive)	×	×	1

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- 1 PCA-6003 socket 370 Pentium III[®] processor-based single board computer
- 1 Pentium III® processor (optional)
- 1 PCA-6003 startup Manual
- 1 CD driver utility and manual (in PDF format)
- 1 FDD cable, P/N: 1701340703
- 2 UDMA 66/100 HDD cables, P/N: 1701400452
- 1 printer (parallel port) cable & COM port cable kit, P/N: 1700060305
- 1 ivory cable for PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse, P/N: 1700060202
- 1 USB cable (optional), P/N 1700100170

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

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CHAPTER

Hardware Configuration

This chapter gives background information on the PCA-6003. It then shows you how to configure the card to match your application and prepare it for installation into your PC.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Board Layout
- Jumpers and Connectors
- · Safety Precautions
- Jumper Settings
- System Memory
- Memory Installation Procedures
- Cache Memory
- CPU Installation

1.1 Introduction

The PCA-6003 Series all-in-one industrial grade single board computer is a low cost yet full-featured product. It uses VIA's Apollo PLE133 chipset with integrated VGA and supports Intel Pentiun III / Celeron processor up to 1.26GHz and above. Its on-board I/O functions and industrial features can meet most of the requirements of industrial applications.

The CPU provides 128/256/512 KB on-CPU L2 cache, eliminating the need for external SRAM chips. It has two PCI EIDE interfaces (for up to four devices) and a floppy disk drive interface (for up to two devices). Other features include two RS-232 serial ports (16C550 UARTs with 16-byte FIFO or compatible), one enhanced parallel port (supports EPP/ECP) and two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports. The PCI enhanced IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33/66/100 and PIO Mode 4 operation. This provides data transfer rates of 33/66/100 MB/ sec. System BIOS supports boot-up from an IDE CD-ROM, SCSI CD-ROM, LS-120, IDE HDD, SCSI HDD, ZIP-100, LAN, and FDD.

A backup of CMOS data is stored in the Flash memory, which protects data even after a battery failure. Also included is a 63-level watchdog timer, which resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if a program cannot be executed normally. This enables reliable operation in unattended environments.

The PCA-6003 Series offers several impressive industrial features such as chipset built-in VGA (AGP) interface, a 10/100Base-T networking controller, two DIMM slots for a total of 1 GB RAM memory, and a high driving ISA bus. The AC-97 audio interface (requires an audio extension card: P/N PCA-AUDIO-00A1) provides audio input and output. All these make it an ideal choice for applications that require both high performance and full functionality.

The remote management interface enables the PCA-6003 to be managed through Ethernet when it is connected to the SNMP-1000 Remote HTTP/SNMP System Manager.

Note: Some of the features mentioned above are not available with all models. For more information about the specifications of a particular model, see Section 1.3: Specifications.

1.2 Features

- 1. **Fan status monitoring and alarm:** To prevent system overheating and damage, the CPU fan can be monitored for speed and failure. The fan is set for its normal RPM range and alarm thresholds.
- 2. **Temperature monitoring and alarm**: To prevent system overheating and damage, the CPU card supports processor thermal sensing and auto-protection.
- 3. Voltage monitoring and alarm: System voltage levels are monitored to ensure stable current flows to critical components. Voltage specifications will become even more critical for processors of the future. Thus monitoring will become ever more necessary to ensure proper system configuration and management.
- 4. **ATX soft power switch**: Through the BIOS, the power button can be defined as the "Standby" (aka "Suspend" or "Sleep") button or as the "Soft-Off" button (see Section 3.6.6 Soft-off by PWR-BTN). Regardless of the setting, pushing the power button for more than 4 seconds will enter the Soft-Off mode.
- 5. **Power-on by modem (requires modem)**: This allows a computer to be turned on remotely through an internal or external modem. Users can thus access information on their computers from anywhere in the world.
- 6. **Power-on by LAN:** This allows you to remotely power up your system through your network by sending a wake-up frame or signal. With this feature, you can remotely upload/ download data to/from systems during off-peak hours.
- 7. **Message LED**: Chassis LEDs now act as information providers. The way a particular LED illuminates indicates the stage the computer is in. A single glimpse provides useful information to the user.

8. More:

- Additional metal bracket for CPU stabilization
- Power On by Alarm: Powers up your computer at a certain time
- Virus warning: During and after system boot-up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system. In this case, a warning message will be displayed. You can then run your anti-virus program to locate the problem

1.3.1 System

- CPU: Intel Celeron up to 533 MHz ~ 1.2 GHz, Pentium® III up to 1.26 GHz, FSB 66/100/133 MHz
- BIOS: Award Flash BIOS, 2 Mb
- System Chipset: VIA Apollo PLE133T (VT8601T + VT82C686B)
- Green function: Supports power management operation via BIOS. Activated by keyboard or mouse activity
- **PCI enhanced IDE hard disk drive interface**: Supports up to four IDE large hard disk drives or other enhanced IDE devices. Supports PIO mode 4 (16.67 MB/s data transfer rate) and Ultra DMA/33/66/100 (33/66/100 MB/s data transfer rate). BIOS enabled/disabled
- Floppy disk drive interface: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5¹/₄" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3¹/₂" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB). BIOS enabled/disabled

1.3.2 Memory

- **RAM**: Up to 1GB in two available 168-pin DIMM sockets. Supports PC100/ PC133-compliant SDRAMs
- ECC (parity DRAM only): Modules can detect multi-bit memory errors. Correction of 1-bit memory errors

1.3.3 Input/Output

- Bus interface: PCI/ISA bus, PICMG compliant
- Enhanced parallel port: Configurable to LPT1, LPT2, LPT3, or disabled. Standard DB-25 female connector provided. Supports EPP/ ECP
- Serial ports: Two RS-232 ports with 16C550 UARTs (or compatible) with 16-byte FIFO buffer. Supports speeds up to 115.2 Kbps. Ports can be individually configured to COM1, COM2 or disabled
- Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector: A 6-pin mini-DIN connector is located on the mounting bracket for easy connection to a keyboard or PS/2 mouse. An onboard keyboard pin header connector is also available
- HISA: Optional ISA bus high driving current

1.3.4 VGA interface

- Controller: Chipset integrated
- Display memory: Share system memory up 8 MB
- Resolution up to 1600 X 1200 X 16M colors

1.3.5 Ethernet LAN

- Supports 10/100Base-T Ethernet networking
- Chipset: Realtek 8139C

1.3.7 Industrial features

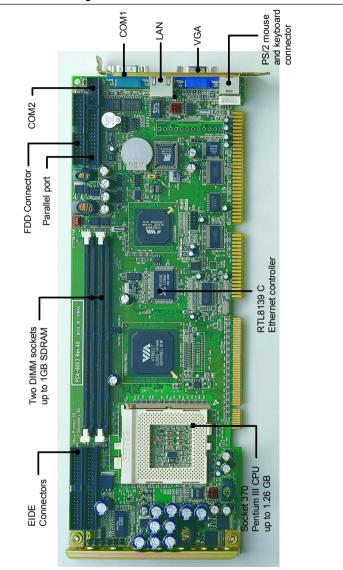
• Watchdog timer: Can generate a system reset or IRQ11. The watchdog timer is programmable, with each unit equal to one second (63 levels). The program uses I/O port hex 443h to control the watchdog timer

1.3.8 Mechanical and environmental specifications

- Operating temperature: $0 \sim 60^{\circ} \text{ C} (32 \sim 140^{\circ} \text{ F})$, depending on CPU
- Storage temperature: $-20 \sim 70^{\circ} \text{ C} (-4 \sim 158^{\circ} \text{ F})$
- Humidity: 20~95% non-condensing
- Power supply voltage: +5 V, ±12 V
- Power consumption:

+5 V @ 6.8 A, +12 V @ 400 mA (typical, with Pentium III 1 GHz and 256 MB SDRAM)

- Board size: 338 x 122 mm (13.3" x 4.8")
- **Board weight**: 0.5 kg (1.2 lb)



1.4 Board Layout: Main Features



1.5 Jumpers and Connectors

Connectors on the PCA-6003 board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives and a keyboard. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers used to configure your system for your application.

The tables below list the function of each of the board jumpers and connectors. Later sections in this chapter give instructions on setting jumpers. Chapter 2 gives instructions for connecting external devices to your card.

Table 1-1: Jumpers		
Label	Function	
J1	CMOS clear	
J2	Watchdog timer output	

Table 1-2: Connectors		
Label	Function	
CN1	Primary IDE connector	
CN2	Secondary IDE connector	
CN3	Floppy drive connector	
CN4	Parallel port	
CN6	USB port	
CN7	VGA connector	
CN8	10/100Base-T Ethernet connector	
CN9	Serial port: COM1	
CN10	Serial port: COM2	
CN11	PS/2 keyboard and mouse connector	
CN12	External keyboard connector	
CN13	Infrared (IR) connector	
CN14	CPU fan connector	
CN16	Keyboard lock and power LED	
CN17	External speaker	
CN18	Reset connector	
CN19	HDD LED connector	
CN20	ATX feature connector	
CN21	ATX soft power switch	
CN29	External SM bus connector	
CN41	LCD flat panel connector	
CN42	LCD flat panel inverter power connector	
CN43	AC-97 Audio Interface	

1.6 Board Layout: Jumper and Connector Locations

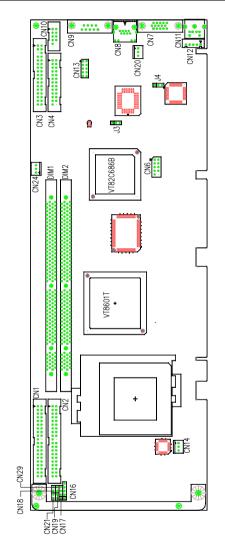


Figure 1-2: Board layout: jumper and connecter locations

1.7 Safety Precautions

Warning!Always completely disconnect the power cord from
your chassis whenever you work with the hardware.
Do not make connections while the power is on.Sensitive electronic components can be damaged by
sudden power surges. Only experienced
electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

Caution!

Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. As a safety precaution, use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components in a static-dissipative surface or static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.



1.8 Jumper Settings

This section provides instructions on how to configure your card by setting jumpers. It also includes the card's default settings and your options for each jumper.

1.8.1 How to set jumpers

You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is a metal bridge that closes an electrical circuit. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" (or turn ON) a jumper, you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" (or turn OFF) a jumper, you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper consists of a set of three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you connect either pins 1 and 2, or 2 and 3.

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be useful when setting jumpers.

1.8.2 CMOS clear (J1)

The PCA-6003 CPU card contains a jumper that can erase CMOS data and reset the system BIOS information. Normally this jumper should be set with pins 1-2 closed. If you want to reset the CMOS data, set J1 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed. This procedure will reset the CMOS to its default setting.

Table 1-3: CMOS clear (J1)			
Function	Jumper setting		
* Keep CMOS data	1-2 closed		
Clear CMOS data	2-3 closed		

* default setting

1.8.3 Watchdog timer output (J2)

The PCA-6003 contains a watchdog timer that will reset the CPU or send a signal to IRQ11 in the event the software fails to reset the watchdog timer. The J2 jumper settings control the outcome of what the computer will do in the event the watchdog timer is tripped.

Table 1-4: Wa	atchdog timer output (J2)	
Function	Jumper setting	
IRQ11	1-2 closed	
* Reset	2-3 closed	

* default setting

1.9 System Memory

The PCA-6003 has two sockets for 168-pin dual inline memory modules (DIMMs). All these sockets use 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAMs (SDRAM). DIMMs are available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, 128, 256 or 512 MB. The sockets can be filled in any combination with DIMMs of any size, giving a total memory size between 16 MB and 1 GB. Use the following table to calculate the total DRAM memory within your computer:

Table 1-5: DIMM module	allocation table
Socket number	168-pin DIMM memory
1	(16, 32, 64, 128, 256 or 512 MB) x 1
2	(16, 32, 64, 128, 256 or 512 MB) x 1

1.9.1 Sample calculation: DIMM memory capacity

Suppose you install a 128 MB DIMM into your PCA-6003's socket 1 and a 32 MB DIMM into sockets. Your total system memory is 160 MB, calculated as follows:

Table 1-6: DIMM memory capacity sample calculation				
Socket number	168-pin	DIMM memory	Total memory	
1	128 MB	x 1	128 MB	
2	32 MB	x 1	32 MB	
Total memory			160 MB	

1.9.2 Supplementary information about DIMMs

Your PCA-6003 can accept SDRAM memory chips with or without parity. Also note:

- If the PCA-6003 operates at 133/100 MHz, only use PC-133/PC-100 compliant DIMMs. Most systems will not even boot if non-compliant modules are used. This is due to strict timing issues involved at this speed.
- SDRAM chips are usually thinner and have higher pin density than EDO chips.
- Chips with 9 chips/side support ECC; chips with 8 chips/side do not support ECC.

1.10 Memory Installation Procedures

To install DIMMs, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles lean outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. To remove the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.

1.11 Cache Memory

Since the second level (L2) cache has been embedded into the Intel[®] Pentium III/Celeron processor, you do not have to take care of either SRAM chips or SRAM modules. The built-in second level cache in the Pentium III/Celeron processor yields much higher performance than the external cache memories. The cache size in the Intel[®] Pentium III processor is 256 KB or 512 KB, for Celeron processor is 128 or 256 KB.

1.12 CPU Installation

The CPU on the board must have a fan or heat sink attached, to prevent overheating.

Warning: Without a fan or heat sink, the CPU will overheat and cause damage to both the CPU and the mother-board.

To install a CPU, first turn off your system and remove its cover. Locate the processor socket 370.

- 1. Make sure the socket 370 lever is in the upright position. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go.
- 2. Place the CPU in the empty socket. Follow the instructions that came with the CPU. If you have no instructions, complete the following procedure. Carefully align the CPU so it is parallel to the socket and the notches on the corners of the CPU correspond with the notches on the inside of the socket. Gently slide the CPU in. It should insert easily. If it does not insert easily, pull the lever up a little bit more.
- 3. Press the lever down. The plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU.

When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket.

Note: To remove a CPU, pull the lever out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. Lift out the CPU.

CHAPTER CHAPTER

Connecting Peripherals

This chapter tells how to connect peripherals, switches and indicators to the PCA-6003 board. You can access most of the connectors from the top of the board while it is installed in the chassis. If you have a number of cards installed, or your chassis is very tight, you may need to partially remove the card to make all the connections.

2.1 Primary (CN1) and Secondary (CN2) IDE Connectors



You can attach up to four IDE (Integrated Device Electronics) drives to the IDE connectors. The primary (CN1) and secondary (CN2) connectors can each accommodate two drives.

Wire number 1 on the cable is red or blue and the other wires are gray. Connect one end to connector CN1 or CN2 on the CPU card. Make sure that the red/blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector (in the upper right hand corner). See Chapter 1 for help finding the connector.

Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect in either position on the cable. If you install two drives to a single connector, you will need to set one as the master and one as the slave. You do this by setting the jumpers on the drives. If you use just one drive per connector, you should set each drive as the master. See the documentation that came with your drive for more information.

Connect the first hard drive to the other end of the cable. Wire 1 on the cable should also connect to pin 1 on the hard drive connector, which is labeled on the drive circuit board. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

Connect the second hard drive to the remaining connector (CN2 or CN1), in the same way as described above.

2.2 Floppy Drive Connector (CN3)



You can attach up to two floppy disk drives to the PCA-6003's onboard controller. You can use any combination of 5.25" (360 KB / 1.2 MB) and/or 3.5" (720 KB / 1.44/2.88 MB) drives.

The card comes with a 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: floppy drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: floppy drive.

2.3 Parallel Port (CN4)



The parallel port is normally used to connect the CPU card to a printer. The onboard parallel port can be accessed through a 26-pin flat-cable connector, CN4. The card comes with an adapter cable which lets you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other, mounted on a retaining bracket. The bracket installs at the end of an empty slot in your chassis, giving you access to the connector.

The parallel port is designated as LPT1, and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

To install the bracket, find an empty slot in your chassis. Unscrew the plate that covers the end of the slot. Screw in the bracket in place of the plate. Next, attach the flat-cable connector to CN4 on the CPU card. Wire 1 of the cable is red or blue, and the other wires are gray. Make sure that wire 1 corresponds to pin 1 of CN4. Pin 1 is on the upper right side of CN4.

2.4 USB Port (CN6)



The PCA-6003 provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete Plug & Play and hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interface complies with USB Specification Rev. 1.0 and is fuse-protected.

The USB interface is accessed through a 10-pin flat-cable connector, CN6. The adapter cable has a 10-pin connector on one end and two USB connectors on the bracket.

The USB interface can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

2.5 VGA Connector (CN7)



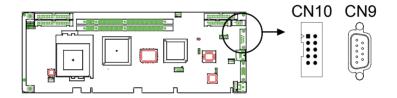
The PCA-6003 includes a AGP SVGA interface that can drive conventional CRT displays. CN7 is a standard 15-pin D-SUB connector commonly used for VGA. Pin assignments for CRT connector CN7 are detailed in Appendix B.

2.6 10/100Base-T Ethernet Connector (CN8)



The PCA-6003 is equipped with a high-performance 32-bit PCI-bus Ethernet interface, which is fully compliant with IEEE 802.3/u 10/100 Mbps CSMA/CD standards. It is supported by all major network operating systems and is 100% Novell NE-2000 compatible. An onboard RJ-45 jack provides convenient 10/100Base-T RJ-45 operation.

2.7 Serial Ports (CN9: COM1; CN10: COM2)



The PCA-6003 offers two serial ports, CN9 as COM1 and CN10 as COM2. These ports can connect to serial devices, such as a mouse or printers, or to a communication network.

Table 2-1: Serial port connections (COM1, COM2)			
Connector	Ports	Address	Interrupt
CN9	COM1	3F8*, 3E8	IRQ4
CN10	COM2	2F8*, 2E8	IRQ3

* default settings

The IRQ and address ranges for both ports are fixed. However, if you want to disable the port or change these parameters later, you can do this in the system BIOS setup.

Different devices implement the RS-232 standard in different ways. If you are having problems with a serial device, be sure to check the pin assignments for the connector.

2.8 PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector (CN11)



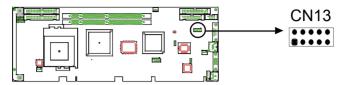
The PCA-6003 board provides a keyboard connector. A 6-pin mini-DIN connector (CN11) on the card mounting bracket supports single-board computer applications. The card comes with an adapter to convert from the 6-pin mini-DIN connector to a standard DIN connector and to a PS/2 mouse connector.

2.9 External Keyboard Connector (CN12)



In addition to the PS/2 mouse/keyboard connector on the PCA-6003's rear plate, there is also an extra onboard external keyboard connector. This gives system integrators greater flexibility in designing their systems.

2.10 Infrared (IR) Connector (CN13)



This connector supports the optional wireless infrared transmitting and receiving module. This module mounts on the system case. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup (see Chapter 3).

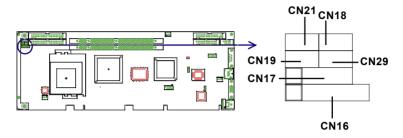
2.11 CPU Fan Connector (CN14)



This connector supports a cooling fan with tachometer output.

2.12 Front Panel Connectors (CN16, CN17, CN18, CN19, CN21 and CN29)

There are several external switches to monitor and control the PCA-6003.



2.12.1 Keyboard lock and power LED (CN16)

CN16 is a 5-pin connector for the keyboard lock and power on LED. Refer to Appendix B for detailed information on the pin assignments. If a PS/2 or ATX power supply is used, the system's power LED status will be as indicated below:

Table 2-2: PS/2 or ATX	power supply LED status	
Power mode	LED (PS/2 power)	LED (ATX power)
System On	On	On
System Suspend	Fast flashes	Fast flashes
System Off	Off	Slow flashes

2.12.2 External speaker (CN17)

CN17 is a 4-pin connector for an extenal speaker. If there is no external speaker, the PCA-6003 provides an onboard buzzer as an alternative. To enable the buzzer, set pins 3-4 as closed.



2.12.3 Reset (CN18)

Many computer cases offer the convenience of a reset button. Connect the wire from the reset button.



2.12.4 HDD LED (CN19)

You can connect an LED to connector CN19 to indicate when the HDD is active.

Ο	

2.12.5 SM Bus Connector (CN29)

This connector is reserved for Advantech's SNMP-1000 HTTP/SNMP Remote System Manager. The SNMP-1000 allows users to monitor the internal voltages, temperature and fans from a remote computer through an Ethernet network.

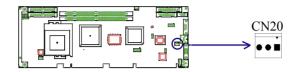
CN23 can be connected to CN3 or CN6 of SNMP-1000. Please be careful about the pin assignments, pin 1 must be connected to pin 1 and pin2 to pin 2 on both ends of cable.

2.12.6 Connecting to SNMP-1000 remote manager

Use the 6-pin to 8-pin cable to connect the CPU card to SNMP-1000. This cable comes with the SNMP-1000.



2.13 ATX Power Control Connectors (CN20 and CN21)



2.13.1 ATX feature connector (CN20) and soft power switch connector (CN21)

The PCA-6003 can support an advanced soft power switch function if an ATX power supply is used. To enable the soft power switch function:

- 1. Take the specially designed ATX-to-PS/2 power cable out of the accessory bag.
- 2. Connect the 3-pin plug of the cable to CN20 (ATX feature connector).
- 3. Connect the power on/off button to CN21. (A momentary type of button should be used.)
- Note: If you will not be using an ATX power connector, make sure that pins 2-3 of CN20 are closed.

Warnings:



1. Make sure that you unplug your power supply when adding or removing expansion cards or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both your CPU card and expansion cards.

2. ATX power supplies may power on if certain motherboard components or connections are touched by metallic objects. Important: Make sure that the ATX power supply can take at least a 720 mA load on the 5 V standby lead (5VSB). If not, you may have difficulty powering on your system and/or supporting the "Wake-on-LAN" function.

2.13.2 Controlling the soft power switch

Users can also identify the current power mode through the system's power LED (see Section 2.13.1).

2.14 LCD Connector (CN41)

This 40-pin connector supports an 18-bit TFT LCD.

2.15 LCD Inverter Power Connector (CN42)

The LCD inverter is connected to CN42 via a 5-pin connector to provide +12 V power to the LCD display. The pin ssignments for CN42 can be found in Appendix B.

2.16 AC-97 Audio Interface (CN43)

This interface can be used to connect to the PCA-AUDIO audio extension module for the audio function.

CHAPTER CHAPTER

Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to set the card's BIOS configuration data.

3.1 Introduction

Award's BIOS ROM has a built-in setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed memory (CMOS RAM) so that it retains the setup information when the power is turned off.

3.2 Entering Setup

Turn on the computer and check for the "patch code". If there is a number assigned to the patch code, it means that the BIOS supports your CPU.

If there is no number assigned to the patch code, please contact Advantech's applications engineer to obtain an up-to-date patch code file. This will ensure that your CPU's system status is valid.

After ensuring that you have a number assigned to the patch code, press to allow you to enter the setup.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright	<pre> (C> 1984-2001 Award Software</pre>
► Standard CMOS Features	▶ PC Health Status
► Advanced BIOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults
► Advanced Chipset Features	Set Password
► Integrated Peripherals	Save & Exit Setup
▶ Power Management Setup	Exit Without Saving
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	
Esc : Quit F9 : Menu in BIOS F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑↓→← : Select Item
F6 : SAVE CMOS TO BIOS	F7 : LOAD CMOS FROM BIOS
Time, Date, Ha	rd Disk Type

Figure 3-1: Award BIOS Setup initial screen

3.3 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose the "Standard CMOS Features" option from the "Initial Setup Screen" menu, and the screen below will be displayed. This menu allows users to configure system components such as date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory.

CMOS Setup Utilit	y - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Standard CMOS Features	. Award Software
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss) > IDE Primary Master > IDE Primary Slave > IDE Secondary Master > IDE Secondary Slave	Mon, Apr 23 2001 19 : 5 : 37	Item Help Menu Level ► Change the day, month, year and century
Drive A Drive B	[1.44M, 3.5 in.] [None]	
Video Halt On	[EGA/VGA] [All Errors]	
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 14336K 15360K	
↓++:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F7:Load SETUP Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help

Figure 3-2: Standard CMOS features screen

3.3.1 CMOS RAM backup

The CMOS RAM is powered by an onboard button cell battery.

When BIOS CMOS Setup has been completed, CMOS RAM data is automatically backed up to Flash ROM. If conditions in a harsh industrial environment cause a soft error, BIOS will recheck the data and automatically restore the original data for booting.

Note: If you intend to update CMOS RAM data, you have to click on "DEL" within two seconds of the "CMOS checksum error...." display screen message appearing. Then enter the "Setup" screen to modify the data. If the "CMOS checksum error...." message appears again and again, please check to see if you need to replace the battery in your system.

3.4 Advanced BIOS Features

The "Advanced BIOS Features" screen appears when choosing the "Advanced BIOS Features" item from the "Initial Setup Screen" menu. It allows the user to configure the CPU card according to his particular requirements.

Below are some major items that are provided in the Advanced BIOS Features screen.

A quick booting function is provided for your convenience. Simply enable the Quick Booting item to save yourself valuable time.

CMOS Setup Utility -	Copyright (C) Advanced BIOS		ward Soft	ware
Third Boot Device	[LS120]	٨	I	tem Help
Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status Gate A20 Option Typematic Rate Setting (Security Option OS Select For DRAM > 64M Uideo BIOS Shadow CC000-CFFFF Shadow D0000-DFFFF Shadow D0000-DFFFF Shadow D0000-DFFFF Shadow	[On] [Normal1 [Disabled] c) 6 250 [Setup] B (Non-OS2) [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]		Menu Lev	el ►
Small Logo(EPA) Show ↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/		F10-9aug 1	C.F.it	R1:Conewal Helm
F5:Previous Valu		F7: Optimi		

Figure 3-3: Advanced BIOS features screen

3.4.1 Virus Warning

If enabled, a warning message and alarm beep activates if someone attempts to write here. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled."

3.4.2 CPU Internal Cache / External Cache

Enabling this feature speeds up memory access. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled."

3.4.3 CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

Enabling allows CPU L2 cache checking. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled."

3.4.4 First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS tries to load the OS with the devices in the sequence selected.

Choices are: Floppy, LS/ZIP, HDD, SCSI, CDROM, LAN, Disabled.

3.4.5 Swap Floppy Drive

Logical name assignments of floppy drives can be swapped if there is more than one floppy drive. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled."

3.4.6 Boot UP Floppy Seek

Selection of the command "Disabled" will speed the boot up. Selection of "Enabled" searches disk drives during boot up.

3.4.7 Boot Up NumLock Status

This feature selects the "power on" state for NumLock. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled."

3.4.8 Gate A20 Option

Normal	The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller.
Fast (Default)	The A20 signal is controlled by the chipset.

3.4.9 Typematic Rate Setting

The typematic rate is the rate key strokes repeat as determined by the keyboard controller. The commands are "Enabled" or "Disabled." Enabling allows the typematic rate and delay to be selected.

3.4.10 Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

BIOS accepts the following input values (characters/second) for typematic rate: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

3.4.11 Typematic Delay (msec)

Typematic delay is the time interval between the appearance of two consecutive characters, when holding down a key. The input values for this category are: 250, 500, 750, 1000 (msec).

3.4.12 Security Option

This setting determines whether the system will boot up if the password is denied. Access to Setup is, however, always limited.

- System The system will not boot, and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Note: To disable security, select "PASSWORD SETTING" in the main menu. At this point, you will be asked to enter a password. Simply press <Enter> to disable security. When security is disabled, the system will boot, and you can enter Setup freely.

3.4.13 OS Select for DRAM > 64MB

This setting allows selecting an OS with greater than 64MB of RAM. Commands are "Non-OS2" or "OS2."

3.4.14 Video BIOS Shadow

Enable copies video BIOS to sharow RAM for performnace improving. Choices are Enable, Disable.

3.4.15 Small Logo (EPA)Show

Energy Star Log from Environmental Protection Agency. Choices are: Enable, Disable.

3.5 Advanced Chipset Features

By choosing the "Advanced Cipset Features" option from the "Initial Setup Screen" menu, the screen below will be displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for this CPU card, as shown in Figure 3-5:

Note: DRAM default timings have been carefully chosen and should ONLY be changed if data is being lost. Please first contact technical support.



Figure 3-4: Advanced chipset features screen

3.5.1 DRAM Clock

This item allows you to control the DRAM speed. The Choice: Host Clock, CLK-33M.

3.5.2 SDRAM Cycle Length

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer. The Choice: 2, 3.

3.5.3 Bank Interleave

This item allows you to select the value in this field, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO (extended data output) DRAMs. The Choice: EDO 50ns, EDO 60ns, Slow, Medium, Fast, Turbo.

3.5.4 Memory Hole

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory is reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16MB. The Choice: 15M-16M, Disabled.

3.5.5 P2C/P2P Concurrency

This item allows you to enable/disable the PCI to CPU, CPU to PCI concurrency. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.6 System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.7 AGP Aperture Size

Select the size of Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. The Choice: 4M, 8M, 16M, 32M, 65M, 128M, 256M.

3.5.8 Onchip USB

This should be enabled if your system has a USB installed on the system board and you want to use it. Even when so equipped, if you add a higher performance controller, you will need to disable this feature. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.9 USB Keyboard Support

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.10 USB Mouse Support

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB mouse. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.11 CPU to PCI Write Buffer

When this field is *Enabled*, writes from the CPU to the PCI bus are buffered, to compensate for the speed differences between the CPU and the PCI bus. When *Disabled*, the writes are not buffered and the CPU must wait until the write is complete before starting another write cycle. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.12 PCI Dynamic Bursting

When *Enabled*, every write transaction goes to the write buffer. Burstable transactions then burst on the PCI bus and nonburstable transactions don't. The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.13 PCI Master 0 WS Write

When *Enabled*, writes to the PCI bus are executed with zero wait states. The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.14 PCI Delay Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.15 PCI#2 Access #1 Retry

When disabled, PCI#2 will not be disconnected until access finishes (difault). When enabled, PCI#2 will be disconnected if max retries are attempted without success. The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.16 AGP Master 1 WS Write

When *Enabled*, writes to the AGP(Accelerated Graphics Port) are executed with one wait states. The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.5.17 Memory Parity/ ECC Check

Enabled add a parity check to the boot-up memory test. Select Enabled when only system DRAM contains parity. The Choice: Enable, Disable.

3.6 Integrated Peripherals



Figure 3-5: Integrated peripherals

3.6.1 On-Chip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

If you enable IDE HDD Block Mode, the enhanced IDE driver will be enabled. Leave IDE HDD Block Mode on the default setting.

3.6.2 IDE Primary Master/Slave PIO/UDMA Mode, IDE Secondary Master/Slave PIO/UDMA Mode (Auto)

Each channel (Primary and Secondary) has both a master and a slave, making four IDE devices possible. Because each IDE device may have a different Mode timing (0, 1, 2, 3, 4), it is necessary for these to be independent. The default setting "Auto" will allow autodetection to ensure optimal performance.

3.6.3 Init Display First

This item allows you to choose which one to activate first, PCI Slot or AGP. The choices: PCI Slot, AGP.

3.6.4 IDE HDD Block Mode

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled

3.6.5 Onboard FDD Controller

When enabled, this field allows you to connect your floppy disk drives to the onboard floppy disk drive connector instead of a separate controller card. If you want to use a different controller card to connect the floppy disk drives, set this field to Disabled.

3.6.6 Onboard Serial Port 1 (3F8H/IRQ4)

The settings are Auto 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, and Disabled for the on-board serial connector.

3.6.7 Onboard Serial Port 2 (2F8H/IRQ3)

The settings are Auto 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, and Disabled for the on-board serial connector.

3.6.8 UART 2 Mode Select

This item allows you to select UART mode. The choices: HPSIR, ASKIR, Standard.

3.6.9 Onboard Parallel Port (378H/IRQ7)

This field sets the address of the on-board parallel port connector. You can select either 3BC/IRQ7, 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5 or Disabled. If you install an I/O card with a parallel port, make sure there is no conflict in

the address assignments. The CPU card can support up to three parallel ports, as long as there are no conflicts for each port.

3.6.10 Onboard Parallel Port Mode (ECP + EPP)

This field allows you to set the operation mode of the parallel port. The setting "Normal" allows normal speed operation, but in one direction only. "EPP" allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed. "ECP" allows the parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the maximum data transfer rate. "ECP + EPP" allows normal speed operation in a two-way mode.

3.6.11 ECP Mode Use DMA

This selection is available only if you select "ECP" or "ECP + EPP" in the Parallel Port Mode field. In ECP Mode Use DMA, you can select DMA channel 1, DMA channel 3, or Disable. Leave this field on the default setting.

3.6.12 EPP Mode Select

This field allows you to select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9. The choices: EPP1.7, 1.9.

3.7 Power Management Setup

The power management setup controls the CPU card's "green" features to save power. The following screen shows the manufacturer's defaults:

CMOS Setup Utility	- Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Power Management Setup	Award Software
ACPI function • Power Management PM Control by APM Video Off Option Video Off Method MODEM Use IRQ Soft-Off by PWRBTN State After Power Failu • Wake Up Events	[Disabled] [Press Enter] [Yes] [Suspend -> Off] [V/H SYNC+Blank] [3] [Instant-Off]	Item Help Menu Level ►
↑↓++:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Val		ESC:Exit F1:General Help mized Defaults

Figure 3-6: Power management setup screen

3.7.1 ACPI function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI). The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3.7.2 Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

- 1. HDD Power Down
- 2. Doze Mode
- 3. Suspend Mode

There are four selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

Disable (default)	No power management. Disables all four modes
Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Doze Mode = 1 hr. Standby Mode = 1 hr., Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down = 15 min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management. Doze Mode = 1 min., Standby Mode = 1 min., Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min.
User Defined	Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

3.7.3 PM Control by APM

When enabled, an Advanced Power Management device will be activated to enhance the Max. Power Saving mode and stop the CPU internal clock. If Advance Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting Yes gives better power savings. If the Max. Power Saving is not enabled, this will be preset to *No*.

3.7.4 Video Off Option

When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode.

Always On	Monitor will remain on during power saving modes
Suspend N> Off	Monitor blanked when the systems enters the Suspend mode.
Susp,Stby N> Off	Monitor blanked when the system enters either Suspend or Standby modes.
All Modes \tilde{N} > Off	Monitor blanked when the system enters any power saving mode.

3.7.5 Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards to select video power management values.

3.7.6 MODEM Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use. The choices: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

3.7.7 Soft-Off by PWRBTN

If you choose "Instant-Off", then pushing the ATX soft power switch button once will switch the system to "system off" power mode. You can choose "Delay 4 sec." If you do so, then pushing the button for more than 4 seconds will turn off the system, whereas pushing the button momentarily (for less than 4 seconds) will switch the system to "suspend" mode.

3.7.8 State After Power Failure

This field lets you to determine the state that your computer returns after a power failure. If sets to Off, the PC will not boot after a power failure. If sets to On, the PC will restart after a power failure. If sets to Auto, the PC will go back to the previous state before a power failure occurred. For instance, if the PC is power-on when power system fails, the PC will restart when power system is working again. If the PC is power-ff when power system fails, the PC will not boot when power system is working again. The Choice: Off, On, Auto.

3.8 Wake Up Event



Figure 3-7: Wake-up event screen

3.8.1 VGA

When Enabled, you can set the VGA awakens the system.

3.8.2 LPT & COM

When *On of* LPT & COM, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices or IRQs wakes up the system.

3.8.3 HDD & FDD

When *On of HDD* & FDD, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.

3.8.4 Power On by LAN

This shows you to wake up the system via LAN from the remote host. The Choice: Enable, Disable.

3.8.5 Power On by Modem

When enabled, an input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem) awakens the system from a soft off state. The Choice: Enable, Disable.

3.8.6 Power On by Alarm

When enabled, you can set the date and time at which the RTC (realtime clock) alarm awakens the system from Suspend mode. The Choice: Enable, Disable.

3.9.1 PnP OS Installed

This features allows you to install the PnP OS. The commands are "yes" or "no."

3.9.2 Reset Configuration Data

Note: This is left "Disabled." Select "Enabled" to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ECSD) if you have installed a new add-on and your OS won't boot



Figure 3-8: PnP/PCI configurations screen

3.9.3 Resources controlled by:

The commands here are "Auto" or "manual." Choosing "manual" requires you to choose resources from each following sub-menu. "Auto" automatically configures all of the boot and Plug and Play devices but you must be using Windows 95 or above.

3.10 PC Health Status

Current System Temp. Current System FAN Speed Current CPU FAN Speed Ucore 2.50 3.3U 50	Menu Level ►
120	

Figure 3-9: PC health status screen

3.10.1 Current CPU Temperature

This shows you the current CPU1 temperature.

3.10.2 Current CPUFAN Speed

This shows you the current CPUFAN speed.

3.10.5 VCORE

This shows CPU1 core voltage.

3.10.7 +2.5/ +3.3V/ + 5V/ +12V

This shows you the voltage of +2.5/+3.3V/+5V/+12V

3.11 Load Setup Defaults

"LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" loads the values required by the system for maximum performance.

3.12 Password Setting

To change the password:

 Choose the "Set Password" option from the "Initial Setup Screen" menu and press <Enter>.

The screen will display the following message:

```
Enter Password:
```

Press < Enter>.

2. If the CMOS is good or if this option has been used to change the default password, the user is asked for the password stored in the CMOS. The screen will display the following message:



Enter the current password and press <Enter>.

3. After pressing <Enter> (ROM password) or the current password (user-defined), you can change the password stored in the CMOS. The password must be no longer than eight (8) characters.

Remember, to enable the password setting feature, you must first select either "Setup" or "System" from the "Advanced BIOS Features" menu.

3.13 Save & Exit Setup

If you select this and press <Enter>, the values entered in the setup utilities will be recorded in the CMOS memory of the chipset. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

3.14 Exit Without Saving

Selecting this option and pressing <Enter> lets you exit the setup program without recording any new values or changing old ones.

СНАРТЕК

AGP SVGA Setup

The PCA-6003 features an integrated AGP/VGA interface. This chapter provides instructions for installing and operating the software drivers on the display driver CD included in your package.

4.1 Before You Begin

To facilitate the installation of the enhanced display device drivers and utility software, you should read the instructions in this chapter carefully before you attempt installation. The enhanced display drivers for the PCA-6003 board are located on the software installation CD. You must install the drivers and utility software by using the supplied SETUP program for DOS drivers.

Note: The files on the software installation CD are compressed. Do not attempt to install the drivers by copying the files manually. You must use the supplied SETUP program to install the drivers.

Before you begin, it is important to note that most display drivers need to have the relevant software application already installed in the system prior to installing the enhanced display drivers. In addition, many of the installation procedures assume that you are familiar with both the relevant software applications and operating system commands. Review the relevant operating system commands and the pertinent sections of your application software's user's manual before performing the installation.

4.2 Features

- Chipset integrated high performance 3D graphic engine
- · High speed internal AGP bus mastering data bus
- PC 99 compliant
- Support DVD playback & hardware motion compensation
- Integrated 230 MHz DAC allows 16M colors at 1600 x 1200 resolution
- User-friendly installation for Windows 95 and Windows NT
- AGP 1.0 interface
- Share system SDRAM up to 8 MB.

4.3 Installation

First, insert CD drive. Then follow the Icons for your PCA Series model number.

Click on the right driver for the auto-installation.

Please follow the instruction of the installation program to install the VGA driver and to restart the system when the installation is finished.

CHAPTER 2

LAN Configuration

The PCA-6003 features an onboard LAN interface. This chapter gives detailed information on Ethernet configuration. It shows you how to configure the card to match your application requirements.

5.1 Introduction

The PCA-6003 features an optional 32-bit 10/100 Mbps Ethernet network interface. This interface supports bus mastering architecture and auto-negotiation features. Therefore standard twisted-pair cabling with RJ-45 connectors for both 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps connections can be used. Extensive driver support for commonly-used network systems is also provided.

5.2 Features

- Realtek RTL8139C Ethernet LAN controller (fully integrated 10Base-T/100Base-TX)
- · Supports Wake-on-LAN remote control function
- Supports up to128 K bytes Boot ROM
- PCI Bus Master complies with PCI Rev. 2.2
- MAC & PHY (10/100 Mbps) interfaces
- Complies to IEEE 802.3X 10Base-T and IEEE 802.3u 100Base-T interfaces
- 3.3 V power supply with 5 V tolerant I/Os
- Single RJ-45 connector gives auto-detection of 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps network data transfer rates and connected cable types
- · Enhancements on ACPI, PCI power management
- Compliant to PC99 standard

5.3 Driver Installation

The PCA-6003's onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems.

The BIOS automatically detects the LAN while booting, and assigns an IRQ level and I/O address. No jumpers or switches are required for user configuration.

The drivers and installation instructions are located in the following directories of the utility CD:

- Dos: Drivers for DOS platforms
- Info: Installation instructions
- Nwserver: Drivers for Novell NetWare
- Wfw: Drivers for Windows 3.11 for Workgroups

Please refer to the text files in the Info directory for detailed information about installing the drivers.

Note: Operating system vendors may post driver updates on their websites. Please visit the websites of OS vendors to download updated drivers.

5.4 Windows 9X Drivers Setup Procedure

- Note 1: If you are using Windows 98SE, your system will find the LAN device "PCI Ethernet Controller". You must first remove this device from your system, and then restart your computer. Then you will be ready to install the correct driver by following the procedure below.
- Note 2: The CD-ROM drive is designated as "D" throughout this section.
- 1. In the "Windows" screen, click on "Start" and select "Settings". Then click on the "Control Panel" icon to select "System".



 In the "System Properties" window, select the "Device Manager" tab. Select "View devices by type", and navigate to: Computer/Other devices/PCI Ethernet Controller. Highlight "PCI Ethernet Controller" and click on "Properties".

System Properties ? 🗙
General Device Manager Hardware Profiles Performance
View devices by type O View devices by connection
Computer
E CDROM
🚊 🖳 🖳 Display adapters
E Floppy disk controllers
 ⊕-⊕ Hard disk controllers ⊕-₩ Keyboard
E - ■ Network adapters
Intel(R) PR0/100+ Management Adapter
E Ports (COM & LPT)
⊕
Properties Refresh Remove Print
OK Cancel

3. In the "PCI Ethernet Controller Properties" window, select the "Driver" tab. Then click on "Update Driver...".

Intel(R) PRO/100+ Management Adapter Properties 💦 🔋	×
General Driver Resources	
Intel(R) PRO/100+ Management Adapter	
Provider:	L
Date:	L
No driver files are required or have been loaded for this device. To update the driver files for this device, click Update Driver.	
Driver File Details	
OK Cancel	

4. In the "Update Device Driver Wizard" window, click on "Next".



5. Click "Next".

Update Device Driver Wizard		
	 What do you want Windows to do? Search for a better driver than the one your device is using now. (Recommended) Display a list of all the drivers in a specific location, so you can select the driver you want. 	
	< <u>B</u> ack Next> Cancel	

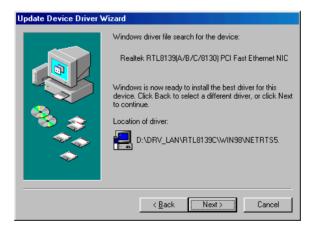
6. In the following "Update Device Driver Wizard" window, select "Specify a location:". Type in: "D:\Drv_LAN\RTL8139C\WIN98". Then click on "Next".



7. In the following "Update Device Driver Wizard" window, select "The updated driver ...". Then click on "Next".

Update Device Driver Wizard		
	Windows has found an updated driver for this device, and also some other drivers that should work with this device.	
	What do you want to install?	
	Inter updated driver (Recommended) Intel(R) PR0/100+ Management Adapter	
	O <u>O</u> ne of the other drivers. <u>∀iew List</u>	
	< <u>B</u> ack Next > Cancel	

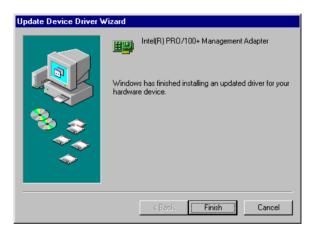
8. In the following "Update Device Driver Wizard" window, click on "Next".



9. When the "Insert Disk" window appears, insert the utility CD into the CD-ROM drive. Then click on "OK".



10. When the "Update Device Driver Wizard" window shows, click on finish.



11. In the "System Settings change" window, select click on "Yes".



5.5 Windows NT Drivers Setup Procedure

Note: The CD-ROM drive is designated as "E" throughout this section.

1. In the "Windows NT" screen, click on "Start" and select "Settings". Then click on the "Control Panel" icon to select "Network".



2. In the "Network" window, select the "Adapters" tab. Then click on "Add...".

Network			? ×
Identification Ser	vices Protocols	Adapters Bindi	ngs
Network Adapter	s:		
	I	1	
<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove	<u>Properties</u>	∐pdate
Item Notes:			
<u> </u>			
		OK]
		OK	Cancel

3. In the "Select Network Adapter" window, click on "Have Disk...".

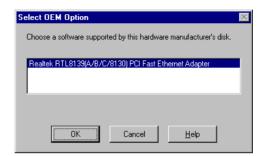


4. When the "Insert Disk" window appears, insert the utility CD into the CD-ROM drive. The correct file path is;

D:\Drv_LAN\RTL8139C\WINNT4. When you have the correct file path, click on "OK".



5. In the "Select OEM Option" window, click on "OK".



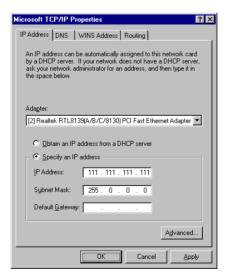
6. In the "Duplex mode", click "OK".

Duplex mode	×
RTL8139 Duplex Mode (1) AUTO	OK
Choose the proper Duplex Mode from the list.	Cancel
	Help

 In the "Network" window, select the "Adapters" tab. Under "Network Adapters:", highlight "Realtek RTL8139CA/B/C(8130).

Network ?	×
Identification Services Protocols Adapters Bindings	
Network Adapters:	
I] MS Loopback Adapter I] (2] Realtek RTL8139(A/B/C/8130) PCI Fast Ethernet Ad	
Add <u>R</u> emove <u>Properties</u> <u>Update</u>	
Realtek RTL8139(A/B/C/8130) PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter	
Close Cancel	

8. In the "Microsoft TCP/IP Properties" window, select the "IP Address" tab. Then select "Specify an IP address". Type in the IP Address and Subnet Mask details. Then click on "OK".



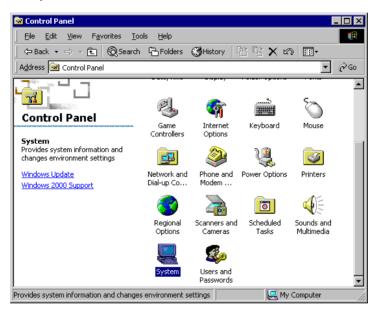
9. In the "Network Settings Change" window, click on "Yes".

Network	Settings Change 🛛 🕅
⚠	You must shut down and restart your computer before the new settings will take effect.
	Do you want to restart your computer now?
	Yes No

5.6 Windows 2000 Drivers Setup Procedure

Note: The CD-ROM drive is designed as "E" throughout this section.

1. In the "Windows 2000" screen, click on " Start" and select " settings". Then click on the " Control Panel" icon to select "system".



2. In the "System Properties" window, select the "Device Manager".

System Properties ? 🗙		
General Network Identification Hardware User Profiles Advanced		
Hardware Wizard The Hardware wizard helps you install, uninstall, repair, unplug, eject, and configure your hardware.		
Hardware Wizard		
Device Manager		
The Device Manager lists all the hardware devices installed on your computer. Use the Device Manager to change the properties of any device.		
Driver <u>Signing</u>		
Hardware Profiles		
Hardware profiles provide a way for you to set up and store different hardware configurations.		
Hardware Profiles		
OK Cancel Apply		

3. In "Device Manager" screen, follow the screen instructions, to click on "Properties".

🖳 Device Manager		
Action View 🖌 🕂 🖮 📧 😭 😫 🧏	<u>&</u> X	
BucCAAC Concerner Concerner	Disable Unisstall Scan for hardware changes Properties	
🗿 Start 🛛 🚰 🈂 🔰 🖾 Control Panel 🏻 🍸	untitled - Paint Boevice M	lanager 10:54 PM

4. In the following screen, to click on "Update Driver".

Realtek R	TL8139(A) PCI Fa	st Ethernet Adapter Properties	? ×
General	Advanced Driver	Resources	
田田	Realtek RTL8139	(A) PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter	
	Driver Provider:	Microsoft	
	Driver Date:	10/19/1999	
	Driver Version:	5.366.818.1999	
	Digital Signer:	Microsoft Windows 2000 Publisher	
Details.	To uninstall the drive	iver files loaded for this device, click Driver er files for this device, click Uninstall. To up e, click Update Driver.	
		OK Car	ncel

5. Click on "Next".



6. Following the highlighted item, and click on "Next".



7. Click on "Have Disk".

Upgrade Device Driver Wizard			
Select Network Adapter Which network adapter do you	u want to install?		
Click the Network Adapter that matches your hardware, then click OK. If you have an installation disk for this component, click Have Disk.			
Manufacturers:	Network <u>A</u> dapter: Realtek RTL8019 LAN adapter or compatible Realtek RTL8019 LAN adapter or compatible (Legacy Mode) Realtek RTL8023(AS) PCI Ethernet Adapter Realtek RTL8023(AS) based PCI Ethernet Adapter Realtek RTL8133(A) PCI asst Ethernet Adapter Realtek RTL8133(A)-based PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter		
C Show <u>compatible</u> hardware Show <u>all hardware of this device</u>	Lave Disk		
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel		

8. Key in "E:\Drv_LAN\RTL8139C\WIN2000", then click on "OK".



9. To highlight the following item, and click "Next".

Upgrade	Device Driver Wizard			
	e t Network Adapter Vhich network adapter do you want to insta	all?		
	Click the Network Adapter that matches y installation disk for this component, click h		then click OK. If yo	ou have an
Realtel	: <u>Adapter:</u> k RTL8139(A/B/C/8130) PCI Fast Etheme k RTL8139(B/C) CardBus Fast Ethernet (NI			
				<u>H</u> ave Disk
		< <u>B</u> ack	Next>	Cancel

10. Click "Next".

Upgrade Devic	e Driver Wizard
	ce Driver Installation rice driver will be installed with the default settings.
The wize	ard is ready to install the driver for the following hardware device:
⊞ ∰	Realtek RTL8139(A/B/C/8130) PCI Fast Ethernet (NDIS4/Win95_OSR2 driver)
	s will use default settings to install the software for this hardware device. To e software for your new hardware, click Next.
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext> Cancel

11. Click "Finish" to complete the installation.



Programming the Watchdog Timer

The PCA-6003 is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for any reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial standalone or unmanned environments.

A.1 Programming the Watchdog Timer

To program the watchdog timer, you must write a program which writes I/O port address 443 (hex). The output data is a time interval value. The value range is from 01 (hex) to 3F (hex), and the related time interval is 1 sec. to 63 sec.

Data	Time Interval
01	1 sec.
02	2 sec.
03	3 sec.
04	4 sec.
•	•
•	•
•	•
3F	63 sec.

After data entry, your program must refresh the watchdog timer by rewriting I/O port 443 (hex) while simultaneously setting it. When you want to disable the watchdog timer, your program should read I/O port 443 (hex).

The following example shows how you might program the watchdog timer in BASIC:

10	REM Watchdog timer example program
20	OUT &H443, data REM Start and restart the watchdog
30	GOSUB 1000 REM Your application task #1,
40	OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
50	GOSUB 2000 REM Your application task #2,
60	OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
70	X=INP (&H443) REM Disable the watchdog timer
80	END
1000 • • 1070 2000 • • •	REM Subroutine #1, your application task RETURN REM Subroutine #2, your application task

B

Pin Assignments

This appendix contains information of a detailed or specialized nature. It includes:

- IDE Hard Drive Connector
- Floppy Drive Connector
- Parallel Port Connector
- SCSI Connector
- USB Connector
- VGA Connector
- Ethernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45 Connector
- COM1/COM2 RS-232 Serial Port
- Keyboard and Mouse Connector
- External Keyboard Connector
- IR Connector
- CPU Fan Power Connector
- Power LED and Keylock Connector
- External Speaker Connector
- Reset Connector
- HDD LED Connector
- ATX Feature Connector
- ATX Soft Power Switch
- SM Bus Connector
- Extension I/O Board Connector
- System I/O Ports
- DMA Channel Assignments
- Interrupt Assignments
- 1st MB Memory Map

B.1 IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN1, CN2)

1 3	37 39
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000
	000
2 4	38 40

Table B-1: IDE hard drive connector (CN1, CN2)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET*	2	GND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C
21	DISK DMA REQUEST	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	GND
29	HDACKO*	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	N/C
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0*	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1*
39	IDE ACTIVE*	40	GND
		-	

* low active

B.2 Floppy Drive Connector (CN3)

33 31	3	•
000000000000000	0	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	O (0
34 32	4	2

Table B-	Table B-2: Floppy drive connector (CN3)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	GND	2	FDHDIN*		
3	GND	4	N/C		
5	N/C	6	FDEDIN*		
7	GND	8	INDEX*		
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0*		
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1*		
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 0*		
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1*		
17	GND	18	DIRECTION*		
19	GND	20	STEP*		
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA*		
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE*		
25	GND	26	TRACK 0*		
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT*		
29	GND	30	READ DATA*		
31	GND	32	HEAD SELECT*		
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE*		

* low active

B.3 Parallel Port Connector (CN4)

13 12	-	1
0000000000	00	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	0
26 25		14

Table B-3: Parallel port connector (CN4)				
Signal	Pin	Signal		
STROBE*	14	AUTOFD*		
D0	15	ERR		
D1	16	INIT*		
D2	17	SLCTINI*		
D3	18	GND		
D4	19	GND		
D5	20	GND		
D6	21	GND		
D7	22	GND		
ACK*	23	GND		
BUSY	24	GND		
PE	25	GND		
SLCT	26	N/C		
	Signal STROBE* D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 ACK* BUSY PE	Signal Pin STROBE* 14 D0 15 D1 16 D2 17 D3 18 D4 19 D5 20 D6 21 D7 22 ACK* 23 BUSY 24 PE 25	Signal Pin Signal STROBE* 14 AUTOFD* D0 15 ERR D1 16 INIT* D2 17 SLCTINI* D3 18 GND D4 19 GND D5 20 GND D6 21 GND D7 22 GND D7 23 GND D7 22 GND D7 22 GND D7 23 GND D7 23 GND PE 25 GND	

* low active

B.4 USB Connector (CN6)

1		6
2	00	7
3	00	8
4	00	9
5	$\bigcirc ullet$	10

Table B-4: USB1/USB2 connector (CN6)				
Pin	USB1 Signal	Pin	USB2 Signal	
1	+5 V	6	+5 V	
2	UV-	7	UV-	
3	UV+	8	UV+	
4	GND	9	GND	
5	Chassis GND	10	N/C	

B.5 VGA Connector (CN7)

_		_
5	00000] 1
10	00000	6
15	00000	11

Table B	Table B-5: VGA connector (CN7)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	RED	9	V _{cc}		
2	GREEN	10	GND		
3	BLUE	11	N/C		
4	N/C	12	SDT		
5	GND	13	H-SYNC		
6	GND	14	V-SYNC		
7	GND	15	SCK		
8	GND				

B.6 Keyboard and Mouse Connnector (CN11)



Table B-6:	Table B-6: Keyboard and mouse connector (CN11)		
Pin	Signal		
1	KB DATA		
2	MS DATA		
3	GND		
4	V _{cc}		
5	KB CLOCK		
6	MS CLOCK		

B.7 External Keyboard Connector (CN12)

5	4	3	2	1
\bigcirc	0	0	0	

Table B-7: External keyboard connector (CN12)			
Pin	Signal		
1	CLK		
2	DATA		
3	NC		
4	GND		
5	V _{cc}		

B.8 IR Connector (CN13)

			3	
00	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	Ο
10		6		2

Table B	-8: IR connector (0	CN13)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5 V	2	N/C
3	FIRRX	4	CIRRX
5	IR_RX	6	+5VSB
7	GND	8	N/C
9	IR_TX	10	N/C

B.9 CPU Fan Power Connector (CN14)



Table B-9: CPU fan power connector (CN14)			
Pin	Signal		
1	GND		
2	+12 V		
3	Detect		

B.10 Power LED and Keylock Connector (CN16)

You can use an LED to indicate when the CPU card is on. Pin 1 of CN16 supplies the LED's power, and Pin 3 is the ground.

You can use a switch (or a lock) to disable the keyboard so that the PC will not respond to any input. This is useful if you do not want anyone to change or stop a program which is running. Simply connect the switch from Pin 4 to Pin 5 of CN16.



Table B-10: Power LED and keylock connector (CN16)		
Pin	Function	
1	LED power (+5 V)	
2	NC	
3	GND	
4	Keyboard lock	
5	GND	

B.11 External Speaker Connector (CN17)

The CPU card has its own buzzer. You can also connect it to the external speaker on your computer chassis.

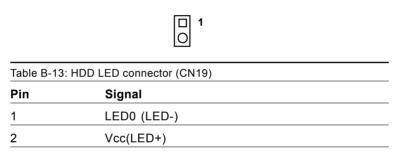
	Ο	Ο	0	
1	2	3	4	

Table B-11: External speaker (CN17)		
Pin	Function	
1	+5 V _{cc}	
2	GND	
3	Internal buzzer	
4	Speaker out	

B.12 Reset Connector (CN18)

Table B-12: Rese	t connector (CN18)
Pin	Signal
1	RESET
2	GND

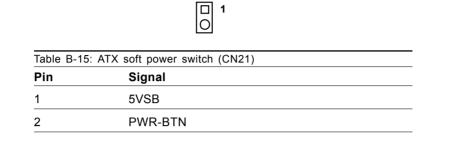
B.13 HDD LED Connector (CN19)



B.14 ATX Feature Connector (CN20)

Table B-14	: ATX feature connector	· (CN20)
Pin	Signal	
1	PS-ON	
2	V _{cc}	
3	V _{cc} SB	

B.15 ATX Soft Power Switch (CN21)



B.16 SM Bus Connector (CN29)

Table B-16:	SM Bus Connector (CN29)	
Pin	Signal	
1	SMB_DATA	
2	SMB_CLK	

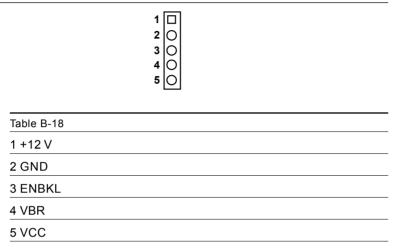
B.17 18-bit LCD Display Connector (CN41)

40	39	4	2
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 \bigcirc	0
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 \bigcirc	0
38	37	3	1

Table B-17: 18-bit LCD display connector				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	VDDSAFE5	2	VDDSAFE5	
3	GND	4	GND	
5	VDDSAFE3	6	VDDSAFE3	
7	Vcon	8	GND	
9	NC	10	NC	
11	P17 (B0)	12	P16 (B1)	
13	P11 (B2)	14	P10 (B3)	
15	P9 (B4)	16	P8 (B5)	
17	NC	18	NC	
19	P15 (G0)	20	P14 (G1)	
21	P7 (G2)	22	P6 (G3)	
23	P5 (G4)	24	P4 (G5)	
25	NC	26	NC	
27	P13 (R0)	28	P12 (R1)	
29	P3 (R2)	30	P2 (R3)	
31	P1 (R4)	32	P0 (R5)	
33	GND	34	GND	
35	SFCLK	36	FLM	
37	Μ	38	LP	
39	ENBKL	40	ENAVEE	

Note: The model number of the CN41 socket is DF13A-40DP-1.25V (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

B.18 Flat panel inverter power connector (CN42)



B.19 AC-97 Audio Interface (CN43)

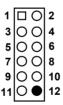


Table B-19	
1 VCC	2 GND
3 SYNC	4 BITCLK
5 SDOUT	6 SDIN
7 SDIN2	8 -ACRST
9 +12V	10 GND
11 GND	12 NC

B.20 System I/O Ports

Table B-20: System I	O ports
Addr. range (Hex)	Device
000-01F	DMA controller
020-021	Interrupt controller 1, master
022-023	Chipset address
040-05F	8254 timer
060-06F	8042 (keyboard controller)
070-07F	Real-time clock, non-maskable interrupt (NMI) mask
080-09F	DMA page register
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller 2
0C0-0DF	DMA controller
0F0	Clear math co-processor
0F1	Reset math co-processor
0F8-0FF	Math co-processor
1F0-1F8	Fixed disk
200-207	Game I/O
278-27F	Parallel printer port 2 (LPT3)
290-297	On-board hardware monitor
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
300-31F	Prototype card
360-36F	Reserved
378-37F	Parallel printer port 1 (LPT2)
380-38F	SDLC, bisynchronous 2
3A0-3AF	Bisynchronous 1
3B0-3BF	Monochrome display and printer adapter (LPT1)
3C0-3CF	Reserved
3D0-3DF	Color/graphics monitor adapter
3F0-3F7	Diskette controller
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1
2E-2F	Watchdog timer

B.21 DMA Channel Assignments

	abannal agaignmenta	
TADIE D-21. DIVIA	channel assignments	
Channel	Function	
0	Available	
1	Available	
2	Floppy disk (8-bit transfer)	
3	Available	
4	Cascade for DMA controller 1	
5	Available	
6	Available	
7	Available	

B.22 Interrupt Assignments

Table B-22: Interrupt assignments				
Interrupt#	Interrupt source			
NMI	Parity error detected			
IRQ0	Interval timer			
IRQ1	Keyboard			
IRQ2	Interrupt from controller 2 (cascade)			
IRQ8	Real-time clock			
IRQ9	Cascaded to INT 0A (IRQ 2)			
IRQ10	Available			
IRQ11	Available			
IRQ12	PS/2 mouse			
IRQ13	INT from co-processor			
IRQ14	Fixed disk controller			
IRQ15	Available			
IRQ3	Serial communication port 2			
IRQ4	Serial communication port 1			
IRQ5	Parallel port 2			
IRQ6	Diskette controller (FDC)			
IRQ7	Parallel port 1 (print port)			
	Interrupt# NMI IRQ0 IRQ1 IRQ2 IRQ8 IRQ9 IRQ10 IRQ10 IRQ11 IRQ12 IRQ13 IRQ14 IRQ15 IRQ3 IRQ4 IRQ5 IRQ6			

B.23 1st MB Memory Map

Table B-23: 1st MB memory map	
Addr. range (Hex)	Device
F0000h - FFFFFh	System ROM
CC000h - EFFFFh	Unused
C0000h - CBFFFh	VGA BIOS
B8000h - BFFFFh	CGA/EGA/VGA text
B0000h - B7FFFh	Unused
A0000h - AFFFFh	EGA/VGA graphics
00000h - 9FFFFh	Base memory

B.24 PCI Bus Map

Table B-24: PCI bus map			
Function	Signals: Device ID	INT# pin	GNT# pin
Onboard LAN1	AD21	INT C	GNT E
PCI slot 1	AD31	INT B, C, D, A	GNT A
PCI slot 2	AD30	INT C, D, A, B	GNT B
PCI slot 3	AD29	INT D, A, B, C	GNT C
PCI slot 4	AD28	INT A, B, C, D	GNT D