

Altivar 12

Variable speed drives
for asynchronous motors

User manual

06/2023



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All pertinent state, regional, and local safety regulations must be observed when installing and using this product. For reasons of safety and to help ensure compliance with documented system data, only the manufacturer should perform repairs to components.

When devices are used for applications with technical safety requirements, the relevant instructions must be followed.

Failure to use Schneider Electric software or approved software with our hardware products may result in injury, harm, or improper operating results.

Failure to observe this information can result in injury or equipment damage.

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Contents

Contents	3
Important information	4
Before you begin	5
Documentation structure	7
Software enhancements	8
Steps for setting up (also refer to Quick Start)	9
Setup - Preliminary recommendations	10
Drive ratings	11
Dimensions and weights	12
Mounting	13
Wiring	17
Power terminals	21
Control terminals	24
Check list	30
Factory configuration	31
Basic functions	32
Programming	33
Structure of parameter tables	36
Function compatibility table	37
Reference Mode rEF	38
Monitoring mode MOn	39
Configuration Mode ConF	45
Configuration Mode - MyMenu	46
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)	48
Maintenance	101
Migration ATV11 - ATV12	102
Diagnostics and Troubleshooting	109
Application notes	115
Electrical Data - Upstream Protective Device	121
Short-circuit rating and branch circuit protection	130
Organization tree	131
Parameter index	132



Energy savings

Speed control process regulating enables significant energy savings, particularly with pump and fan applications.

Furthermore some ATV12 functions enable to enhance these savings: **[Motor control type]** (**C L L**) page **58**, **[Sleep/wake]** (**L L 5**) page **75** and **[PID feedback assignment]** (**P , F**) page **73**.

Important information

NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a Danger or Warning safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists, which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **will result** in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **can result** in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **can result** in injury or equipment damage.

NOTICE

NOTICE, used without the safety alert symbol, indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result** in equipment damage.

PLEASE NOTE

The word "drive" as used in this manual refers to the controller portion of the adjustable speed drive as defined by NEC.

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this product.

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Before you begin

Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation and who have received safety training to recognize and avoid hazards involved are authorized to work on and with this drive system. Installation, adjustment, repair, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The system integrator is responsible for compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Many components of the product, including the printed circuit boards, operate with mains voltage. Do not touch. Use only electrically insulated tools.
- Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- Motors can generate voltage when the shaft is rotated. Before performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- AC voltage can couple voltage to unused conductors in the motor cable. Insulate both ends of unused conductors of the motor cable.
- Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.
- Before performing work on the drive system:
 - Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
 - Place a "Do Not Turn On" label on all power switches.
 - Lock all power switches in the open position.
 - Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. The DC bus LED is not an indicator of the absence of DC bus voltage that can exceed 800Vdc.
 - Measure the voltage on the DC bus between the DC bus terminals using a properly rated voltmeter to verify that the voltage is < 42Vdc.
 - If the DC bus capacitors do not discharge properly, contact your local Schneider Electric representative.
- Install and close all covers before applying voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Read and understand this manual before installing or operating the Altivar 12 drive.
- Any changes made to the parameter settings must be performed by qualified personnel.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

DAMAGED DRIVE EQUIPMENT

Do not operate or install any drive or drive accessory that appears damaged.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Before you begin

 WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage, and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.^a
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

a. For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable Speed Drive Systems."

 CAUTION

INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Using motors in parallel

Set [Motor control type](#) **C L L** page [58](#) to **S L d**.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR

Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage

Documentation structure

The following Altivar 12 technical documents are available on the Schneider Electric website (www.schneider-electric.com).

ATV12 Quick Start Guide (S1A56146)

The Quick Start describes how to wire and configure the drive to start motor quickly and simply for simple applications. This document is delivered with the drive with an Annex (S1A58684) for Short Circuit Current Ratings (SCCR) and branch circuit protection.

ATV12 User manual (BBV28581)

This manual describes how to install, program and operate the drive.

ATV12 Modbus Communication manual (BBV28590)

This manual describes the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communication-specific parameters via the 7 segment LED display. It also describes the communication services of the Modbus protocol. This manual includes all Modbus addresses. It explains the operating mode specific to communication (state chart).

ATV12P Installation manual (BBV28587)

This manual describes how to install the drive ATV12 baseplate following the conditions of acceptability.

ATV12 Parameters description file (BBV51917)

All the parameters are grouped together in an Excel file with the following data:

- Code
- Name
- Modbus Addresses
- Category
- Read/write access
- Type: signed numerical, unsigned numerical, etc.
- Unit
- Factory setting
- Minimum value
- Maximum value
- Display on the 7-segment integrated display terminal
- Relevant menu

This file offers the option of sorting and arranging the data according to any criterion chosen by the user.

Software enhancements

Since it was first marketed, the Altivar ATV 12 has been equipped with additional functions. Software version V1.2 has now been updated to V1.4. This documentation relates to version V1.4.

The software version appears on the rating plate attached to the side of the drive.

Enhancements made to version V1.2 in comparison to V1.1

- New parameters:
 - Sleep threshold Offset **S L E**. See page [76](#).
 - PI feedback supervision threshold **L P I**. See page [77](#).
 - PI feedback supervision function time delay **t P I**. See page [77](#).
 - Maximum frequency detection hysteresis **h P D**. See page [77](#).
 - PI feedback supervision **PI I**. See page [77](#).
 - Fallback speed **L F F**. See page [77](#).
 - Time delay before automatic start for the overload fault **F t o**. See page [78](#).
 - Time delay before automatic start for the underload fault **F t u**. See page [79](#).
 - Selecting the operating mode **PI E**. See page [79](#).
 - Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump **F a n**. See page [79](#).
 - Time delay before starting the auxiliary pump **t a n**. See page [79](#).
 - Ramp for reaching the auxiliary pump nominal speed **r a n**. See page [79](#).
 - Auxiliary pump stopping frequency **F a F**. See page [79](#).
 - Time delay before the auxiliary pump stop command **t a F**. See page [80](#).
 - Ramp for auxiliary pump stopping **r a F**. See page [80](#).
 - Zero flow detection period **n F d**. See page [80](#).
 - Zero flow detection activation threshold **F F d**. See page [80](#).
 - Zero flow detection offset **L F d**. See page [80](#).
- New menu **Pump sub-menu P P P -**. See page [78](#). For pumping applications.
- New quick REMOTE/LOCAL configuration switching using the embedded buttons. See page [35](#).
- New wiring labels, LO+ and LO- instead of LO and CLO, see pages [19](#) and [20](#).

Enhancements made to version V1.4 in comparison to V1.2

- New menu:
 - External fault **E t F -**. See page [98](#). For External fault management by logic input.
- New parameters:
 - External fault assignment **E t F**. See page [98](#).
 - Stop type - external fault **E P L**. See page [98](#).
- New detected fault:
 - External detected fault by logic input **E P F I**. See page [112](#).

These parameters are added to the standard ATV12 product offer.

Steps for setting up (also refer to Quick Start)

1. Receive and inspect the drive

- ☐ Check that the part number printed on the label is the same as that on the purchase order.
- ☐ Remove the Altivar from its packaging and check that it has not been damaged in transit.

2. Check the line voltage

- ☐ Check that the line voltage is compatible with the voltage range of the drive (page [11](#)).

3. Mount the drive

- ☐ Mount the drive in accordance with the instructions in this document (page [13](#)).
- ☐ Install any options required.

Steps 2 to 4 must be performed with the **power off**.



4. Wire the drive (page [21](#))

- ☐ Connect the motor, ensuring that its connections correspond to the voltage.
- ☐ Connect the line supply, after making sure that the power is off.
- ☐ Connect the control part.

5. Configure the drive (page [33](#))

- ☐ Apply input power to the drive but do not give a run command.
- ☐ Set the motor parameters (in Conf mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- ☐ Perform auto-tuning.

6. Start

Setup - Preliminary recommendations

Before switching-on the drive

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Ensure that all logic inputs are inactive to help prevent an accidental startup.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Before configuring the drive

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Read and understand this manual before installing or operating the Altivar 12 drive.
- Any changes made to the parameter settings must be performed by qualified personnel.
- Ensure that all logic inputs are inactive to help prevent an accidental startup when modifying parameters.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Using the drive with motor having a different size

The motor could have different rating than drive. In case of smaller motor, there is no specific calculation. The motor current has to be set on [Motor thermal current](#) **LT H** parameter page [95](#). In case of higher size of motor, possible up to 2 sizes (example is using a 4 kW (5.5 HP) on a 2.2 kW (3 HP) drive) it is necessary to ensure motor current and actual motor power will not pass over nominal power of drive.

Line contactor

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE

- Avoid operating the contactor frequently to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitors.
- Power cycling must be MORE than 60 seconds.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Use with a smaller rated motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output Phase loss](#) **o PL** page [95](#) is active (**o PL** set to **YES**). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate [Output Phase loss](#) **o PL** (**o PL** set to **no**).
- Set [Motor control type](#) **CTE** page [58](#) to **Std** in Motor control menu **dr C**.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR

Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor rating current is less than 20% of the rated drive current. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Drive ratings

1-phase supply voltage: 100...120 V 50/60 Hz

For 3-phase Output 200/240 V motors

Motor		Line supply (input)				Drive (output)			Reference (2)	Size (3)
Power indicated on plate (1)		Maximum line current		Apparent power	Power dissipated at nominal current (1)	Nominal current In	Max. transient current for			
		at 100 V	at 120 V				60 s	2 s		
kW	HP	A	A	kVA	W	A	A	A		
0.18	0.25	6	5	1	18	1.4	2.1	2.3	ATV12H018F1	1C1
0.37	0.5	11.4	9.3	1.9	29	2.4	3.6	4	ATV12H037F1	1C1
0.75	1	18.9	15.7	3.3	48	4.2	6.3	6.9	ATV12H075F1	2C1

1-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

For 3-phase Output 200/240 V motors

Motor		Line supply (input)				Drive (output)			Reference (2)	Size (3)
Power indicated on plate (1)		Maximum line current		Apparent power	Power dissipated at nominal current (1)	Nominal current In	Max. transient current for			
		at 200 V	at 240 V							60 s
kW	HP	A	A	kVA	W	A	A	A		
0.18	0.25	3.4	2.8	1.2	18	1.4	2.1	2.3	ATV12H018M2	1C2
0.37	0.5	5.9	4.9	2	27	2.4	3.6	4	ATV12H037M2	1C2
0.55	0.75	8	6.7	2.8	34	3.5	5.3	5.8	ATV12H055M2	1C2
0.75	1	10.2	8.5	3.5	44	4.2	6.3	6.9	ATV12H075M2	1C2
1.5	2	17.8	14.9	6.2	72	7.5	11.2	12.4	ATV12HU15M2	2C2
2.2	3	24	20.2	8.4	93	10	15	16.5	ATV12HU22M2	2C2

3-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

For 3-phase Output 200/240 V motors

Motor		Line supply (input)				Drive (output)			Reference (2)	Size (3)
Power indicated on plate (1)		Maximum line current		Apparent power	Power dissipated at nominal current (1)	Nominal current I _n	Max. transient current for			
		at 200 V	at 240 V				60 s	2 s		
kW	HP	A	A	kVA	W	A	A	A		
0.18	0.25	2	1.7	0.7	16	1.4	2.1	2.3	ATV12H018M3	1C3
0.37	0.5	3.6	3	1.2	24	2.4	3.6	4	ATV12H037M3	1C3
0.75	1	6.3	5.3	2.2	41	4.2	6.3	6.9	ATV12H075M3	1C3
1.5	2	11.1	9.3	3.9	73	7.5	11.2	12.4	ATV12HU15M3	2F3
2.2	3	14.9	12.5	5.2	85	10	15	16.5	ATV12HU22M3	2F3
3	4	19	15.9	6.6	94	12.2	18.3	20.1	ATV12HU30M3	3F3
4	5.5	23.8	19.9	8.3	128	16.7	25	27.6	ATV12HU40M3	3F3

(1) These power ratings are for a switching frequency of 4 kHz, in continuous operation. The switching frequency is adjustable from 2 to 16 kHz.
Above 4 kHz, the drive will reduce the switching frequency if an excessive temperature rise occurs. The temperature rise is detected by a probe in the power module. Nonetheless, derating should be applied to the nominal drive current if continuous operation above 4 kHz is required:

- 10% derating for 8 kHz
- 20% derating for 12 kHz
- 30% derating for 16 kHz

(2) **Reference description**,
example: ATV12HU15M3
ATV12: Altivar 12;
H: product on heatsink;
U15: drive power rating,
see [n C u](#) parameter page [42](#);
M3: drive voltage rating,
see [u C R L](#) parameter page [42](#).

(3) Size description

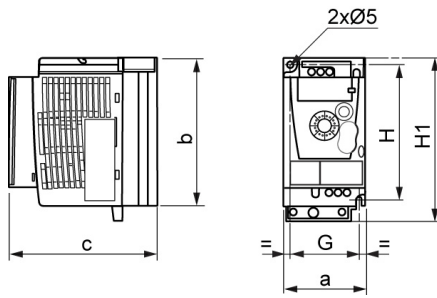
[2]
possible values 1 physical size 1
2 physical size 2
3 physical size 3

[E]
possible values F Flat
C Compact

[3]
possible values 1 100 V 1-phase
2 200 V 1-phase
3 200 V 3-phase

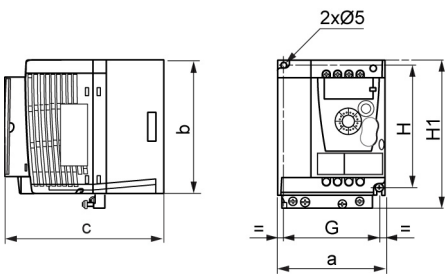
Dimensions and weights

ATV12H018F1, 018M2, 037F1, 037M2, 037M3, 018M2, 018M3, 055M2, 075M2



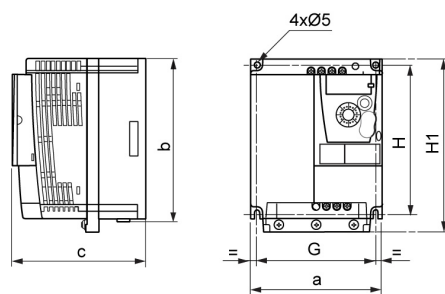
ATV12H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screws	Weight kg (lb)
018F1 018M2 018M3	72 (2.83)	142 (5.59)	102.2 (4.02)	60 (2.36)	131 (5.16)	143 (5.63)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	0.7 (1.5)
037F1 037M2 037M3	72 (2.83)	130 (5.12)	121.2 (4.77)	60 (2.36)	120 (4.72)	143 (5.63)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	0.8 (1.8)
055M2 075M2 075M3	72 (2.83)	130 (5.12)	131.2 (5.17)	60 (2.36)	120 (4.72)	143 (5.63)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	0.8 (1.8)

ATV12H075F1, U15M2, U22M2, U15M3, U22M3



ATV12H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screws	Weight kg (lb)
075F1	105 (4.13)	130 (5.12)	156.2 (6.15)	93 (3.66)	120 (4.72)	142 (5.59)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	1.3 (2.9)
U15M2 U22M2	105 (4.13)	130 (5.12)	156.2 (6.15)	93 (3.66)	120 (4.72)	142 (5.59)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	1.4 (3.1)
U15M3 U22M3	105 (4.13)	130 (5.12)	131.2 (5.17)	93 (3.66)	120 (4.72)	143 (5.63)	2 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	1.2 (2.6)

ATV12HU30M3, U40M3



ATV12H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screws	Weight kg (lb)
U30M3 U40M3	140 (5.51)	170 (6.69)	141.2 (5.56)	126 (4.96)	159 (6.26)	184 (7.24)	4 x 5 (2 x 0.20)	M4	2.0 (4.4)

Mounting

⚠ ⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

The open type product does not provide comprehensive mitigation for fire hazards and protection against direct contact to hazardous live parts.

- Install the product inside a supplementary enclosure which provides appropriate protection against spread of fire and electric shock.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

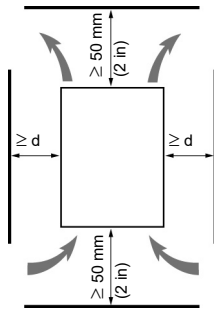
⚠ DANGER

RISK OF FIRE

The device is suitable for mounting on concrete or other non-combustible surfaces only.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Mounting and temperature conditions



Install the unit vertically, at $\pm 10^\circ$.

Do not place it close to heating elements.

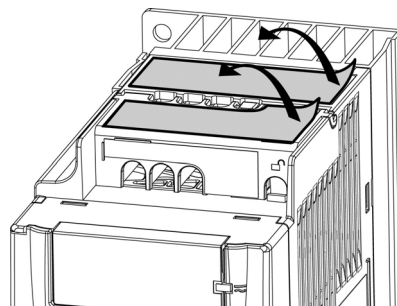
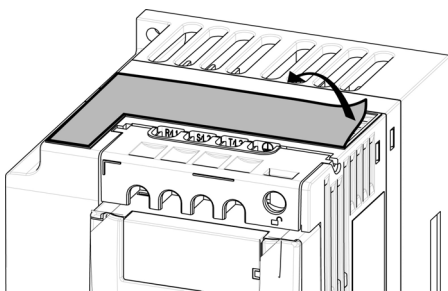
Leave sufficient free space to ensure that the air required for cooling purposes can circulate from the bottom to the top of the unit.

Free space in front of unit: 10 mm (0.4 in.) minimum.

Free space on each side (represented by the letter "d" on the graph): 50mm (2 in.) minimum. In Type B mounting (see below in mounting types), the free space is reduced to 0mm (0 in.).

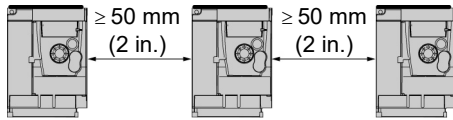
It is recommended that the drive is installed on a dissipative surface.

Removing the vent cover(s)



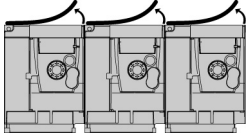
Mounting types

Type A mounting



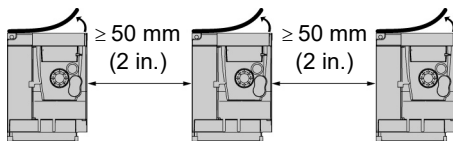
Free space ≥ 50 mm (2 in.) on each side, with vent cover fitted. Mounting type A is suitable for drive operation at surrounding air temperature less than or equal to 50°C (122°F) and 40°C (104°F) for UL.

Type B mounting



Drives mounted side-by-side, vent cover should be removed.

Type C mounting



Free space ≥ 50 mm (2 in.) on each side. Vent cover should be removed for operation at surrounding air temperature above 50°C (122°F).

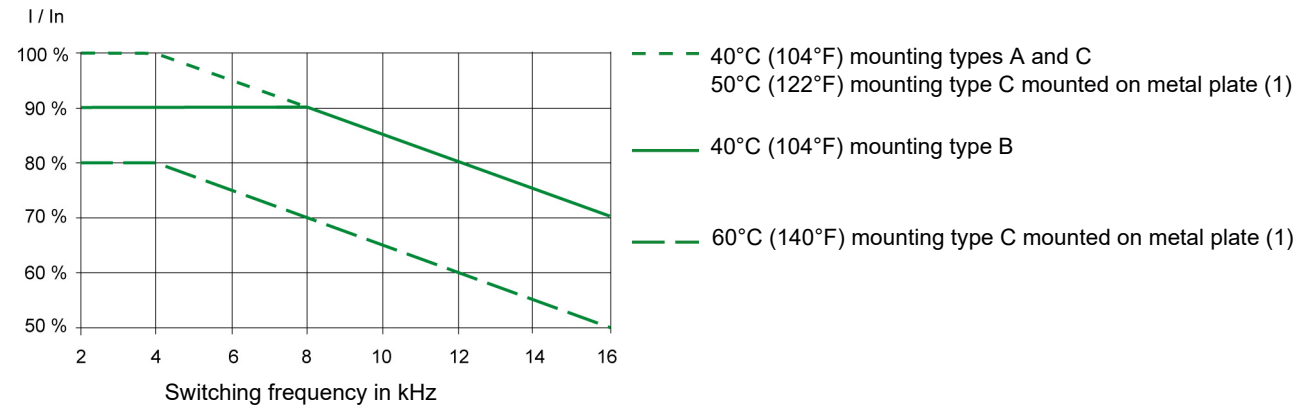
With these types of mounting, the drive can be used up to an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F), with a switching frequency of 4 kHz. Fanless drives need derating.

Mounting

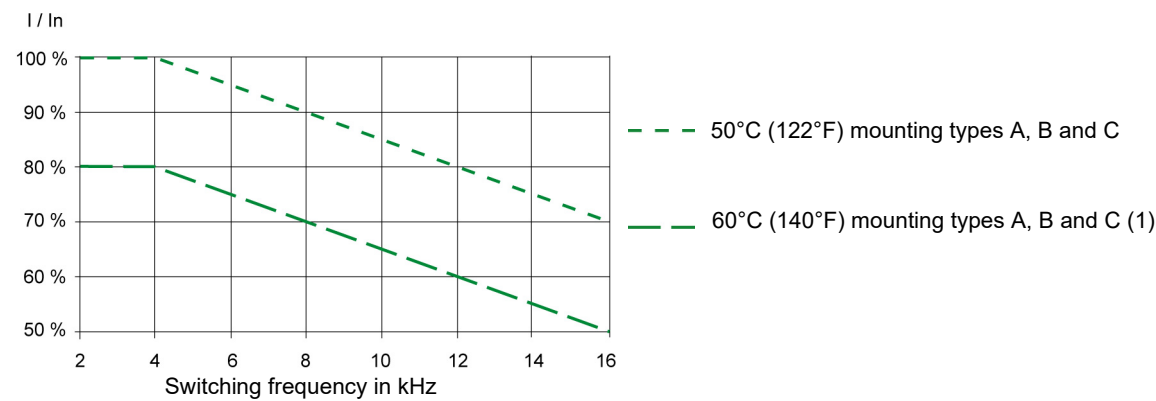
Derating curves

Derating curves for the nominal drive current (I_n) as a function of temperature, switching frequency and mounting type.

ATV12H0●●M2, ATV12H0●●M3, ATV12H018F1 to ATV12H037F1



ATV12HU●●M2, ATV12H075F1, ATV12HU15M3 to ATV12HU40M3



For intermediate temperatures (for example 55°C (131°F)), interpolate between 2 curves.
(1) Not UL recognized.

Bus voltage measurement procedure

 **DANGER**

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH
Read and understand the precautions in “Before you begin” on page 5 before performing this procedure.
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Mounting

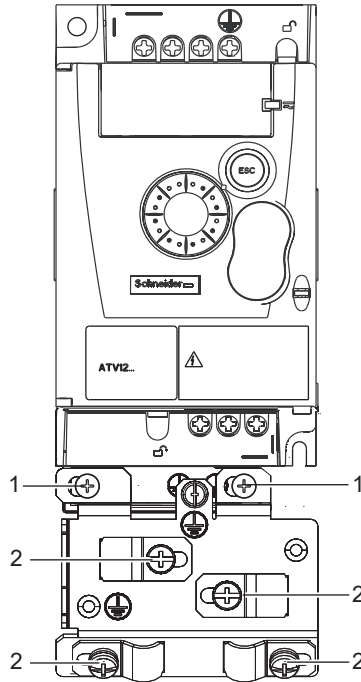
Installing the EMC plates

EMC mounting plate: size 1 VW3A9523, size 2 VW3A9524 or size 3 VW3A9525 to be ordered separately

Mount the EMC mounting plate to the holes in the ATV12 using the 2 screws supplied, as shown in the drawings below.

Size 1, plate reference VW3A9523:

**ATV12H018F1, ATV12H037F1, ATV12P037F1,
ATV12H018M2, ATV12●0●●M2, ATV12●0●●M3**

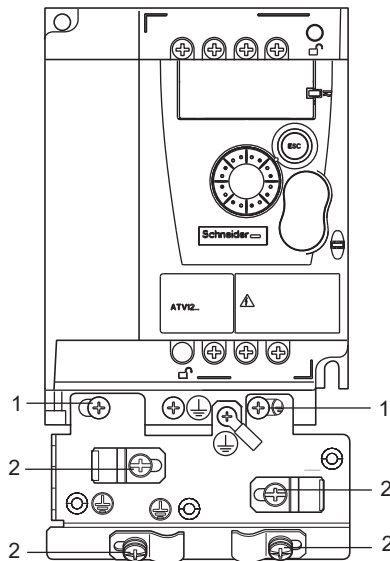


1. 2 mounting screws

2. 4 x M4 screws for attaching EMC clamps

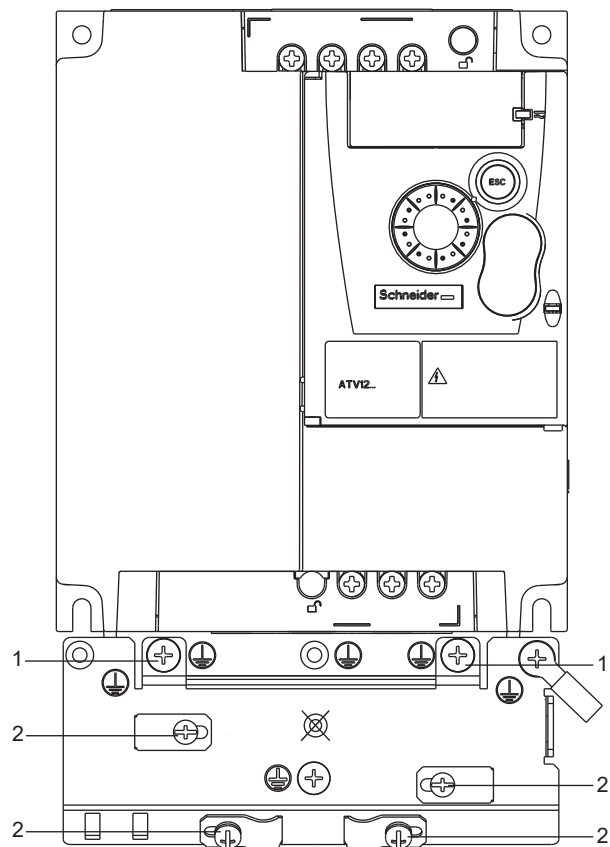
Size 2, plate reference VW3A9524:

**ATV12H075F1, ATV12HU●●M2, ATV12●U15M3,
ATV12●U22M3**



Size 3, plate reference VW3A9525:

ATV12●U30M3 and ATV12●U40M3



Recommendations

Keep the power cables separate from control circuits with low-level signals (detectors, PLCs, measuring apparatus, video, telephone). Always cross control and power cables at 90° if possible.

Power and circuit protection

Follow wire size recommendations according to local codes and standards.

Before wiring power terminals, connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals (see Access to the motor terminals if you use ring terminals, page 22).

The drive must be grounded in accordance with the applicable safety standards. ATV12●●●●M2 drives have an internal EMC filter, and as such the leakage current is over 3.5 mA.

When upstream protection by means of a "residual current device" is required by the installation standards, a type A circuit breaker should be used for 1-phase drives and type B for 3-phase drives. Choose a suitable model incorporating:

- HF current filtering
- A time delay which prevents tripping caused by the load from stray capacitance on power-up. The time delay is not possible for 30 mA devices. In this case, choose devices with immunity against accidental tripping, for example RCDs with **SI** type leakage current protection.

If the installation includes several drives, provide one "residual current device" per drive.

Control

For control and speed reference circuits, it is recommended to use shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (1 and 2 in.), connecting the shield to ground as outlined on page 27.

Length of motor cables

For motor cable lengths longer than 50 m (164 ft) for shielded cables and longer than 100 m (328 ft) for unshielded cables, please use motor chokes.

For accessory part numbers, refer to the catalog.

Equipment grounding

Ground the drive according to local and national code requirements. A minimum wire size of 10 mm² (6 AWG) may be required to meet standards limiting leakage current.

⚡ ⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- The drive panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.
- Use the provided ground connecting point as shown in the figure below.

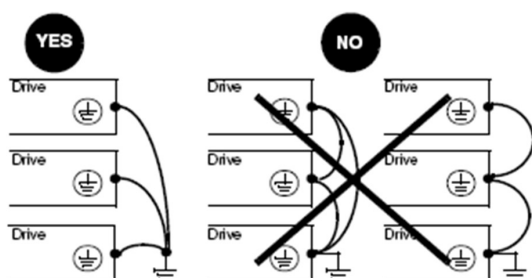
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

⚡ ⚠ DANGER

ATV12H075F1, ATV12H075M2 AND ATV12H075M3 - GROUND CONTINUITY HAZARD

An anodized heatsink can create an insulation barrier to the mounting surface. Ensure that you follow the recommended grounding connections.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



- Ensure that the resistance of the ground is one ohm or less.
- When grounding several drives, you must connect each one directly, as shown in the figure to the left.
- Do not loop the ground cables or connect them in series.

WARNING

RISK OF DRIVE DESTRUCTION

- The drive will be damaged if input line voltage is applied to the output terminals (U/T1,V/T2,W/T3).
- Check the power connections before energizing the drive.
- If replacing another drive, verify that all wiring connections to the drive comply with wiring instructions in this manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

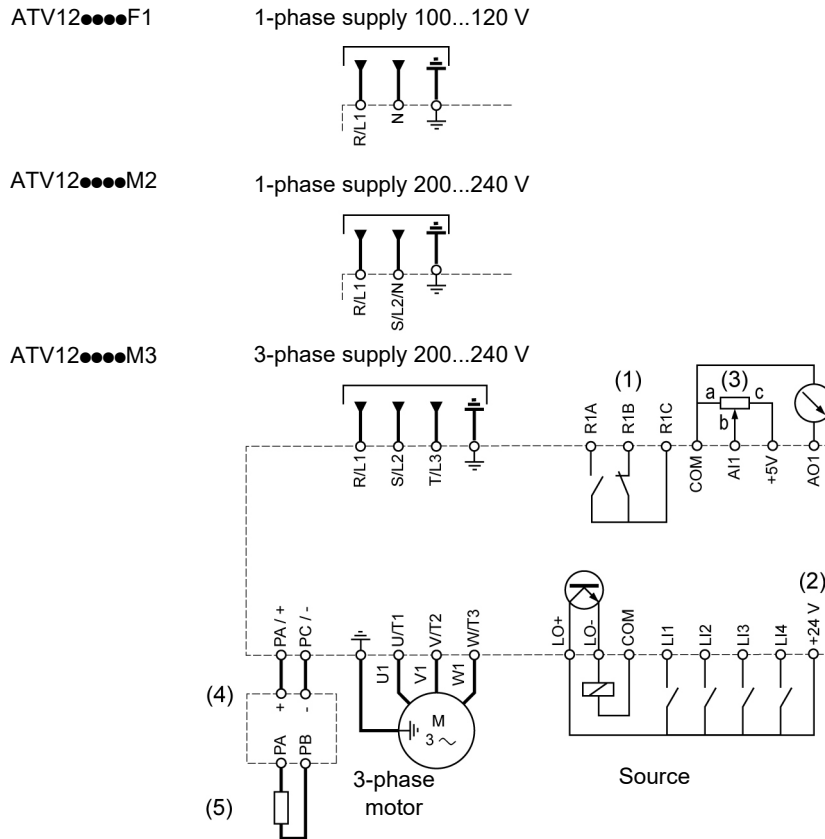
WARNING

INADEQUATE OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

- Overcurrent protective devices must be properly coordinated.
- The Canadian Electrical Code and the National Electrical Code require branch circuit protection. Use the fuses recommended in the Quick Start Annex (S1A58684) delivered with the drive.
- Do not connect the drive to a power feeder whose short-circuit capacity exceeds the drive short-circuit current rating listed in the Quick Start Annex (S1A58684) delivered with the drive.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

General wiring diagram



(1) R1 relay contacts, for remote indication of the drive status, see page [53](#)

If intermittent **o 5 F** code appear, set Relay R1 to **F L E** and it can be connected to upstream protection to avoid overvoltage in the drive. In this case **L o I** can be used for others drive status see page [54](#)

(2) Internal + 24 V $\equiv$. If an external source is used (+ 30 V $\equiv$ maximum), connect the 0 V of the source to the COM terminal, and do not use the + 24 V $\equiv$ terminal on the drive.

(3) Reference potentiometer SZ1RV1202 (2.2 k Ω) or similar (10 k Ω maximum).

(4) Optional braking module VW3A7005

(5) Optional braking resistor VW3A7... or other acceptable resistor. See the possible resistor values in the catalog.

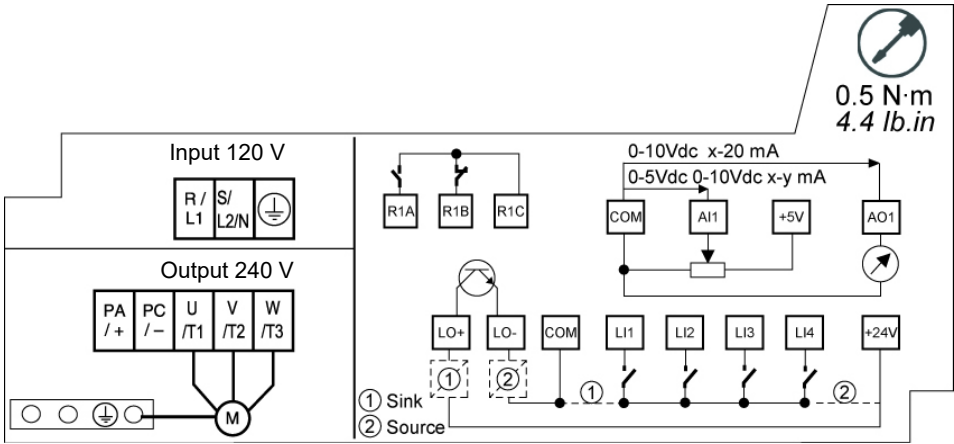
Note:

- Use transient voltage surge suppressors for all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.).
- The ground terminal (green screw) is located on the opposite side in comparison with its position on the ATV11 (see wiring trap label).

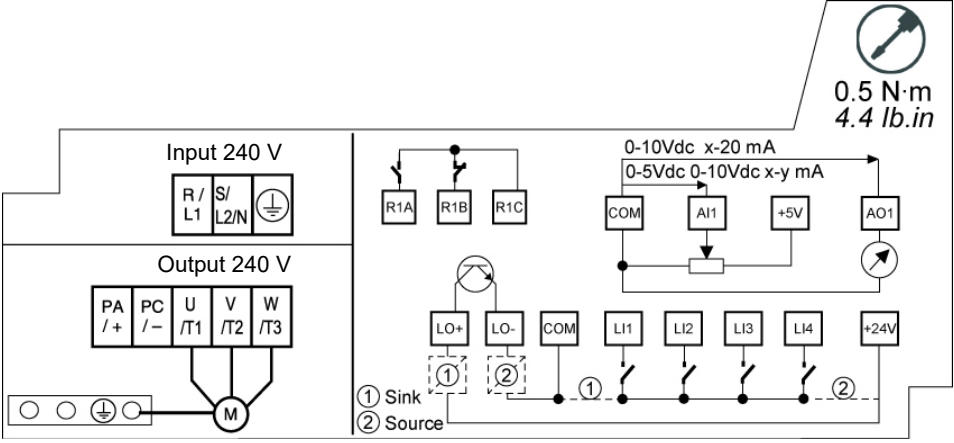
Wiring

Wiring labels

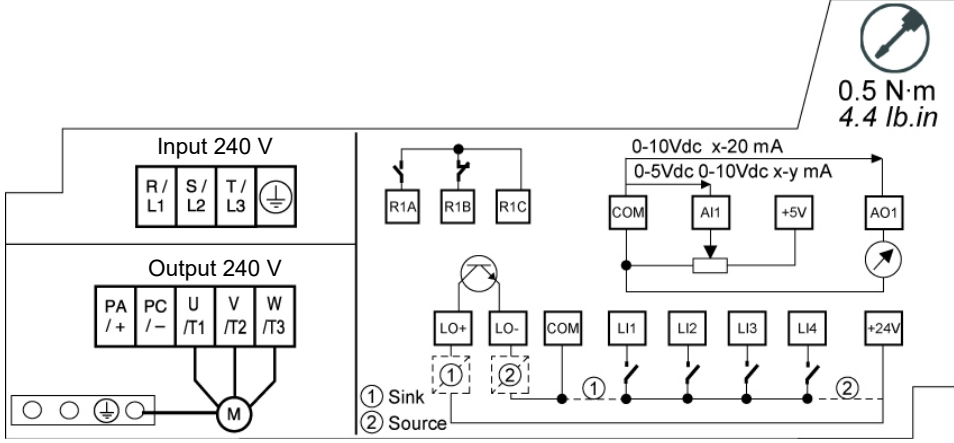
ATV12H...F1



ATV12H...M2



ATV12H...M3

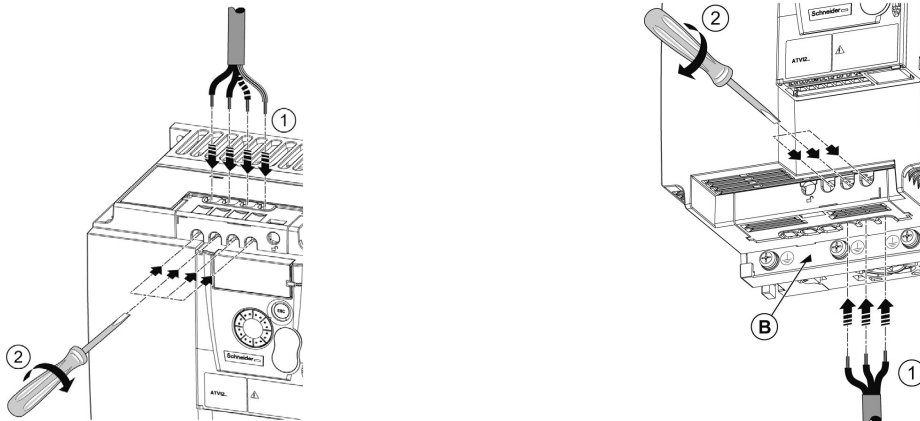


Power terminals

Line supply is at the top of the drive, the motor power supply is at the bottom of the drive. The power terminals can be accessed without opening the wiring trap if you use stripped wire cables.

Access to the power terminals

Access to the terminals if you use stripped wire cables



⚡ ⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

Replace the wiring trap before applying power.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

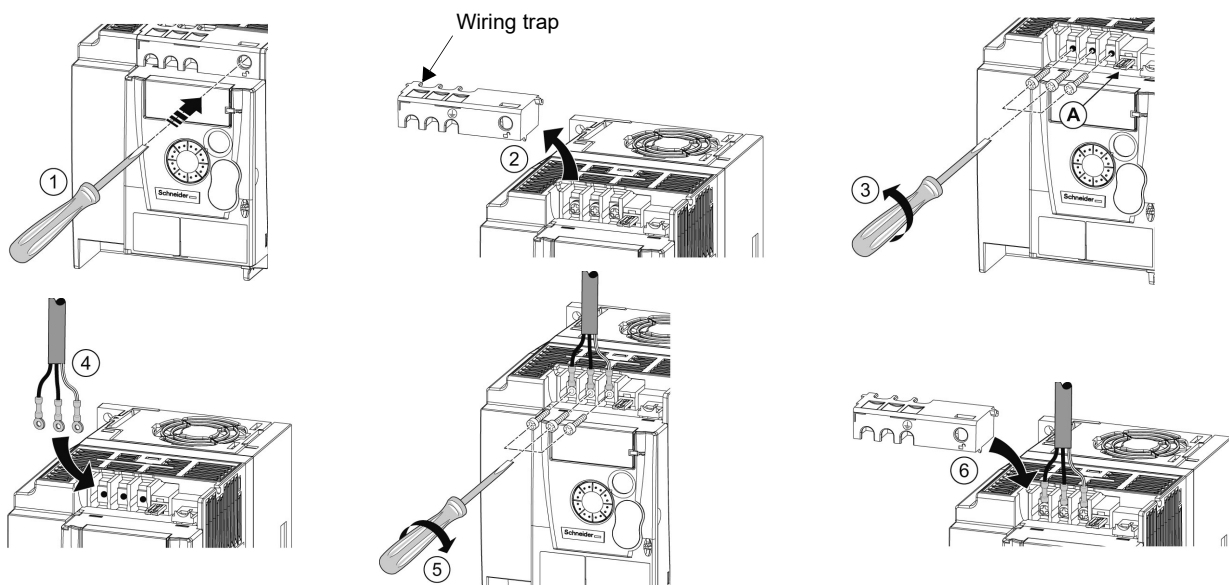
⚠ CAUTION

RISK OF BODY INJURY

Use pliers to remove snap-off of the wiring trap.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Access to the line supply terminals to connect ring terminals

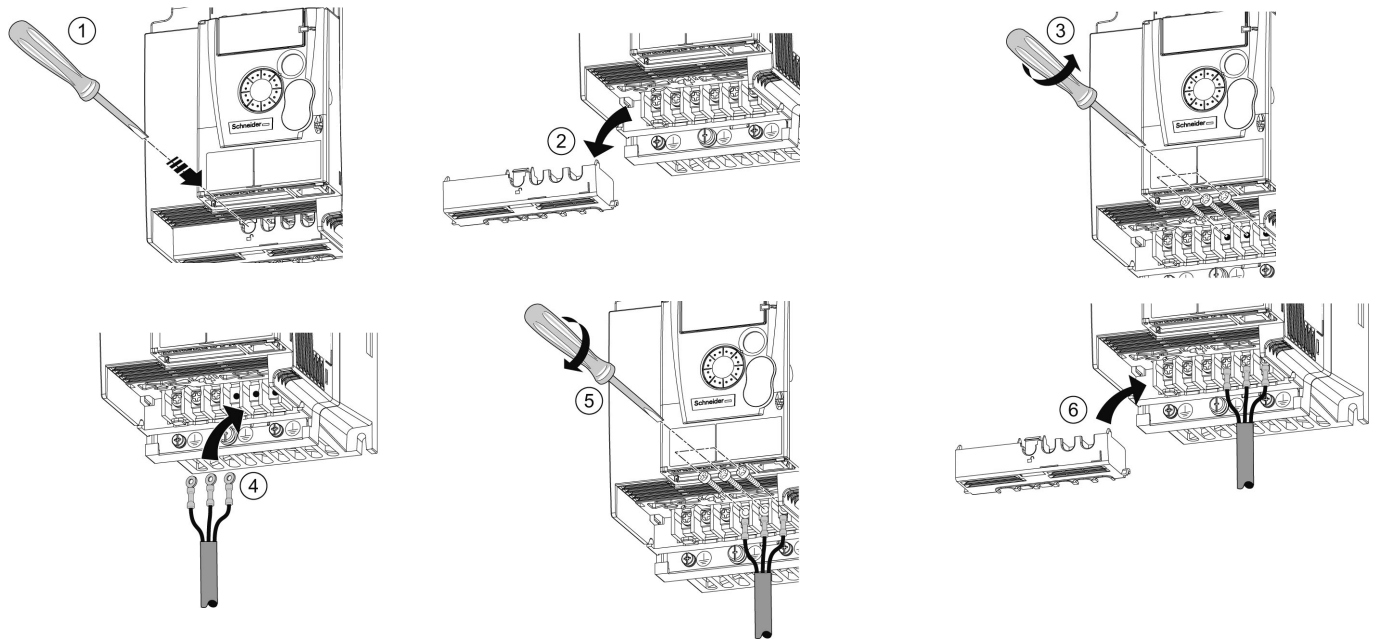


A) IT jumper on ATV12●●●●M2

B) Grounding screws located below the output terminals.

Power terminals

Access to the motor terminals if you use ring terminals



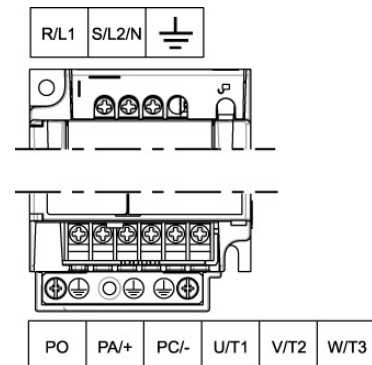
Characteristics and functions of power terminals

Terminal	Function	For ATV12
$\perp$	Ground terminal	All ratings
R/L1 - S/L2/N	Power supply	1-phase 100...120 V
R/L1 - S/L2/N		1-phase 200...240 V
R/L1 - S/L2 - T/L3		3-phase 200...240 V
PA/+	+ output (dc) to the braking module DC Bus (visible part on wiring trap)	All ratings
PC/-	- output (dc) to the braking module DC Bus (visible part on wiring trap)	All ratings
PO	Not used	
U/T1 - V/T2 - W/T3	Outputs to the motor	All ratings

Power terminals

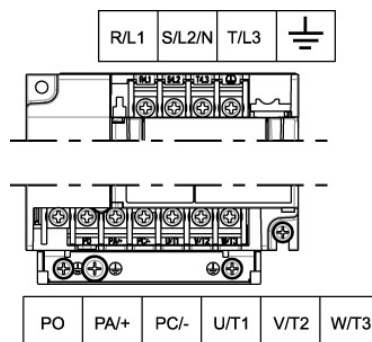
Arrangement of the power terminals

ATV12H 018F1, 037F1, 0●●M2, 0●●M3



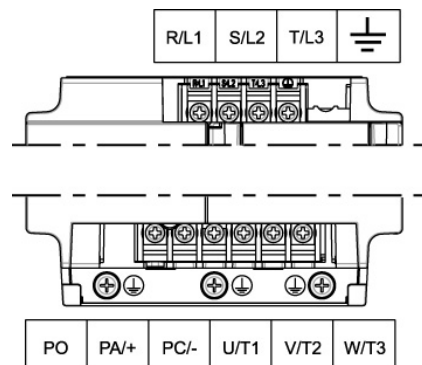
ATV12H	Applicable wire size (1) mm ² (AWG)	Recommended wire size (2) mm ² (AWG)	Tightening torque (3) N·m (lb.in)
018F1 037F1 0●●M2 0●●M3	2 to 3.5 (14 to 12)	2 (14)	0.8 to 1 (7.1 to 8.9)

ATV12H 075F1, U●●M2, U15M3, U22M3



ATV12H	Applicable wire size (1) mm ² (AWG)	Recommended wire size (2) mm ² (AWG)	Tightening torque (3) N·m (lb.in)
075F1 U●●M2	3.5 to 5.5 (12 to 10)	5.5 (10)	1.2 to 1.4 (10.6 to 12.4)
U15M3 U22M3	2 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14) for U15M3 3.5 (12) for U22M3	

ATV12H U30M3, U40M3



ATV12H	Applicable wire size (1) mm ² (AWG)	Recommended wire size (2) mm ² (AWG)	Tightening torque (3) N·m (lb.in)
U30M3 U40M3	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	1.2 to 1.4 (10.6 to 12.4)

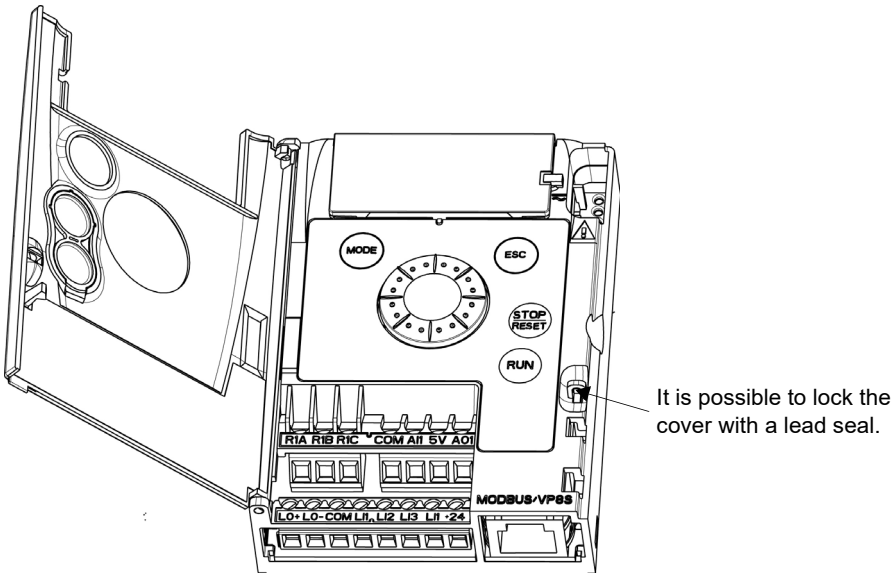
- (1) The value in bold corresponds to the minimum wire gauge to permit secureness.
 (2) 75°C (167 °F) copper cable (minimum wire size for rated use)
 (3) Recommended to maximum value.

Control terminals

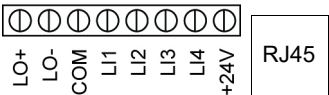
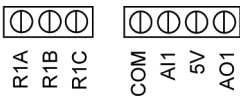
Keep the control circuits away from the power cables. For control and speed reference circuits, it is recommended to use shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (1 and 2 in.), connecting the shielding as outlined on page 27.

Access to the control terminals

To access the control terminals, open the cover.
Note: For information regarding HMI button functions, see "HMI description" on page 33.



Arrangement of the control terminals



- R1A Normally open (NO) contact of the relay
- R1B Normally closed (NC) contact of the relay
- R1C Common pin of the relay
- COM COMmon of analog and logic I/Os
- AI1 Analog Input
- 5V +5VDC supply provided by the drive
- AO1 Analog Output
- LO+ Logic Output (collector)
- LO- Common of the Logic Output (emitter)
- COM COMmon of analog and logic I/Os
- LI1 Logic Input
- LI2 Logic Input
- LI3 Logic Input
- LI4 Logic Input
- +24V +24 VDC supply provided by the drive
- RJ45 Connection for SoMove software, Modbus network or remote display.

Note: To connect cables, use a slotted screwdriver 0.6 x 3.5.

ATV12 Control terminals	Applicable wire size (1) mm² (AWG)	Tightening torque (2) N·m (lb.in)
R1A, R1B, R1C	0.75 to 1.5 (18 to 16)	0.5 to 0.6 (4.4 to 5.3)
Other terminals	0.14 to 1.5 (26 to 16)	

(1)The value in bold corresponds to the minimum wire gauge to permit secureness.
(2)Recommended to maximum value.

Control terminals

Characteristics and functions of the control terminals

Terminal	Function	Electrical characteristics
R1A	NO contact of the relay	Min. switching capacity: • 5 mA for 24 V --- Maximum switching capacity: • 2 A for 250 V ~ OVC II and for 30 V --- on inductive load (cos ϕ = 0.4 and L/R = 7 ms) • 3 A for 250 V ~ OVC II and 4 A for 30 V --- on resistive load (cos ϕ = 1 and L/R = 0) • response time: 30 ms maximum.
R1B	NC contact of the relay	
R1C	Common pin of the relay	
COM	Common of analog and logic I/Os	
AI1	Voltage or current analog input	• resolution: 10 bits • precision: ± 1% at 25°C (77°F) • linearity: ± 0.3% (of full scale) • sampling time: 20 ms ± 1 ms Analog voltage input 0 to +5 V or 0 to +10 V (maximum voltage 30 V) impedance: 30 kΩ Analog current input x to y mA, impedance: 250 Ω
5V	+5 VDC power supply for reference potentiometer	• precision: ± 5% • maximum current: 10 mA
AO1	Voltage or current analog output (collector)	• resolution: 8 bits • precision: ± 1% at 25°C (77°F) • linearity: ± 0.3% (of full scale) • refresh time: 4 ms (maximum 7 ms) Analog voltage output: 0 to +10 V (maximum voltage +1%) • minimum output impedance: 470 Ω Analog current output: x to 20 mA • maximum output impedance: 800 Ω
LO+	Logic output	• voltage: 24 V (maximum 30 V) • impedance: 1 kΩ, maximum 10 mA (100 mA in open collector) • linearity: ± 1% • refresh time: 20 ms ± 1 ms.
LO-	Common of the logic output (emitter)	
LI1 LI2 LI3 LI4	Logic inputs	Programmable logic inputs • +24 VDC power supply (maximum 30 V) • impedance: 3.5 kΩ minimum • state: 0 if < 5 V, state 1 if > 11 V in positive logic • state: 1 if < 10 V, state 0 if > 16 V or switched off (not connected) in negative logic • sampling time: < 20 ms ± 1 ms.
+24V	+ 24 VDC supply provided by the drive	+ 24 VDC –15% +20% protected against short-circuits and overloads. Maximum customer current available 100 mA

Control terminals

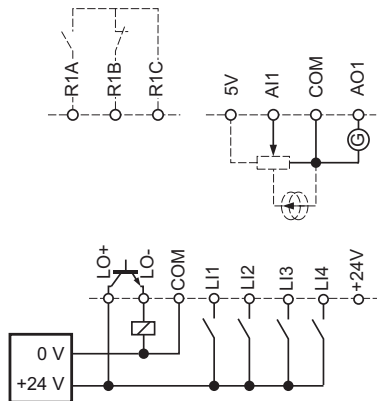
Control connection diagrams

The **Logic inputs type** nPL parameter page 52 is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs.

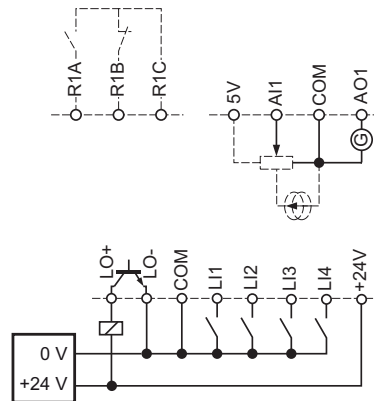
- Set the parameter to **POS** for Source operation.
- Set the parameter to **NEG** for internal Sink operation.
- Set the parameter to **ENEG** for external Sink operation.

Note: The modification will be taken into account only at the next control power-on.

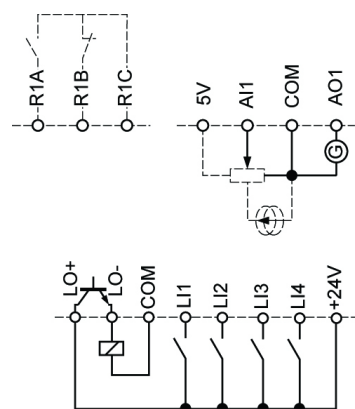
Source - using external supply



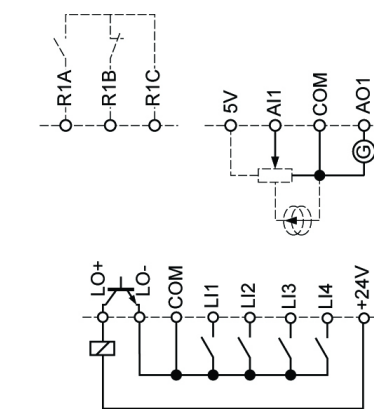
Sink - using external supply



Source - using internal supply



Sink - using internal supply



⚠ DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- The accidental grounding of logic inputs configured for Sink Logic can result in unintended activation of drive functions.
- Protect the signal conductors against damage that could result in unintentional conductor grounding.
- Follow NFPA 79 and EN 60204 guidelines for proper control circuit grounding practices.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC), wiring

Principle and precautions

IMPORTANT: The high frequency equipotential ground connection between the drive, motor, and cable shielding does not eliminate the need to connect the ground (PE) conductors (green-yellow) to the appropriate terminals on each unit. To help accomplish this, the user must follow the following points:

- Grounds between the drive, motor, and cable shielding must have high frequency equipotentiality.
- When using shielded cable for the motor, use a 4-conductor cable so that one wire will be the ground connection between the motor and the drive. Size of the ground conductor must be selected in compliance with local and national codes. The shield can then be grounded at both ends. Metal ducting or conduit can be used for part or all of the shielding length, provided there is no break in continuity.
- When using shielded cable for the Dynamic Brake (DB) resistors, use a 3-conductor cable so that one wire will be the ground connection between the DB resistor assembly and the drive. Size of the ground conductor must be selected in compliance with local and national codes. The shield can then be grounded at both ends. Metal ducting or conduit can be used for part or all of the shielding length, provided there is no break in continuity.
- When using shielded cable for control signals, if the cable is connecting equipment that is close together and the grounds are bonded together, then both ends of the shield can be grounded. If the cable is connected to equipment that may have a different ground potential, then ground the shield at one end only to prevent large currents from flowing in the shield. The shield on the ungrounded end may be tied to ground with a capacitor (for example: 10 nF, 100V or higher) in order to provide a path for the higher frequency noise.
- Keep the control circuits away from the power circuits. For control and speed reference circuits, use of shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25...50 mm (1 and 2 in.) is recommended.
- Ensure maximum separation between the power supply cable (line supply) and the motor cable and also ensure maximum separation between the control cables and any power cables.
- The motor cables must be at least 0.5 m (20 in.) long.
- Do not use surge arresters or power factor correction capacitors on the variable speed drive output.
- If using an additional input filter, it should be mounted as closed as possible to the drive and connected directly to the line supply via an unshielded cable. Link 1 on the drive is via the filter output cable.
- For installation of the optional EMC plate and instructions for meeting IEC 61800-3 standard, refer to the section entitled "Installing the EMC plates" and the instructions provided with the EMC plates.

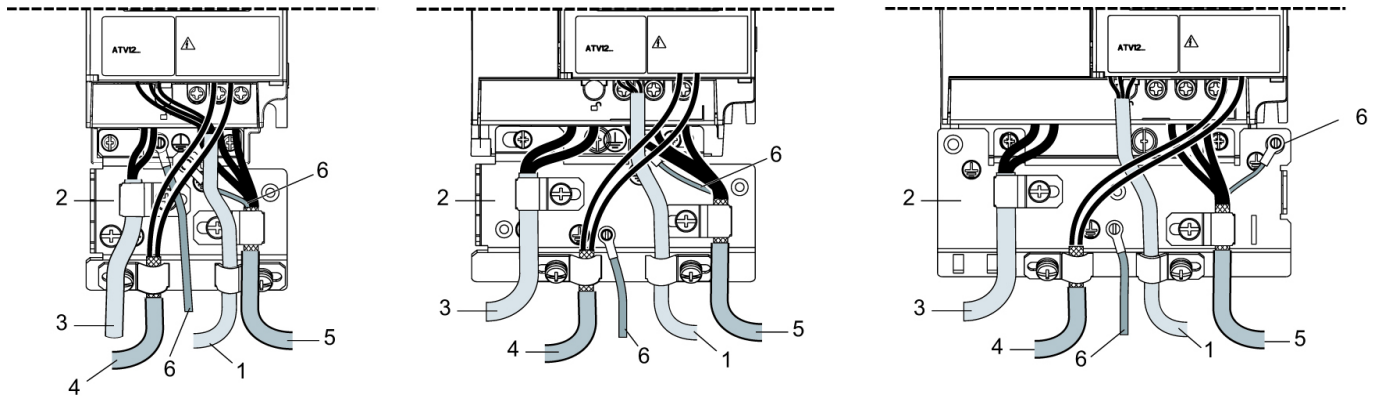
DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Do not expose cable shielding except where connected to ground at the metal cable glands and underneath the grounding clamps.
- Ensure that there is no risk of the shielding coming into contact with live components.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Installation diagram (example)



1. Non-shielded wires for the output of the status relay contacts.
2. Sheet steel grounded casing not supplied with the drive, to be mounted as indicated on the diagram.
3. PA and PC terminals, to the braking module DC bus
4. Shielded cable for connecting the control/signalling wiring.
For applications requiring several conductors, use small cross-sections (0.5 mm^2 , 20 AWG).
The shielding must be connected to ground at both ends. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
5. Shielded cable for motor connection with shielding connected to ground at both ends.
This shielding must be continuous, and if there are any intermediate terminals, they must be in an EMC shielded metal box. The motor cable PE grounding conductor (green-yellow) must be connected to the grounded casing.
6. Grounding conductor, cross-section 10 mm^2 (6 AWG) according to IEC 61800-5-1 standard.
7. Power input (non-shielded cable)

Attach and ground the shielding of cables 4 and 5 as close as possible to the drive:

- Expose the shielding.
- Use cable clamps of an appropriate size on the parts from which the shielding has been exposed, to attach them to the casing.
The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal plate to ensure correct contact.
- Types of clamp: stainless steel (delivered with the optional EMC plate).

EMC conditions for ATV12●●●●M2

C1 EMC category is reached if length of shielded cable is 5 m (16.4 ft) maximum and [Switching frequency 5 F r](#) page 60 is 4, 8 or 12 kHz. C2 EMC category is reached if length of shielded cable is 10 m (32.8 ft) maximum and [Switching frequency 5 F r](#) is 4, 8 or 12 kHz and if length of shielded cable is 5 m (16.4 ft) maximum for all other values of [Switching frequency 5 F r](#).

Internal EMC filter on ATV12●●●●M2

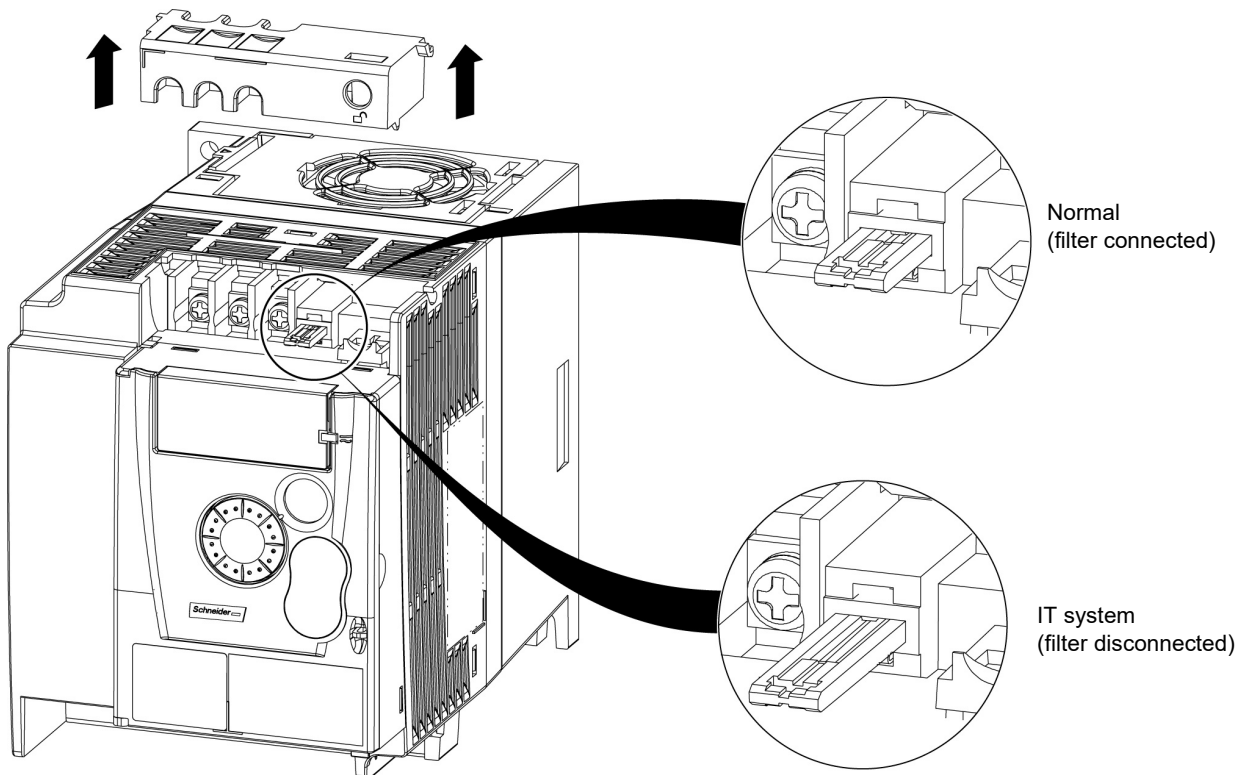
All ATV12●●●●M2 drives have a built-in EMC filter. As a result they exhibit leakage current to ground. If the leakage current creates compatibility problems with your installation (residual current device or other), then you can reduce the leakage current by opening the IT jumper as shown below. In this configuration EMC compliance is not guaranteed.

NOTICE

DRIVE LIFETIME REDUCTION

On ATV12●●●●M2 ratings, if the filters are disconnected, the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz. Refer to [Switching frequency 5 F r](#) page 60 for adjustment,

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.



Check list

Read carefully the safety information in the user manual and the catalog. Before starting up the drive, please check the following points regarding mechanical and electrical installations, then use and run the drive.

For complete documentation, refer to www.schneider-electric.com.

1. Mechanical installation

- Refer to the instructions on page [13](#) for drive mounting types and recommendations on the ambient temperature.
- Mount the drive vertically as specified, see instructions on page [13](#).
- The use of the drive must be in agreement with the environments defined by the standard 60721-3-3 and according to the levels defined in the catalog.
- Mount the options required for your application, refer to the catalog.

2. Electrical installation

- Connect the drive to the ground, see Equipment grounding on page [17](#).
- Ensure that the input power voltage corresponds to the drive nominal voltage and connect the line supply as shown in General wiring diagram on page [19](#).
- Ensure you use appropriate input power fuses and circuit breaker, see in the Annex (S1A58684) delivered with the drive.
- Wire the control terminals as required, see Control terminals on page [24](#). Separate the power cable and the control cable according to the EMC compatibility rules on page [27](#).
- The ATV12●●●●M2 range integrates an EMC filter. The leakage current can be reduced using the IT jumper as explained in the paragraph Internal EMC filter on ATV12●●●●M2 on page [29](#).
- Ensure that motor connections correspond to the voltage (star, delta).

3. Use and run the drive

- Start the drive and you will see **Standard motor frequency** **b F r** page [46](#) at the first power-on. Check that the frequency defined by the frequency **b F r** (the factory setting is 50 Hz) is in accordance with the frequency of the motor, see First power-up on page [35](#). For the following power-on, you will see **r d y** on the HMI.
- MyMenu (upper part of CONF mode) allows you to configure the drive for most applications (see page [46](#)).
- **Factory / recall customer parameter set** **F C 5** function page [47](#) allows you to reset the drive with factory settings.

Factory configuration

Drive factory settings

The Altivar 12 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions (motor rating according to drive rating):

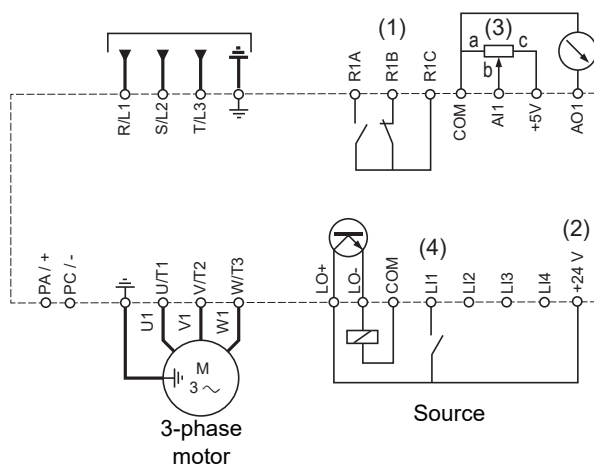
- Display: drive ready (**r d y**) motor stopped or motor frequency reference while running
- Automatic adaptation of the deceleration ramp in the event of overvoltage on braking.
- No automatic restarting after a detected fault is cleared
- Logic inputs:
 - LI1: forward (2-wire transitional control)
 - LI2, LI3, LI4: no assignment
- Logic output: LO1: no assignment
- Analog input: AI1 (0 to + 5 V) speed reference
- Relay R1: the contact opens in the event of a detected fault (or drive off)
- Analog output AO1: no assignment

Code	Description	Value	page
b F r	Standard motor frequency	50 Hz	46
u n S	Rated motor voltage	230 V	58
A C C	Acceleration	3 seconds	65
d E C	Deceleration	3 seconds	65
L S P	Low speed	0 Hz	46 90
H S P	High speed	50 Hz	91
C t t	Motor control type	Standard law	58
u F r	IR compensation	100%	59
i t h	Motor thermal current	equal to nominal motor current (value determined by drive rating)	95
S d C I	Automatic DC injection current	0.7 x nominal drive current, for 0.5 seconds.	68
S F r	Switching frequency	4 kHz	60

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

Drive factory wiring diagram

ATV12●●●●M3



(1) R1 relay contacts, for remote indication of the drive status.

(2) Internal + 24 V $\equiv$. If an external source is used (+ 30 V $\equiv$ maximum), connect the 0 V of the source to the COM terminal, and do not use the + 24 V $\equiv$ terminal on the drive.

(3) Reference potentiometer SZ1RV1202 (2.2 k Ω) or similar (10 k Ω maximum).

(4) Forward

Basic functions

Status relay, unlocking

The R1 status relay is energized when the drive power is applied with no fault detected. It de-energizes in the event of a detected fault or when the drive power is removed.

The drive is reset after a detected fault:

- by switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- automatically in the cases described in the "automatic restart" function, **F L E** - menu, **Automatic restart A L r** page **92** set to **Y E 5**
- via a logic input when this input is assigned to the "drive reset" function, **F L E** - menu, **Detected fault reset assignment r 5 F** page **92** set to **L•H**.

Drive thermal detection

Thermal detection is provided by a built-in PTC probe in the power module.

Drive ventilation

Ratings up to 0.75 kW (1 HP) do not include a fan. The fan runs only when the drive thermal state requires ventilation.

Motor thermal detection

Function:

Thermal detection by calculating the I^2t .

Note: The motor thermal state memory returns to zero when the drive power is cycled if **Motor thermal state memo n E n** page **95** is not set to **Y E 5**.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR

The use of external overload protection is required under the following conditions:

- Repowering up the product since there is no motor thermal state memory.
- Running multiple motors
- Running motors rated at less than 20% of the nominal drive current
- Using motor switching

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

NOTICE

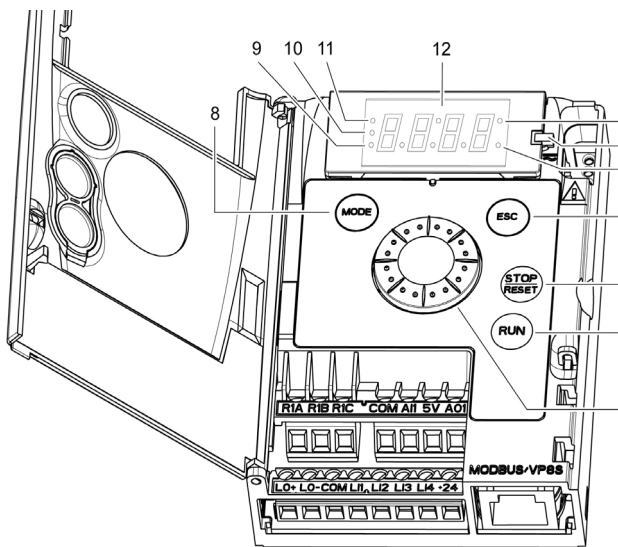
MOTOR OVERHEATING

- This drive does not provide direct thermal protection for the motor.
- Use of a thermal sensor in the motor may be required for protection at all speeds or loading conditions.
- Consult the motor manufacturer for the thermal capability of the motor when operated over the desired speed range

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

HMI description

Functions of the display and keys



1. Value LED (a) (b).
 2. Charge LED
 3. Unit LED (c)
 4. ESC button: Exits a menu or parameter, or aborts the displayed value to return to the previous value in the memory. In LOCAL configuration, 2 s press on ESC button switches between the control/programming modes.
 5. STOP button: stops the motor (could be hidden by door if function disabled). **Note: See instructions for "RUN/STOP" cover removal.**
 6. RUN button: Starts running in LOCAL configuration and in REMOTE configuration if the function is configured (could be hidden by door if function disabled).
 7. Jog dial
 - Acts as a potentiometer in LOCAL configuration and in REMOTE configuration if the function is configured.
 - For navigation when turned clockwise or counterclockwise
 - and selection / validation when pushed.This action is represented by this symbol 
 8. MODE button
 - Switches between the control/programming modes. 3s press on MODE button switches between the REMOTE/LOCAL configurations.
 - The MODE button is only accessible with the HMI door open.
 9. CONFIGURATION mode LED (b)
 10. MONITORING mode LED
 11. REFERENCE mode LED
 12. 4 x 7-segment displays
- Note:** In LOCAL configuration, the three Leds 9, 10, 11 are blinking simultaneously in programming mode and are working as a Led chaser in control mode.

(a) If illuminated, indicates that a **value** is displayed, for example, **0.5** is displayed for "0.5"

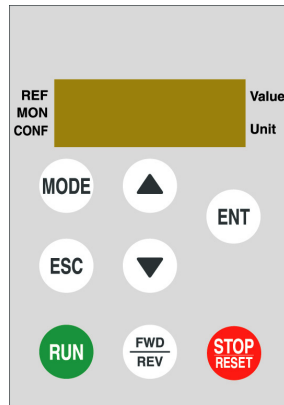
(b) When changing a value the Configuration mode LED and the value LED are on steady.

(c) If illuminated, indicates that a unit is displayed, for example, AMP is displayed for "Amps"

Programming

Remote control

Remote operation and programming by HMI is possible using the optional remote HMI part VW3A1006. The dimensions are 70 mm (2.76 in) x 50 mm (2.76 in).



Note: when connected, the remote control shows an exact copy of the drive display, it is totally interactive with the embedded keypad.

Note: Set the remote keypad with

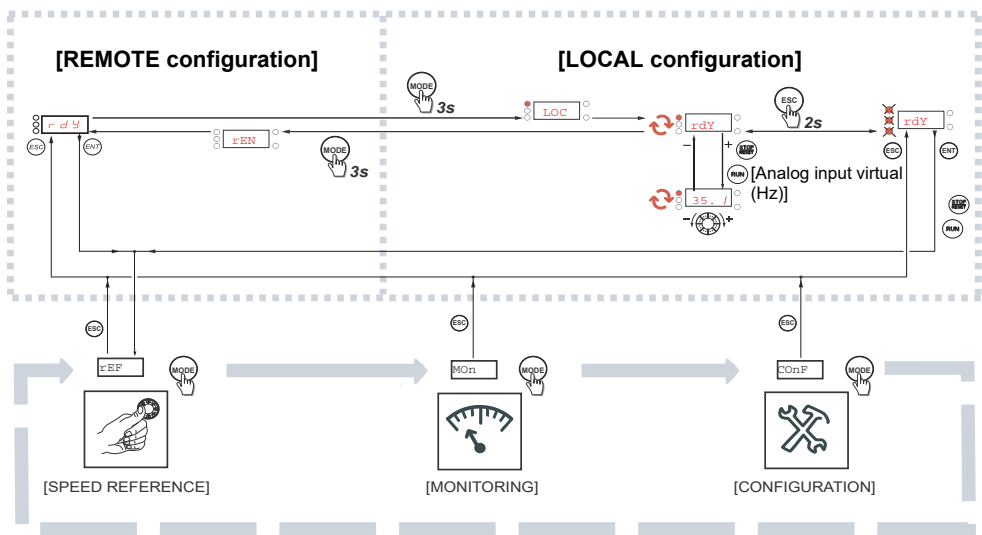
- Modbus rate = 19.2 Kbps, (see **t b r**)
- Modbus format = 8E1, 8 bit, even parity, 1 stop bit (see **t F o**)

First power-up

At first power-up you are prompted to set **Standard motor frequency** *b F r* page 46. Next time power is applied *r d y* appears. Operating mode selection is then possible using the MODE key as detailed below.

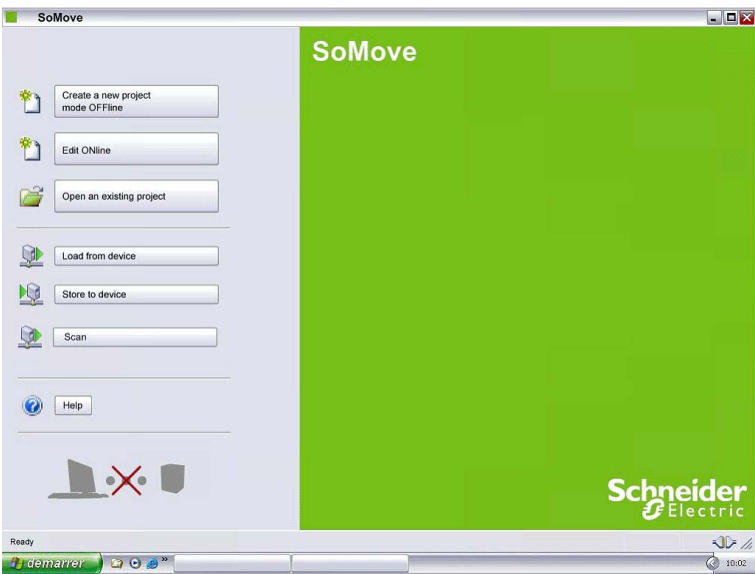
Menus structure

Access to menus and parameters is possible through 3 modes: Reference *r E F* page 38, Monitoring *Mon* page 39 and Configuration *C o n F* page 45. Switching between these modes is possible at any time using the MODE key or Jog Dial on keyboard. The first press on the MODE key moves from the current position to the top of the branch. A second press switches to the next mode.



Menu customization using SoMove

ATV12 factory settings enable drive operation with most applications. You can use SoMove software to customize the "MyMenu" and FULL menus of *C o n F* mode (see page 45), by selecting which menus and parameters will be hidden or accessible for the user. Once the configuration has been adjusted, it can be downloaded to the ATV12 by connecting the drive to the computer or by downloading the configuration through the multiloader or simpleloader. SoMove can be used to operate the drive for testing and commissioning.



Description	References
SoMove	-
USB/RJ45 cable	TCSMCNAM3M002P
Simple-loader tool	VW3A8120
Multi-loader tool	VW3A8121
Bluetooth adapter	VW3A8114

For further information, please consult the SoMove help.

Structure of parameter tables

The modes, sections, menus, submenus and parameter tables description is organized as below.
Note: Parameters containing the sign (C) in the code column can be modified with the drive running or stopped

Example:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

Code	Name / Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu		
CtL -	Control menu		
FLa	☐ Forced local assignment		nO
nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	☐ No ☐ L1h ☐ L2h ☐ L3h ☐ L4h		

1. Name of mode

2. Name of section, if any

3. Menu code on 4-digit display, followed by a "-"

4. Submenu code on 4-digit display, if any

5. Parameter code
6. Value code

7. Name of menu

8. Name of submenu

9. Parameter description

10. Possible value(s) / state of parameter, if any.

Function compatibility table

	Preset speed (page 71)	PI regulator (page 73)	Jog operation (page 69)	Auto DC injection (page 68)	Catch on the fly (page 93)	Fast stop (page 67)	Freewheel (page 67)
Preset speed (page 71)			↑				
PI regulator (page 73)			●				
Jog operation (page 69)	←	●		↑			
Auto DC injection (page 68)			↑				↑
Catch on the fly (page 93)							←
Fast stop (page 67)							↑
Freewheel (page 67)				←	↑	←	

 Incompatible functions
  Compatible functions
  Not applicable

Priority function (function which can be active at the same time)


 The function indicated by the arrow has priority over the other.

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Reference Mode rEF

Use the reference mode to monitor and if local control is enabled ([Reference channel 1 F r I](#) page 46 set to [A i u I](#)) adjust the actual reference value by rotating the jog dial.

When local control is enabled, the jog dial on the HMI acts as a potentiometer to change the reference value up and down within the limits preset by other parameters (LSP or HSP). There is no need to press the ENT key to confirm the change of the reference.

If local command mode is disabled, using [Command channel 1 C d I](#) page 64, only reference values and units are displayed. The value will be "read only" and cannot be modified by the jog dial (the reference is no longer given by the jog dial but from an AI or other source).

The actual reference displayed depends on the choice made in [Reference channel 1 F r I](#) page 63.

Organization tree

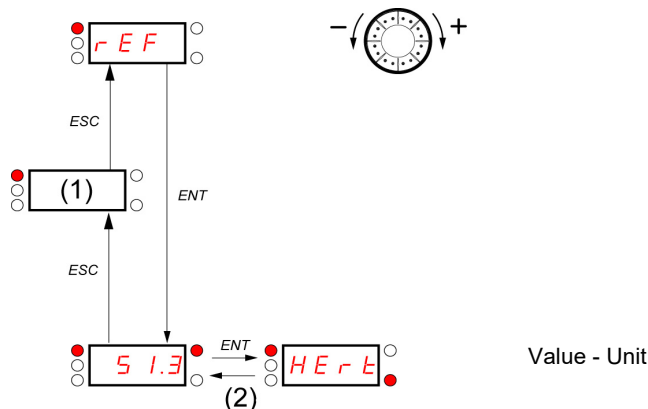
(1) Depending on the active reference channel

Possible values:

[L F r](#)
[A i u I](#)
[F r H](#)
[r P i](#)
[r P C](#)

(2) 2s or ESC

Displayed parameter value and unit of the diagram is given as examples



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory settings
L F r (1)	☐ External reference value Frequency reference visible if reference channel active is remote display. Reference channel 1 F r I page 63 set to L C C or Forced local reference F L o C page 64 set to L C C . This parameter allows to modify the frequency reference with the jog dial. Visibility depends on the drive settings.	-400 to +400 Hz	-
A i u I (1)	☐ Analog input virtual This parameter allows to modify the frequency reference with an analog input. Reference channel 1 F r I page 63 set to A i u I or Forced local reference F L o C page 64 set to A i u I or PID manual reference P i n page 75 set to A i u I . Visibility depends on the drive settings.	0 to 100 % of HSP	-
F r H A i I L C C P d b A i u I	☐ Speed reference Actual frequency reference. This parameter is in read-only mode. Visibility depends on the drive settings. ☐ Terminal ☐ Remote display ☐ Modbus ☐ Integrated display with Jog dial	0 Hz to HSP	-
r P i (1)	☐ Internal PID reference This parameter allows to modify the PID internal reference with the jog dial. Visibility depends on the drive settings.	0 to 100%	-
r P C	☐ PID reference value This parameter is the PID reference expressed as a %.	0 to 100%	-

(1) It is not necessary to press the ENT key to confirm the modification of the reference.

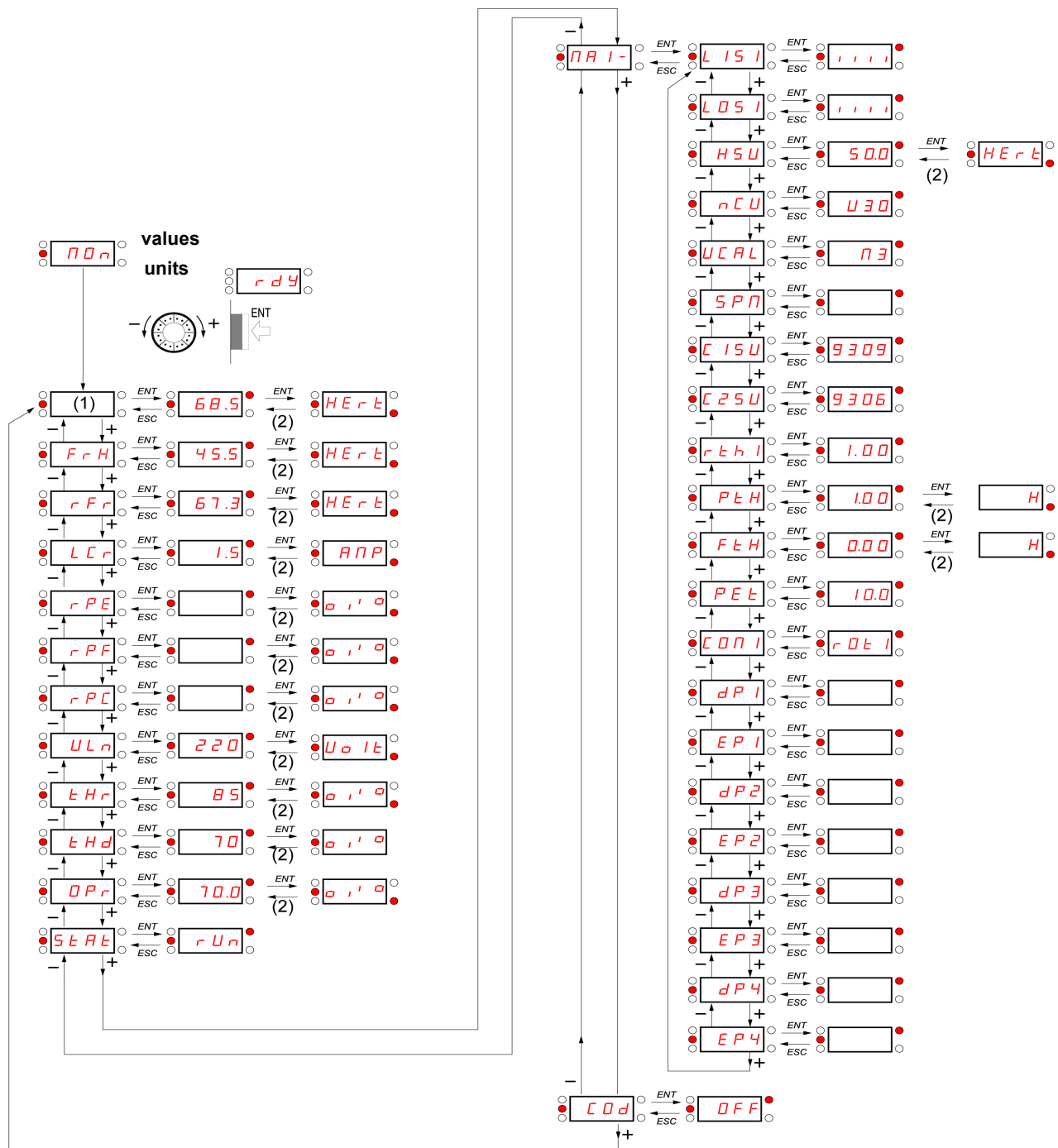
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Monitoring mode MOn

When the drive is running, the value displayed is that of one of the monitoring parameters. The default value displayed is the motor [Output frequency](#) f_r [page 40](#).

While the value of the desired new monitoring parameter is being displayed, press a second time on the jog dial button to display the units.

Organization tree



(1) Depending on reference channel active.

Possible values:

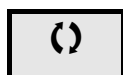
LF r
A 141

(2) 2 sec or ESC

Displayed parameter values and units of the diagram are given as examples.

Monitoring mode MOn

Code	Name/Description	Unit
L F r ()	☐ External reference value External keypad or local force mode configured. Forced local reference F L o C page 64 set to L C C and Forced local assignment F L o page 64 different to n o . Displays the speed reference coming from the remote keypad. This value is not visible in factory setting.	Hz
A i u l ()	☐ Analog input virtual Embedded keypad active or local force mode configured, Forced local reference F L o C page 64 set to A i u l and Forced local assignment F L o page 64 different to n o . Displays the speed reference coming from the jog dial. This value is not visible in factory setting.	%
F r H	☐ Speed reference Actual frequency reference.	Hz
r F r	☐ Output frequency This function provides the estimated motor speed. It corresponds to the estimated motor frequency (on the motor shaft). In Standard law S t d page 58, the Output frequency r F r is equal to stator frequency. In Performance law P E r F page 58, the Output frequency r F r motor speed is equal to the estimated motor speed. Range: -400 to 400 Hz	Hz
L C r	☐ Motor current Estimation of the effective motor current from phase current measurements with an accuracy of 5%. During DC injection, the current displayed is the maximum value of current injected in the motor.	A
r P E	☐ PID error Visible only if the PID function is configured (PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 set to n o). See PID diagram on page 72	%
r P F	☐ PID Feedback Visible only if PID function configured (PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 set to n o). See PID diagram on page 72	%
r P C	☐ PID reference Visible only if PID function configured (PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 set to n o). See PID diagram on page 72	%
u L n	☐ Main voltage Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
t H r	☐ Motor thermal state Display of the motor thermal state. Above 118%, the drive trips in Motor overload o L F page 111.	%
t H d	☐ Drive thermal state Display of the drive thermal state. Above 118%, the drive trips in Drive overheat o H F page 111.	%
o P r	☐ Output power This parameter displays the motor power (on the shaft) that is estimated by the drive.	%

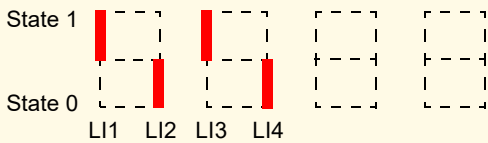
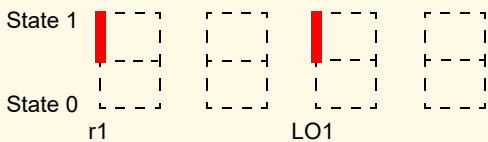


Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Monitoring mode MOn

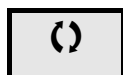
Code	Name/Description
StAt	Product status
	This parameter shows the state of the drive and motor.
rdY	☐ Drive ready
run	☐ Drive running, the last 6 segments to the right of the code also indicate direction and speed.
ACC	☐ Acceleration, the last 6 segments to the right of the code also indicate direction and speed.
dEc	☐ Deceleration, the last 6 segments to the right of the code also indicate direction and speed.
dCb	☐ DC injection braking in progress
CLi	☐ Current limit, the 4 segments located on right down of display are blinking.
nSt	☐ Freewheel stop control
abr	☐ Auto-adapted deceleration
CEl	☐ Controlled stop on mains phase loss
tun	☐ Auto-tuning in progress
FSt	☐ Fast stop
nLP	☐ No line power. When the control part is energized via the RJ45 connector and there is no power on the main input and no run order is present.
F r F	☐ Drive is running and using the withdrawal reference L F F
r E n	☐ Remote configuration
L o C	☐ Local configuration

Monitoring mode MOn

Code	Name/Description	Unit
MA -	Maintenance menu Parameters of MAI menu cannot be selected for monitoring	
L I S I	☐ State of logic inputs LI1 to LI4 Can be used to visualize the state of the 4 logic inputs LI.  Example above: LI1 and LI3 are at 1; LI2 and LI4 are at 0.	-
L O S I	☐ State of the logic output LO1 and relay R1 Can be used to visualize the state of the LO. 	-
H S u	☐ Display of high speed value Display of high-speed value. Range Low speed L S P page 46 to Maximum frequency L F r page 58. Visible only if 2 HSP assignment S H 2 or 4 HSP assignment S H 4 page 91 is configured.	Hz
n C u	☐ Drive Power rating Indicates the drive rating. This value is part of the drive reference, see page 11. Possible values: 018 = 0.18 kW (0.25 HP) 037 = 0.37 kW (0.50 HP) 055 = 0.55 kW (0.75 HP) 075 = 0.75 kW (1 HP) U15 = 1.5 kW (2 HP) U22 = 2.2 kW (3 HP) U30 = 3 kW (3 HP) U40 = 4 kW (5 HP)	-
u C A L	☐ Drive voltage rating Drive rate supply voltage. This value is part of the drive reference, see page 11. Possible values: F1 = 100-120 V 1-phase in, 200-240 V 3-phase out M2 = 200-240 V 1-phase in, 200-240 V 3-phase out M3 = 200-240 V 3-phase in, 200-240 V 3-phase out	-
S P n	☐ Specific Product Number This parameter is used in order to identify the possible specification of the product. Visible only if S P n is different to zero.	-
C I S u	☐ Card 1 Software Version Application software version. Example: 1105 for 1.1 ie 05. 1 (version, major). 1 (version, minor). 05 (ie, evolution number)	-
C 2 S u	☐ Card 2 Software Version Motor software version. Example: 1105 for 1.1 ie 05. 1 (version, major). 1 (version, minor). 05 (ie, evolution number)	-

Monitoring mode MOn

Code	Name/Description	Unit																														
PA -	Maintenance menu (continued)																															
REH	☐ Run elapsed time display Total time the motor has been powered up. Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is as described in the table below. Parameter resettable by services <table><tr><th>Hours</th><th>Display</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0.01</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>0.10</td></tr><tr><td>100</td><td>1.00</td></tr><tr><td>1000</td><td>10.0</td></tr><tr><td>10000</td><td>100</td></tr></table>	Hours	Display	1	0.01	10	0.10	100	1.00	1000	10.0	10000	100	0.01																		
Hours	Display																															
1	0.01																															
10	0.10																															
100	1.00																															
1000	10.0																															
10000	100																															
PEH	☐ Power On time display Total time the drive has been powered on. Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is as described in the table above. Parameter resettable by services.	0.01																														
FEH	☐ Fan time display Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is as described in the table above. Parameter resettable by customer.	0.01																														
PEE ()	☐ Process elapsed time Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is as described in the table above. Parameter resettable by customer.	0.01																														
CON ROtO ROtI RItO RItI	☐ Modbus communication status ☐ Modbus no reception, no transmission = communication idle ☐ Modbus no reception, transmission ☐ Modbus reception, no transmission ☐ Modbus reception and transmission	-																														
DP1	☐ Last detected fault 1 This parameter describes the last detected fault.	-																														
EP1	☐ State of drive at detected fault 1 This parameter describes the state at the moment of the first detected fault. <table><tr><td>bit 0</td><td>bit 1</td><td>bit 2</td><td>bit 3</td><td>bit 4</td></tr><tr><td>ETA.1: Switched on</td><td>ETA.5: Quick stop</td><td>ETA.6: Switch on disabled</td><td>Forced local enabled</td><td>ETA.15: Motor rotation in forward direction (or stopped)</td></tr><tr><td>bit 5</td><td>bit 6</td><td>bit 7</td><td>bit 8</td><td>bit 9</td></tr><tr><td>ETI.4: Run order present</td><td>ETI.5: DC injection running</td><td>ETI.7: Motor thermal threshold reached</td><td>ETI.8: Reserved</td><td>ETI.9: Product in acceleration</td></tr><tr><td>bit 10</td><td>bit 11</td><td>bit 12</td><td>bit 13 - 14</td><td>bit 15</td></tr><tr><td>ETI.10: Product in deceleration</td><td>ETI.11: Current limitation or torque limitation is running</td><td>Fast stop in progress</td><td>ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by terminal or local keypad ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=1: Drive controlled by remote keypad ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by Modbus ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Reserved</td><td>ETI.15: Reverse direction applied to the ramp</td></tr></table>	bit 0	bit 1	bit 2	bit 3	bit 4	ETA.1: Switched on	ETA.5: Quick stop	ETA.6: Switch on disabled	Forced local enabled	ETA.15: Motor rotation in forward direction (or stopped)	bit 5	bit 6	bit 7	bit 8	bit 9	ETI.4: Run order present	ETI.5: DC injection running	ETI.7: Motor thermal threshold reached	ETI.8: Reserved	ETI.9: Product in acceleration	bit 10	bit 11	bit 12	bit 13 - 14	bit 15	ETI.10: Product in deceleration	ETI.11: Current limitation or torque limitation is running	Fast stop in progress	ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by terminal or local keypad ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=1: Drive controlled by remote keypad ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by Modbus ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Reserved	ETI.15: Reverse direction applied to the ramp	-
bit 0	bit 1	bit 2	bit 3	bit 4																												
ETA.1: Switched on	ETA.5: Quick stop	ETA.6: Switch on disabled	Forced local enabled	ETA.15: Motor rotation in forward direction (or stopped)																												
bit 5	bit 6	bit 7	bit 8	bit 9																												
ETI.4: Run order present	ETI.5: DC injection running	ETI.7: Motor thermal threshold reached	ETI.8: Reserved	ETI.9: Product in acceleration																												
bit 10	bit 11	bit 12	bit 13 - 14	bit 15																												
ETI.10: Product in deceleration	ETI.11: Current limitation or torque limitation is running	Fast stop in progress	ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by terminal or local keypad ETI.14= 0 + ETI.13=1: Drive controlled by remote keypad ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Drive controlled by Modbus ETI.14= 1 + ETI.13=0: Reserved	ETI.15: Reverse direction applied to the ramp																												



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Monitoring mode MOn

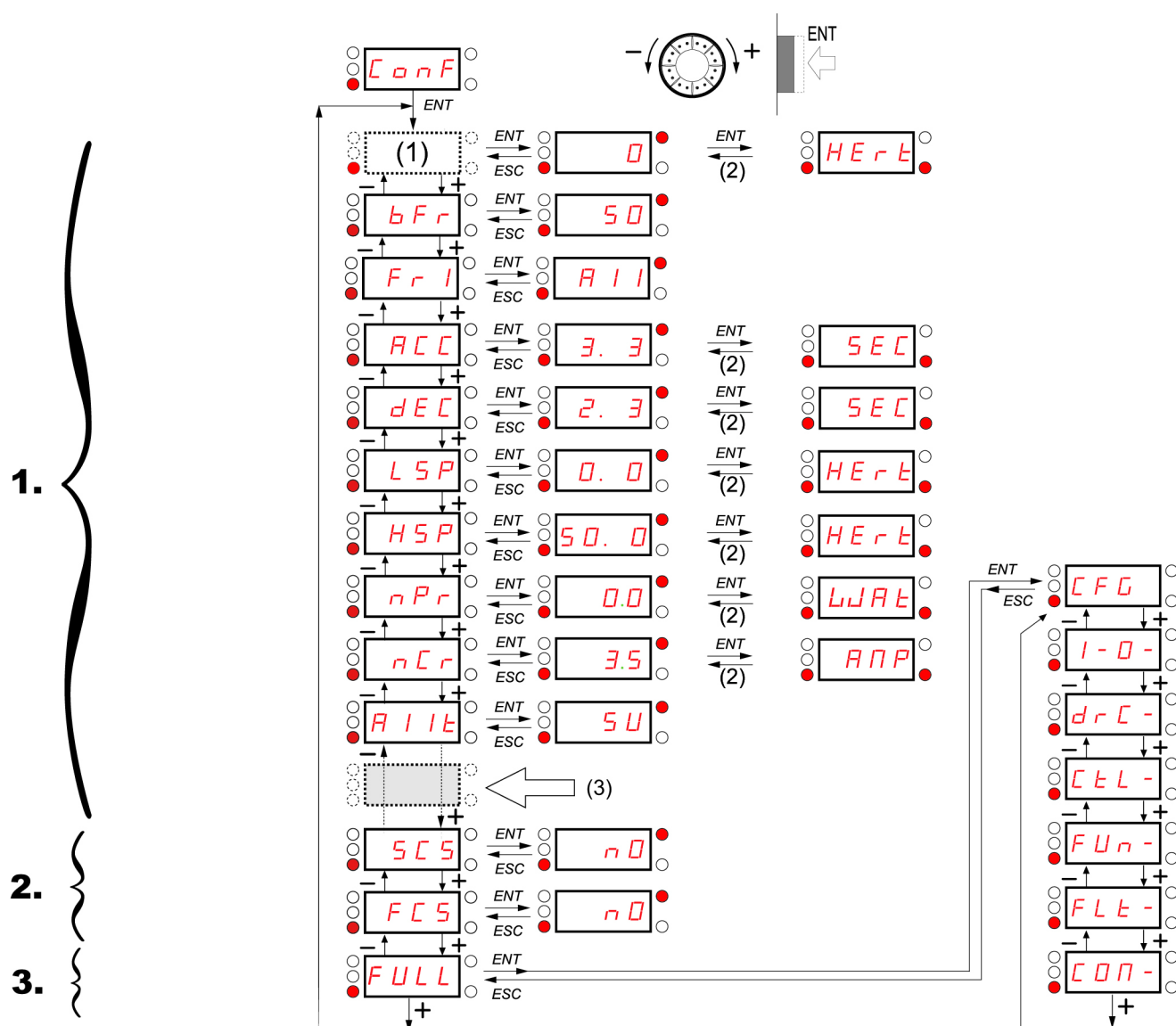
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PA :-	Maintenance menu (continued)		
DP2	☐ Last detected fault 2 This parameter describes the second detected fault.	-	
EP2	☐ State of drive at detected fault 2 This parameter describes the state at the moment of the second detected fault. See EP1 .	-	
DP3	☐ Last detected fault 3 This parameter describes the third detected fault.	-	
EP3	☐ State of drive at detected fault 3 This parameter describes the state at the moment of the third detected fault. See EP1 .	-	
DP4	☐ Last detected fault 4 This parameter describes the fourth detected fault.	-	
EP4	☐ State of drive at detected fault 4 This parameter describes the state at the moment of the fourth detected fault. See EP1 .	-	
Cod OFF ON	☐ HMI Password Possible state value: ☐ Code disabled ☐ Code activated Range 2 to 9999 If you have lost your code, please contact Schneider Electric. This parameter is used to restrict access to the drive. To lock the drive, go to the HMI Password Cod parameter, enter a code within the above range. Once activated, the code state changes to ON : The protection enables only access to REF (see page 38) and Non (see page 39) modes, except when using SoMove. Return to factory settings or access to FULL section are disabled, Download configuration from SoMove is possible, Upload configuration to SoMove is disabled. To unlock the drive, go to the Cod parameter, enter the valid code, then press ENT. Code protection removal is then possible and carried out by entering OFF using the jog dial, then press ENT.	2 to 9999	OFF

Configuration Mode ConF

Configuration mode includes 3 parts:

1. MyMenu includes 11 factory set parameters (among them 9 visible by default). Up to 25 parameters are available for user customization using SoMove software.
2. store/recall parameter set: these 2 functions are used to store and recall customer settings.
3. FULL: This menu provides access to all other parameters. It includes 6 submenus:
 - Macro-configuration **C F G** - page 48
 - Input Output menu **I - O** - page 49
 - Motor control menu **d r C** - page 59
 - Control menu **C t L** - page 63
 - Function menu **F u n** - page 65
 - Fault detection management menu **F L t** - page 92
 - Communication menu **C o m** - page 99.

Organization tree



Configuration Mode - MyMenu

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFr 	☐ External reference value This parameter allows to modify the frequency reference with the jog dial. External keypad or local force mode configured. Forced local reference FLoC page 64 set to LCC and Forced local assignment FLa page 64 different to na. Visibility depends on the drive settings.	-400 Hz to 400 Hz	-
AiUl 	☐ Analog input virtual This parameter allows to modify the frequency reference when • Forced local reference FLoC page 64 is set to AiUl • and Forced local assignment FLa page 64 is different to na. Visible if reference channel active is integrated display (Reference channel 1 FrI set to AiUl).	0% to 100%	-
bFr 50 60	☐ Standard motor frequency External keypad or local force mode configured (FLOC = LCC) (not visible in the factory setting). ☐ 50 Hz ☐ 60 Hz Set to 50 Hz or 60 Hz, taken from the motor rating plate. Changing bFr sets back parameters: FrS, FEd and HSP: 50 Hz or 60 Hz tEH is set to nCr nCr according to drive rating nPr Watt or HP nSP according to drive rating tFr 60 Hz or 72 Hz		50 Hz
FrI AiI LCC Modb AiUl	☐ Reference channel 1 This parameter allows selection of the reference source. ☐ Terminal ☐ Remote display ☐ Modbus ☐ Integrated display with Jog dial		AI1
ACC 	☐ Acceleration Acceleration time between 0 Hz and the Rated motor frequency FrS page 58. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.	0.0 s to 999.9 s	3.0 s
DEC 	☐ Deceleration Time to decelerate from the Rated motor frequency FrS page 58 to 0 Hz. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.	0.0 s to 999.9 s	3.0 s
LSP 	☐ Low speed Motor frequency at minimum reference If HSP, HSP2, HSP3 and HSP4 are already set then LSP is limited to the minimum of those values.	0 Hz to HSP	0 Hz
HSP 	☐ High speed Motor frequency at maximum reference. Check that this setting is appropriate for the motor and the application. The values of HSP, HSP2, HSP3 and HSP4 are independent but each HSP value is linked to the values of Low speed LSP and Maximum frequency tFr page 58 according to the following rules: • HSPx is limited to LSP and tFr ($LSP \leq HSPx \leq tFr$). • If tFr is decreased below the current HSPx value, then HSPx automatically decreases to the new value of tFr. • Once HSP, HSP2, HSP3 and HSP4 are set, LSP is limited to their minimum.	LSP to tFr (Hz)	50 or 60 Hz according to BFr, max TFr



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - MyMenu

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
nPr	☐ Rated Motor Power Visible only if Motor parameter choice nPr page 61 is set to nPr . If nPr is available LoS disappears. Rated motor power given on the nameplate. Motors can range from 5 ratings lower up to 2 ratings higher than the drive rating.. Performance is optimized when there is a maximum of one rating difference. If Standard motor frequency bFr page 46 is set to 50Hz, the Rated motor power nPr unit will be kW, otherwise it will be HP.	NCV -5 to NCV +2	According to drive rating
SCS no Str I  2 s	☐ Store customer parameter set This function creates a backup of the present configuration: ☐ Function inactive ☐ Saves the current configuration in the drive memory. SCS automatically switches to no as soon as the save has been performed. When a drive leaves the factory, the current configuration and the backup configuration are both initialized with the factory configuration.		nO
FCS no rEC I ini in I  2 s	☐ Factory / recall customer parameter set This function permits to restore a configuration. ☐ Function inactive. FCS automatically changes to no as soon as one of the following actions has been performed. ☐ The current configuration becomes identical to the backup configuration previously saved by SCS . FCS automatically changes to no as soon as this action has been performed. rEC I is only visible if the backup has been carried out. If this value appears, ini is not visible. ☐ The current configuration becomes identical to the factory setting. If this value appears, ini is not visible. ☐ The current configuration becomes identical to the backup configuration previously defined by SoMove software. If this value appears, ini and rEC I are not visible.		nO
⚠ DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that the modification of the current configuration is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			



To change the assignment of this parameter press the "ENT" key for 2 s.

How to control the drive locally

In factory settings "RUN" and the jog dial are inactive. To control the drive locally, adjust the following parameter: set **Reference channel 1** **Fri** page 46 to **Riu I** (Integrated display with jog dial).

LI assignment information

It is possible with ATV12 to use multi assignment function (ie: **RLP** and **rrS** on the same LI).

It is also possible on some functions to assign LIH (high) or LII (low), which means that the assigned function will be activated to high (LIH) or low level (LII) of LI.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

CFG

SES
PID
SPd

2 s

Macro-configuration

StS

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that the selected macro configuration is compatible with the wiring diagram used.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Macro configuration provides a shortcut to configure a set of parameters suited to a specific field of application.

3 macro configurations are available:

Start/stop. Only forward is assigned

PID regulation. Activate PID function, dedicated AI1 for feedback and AIV1 for reference.

Speed. Allocate LI to preset speed (same allocation as ATV11) which provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific field of application.

Selecting a macro configuration assigns the parameters in this macro configuration.

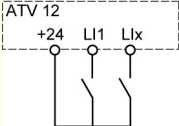
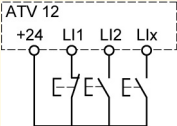
Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.

Input / output or parameter	Start / Stop	PID regulation	Speed
AI1	Ref. channel 1	PID feedback	No
AIV1	No	Reference channel 1	
AO1	No		
LO1	No		
R1	No drive detected fault		
L1h (2-wire)	Forward		
L2h (2-wire)	No	Reverse	
L3h (2-wire)	No	Auto/Manual	2 preset speeds
L4h (2-wire)	No	4 preset speeds	
L1h (3-wire)	Stop		
L2h (3-wire)	Forward		
L3h (3-wire)	No	Reverse	
L4h (3-wire)	No	Auto / Manual	2 preset speeds
F r I (Reference channel 1)		A i u i	A i u i
C t E (Motor control type)		P u n p	
r i n (Reverse inhibition)		y e s	
R i l E (AI1t type)		O R	
L F L L (4-20 mA loss)		y e s	
S P 2 (Preset speed 2)			10.0
S P 3 (Preset speed 3)			25.0
S P 4 (Preset speed 4)			50.0
n p C (Motor parameter choice)			C o s
R d C (Automatic DC injection)	y e s	y e s	y e s



To change the assignment of this parameter press the “ENT” key for 2 s.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
1 - 0 -	Input Output menu		
1 - 0 - 2 C 2 s	Type of control 2-wire control (see page 52) The open or closed state of the input controls the running or stopping. Example of "source" wiring:  LI1: forward LIx: reverse		2C
3 C	3-wire control (see page 52) "forward" or "reverse" pulse is sufficient to command starting, a "stop" pulse is sufficient to command stopping Example of "source" wiring:  LI1: stop LI2: forward LIx: reverse		
⚠ DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION When this parameter is changed, 2 wire type control 1 - 0 - page 52 and all the assignments involving the logic inputs will revert to their default values. Check that this change is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			

 2 s

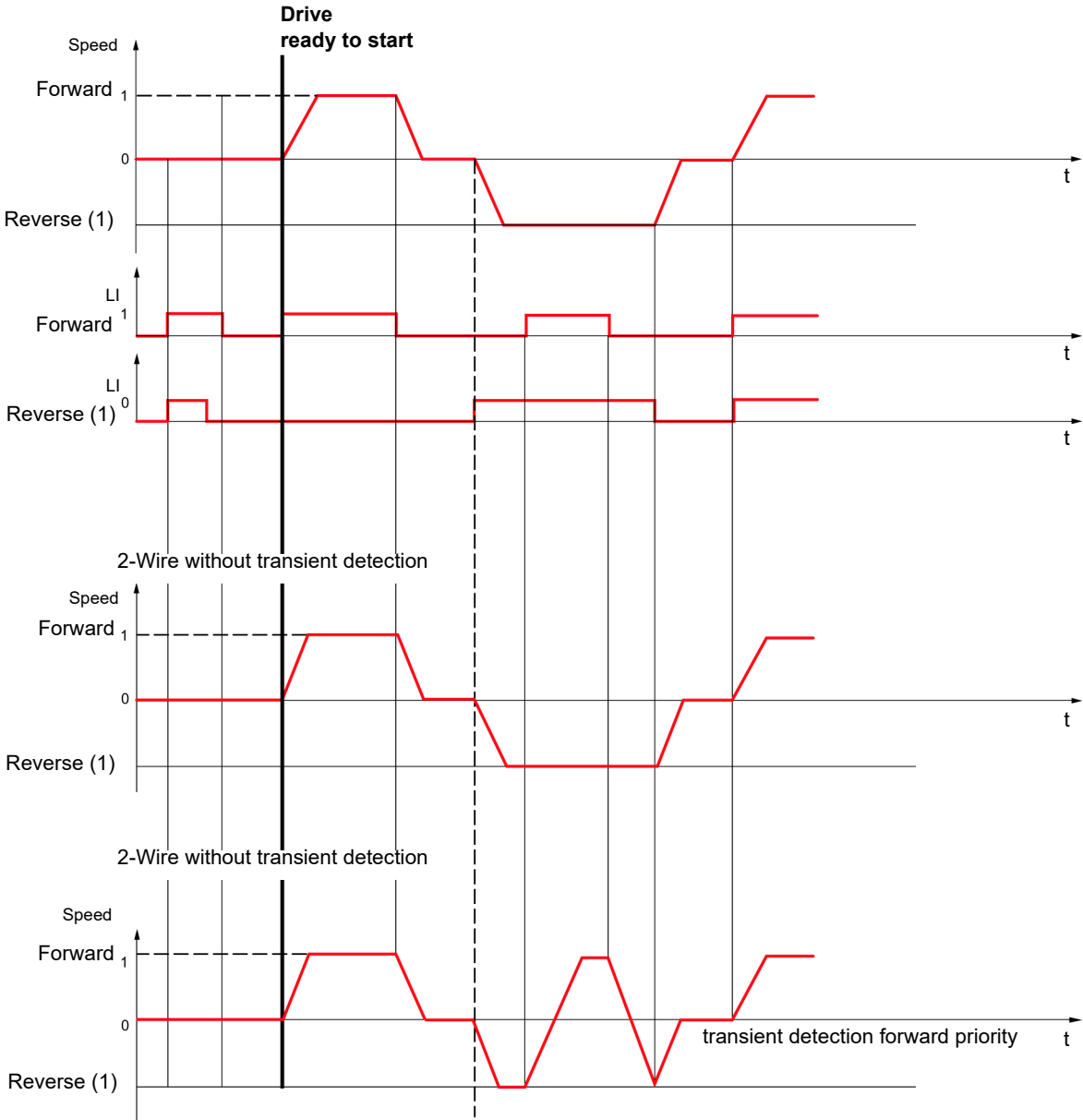
To change the assignment of this parameter press the "ENT" key for 2 s.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

2 wire control diagrams (see page 52)

Drive powered and ready

2-Wire with transient detection

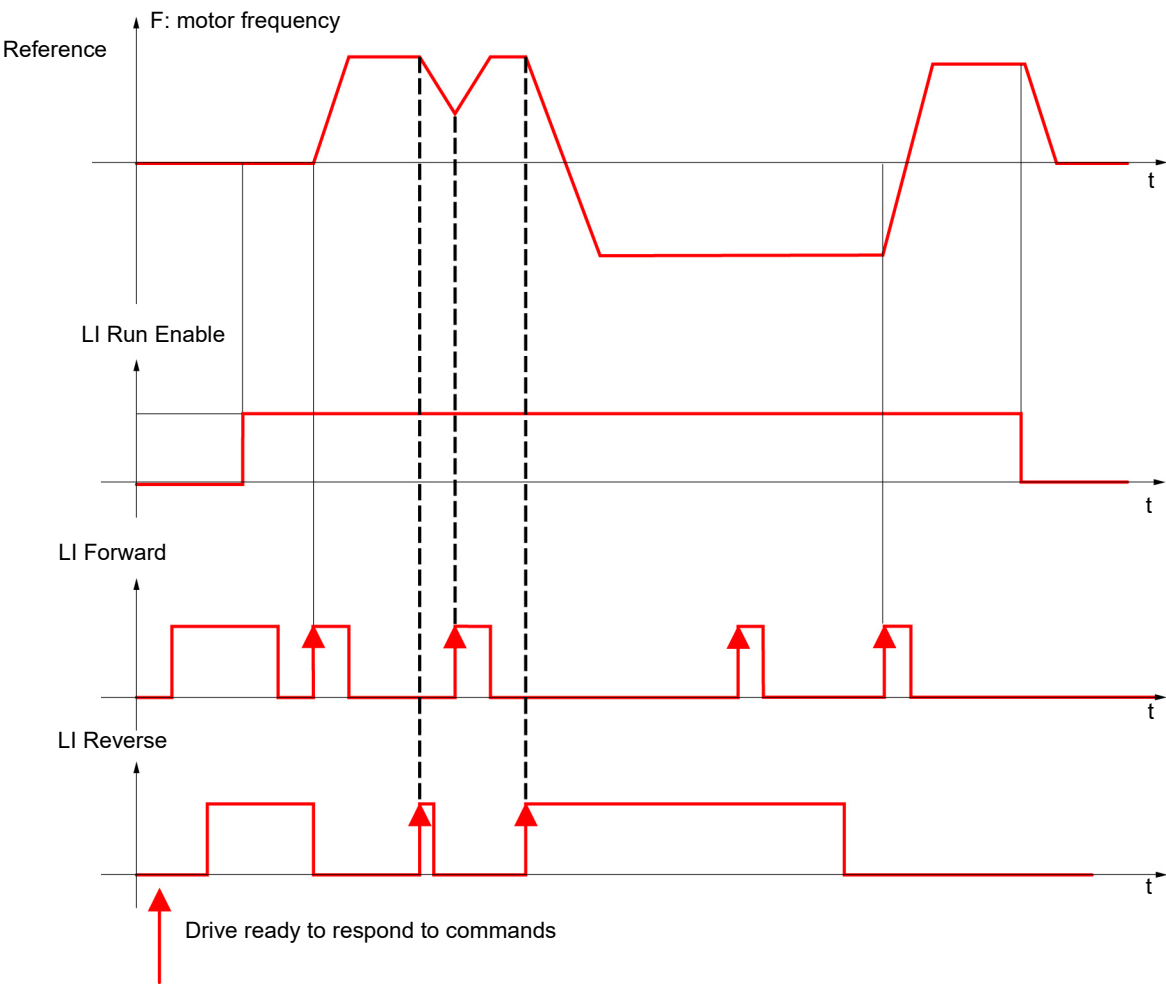


(1) Reverse is not factory assigned. See [Reverse direction](#) page 67.

Forward and Reverse realized in same time provides motor starting in Forward direction.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

3-wire control diagram (see page 52)



Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
1-0-	Input Output menu (continued)		
EEt	☐ 2 wire type control		trn
	⚠ DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that the modification of the 2 wire type control is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. 2-wire type control parameter can only be accessed if Type of control EEt page 49 is set to Et. ☐ Level: State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run or stop. ☐ Transition: A change of state (transition or edge) is necessary to initiate operation, to help prevent accidental restarts after a power supply interruption. ☐ Priority FW: State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run or stop, but the "forward" input takes priority over the "reverse" input.		
LEL Ern PFo	☐ Logic inputs type		POS
nPL PoS nEG EnEG	☐ Positive: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or higher than 11 V (for example +24 V terminal). They are inactive (state 0) when the drive is disconnected or at a voltage lower than 5 V. ☐ Negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage lower than 10 V (for example COM terminal). They are inactive (state 0) at a voltage equal to or higher than 16 V or when the drive is disconnected. ☐ Negative using external supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage lower than 10 V (for example COM terminal). They are inactive (state 0) at a voltage equal to or higher than 16 V. Note: The modification will be taken into account only at the next control power-on. See Control connection diagrams, page 26.		

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
I - 0 -	Input Output menu (continued)		
A , I -	AI1 configuration menu		
A , I L	☐ AI1 type This function makes interface from the analog input signal to a drive internal value. ☐ Voltage: 0-5 Vdc ☐ Voltage: 0-10 Vdc ☐ Current: x-y mA. Range determined by the AI1 current scaling parameter of 0% C r L I and AI1 current scaling parameter of 100% C r H I settings below, see page 53.		5U
C r L I	☐ AI1 current scaling parameter of 0% Visible only if AI1 type A , I L is set to 0 A	0 to 20 mA	4 mA
C r H I	☐ AI1 current scaling parameter of 100% Visible only if AI1 type A , I L is set to 0 A	0 to 20 mA	20 mA
I - 0 -	Input Output menu (continued)		
r I	☐ R1 assignment ☐ Not assigned ☐ No error detected ☐ Drive run ☐ Frequency threshold reached ☐ HSP reached ☐ I threshold reached ☐ Frequency reference reached ☐ Motor thermal reached ☐ Underload alarm ☐ Overload alarm ☐ AI1 AI. 4-20 - Visible only if A , I L is set to 0 A (see above)		FLt
no FLt run FLA FLA CLA S r A t S A u L A o L A AP I	Note: Relay R1 can be assigned to upstream protection to avoid overvoltage in the drive: • Connect fault relay R1 to the contactor, see schematic page 19. • Use Relay R1 (R1 assignment r I) with protection. • Use LO1 assignment L o I (page 54) for remote indication of the drive status.		

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

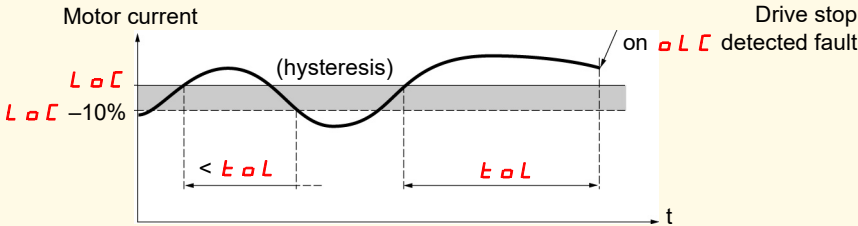
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
I - O -	Input Output menu (continued)		
L o I -	LO1 Configuration menu (LO1-)		
L o I	☐ LO1 assignment Allows to adapt the logic output to the application need. ☐ Not assigned ☐ No error detected ☐ Drive run ☐ Frequency threshold reached ☐ HSP reached ☐ I threshold reached ☐ Frequency reference reached ☐ Motor thermal reached ☐ Underload alarm ☐ Overload alarm ☐ AI1 AI. 4-20 - Visible only if A , I t is set to DA (see above) When nde = YES, output L o I is forced to PNP (See page 79).		nO
L o I S	☐ LO1 status (output active level)  WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL When L o I S = NEG and L o I is set to FLt, The output will be active when the drive will detect a fault. The drive status will not be detected if the wiring is damaged for any reason. Do not select "NEG" unless you are sure that your signal will be present in any case. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage. ☐ Positive: high activation level ☐ Negative: low activation level		POS



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

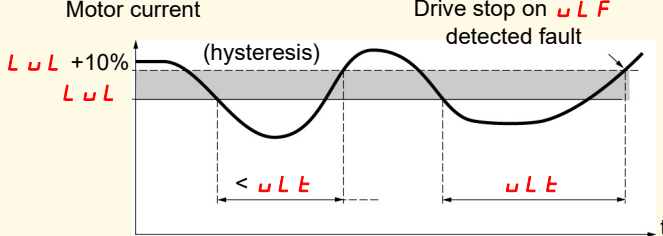
I - O -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
I - O -	Input Output menu (continued)		
t o L	☐ Application Overload time delay This function can be used to stop the motor in the event of an application overload. This is not a motor or drive thermal overload. If the motor current exceeds the Application Overload threshold L o C, an Application Overload time delay t o L is activated. Once this time delay t o L has elapsed, if the current is still greater than the overload threshold L o C -10%, the drive will stop running and display o L C Process overload. Overload detection is only active when the system is in steady state (speed reference reached). A value of 0 will disable application overload detection. 	0 to 100 s	0 s
L o C ()	☐ Application Overload threshold Visible only if Application Overload time delay t o L above is not set to 0. This parameter is used to detect an "application overload". L o C can be adjusted between 70 and 150% of the nominal drive current. This is not a motor or drive thermal overload.	70 to 150% of nCr	90% of of nCr
F t o ()	☐ Time delay before automatic start for the overload fault If Atr = YES the drive restarts automatically after an overload fault o L C once this time delay has elapsed. Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of Maximum restart time t A r page 92 must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if Application Overload time delay t o L above is not set to n o.	0 to 6 min	0 min



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
1-0-	Input Output menu (continued)		
u L t	☐ Application underload time delay u L t can be adjusted between 0 and 100 s. If the motor current undershoots the underload threshold L u L for longer than the adjustable time delay u L t, the drive will stop running and display u L F (Process underload fault) page 112.  Motor current Drive stop on u L F detected fault (hysteresis) L u L +10% L u L < u L t u L t t Underload detection is only active when the system is in steady state (speed reference reached). A value of 0 will disable application underload detection.	0 to 100 s	0 s
L u L ()	☐ Application Underload threshold Visible only if Application underload time delay u L t is not set to 0. This parameter is used to detect an application underload condition on the motor. Application Underload threshold L u L can be adjusted between 20 and 100% of the nominal drive current.	20 to 100% of nCr	60%
F t u ()	☐ Time delay before automatic start for the underload fault If Atr = YES the drive restarts automatically after an underload fault u L F once this time delay has elapsed. Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of Maximum restart time t A r page 92 must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if Application underload time delay u L t above is not set to n o.	0 to 6 min	0 min
F t d ()	☐ Motor frequency threshold Visible only if R1 assignment r I page 53 or a LO1 assignment L o I page 54 is set to F t A.	0 to 400 Hz	50 or 60 Hz According to drive rating
C t d ()	☐ Motor current threshold Visible only if R1 assignment r I page 53 or a LO1 assignment L o I page 54 is set to C t A.	0 to 1.5 In (1)	InV
t t d ()	☐ Motor thermal state threshold Visible only if R1 assignment r I page 53 is set to t S A. Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)	0 to 118% of tHr	100%

(1) In = nominal drive current

() Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
I - O -	Input Output menu (continued)		
AO1 -	AO1 configuration menu		
AO1	☐ AO1 assignment This parameter is used to set the value of an analog output. ☐ Not assigned ☐ Motor current, between 0 and 2 In (In = rated drive current indicated on the drive nameplate) ☐ Output frequency, from 0 to Max frequency fFr ☐ Ramp output, from 0 to Max frequency fFr ☐ PID reference, between 0 and 100% of the PID set point - Visible only if PID feedback assignment P, F page 73 is not set to no ☐ PID feedback, between 0 and 100% of the PID feedback - Visible only if PID feedback assignment P, F page 73 is not set to no ☐ PID error, between - 5 % and + 5 % of the PID feedback - Visible only if PID feedback assignment P, F page 73 is not set to no ☐ Output power, between 0 and 2.5 times Rated motor power nPr ☐ Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state ☐ Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state	nO	
AO1t	☐ AO1 type This parameter provides the interface between the drive internal value and an analog output signal. ☐ Voltage: 0-10 Vdc ☐ Current: 0-20 mA ☐ Current: 4-20 mA	0A	

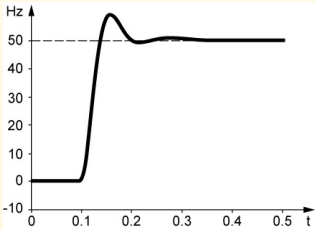
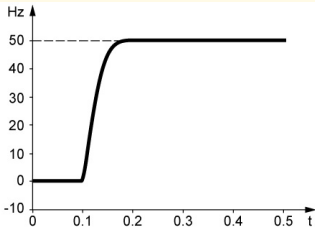
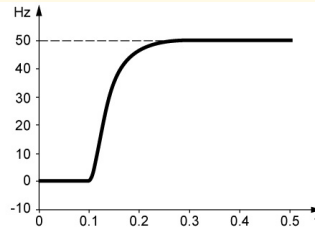
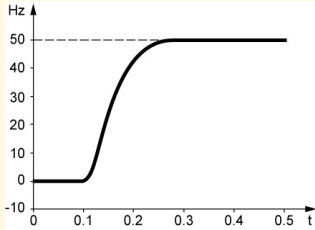
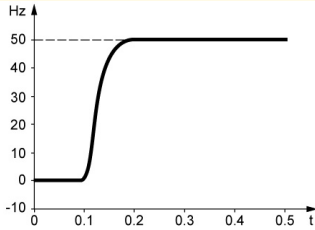
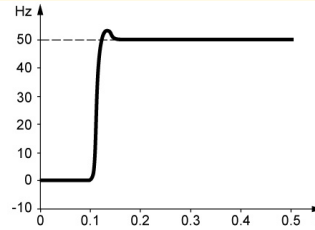
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

I - O -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d r C -	Motor control menu		
b F r	☐ Standard motor frequency See page 46 .		50 Hz
n P r	☐ Rated motor power See page 47 .	NCV -5 to NCV +2	According to drive rating
C o S	☐ Rated motor cos phi Visible only if Motor parameter choice n P C page 61 is set to C o S . If Rated motor cos phi C o S is available Rated motor power n P r disappears. Motor nameplate power factor (pf). Note: Do not confuse this with motor "Service Factor". Setting C o S to or very near to 1 may result in unsatisfactory motor operation. If the motor power factor is not indicated on the nameplate, leave this parameter at the factory default (approximately 0.80)	0.5 to 1	According to drive rating
u n S	☐ Rated motor voltage Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. If the line voltage is less than the rated motor voltage, Rated motor voltage u n S should be set to the value of the line voltage applied to the drive terminals.	100 to 480 V	230 V
n C r	☐ Rated motor current Rated motor current given on the nameplate. Rated motor current n C r modifies Motor thermal current i t H page 95 .	0.25 In to 1.5 In (1)	According to drive rating
F r S	☐ Rated motor frequency Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if Standard motor frequency b F r page 46 is set to 60 Hz.	10 to 400 Hz	50 Hz
n S P	☐ Rated motor speed Rated motor speed given on the nameplate.	0 to 24000 rpm	According to drive rating
t F r	☐ Maximum frequency Maximum frequency t F r gives the upper value possible for High speed H S P page 91 . The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if Standard motor frequency b F r page 58 is set to 60 Hz.	10 to 400 Hz	60 Hz
C t t	☐ Motor control type Allows selection of the motor control type suitable for the application and the required performances.		Std
P E r F	☐ Performance: SVCU; Sensorless vector control with internal speed loop based on voltage feedback calculation. For applications needing high performance during starting or operation.		
S t d	☐ Standard: Standard Motor Law. For simple applications that do not require high performance. Simple motor control law keeping a constant Voltage Frequency ratio, with a possible adjustment of the curve bottom. This law is generally used for motors connected in parallel. Some specific applications with motors in parallel and high performance levels may require P E r F .		
P u n P	☐ Pump: U ² /F; dedicated to variable torque pump and fan applications that do not require high starting torque.		

(1)In = nominal drive current

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

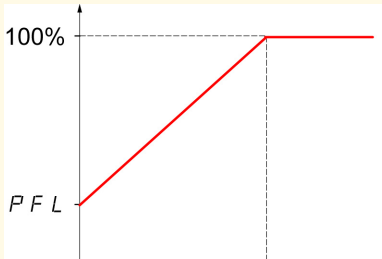
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
drC-	Motor control menu (continued)		
uFr ()	☐ IR compensation Used to optimize torque at very low speed, or to adapt to special cases (for example: for motors connected in parallel, decrease IR compensation uFr). If there is insufficient torque at low speed, increase IR compensation uFr. Too high a value can cause the motor not to start (locking) or a change to current limiting mode.	25 to 200%	100%
SLP ()	☐ Slip compensation Visible only if Motor control type CLT page 58 is not set to PUNP Used to adjust the slip compensation around the value set by the nominal motor slip, or to adapt to special cases (example: for motors connected in parallel, decrease Slip compensation SLP). If the set slip compensation is lower than the actual slip compensation, the motor doesn't run at nominal speed at steady state but at a speed lower than the reference. If the set slip compensation is greater than the actual slip compensation, motor speed is unstable.	0 to 150%	100%
SLA ()	☐ Frequency loop stability The SLA parameter can be used to reduce overshoots and oscillations at the end of acceleration. After a period of acceleration or deceleration, SLA adapts the return to a steady state to the dynamics of the machine; Too high a value causes an extended response time. Too low a value causes an overshoot, or even instability. Low SLA In this case, increase SLA  Correct SLA  High SLA In this case, reduce SLA  Visible only if Motor control type CLT page 58 is set to PERF.	0 to 100%	20%
FLG ()	☐ Frequency loop gain The FLG parameter adjusts the slope of the speed increase according to the inertia of the machine being driven. Too high a value causes an overspeed, or even instability. Too low a value causes an extended response time Low FLG In this case, increase FLG  Correct FLG  High FLG In this case, reduce FLG  Visible only if Motor control type CLT page 58 is set to PERF.	0 to 100%	20%

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

I - - -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d r C -	Motor control menu (continued)		
PFL 	☐ Flux Profile It defines the magnetizing current at zero frequency, as a % of the rated magnetizing current Adjustment of PUMP law.  Visible only if Motor control type C t L page 58 is set to P u n P	0 to 100%	20%
SFr 	☐ Switching frequency Switching frequency setting. In the event of overheating, the drive automatically decreases the switching frequency. It is restored to its original value when the temperature returns to normal. NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE On ATV12...M2 ratings, if the filters are disconnected, the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.	2 to 16 kHz	4 kHz
SFL HF1 HF2	☐ Switching frequency type The motor switching frequency will always be modified (reduced) when the internal temperature of the drive is too high. ☐ HF1: Heating optimization. Allows the system to adapt the switching frequency according to the motor frequency. ☐ HF2: Motor noise optimization (for high switching frequency). Allows system to keep a constant chosen switching frequency (SFr) whatever the motor frequency (rFr). In the event of overheating, the drive automatically decreases the switching frequency. It is restored to its original value when the temperature returns to normal.		HF1
nrd no YES	☐ Motor noise reduction Noise means audible noise. Depending on the environment it must be possible to adjust the motor noise. Random frequency modulation avoids possible resonance noises that can occur at fixed frequency. ☐ No ☐ Yes		nO



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
drC -	Motor control menu (continued)		
tun	☐ Auto-tuning		nO
	 DANGER HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH - During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current. - Do not service the motor during auto-tuning. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.		
	 WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL - It is essential that the following parameters unS, FrS, nCr, nSP, and nPr or CoS are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning. - When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been performed, tun will return no and the procedure will have to be repeated. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.		
no YES done	☐ No: When factory parameters of standard motors ☐ Yes: Launches auto-tuning ☐ Done: If auto-tuning has already been performed		
	Attention: - Auto-tuning must be performed with the motor connected and cold. - Parameters Rated Motor Power nPr page 47 and Rated motor current nCr page 58 must be consistent. - Auto-tuning is performed only if no stop command has been activated. If a freewheel stop or fast stop function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). - Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will take effect after the auto-tuning sequence. - Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt, wait for tun value to change to done or no. Note: During auto-tuning the motor operates at rated current.		
nPr	☐ Motor parameter choice		nPr
nPr CoS	This parameter allows to choose which motor parameter will be configured (nPr or CoS). ☐ Rated Motor Power nPr page 47 ☐ Rated motor cos phi CoS page 58		

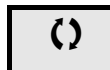
Control menu

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C L L -	Control menu		
F r l A l l L C C n d b A i u i	☐ Reference channel 1 ☐ Terminal ☐ Remote display ☐ Modbus ☐ Integrated display with Jog dial This parameter is already included in "my menu" section, page 46.		AI1
L F r ()	☐ External reference value This parameter is already included in "my menu" section, page 46.	- 400 Hz to 400 Hz	-
A i u i ()	☐ Analog input virtual This parameter is already included in "my menu" section, page 46.	0% to 100%	
r i n n o Y E S	☐ Reverse inhibition Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does not apply to direction requests sent by logic inputs. - Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into account. - Reverse direction requests sent by the display are not taken into account. - Reverse direction requests sent by the line are not taken into account. - Any reverse speed reference originating from the PID, etc., is interpreted as a zero reference (0 Hz). ☐ No ☐ Yes		nO
P S t 2 s n o Y E S	☐ Stop key priority This parameter can enable or disable the stop button located on the drive and remote display. Disabling the stop button is effective if the active command channel is different from the drive keypad or remote display  WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL You are going to disable the stop button located on the drive and remote display Do not select n o unless exterior stopping methods exist. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage. ☐ No: Stop inactive ☐ Yes: Stop active It is advised in case this function is set to Y E S to use the front door cover or the option display cover on "run" and "stop" keys.		YES
C H C F S i n S E P	☐ Channel configuration Channel configuration C H C F allows the selection of: - Not separate mode, (command and reference come from the same channel) - Separate mode (command and reference come from different channel) ☐ Not separate mode ☐ Separate mode		SIM



To change the assignment of this parameter press the "ENT" key for 2 s.



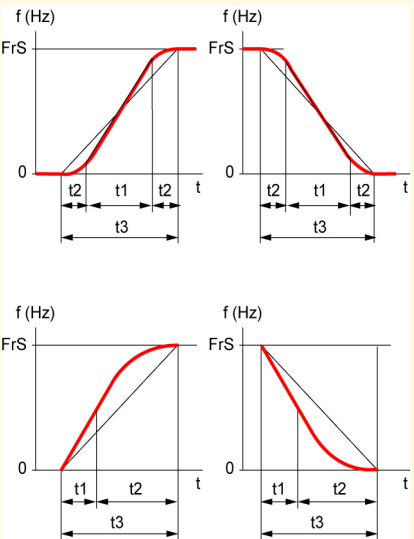
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
drC -
CLL -
Fun -
FLt -
CAN -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Control menu (continued)			
CLL - CLL tEr LoC LCC Modb	Command channel 1 This parameter allows selection of the command channel. ☐ Terminals ☐ Local ☐ Remote display ☐ Modbus This parameter is available if Channel configuration CHCF page 63 is set to Separate		tEr
FLa no L1H - L4H	Forced local assignment ☐ Function inactive ☐ L1h to L4h: Forced local mode is active when the input is at state 1.		nO
FLoC no A, I LCC A, u I	Forced local reference Visible only if Forced local assignment FLa is not set to no. ☐ Not assigned ☐ Terminal ☐ Remote display ☐ Integrated display with jog dial		nO

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu		
rPt -	Ramp menu		
ACC ()	☐ Acceleration Acceleration time between 0 Hz and the Rated motor frequency FrS page 58. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.	0.0 s to 999.9 s	3.0 s
DEC ()	☐ Deceleration Time to decelerate from the Rated motor frequency FrS page 58 to 0 Hz Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.	0.0 s to 999.9 s	3.0 s
rPt Lin S U ()	☐ Ramp shape assignment ☐ Linear ☐ S shape ☐ U shape S shape  U shape		Lin
rPS nO L1H L2H L3H L4H L1L L2L L3L L4L	☐ Ramp switching commutation ☐ Not assigned ☐ L1H: LI1 active High ☐ L2H: LI2 active High ☐ L3H: LI3 active High ☐ L4H: LI4 active High ☐ L1L: LI1 active low ☐ L2L: LI2 active low ☐ L3L: LI3 active low ☐ L4L: LI4 active low See LI assignment information on page 47.		nO



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

i - a -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
r P t -	Ramp menu (continued)		
AC2 ()	☐ Acceleration 2 Visible only if Ramp switching commutation r P S page 65 is not set to na . Second acceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.0 to 999.9 s This ramp will be the active ramp when using PID for the start and wake-up phases only, see PID wake up level page 76 .	0.0 to 999.9 s	5.0 s
DE2 ()	☐ Deceleration 2 Visible only if Ramp switching commutation r P S page 65 is not set to na . Second deceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.0 to 999.9 s	0.0 to 999.9 s	5.0 s
brA na YES dYnA	☐ Decel Ramp Adaptation assignment ☐ Function inactive. The drive will decelerate based on the normal deceleration adjustment. This setting is compatible with optional dynamic braking if used. ☐ This function automatically increases deceleration time when stopping or reducing the speed of high inertia loads to help prevent DC bus overvoltage or overbraking. ☐ Motor Braking: This mode allows the drive to attempt the most rapid stop possible without the use of a dynamic brake resistor. It uses motor losses to dissipate energy from regeneration. This function may be incompatible with positioning. This function should not be used when an optional braking resistor and module are being used. Attention: When using a braking resistor set brA to na.		YES

() Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
Stt -	Stop configuration menu		
Stt rNP FSt nSt	☐ Type of stop Stop mode on disappearance of the run command and appearance of a stop command ☐ Ramp stop ☐ Fast stop ☐ Freewheel		rMP
nSt nO L1L L2L L3L L4L	☐ Freewheel stop assignment The stop is activated when the input or the bit changes to 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if Type of control LCL page 49 = 2C and 2 wire type control LCL page 52 = LEL or PFo . If not, a new run command must be sent. ☐ Not assigned ☐ L1L: LI1 Active Low to stop ☐ L2L: LI2 Active Low to stop ☐ L3L: LI3 Active Low to stop ☐ L4L: LI4 Active Low to stop		nO
FSt nO L1L L2L L3L L4L	☐ Fast stop assignment ☐ Not assigned ☐ L1L: LI1 Active Low to stop ☐ L2L: LI2 Active Low to stop ☐ L3L: LI3 Active Low to stop ☐ L4L: LI4 Active Low to stop		nO
dCF ()	☐ Ramp divider Visible only if Fast stop assignment FSt page 64 is not set to nO or if FSt is set to Type of stop Stt page 67. The ramp that is enabled (Deceleration dEL page 46 or Deceleration 2 dE2 page 66) is then divided by this coefficient when stop requests are sent. Value 10 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.	1 to 10	4

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
rrS nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	☐ Reverse direction LI1 to LI4: choice of the input assigned to the reverse command ☐ Function inactive ☐ L1h: L1 active high ☐ L2h: L2 active high ☐ L3h: L3 active high ☐ L4h: L4 active high		nO

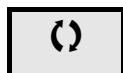


Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

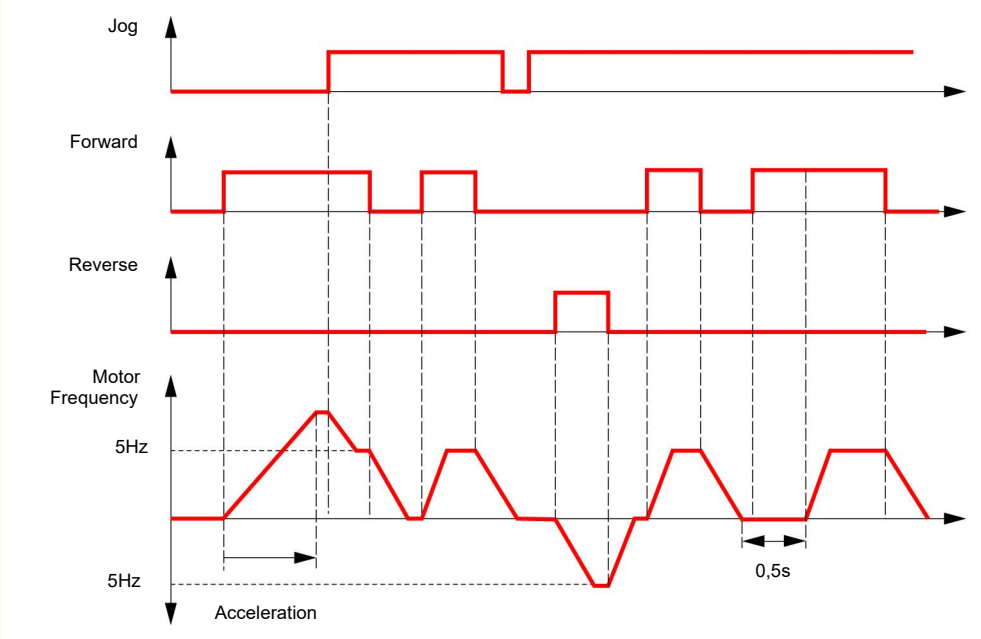
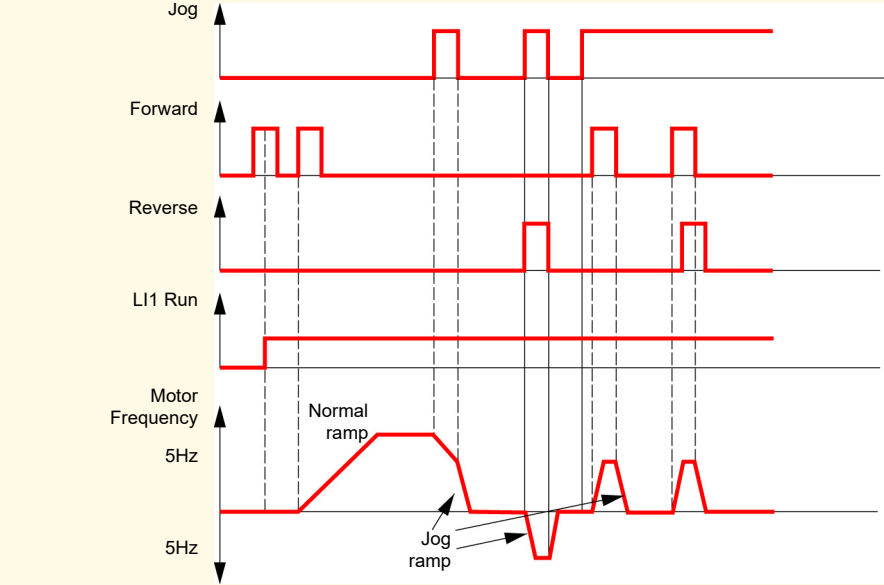
i - o -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
AdC -	Auto DC injection menu		
AdC	☐ Automatic DC injection		YES
	 DANGER HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH When AdC = Ct, the injection of current is done even if a run command has not been sent. Check this action will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.		
	 WARNING NO HOLDING TORQUE • DC injection braking does not provide any holding torque at zero speed. • DC injection braking does not work when there is a loss of power or when the drive detects a fault. • Where necessary, use a separate brake to maintain torque levels. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.		
	☐ Function inactive, no DC injected current. ☐ Time limited DC injection ☐ Continuous DC injection		
SdC I	☐ Automatic DC injection current	0 to 120% of nCr	70%
	NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		
	Visible only if Automatic DC injection AdC is not set to no . Injection current on stopping and continuous DC injection.		
EdC I	☐ Automatic DC injection time	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
	NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR • Long periods of DC injection braking can cause overheating and damage the motor. • Protect the motor by avoiding long periods of DC injection braking. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.		
	Visible only if Automatic DC injection AdC is not set to no . Injection time on stopping.		



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
JOG	Jog assignment This parameter provides step by step control of motor running, using a logic input associated with a 2 and 3-wire control logic input. The jog frequency is fixed at 5 Hz. Acceleration and deceleration ramps taken into account in the Jog function are 0.1 s. Function inactive. L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI2 active high L4h: LI4 active high nO		
nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	2-wire control  3 wire control 		

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Preset speeds

2, 4, or 8 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2 or 3 logic inputs respectively

Combination table for preset speed inputs

8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	Reference
0	0	1	SP2
0	1	0	SP3
0	1	1	SP4
1	0	0	SP5
1	0	1	SP6
1	1	0	SP7
1	1	1	SP8

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

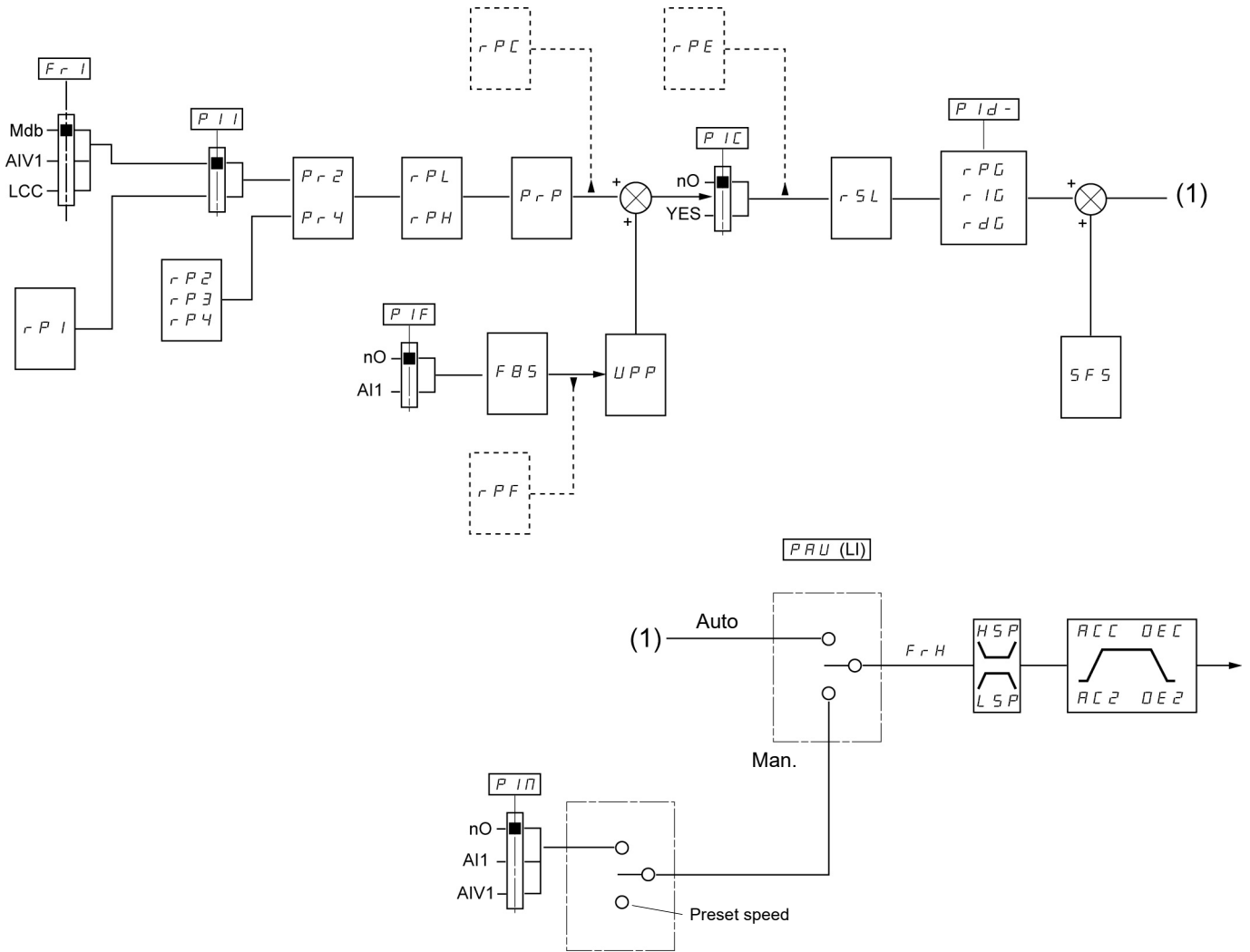
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
PSS -	Preset speed menu		
P52 <i>no</i> <i>L1H</i> <i>L2H</i> <i>L3H</i> <i>L4H</i>	☐ 2 Preset speeds ☐ Function inactive ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI2 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high		nO
P54	☐ 4 Preset speeds as P52		nO
P58	☐ 8 Preset speeds as P52		nO
SP2 ()	☐ Preset speed 2 Visible only if 2 Preset speeds P52 is not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	10 Hz
SP3 ()	☐ Preset speed 3 Visible only if 4 Preset speeds P54 is not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	15 Hz
SP4 ()	☐ Preset speed 4 Visible only if 2 Preset speeds P52 and 4 Preset speeds P54 are not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	20 Hz
SP5 ()	☐ Preset speed 5 Visible only if 8 Preset speeds P58 is not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	25 Hz
SP6 ()	☐ Preset speed 6 Visible only if 2 Preset speeds P52 and 8 Preset speeds P58 are not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	30 Hz
SP7 ()	☐ Preset speed 7 Visible only if 4 Preset speeds P54 and 8 Preset speeds P58 are not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	35 Hz
SP8 ()	☐ Preset speed 8 Visible only if 2 Preset speeds P52 , 4 Preset speeds P54 and 8 Preset speeds P58 are not set to <i>no</i> .	0 to 400 Hz	40 Hz
JPF ()	☐ Skip frequency ☐ This parameter prevents prolonged operation around the regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed, which would cause resonance, being reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.	0 to 400 Hz	0 Hz



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

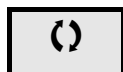
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

PID diagram



Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
P id -	PID menu		
P , F no All	☐ PID feedback assignment ☐ Not assigned ☐ Terminal. Choice not possible if Fr1 is set to AI1		nO
r PG ()	☐ PID proportional gain Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no .	0.01 to 100	1
r IG ()	☐ PID integral gain Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no .	0.01 to 100	1
r dG ()	☐ PID derivative gain Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no .	0.00 to 100.00	0.00
F b S ()	☐ PID feedback scale factor This parameter gives the relation between process range and feedback range. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no .	0.1 to 100.0	1.0
P , I no YES	☐ Activation internal PID reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no . ☐ No ☐ Yes		nO
P r 2 no L 1H L 2H L 3H L 4H	☐ 2 preset PID assignment Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F is not set to no . ☐ No ☐ L1h ☐ L2h ☐ L3h ☐ L4h		nO



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

i-o-
 drC-
 CL-
 Fun-
 FL-
 Co-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun-	Function menu (continued)		
Pid-	PID menu (continued)		
Pr4 no L1H L2H L3H L4H	☐ 4 preset PID assignment Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no . ☐ No ☐ L1h ☐ L2h ☐ L3h ☐ L4h 2 preset PID assignment Pr2 page 73 must be assigned before assigning 4 preset PID assignment Pr4 .		nO
rP2 ()	☐ 2 preset PID reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 and 2 preset PID assignment Pr2 page 73 are not set to no .	0 to 100%	25%
rP3 ()	☐ 3 preset PID reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 and 4 preset PID assignment Pr4 page 73 are not set to no .	0 to 100%	50%
rP4 ()	☐ 4 preset PID reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 and 2 preset PID assignment Pr2 and 4 preset PID assignment Pr4 page 73 are not set to no .	0 to 100%	75%
rPi ()	☐ Internal PID reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no and if Activation internal PID reference Pii page 73 is set to YES or Reference channel 1 Fri page 46 is set to LC .	0 to 100%	0%
PrP ()	☐ PID reference ramp Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no .	0 to 99,9 s	0 s
rPL ()	☐ PID min value reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no .	0 to 100%	0%
rPH ()	☐ PID max value reference Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no .	0 to 100%	100%
SFS	☐ PID predictive speed This parameter allows to go directly to a set speed reference. Visible only if PID feedback assignment PiF page 73 is not set to no .	0.1 to 400 Hz	nO

() Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
P id -	PID menu (continued)		
AC2 ()	☐ Acceleration 2 This parameter is active only when the system is starting. Second acceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.1 to 999.9 s Time to accelerate from 0 to the Rated motor frequency F r 5 page 58 . Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 and PID predictive speed 5 F 5 page 74 are not set to n a .	0.0 to 999.9 s	5.0 s
P , C n a YES	☐ PID correction reverse This parameter will reverse the internal error value of PID system. ☐ No ☐ Yes Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 is not set to n a .		nO
P A u n a L 1 H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H	☐ PID auto/manual assignment At state 0 of input, PID is active. At state 1 of input, manual run is active ☐ No ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI3 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 is not set to n a .		nO
P , n n a A I I A I u I	☐ PID manual reference This parameter allows to disable the PID and to run on a standard manual system. ☐ No ☐ Terminal ☐ AIV1 Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 and PID auto/manual assignment P A u page 75 are not set to n a .		nO
L L S ()	☐ Low speed operating time Following operation at Low speed L 5 P page 90 for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the frequency reference is greater than Low speed L 5 P and if a run command is still present. Note: n a value corresponds to an unlimited period. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 is not set to n a .	0.1 to 999.9 s	nO



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
dr C -
C L L -
Fun -
F L L -
C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
P id -	PID menu (continued)		
r 5 L	☐ PID wake up level	0 to 100%	0%
	DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. If PID functions and Low speed operating time L L S are set at the same time, the PID regulator may try to set a speed lower than LSP, resulting in unwanted operation consisting of start, running at LSP, stopping and so on... Parameter PID wake up level r 5 L is used to set a minimum PID error threshold to restart after a prolonged stop at LSP. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 and Low speed operating time L L S page 75 are not set to n o.		
u P P ()	☐ Wake-up threshold	0 to 100%	0%
	DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that unintended restarts will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. If PID correction reverse P , C page 75 is set to nO, enables to set the PID feedback threshold beyond which the PID regulator is reactivated (wake-up), following a stop caused by exceeding the L L S maximum time in low speed. If P , C is set to y E S, enables to set the PID feedback threshold above which the PID regulator is reactivated (wake-up), following a stop caused by exceeding the L L S maximum time in low speed. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 and Low speed operating time L L S page 90 are not set to n o.		
S L E ()	☐ Sleep Threshold Offset	0 to HSP	1 Hz
	Adjustable restart threshold (offset) following a stop after prolonged operation at Low speed L S P + Sleep Offset Threshold S L E, in Hz. The motor restarts if the reference rises above (L S P + S L E) and if a run command is still present. Visible only if Low speed time out L L S page xx is not set to n o and if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 is not set to n o.		

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
P id -	PID menu (continued)		
L P , ()	☐ PI feedback supervision threshold For SPIF alarm management, see page 84 . Adjustment range: ☐ No: Function inactive (it will not be possible to access the other function parameters) ☐ between minimum and maximum PID feedback. Visible only if PID feedback assignment P , F page 73 is not set to no .	nO to 100%	nO
L P , ()	☐ PI feedback supervision function time delay Visible only if PI feedback supervision threshold L P , above is not set to no .	0 to 600 s	0 s
APD ()	☐ Maximum frequency detection hysteresis Visible only if PI feedback supervision threshold L P , above is not set to no .	0 to HSP	0 Hz
np ,	☐ PI feedback supervision Fallback mode for the PI feedback supervision function. ☐ YES : freewheel stop ☐ L F F : switch to fallback speed L F F as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled. Visible only if PI feedback supervision threshold L P , above is not set to no .		YES
L F F	☐ Fallback speed Fallback speed for PID regulator feedback supervision fault.	0 to HSP	0 Hz

() Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

i - o -
drC -
CLL -
Fun -
FLt -
Con -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
Pid -	PID menu (continued)		
PNP -	Pump sub-menu		
LoL	☐ Application Overload time delay See page 55 Visible only if PID feedback assignment P_{IF} page 73 is not set to no .	0 to 100 s	0 s
LoC ()	☐ Application Overload threshold See page 55 Visible only if Application Overload time delay LoL above is not set to no .	70 to 150% of nCr	90%
FLo ()	☐ Time delay before automatic start for the overload fault If Ar = YES the drive restarts automatically after an overload fault oLC once this time delay has elapsed. Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of Maximum restart time tAr page 92 must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if Application Overload time delay LoL above is not set to no .	0 to 6 min	0 min
uLt	☐ Application underload time delay See page 56 Visible only if PID feedback assignment P_{IF} page 73 is not set to no .	0 to 100 s	0 s
LuL ()	☐ Application Underload threshold See page 56 Visible only if Application underload time delay uLt above is not set to no .	20 to 100% of nCr	60%

() Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
Pid -	PID menu (continued)		
PNP -	Pump sub-menu (continued)		
FtU ()	☐ Time delay before automatic start for the underload fault If Alt r = YES the drive restarts automatically after an underload fault uLF once this time delay has elapsed. Minimum time permitted between an underload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of Maximum restart time tAr page 92 must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if Application underload time delay uLt above is not set to no .	0 to 6 min	0 min
ndE	☐ Selecting the operating mode ☐ no : single variable mode ☐ YES : single variable mode with auxiliary pump When ndE = YES , output LO1 is forced to PNP (see page 54). Visible only if PID feedback assignment P, F page 73 is not set to no .		nO
Fon ()	☐ Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump Above this frequency and after the pump starting time delay tOn , the auxiliary pump starts. Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no .	0 to tFr	HSP
tOn ()	☐ Time delay before starting the auxiliary pump This time is necessary to avoid the effects of transient pressure fluctuation and thus prevent oscillation (pump starting/stopping). Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no .	0 to 999.9 s	2 s
ron ()	☐ Ramp for reaching the auxiliary pump nominal speed Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no .	0 to 999.9 s	2 s
FoF ()	☐ Auxiliary pump stopping frequency Below this frequency and after the time delay for stopping the auxiliary pump tOf , the pump stops. Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no .	0 to tFr	0 Hz



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
drC -
CLL -
Fun -
FLt -
COP -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
Pid -	PID menu (continued)		
PNP -	Pump sub-menu (continued)		
LoF ()	☐ Time delay before the auxiliary pump stop command This time is necessary to avoid the effects of transient pressure fluctuation and thus prevent oscillation (pump starting/stopping) Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no.	0 to 999.9 s	2 s
roF ()	☐ Ramp for auxiliary pump stopping Visible only if Selecting the operating mode ndE above is not set to no.	0 to 999.9 s	2 s
nFd	☐ Zero flow detection period The value 0 deactivates zero flow detection. Visible only if PID feedback assignment PIF page 70 is not set to nO.	nO to 20 min	nO
FFd ()	☐ Zero flow detection activation threshold Below this threshold, if nFd > 0 and the auxiliary pump is stopped, zero flow detection is activated. Visible only if Zero flow detection period nFd above is not set to no.	0 to 400 Hz	0 Hz
LFd ()	☐ Zero flow detection offset Visible only if Zero flow detection period nFd above is not set to no.	0 to 400 Hz	0 Hz

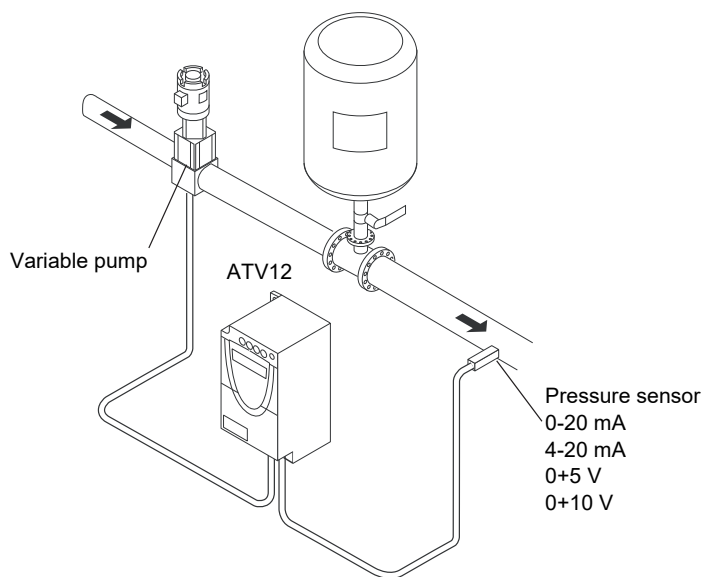
()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Architecture of the pumping installation

Single variable mode - 1 single variable speed pump



Enter the values given on the motor rating plate in the Motor control menu drC

First level adjustment parameters

A C C Acceleration: 0.7 s

d E C Deceleration: 0.7 s

L S P Low speed: 30 Hz

H S P high-speed: 60 Hz

Analog input menu Alt

A I I E Scale of analog input AI1: 0-20 mA

Motor control menu drC

S L P Nominal motor slip: 0 Hz

F L G Frequency loop gain: 70%

u F r IR compensation: 0%

Application functions menu FUn

t C t 2-wire type control: LEL

PI sub-menu

P I F Assignment of the PI function feedback: AI1

r P G PI regulator proportional gain: 5.00

r I G PI regulator integral gain: 8.00

r P I Internal PI regulator reference: 39%

r S L Restart error threshold: 40%

PI P I Supervision of the PI regulator function: LFF

L P I PI feedback supervision threshold: 17%

t P I PI feedback supervision function time delay: 1 s

L F F Fallback speed: 50 Hz

Pump sub-menu PMP

n F d Zero flow detection: 1 min

F F d Zero flow detection activation threshold: 50 Hz

L F d Zero flow detection offset: 5 Hz

t L S Sleep threshold operating time: 3 s

S F S Quick start threshold: 25 Hz

S L E Sleep threshold offset: 10 Hz

Automatic DC injection sub-menu AdC

A d C Automatic DC injection assignment: nO

Automatic restart function Atr

A t r Automatic restart: YES

Fault menu FLt

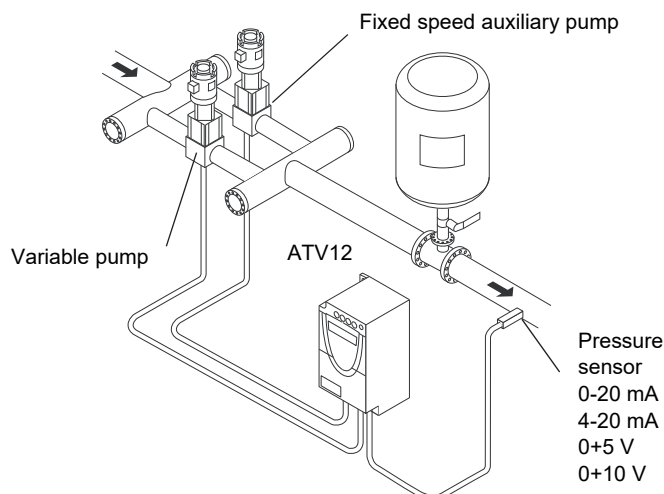
L o C Overload threshold: 11%

F t o Time delay before automatic start for the overload fault: 1

A P O Frequency hysteresis reached: 2 Hz

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Single variable with auxiliary pump mode - 1 variable speed pump (variable pump) and one fixed speed pump (auxiliary pump)



The auxiliary pump is controlled by the Altivar 12 via logic output LO.

Enter the values given on the motor rating plate in the Motor control menu **drC**

First level adjustment parameters

ACC Acceleration: 0.1 s

DEC Deceleration: 0.1 s

LSP Low speed: 35 Hz

Analog input menu **Alt**

AI1 Scale of analog input AI1: 0-20 mA

Motor control menu **drC**

SLP Nominal motor slip: 0 Hz

FLG Frequency loop gain: 70%

IFR IR compensation: 0%

Application functions menu **FUn**

2WC 2-wire type control: LEL

PI sub-menu

PIF Assignment of the PI function feedback: AI1

rPG PI regulator proportional gain: 5.00

rIG PI regulator integral gain: 8.00

rPI Internal PI regulator reference: 51%

rSL Restart error threshold: 42%

Pump sub-menu **PMP**

nde Selecting the operating mode: YES

Fon Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump: 49 Hz

ton Time delay before starting the auxiliary pump: 1 s

ron Ramp for reaching the nominal speed of the auxiliary pump: 1 s

Fof Stopping frequency of the auxiliary pump: 39.6 Hz

tof Time delay before the auxiliary pump stop command: 1 s

rof Ramp for stopping the auxiliary pump: 1 s

nfd Zero flow detection: 1 min

FFd Zero flow detection activation threshold: 42 Hz

LFd Zero flow detection offset: 2 Hz

ELS Sleep threshold operating time: 5 s

SLE Sleep threshold offset: 3 Hz

LoI Assignment as logic/analog output PMP

Automatic DC injection sub-menu **AdC**

AdC Automatic DC injection assignment: nO

Automatic restart function **Atr**

Atr Automatic restart: YES

Fault menu **FLt**

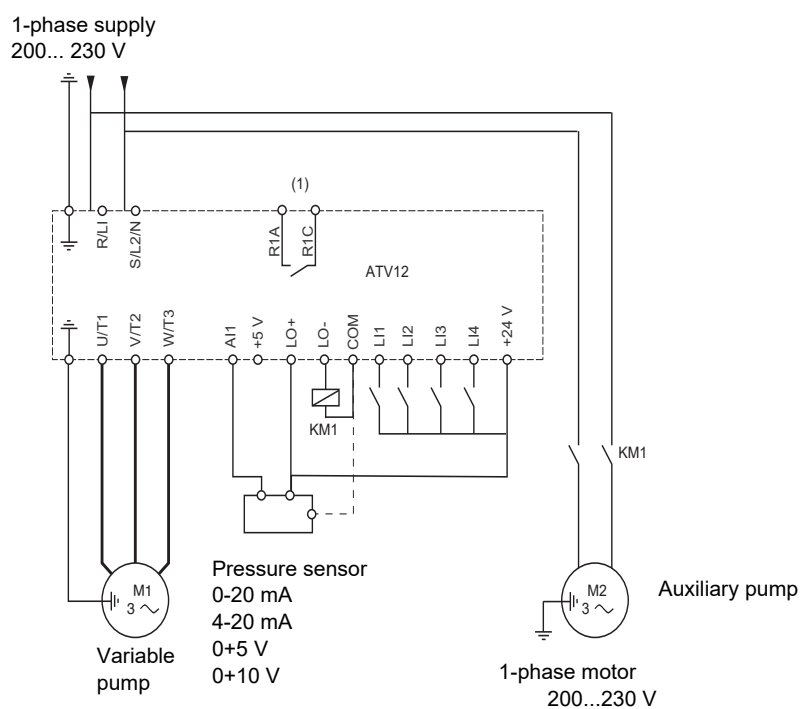
UL Underload function time delay 5 s

UL Underload threshold: 59%

FLt Time delay before automatic restart for the underload fault: 1

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Connection diagram



(1) Fault relay contacts, for remote indication of the drive status.

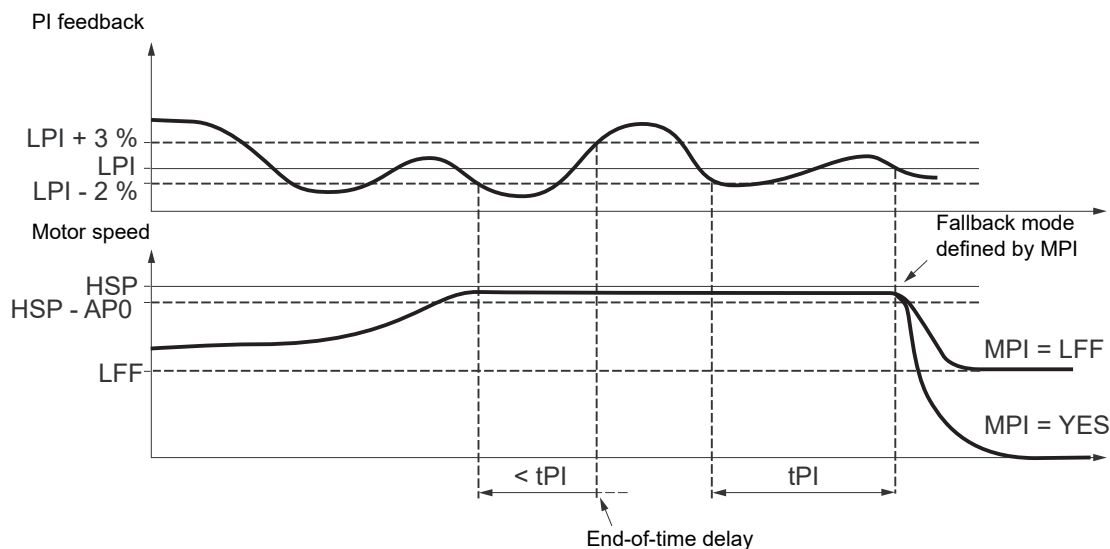
Note: Fit interference suppressors to all inductive circuits near the drive or connected to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.).

Note: This wiring example is in source using internal supply.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

PI feedback supervision (MPI)

Used to define the operating mode in the event of detection of a PI feedback lower than the limit set.



Once the variable pump is running at maximum speed (higher than $HSP - AP0$) and at the same time the PI feedback is lower than the supervision threshold $LPI - 2\%$, a time delay t_{PI} is launched. If at the end of this time delay the value of the PI feedback is still lower than the supervision threshold $LPI + 3\%$, the drive switches to fallback mode as defined by parameter MPI.

- MPI = YES:

The drive will perform a freewheel stop and will display fault code SPIF.

- MPI = LFF:

The drive will run at a fixed frequency LFF and will display fault code FrF.

In both cases the drive reverts to PI regulation mode as soon as the PI feedback is higher than the supervision threshold $LPI + 3\%$.

In single variable with auxiliary pump mode ($MdE = YES$), the PI feedback supervision function is only active when both pumps are operating.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Pump submenu PMP

The principal objective is to control a complete pumping installation using a single ATV12 drive by providing constant pressure whatever the flow rate.

The system is operated using an auxiliary fixed speed pump, and one variable speed pump, which is unable to provide the full flow range required on its own. A PI regulator is used for drive control. The pressure sensor provides system feedback.

The variable speed pump is called a variable pump.

The fixed speed pump is called an auxiliary pump.

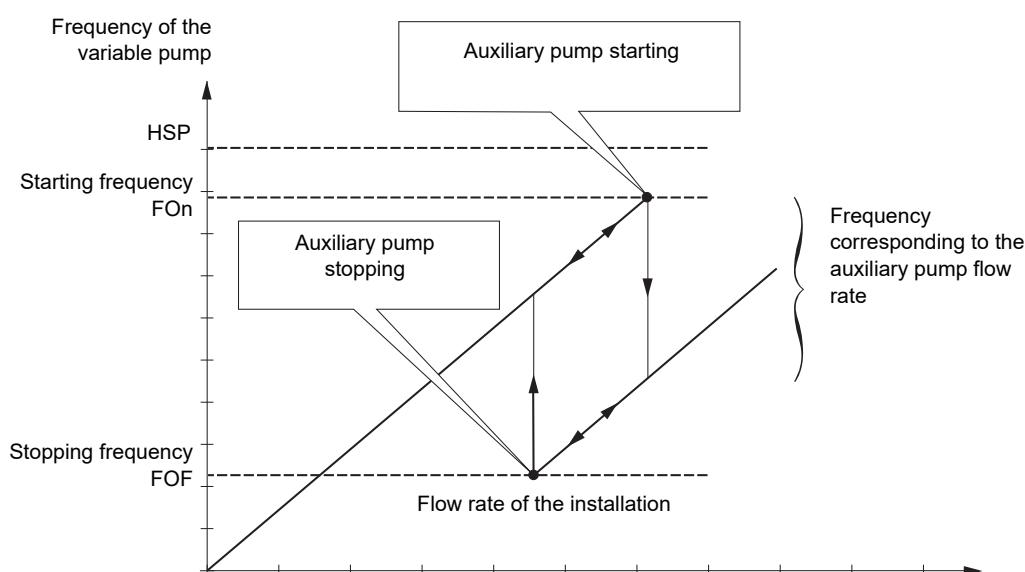
Selecting the operating mode

The ATV12 offers 2 operating modes:

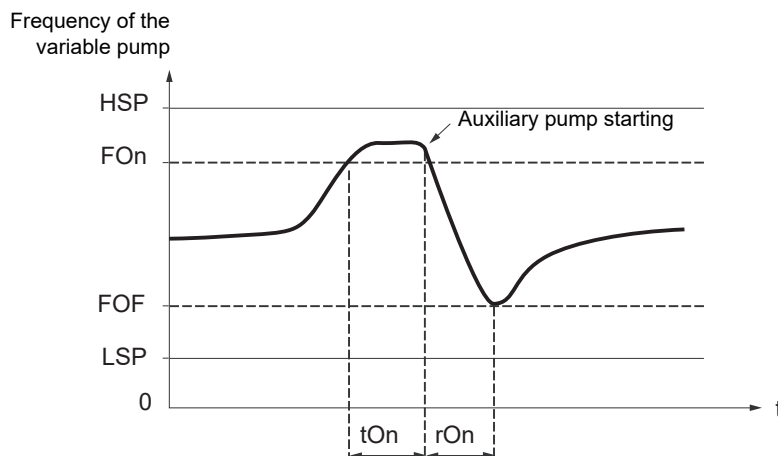
- Single variable mode: 1 single variable speed pump (variable pump).
- Single variable with auxiliary pump mode: 1 variable speed pump (variable pump) and one fixed speed pump (auxiliary pump).

Control of the auxiliary pump

The PI regulator output (frequency reference of the variable pump) is used to control starting or stopping of the auxiliary pump with hysteresis, as shown in the figure below:

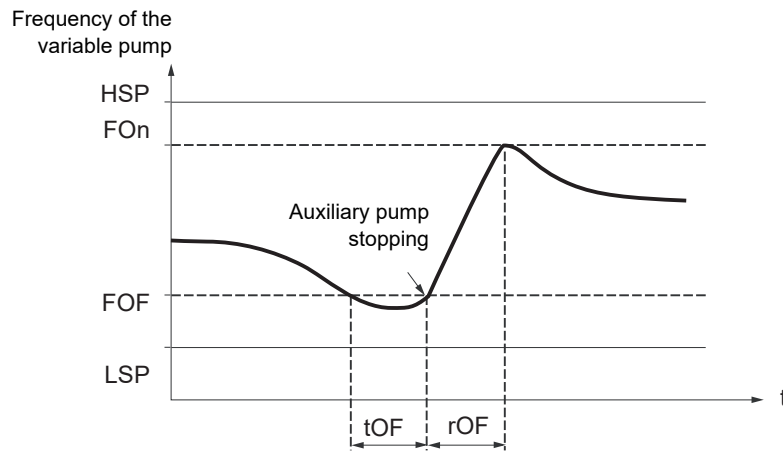


When the frequency exceeds the starting threshold (FOn), a time delay (t_{On}) is launched to avoid the effects of transient flow fluctuations. If after this time delay, the frequency remains higher than the starting threshold, the auxiliary pump is started. When the start command is sent, the variable pump will go from its current speed reference to the auxiliary pump stopping frequency (FOF) following a ramp (r_{On}) that equals the time taken for the auxiliary pump to reach its nominal speed. Parameter r_{On} is used to minimize the booster effect on starting the auxiliary pump.



Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

When the frequency is lower than the stopping threshold (FOF), a time delay is launched (tOF) to avoid the effects of transient flow fluctuations. If after this time delay, the frequency remains lower than the stopping threshold, the auxiliary pump is stopped. When the stop command is sent, the variable pump will go from its current speed reference to the auxiliary pump starting frequency (FOn) following a ramp (rOF) that equals the auxiliary pump stopping time. Parameter rOF is used to minimize the booster effect on stopping the auxiliary pump.

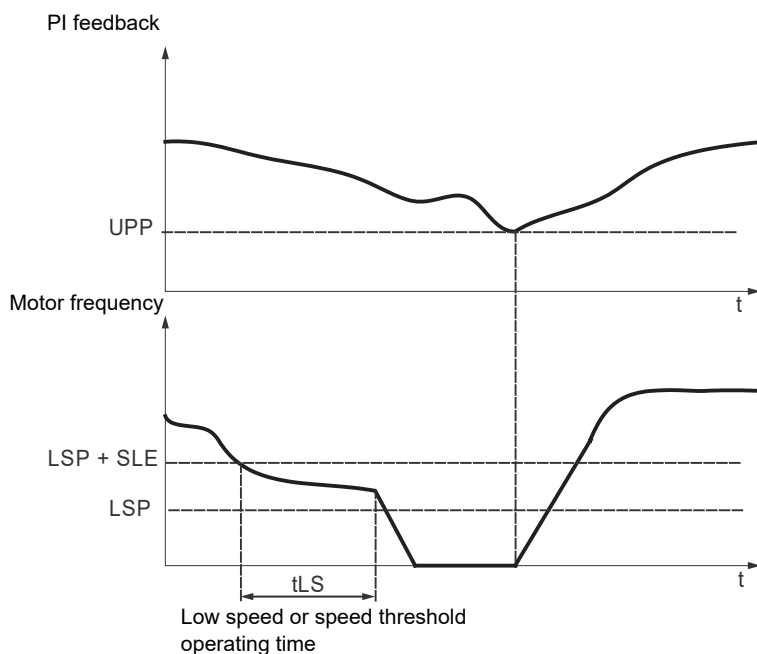


Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

"Sleep" function/"Wake-up" function

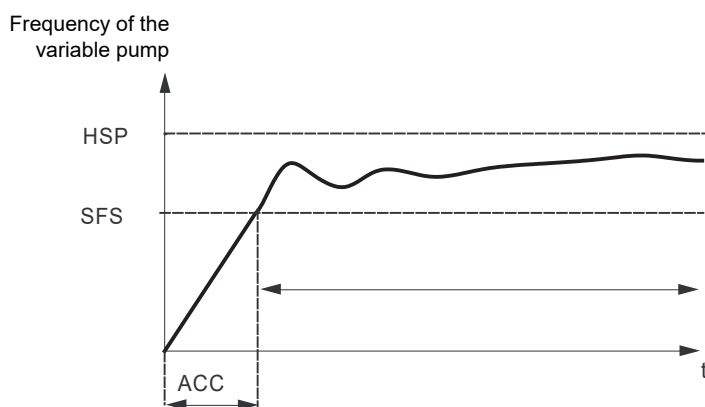
This function is used to stop the variable pump when there is zero flow (auxiliary pump stopped). In this case, if the frequency of the variable pump is lower than the "sleep" threshold ($LSP + SLE$), a time delay (tLS) is launched. If, after this time delay, the frequency remains lower than threshold $LSP + SLE$, the variable pump then stops. The installation is in "sleep" mode.

To switch to "wake-up" mode, the pressure feedback must drop to below the "wake-up" threshold UPP . The variable pump is then started.



Quick start function

The quick start function can be used to overcome problems linked to high rPG and rIG gains (instability on starting). The drive accelerates until it reaches the quick start threshold **SFS** following a ramp **ACC**. Once the threshold has been reached, the PI regulator is activated.



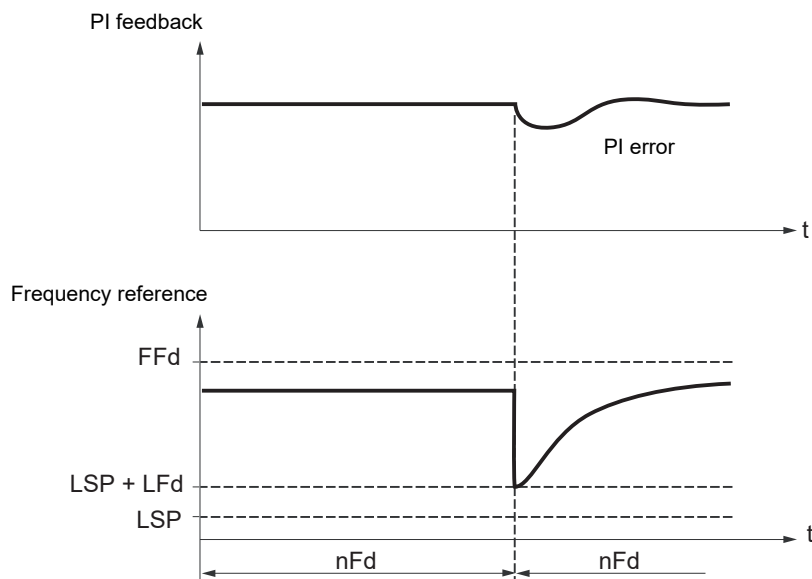
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Zero flow detection

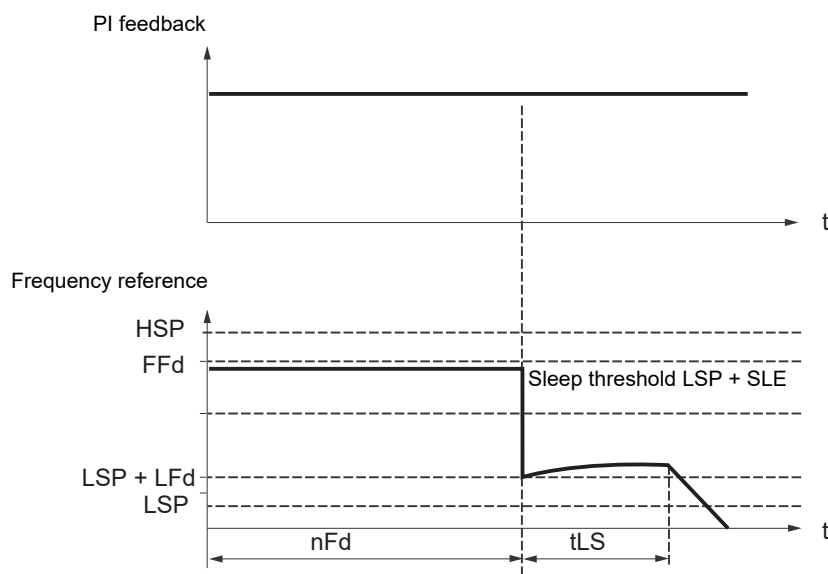
This function is only active when the auxiliary pump is stopped and the motor frequency is below threshold FFd.

This function is used in applications where zero flow cannot be detected by the sleep function alone. It forces the drive frequency reference to $LSP + LFd$ periodically (at each time interval nFd) in order to test for zero flow.

- If the request is still present, the PI error increases, causing the drive to restart.



- If the request is no longer present (zero flow), the PI error will not increase.



- Set the sleep function so that the drive switches to sleep mode when zero flow is detected ($LFd \leq SLE$).

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
CL 1 -	Current limitation menu		
LC2	☐ 2nd current limitation commutation Assignment ☐ Function inactive. ☐ L1H: LI1 active high ☐ L2H: LI2 active high ☐ L3H: LI3 active high ☐ L4H: LI4 active high ☐ L1L: LI1 active low ☐ L2L: LI2 active low ☐ L3L: LI3 active low ☐ L4L: LI4 active low If the assigned input is at 0, the first current limitation is active. If the assigned input is at 1, the second current limitation is active. See LI assignment information on page 47.		nO
CL 1 	☐ Current limitation First current limitation. NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR AND THE DRIVE Check that the motor will withstand this current. Check that the profile mission complies with the derating curve given in the installation manual. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	0.25 to 1.5 In (1)	1.5 In
CL2 	☐ Current limitation 2 Second current limitation This function allows reduction of the drive current limit. Visible only if 2nd current limitation commutation LC2 is not set to nO. NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR AND THE DRIVE Check that the motor will withstand this current. Check that the profile mission complies with the derating curve given in the installation manual. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	0.25 to 1.5 In (1)	1.5 In

(1)In = nominal drive current

 Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
drC -
CtL -
Fun -
FLt -
Cn -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
SPL -	Speed limit menu		
LSP ()	☐ Low speed Motor frequency at minimum reference. This parameter is already included in "my menu" section, page 46.	0 Hz to HSP	0 Hz
ELS ()	☐ Low speed operating time Following operation at Low speed LSP for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the frequency reference is greater than Low speed LSP and if a run command is still present. Note: nO corresponds to an unlimited period.	0.1 to 999.9 s	nO



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

high-speed configuration

The logic inputs enable selection of the desired high-speed.

Desired high-speed	Setting	
	Parameter	State
HSP	SH2	no
	SH4	no
HSP2	SH2	assigned
	SH4	no
HSP3	SH2	no
	SH4	assigned
HSP4	SH2	assigned
	SH4	assigned

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fun -	Function menu (continued)		
SPL -	Speed limit menu		
HSP ()	☐ High speed Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between Low speed LSP and Maximum frequency LFr page 58. If LFr is decreased below the value defined for HSP , then HSP automatically decreases to the new value of LFr . This parameter is already included in "my menu" section, page 46.	LSP to tFr	50 or 60 Hz according to BFr, max TFr
SH2 no L1H L2H L3H L4H	☐ 2 HSP assignment ☐ No ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI3 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high		nO
SH4 no L1H L2H L3H L4H	☐ 4 HSP assignment ☐ No ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI3 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high		nO
HSP2 ()	☐ High speed 2 Visible only if 2 HSP assignment SH2 is not set to no .	LSP to tFr	as HSP
HSP3 ()	☐ High speed 3 Visible only if 4 HSP assignment SH4 is not set to no .	LSP to tFr	as HSP
HSP4 ()	☐ High speed 4 Visible only if 2 HSP assignment SH2 and 4 HSP assignment SH4 are not set to no .	LSP to tFr	as HSP



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
dr C -
C L L -
F u n -
F L L -
C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F L L -	Fault detection management menu		
r S F	☐ Detected fault reset assignment Manual fault reset. ☐ Function inactive ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI3 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high Faults are reset when the assigned input or bit changes to 1, if the cause of the fault has disappeared. The STOP/RESET button on the display terminal performs the same function. See also Diagnostics and Troubleshooting on page 109 .		nO
A L r -	Automatic restart menu		
A L r	☐ Automatic restart ⚠ DANGER UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION • The automatic restart can only be used on machines or installations which do not pose any danger to either personnel or equipment. • If the automatic restart is activated, R1 will only indicate a fault has been detected once the time-out period for the restart sequence has expired. • The equipment must be used in compliance with national and regional safety regulations. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. This function defines drive behavior upon detection of a fault. If validated, this function allows an automatic restart of the drive when the cause of the detected fault has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit the restart. ☐ Function inactive ☐ Automatic restart, after locking on a detected fault, if the cause has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit the restart. The restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, then 1 minute for the following attempts. The drive status relay remains activated if this function is active. The speed reference and the operating direction must be maintained. Use 2-wire control (Type of control L C C page 49 = 2 C and 2 wire type control L C L page 52 = L E L). If the restart has not taken place once the Max. automatic restart time A L r has elapsed, the procedure is aborted and the drive remains locked until it is turned off and then on again. The detected faults, which permit this function, are listed on page 111 :		nO
L A r	☐ Max. automatic restart time ☐ 5 min ☐ 10 min ☐ 30 min ☐ 1 hour ☐ 2 hours ☐ 3 hours ☐ Infinite Visible only if Automatic restart A L r is not set to n O . It can be used to limit the number of consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault.		5 min

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
FLr	☐ Catch on the fly Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events: • Loss of line supply or disconnection • Reset of current fault or automatic restart • Freewheel stop. The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, then follows the ramp to the reference speed. This function requires 2-wire level control.		nO
no YES	☐ Function inactive ☐ Function active		

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
d r C -
C t L -
F u n -
F L t -
C o n -

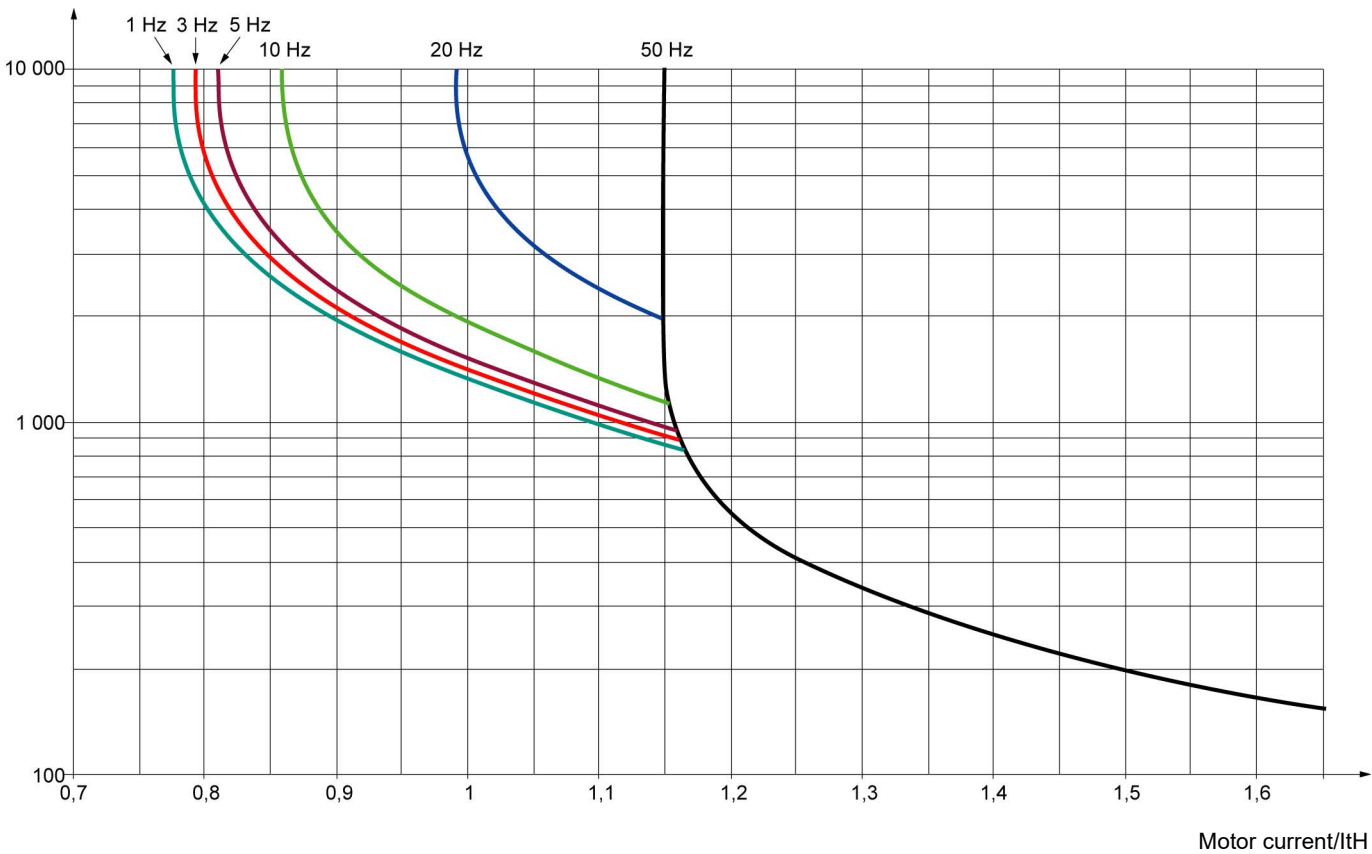
Motor thermal protection

Function:

Thermal protection by calculating the I^2t .

- Naturally-cooled motors:
The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
- Force-cooled motors:
Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

Trip time in seconds



NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR

The use of external overload protection is required under the following conditions:

- Repowering up the product since there is no motor thermal state memory.
- Running multiple motors
- Running motors rated at less than 0.2 times the nominal drive current
- Using motor switching

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
EHt -	Motor thermal protection menu		
lEH 	☐ Motor thermal current Current used for the motor thermal detection. Set lEH to the nominal current on the motor rating plate.	0.2 to 1.5 In (1)	According to drive rating
EHt ACL FCL	☐ Motor protection type ☐ Self-ventilated ☐ Motor-ventilated		ACL
oLL no YES	☐ Overload fault management Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault. ☐ Fault ignored ☐ Freewheel stop Setting Overload fault management oLL to no inhibits the Motor overload oLF page 111.		YES
NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR If oLL is set to no, motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.			
neN no YES	☐ Motor thermal state memo ☐ Motor thermal state not stored at power off. ☐ Motor thermal state is stored at power off.		no
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
oPL no YES	☐ Output Phase loss ⚡ ⚠ DANGER HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH If oPL is set to no, loss of cable is not detected. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection. Check this action will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. ☐ Function inactive ☐ Tripping on OPF1 (1 phase loss) or OPF2 (3-phase loss) fault with freewheel stop.		YES
lPL no YES	☐ Input Phase loss This parameter is only accessible in this menu on 3-phases drives. ☐ Fault ignored. To be used when the drive is supplied via a single phase supply. ☐ Fault with freewheel stop. If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode Input Phase loss lPL but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault.		According to drive rating

(1) In = nominal drive current

 Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

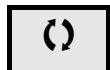
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

I - o -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
uSb -	Undervoltage menu		
uSb o I	☐ Undervoltage fault management Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage ☐ Detected fault and R1 relay open. ☐ Detected fault and R1 relay closed.		0
SEp no rPP	☐ Undervoltage prevention Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention level being reached ☐ No action (freewheel) ☐ Stop following an adjustable ramp Undervoltage ramp deceleration time SEp .		nO
SEp (C)	☐ Undervoltage ramp deceleration time Ramp time if Undervoltage prevention SEp = rPP .	0.0 to 10.0 s	1.0 s
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
SErE no YES	☐ IGBT test ☐ No test ☐ The IGBTs are tested on power up and every time a run command is sent. These tests cause a slight delay (a few ms). In the event of a fault, the drive will lock. The following faults can be detected: - Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF display - IGBT: xtF, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned		nO
LFLI no YES	☐ 4-20 mA loss behavior ☐ Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if AI1 current scaling parameter of 0% CrLI page 53 is not greater than 3 mA or if AI1 type R1It = IOu . ☐ Freewheel stop.		nO
INH no L1H L2H L3H L4H  2 s	☐ Detected fault inhibition assignment To assign fault inhibit, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. ☐ Function inactive ☐ L1h: LI1 active high ☐ L2h: LI2 active high ☐ L3h: LI3 active high ☐ L4h: LI4 active high Following detected faults can be inhibited: INFb, SOF, ENF, OHF, OLF, OPF1, OPF2, OSF, SLF1, SLF2, SLF3, EJF, and USS.		nO
 DANGER LOSS OF PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT PROTECTION Enabling the fault inhibition parameter INH will disable the drive controller protection features. INH should not be enabled for typical applications of this equipment. INH should be enabled only in extraordinary situations where a thorough risk analysis demonstrates that the presence of adjustable speed drive protection poses a greater risk than personnel injury or equipment damage. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			



To change the assignment of this parameter press the "ENT" key for 2 s.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

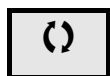
Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLt -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
SLL no YES	☐ Modbus fault management Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus. ☐ Fault ignored ☐ Freewheel stop		YES
	⚠ WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL If Modbus fault mgt SLL is set to no, communication control will be inhibited. For safety reasons, inhibition of communication fault should only be used for adjustment or special applications purpose. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.		
drn no YES	☐ Degraded line supply operation NOTICE RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE When Derated operation = Yes, use a line choke. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage. Lowers the tripping threshold of the USF fault to operate on a line supply down to 50% of nominal line voltage. In this case, the performance of the drive cannot be guaranteed ☐ no ☐ Yes		no
rPr (↺) no FtH	☐ Reset power run This reset will initialize the settings located on nan section, menu PAI - , page 42 . ☐ no ☐ Reset fan time display		no



2 s

To change the assignment of this parameter press the "ENT" key for 2 s.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

I - O -
 d r C -
 C t L -
 F u n -
 F L t -
 C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F L t -	Fault detection management menu (continued)		
E t F -	External fault		
E t F	☐ External fault assignment Assignment of the external fault event to a logic input ☐ Function inactive ☐ LI1 active High ☐ LI2 active High ☐ LI3 active High ☐ LI3 active High ☐ LI1 active low ☐ LI2 active low ☐ LI3 active low ☐ LI3 active low		nO
E P L	☐ Stop type - external fault Type of stop in the event of an external fault ☐ External fault ignored ☐ Freewheel stop ☐ Switch to Fallback speed L F F as long as the external fault is present and the run command is not disabled.		nO
L F F	☐ Fallback speed Selection of the fallback speed in case of external fault event. Visible only if Stop type - external fault E P L is not set to Fallback speed L F F . Note: This parameter can also be accessed in the PID menu .	0 to HSP	0 Hz

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
CoN-	Communication menu Note: For following parameters, the modifications will be taken into account only at the next control power-on.		
Add	☐ Modbus address Modbus address is adjustable from 0FF to 247 . When 0FF , communication is not active.	OFF to 247	OFF
Ebr	☐ Modbus baud rate ☐ 4.8 kbps ☐ 9.6 kbps ☐ 19.2 kbps ☐ 38.4 kbps		19.2
Efo	☐ Modbus format ☐ 8o1 ☐ 8E1 ☐ 8n1 ☐ 8n2		8E1
Eto	☐ Modbus time out The drive detects a Modbus fault if it does not receive any Modbus request at its address within a predefined time period (time-out).	0.1 to 30 s	10 s
iCS-	Input scanner menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal)		
nPA1	☐ Com scanner read address parameter 1 Address of the first input word.		0C81
nPA2	☐ Com scanner read address parameter 2 Address of the second input word.		219C
nPA3	☐ Com scanner read address parameter 3 Address of the third input word.		0
nPA4	☐ Com scanner read address parameter 4 Address of the fourth input word.		0
oCS-	Output scanner menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal)		
nCA1	☐ Com scanner write address parameter 1 Address of the first output word.		2135
nCA2	☐ Com scanner write address parameter 2 Address of the second output word.		219A
nCA3	☐ Com scanner write address parameter 3 Address of the third output word.		0
nCA4	☐ Com scanner write address parameter 4 Address of the fourth output word.		0

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

1 - 0 -
d r C -
C t L -
F u n -
F L t -
C o n -

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C o n -	Communication menu (continued)		
i S A -	Input scanner access menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal)		
n n 1	☐ Com scanner read address value 1 Value of the first input word		ETA VALUE
n n 2	☐ Com scanner read address value 2 Value of the second input word		RFRD value
n n 3	☐ Com scanner read address value 3 Value of the third input word		8000
n n 4	☐ Com scanner read address value 4 Value of the 4rd input word		8000
o S A -	Output scanner access menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal)		
n C 1 ()	☐ Com scanner write address value 1 Value of the first output word		CMD value
n C 2 ()	☐ Com scanner write address value 2 Value of the second output word		LFRD value
n C 3 ()	☐ Com scanner write address value 3 Value of the third output word		8000
n C 4 ()	☐ Com scanner write address value 4 Value of the fourth output word		8000



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Maintenance

Servicing

The Altivar 12 does not require any preventive maintenance. However, it is advisable to perform the following checks regularly:

- The condition and tightness of connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective. Average service life of fans: 10 years.
- Remove any dust from the drive.
- Ensure proper fan operation.
- Physical damage to covers.

Assistance with maintenance, detected fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, ensure that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is stored and displayed, flashing, on the screen: the drive locks and the status relay R1 contact opens.

Clearing the detected fault

In the event of a non-resettable detected fault:

- Remove/cut the power to the drive.
- WAIT 15 MINUTES to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. Then follow the "Bus Voltage Measurement Procedure", page [15](#) to verify that the DC voltage is less than 42 V. The drive LEDs are not indicators of the absence of DC bus voltage.
- Find and correct the detected fault.
- Restore power to the drive to confirm the detected fault has been rectified.

Certain detected faults can be programmed for automatic restart after the cause has disappeared.

These detected faults can also be reset by cycling power to the drive or by means of a logic input or control bit.

Display menu

Use the display menu to show the status of the drive and its current values as an aid for finding the causes of detected faults.

Spares and repairs

Serviceable product: Refer to the catalog for replacement of spare parts.

Procedure after a long time storage

NOTICE

RISK OF DEGRADED PERFORMANCE DUE TO CAPACITOR AGING

The product capacitor performances after a long time storage above 2 years can be temporarily degraded and therefore following reforming procedure should be applied. In that case, before using the product, apply the following procedure:

- Use a variable AC supply connected between L1 and L2.
- Increase AC supply voltage to have:
 - 80% of rated voltage during 30 min
 - 100% of rated voltage for another 30 min

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

The ATV12 is compatible with the ATV11 (latest version), nevertheless some differences can exist between both drives. Both models (ATV11 and ATV12) are available in heatsink or base plate versions.

Attention: ATV11 "E" Dimensions are given without potentiometer, add 7 mm depth for new dimension.

Dimensions

Attention: these dimensions concern fixing holes.

Power rating		ATV product	Drive	G (width)		H (height)		c (depth)	
kW	HP			mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.
0.18	0.25	12	018F1	60	2.36	131	5.16	102	4.01
0.18	0.25	11	U05F1U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	101 (+7)	3.98 (+0.27)
0.18	0.25	12	018M2	60	2.36	131	5.16	102	4.01
0.18	0.25	11	U05M2 E/U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	101 (+7)	3.98 (+0.27)
0.18	0.25	12	018M3	60	2.36	131	5.16	102	4.01
0.18	0.25	11	U05M3 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	101 (+7)	3.98 (+0.27)
0.37	0.5	12	037F1	60	2.36	120	4.72	121	4.76
0.37	0.5	11	U09F1 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	125 (+7)	4.92 (+0.27)
0.37	0.5	12	037M2	60	2.36	120	4.72	121	4.76
0.37	0.5	11	U09M2 E	60	2.36	120	4.72	125	4.92
0.37	0.5	11	U09M2 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	125 (+7)	4.92 (+0.27)
0.37	0.5	12	037M3	60	2.36	120	4.72	121	4.76
0.37	0.5	11	U09M3 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	125 (+7)	4.92 (+0.27)
0.55	0.75	12	055M2	60	2.36	120	4.72	131	5.16
0.55	0.75	11	U12M2 E	60	2.36	120	4.72	138	5.43
0.75	1	12	075M2	60	2.36	120	4.72	131	5.16
0.75	1	11	U18M2E	60	2.36	120	4.72	138	5.43
0.75	1	11	U18M2 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	138 (+7)	5.43 (+0.27)
0.75	1	12	075M3	60	2.36	120	4.72	131	5.16
0.75	1	11	U18M3 U/A	60	2.36	131	5.16	138 (+7)	5.43 (+0.27)
0.75	1	12	075F1	93	3.66	120	4.72	156	6.14
0.75	1	11	U18F1 U/A	106	4.17	131	5.16	156 (+7)	6.14 (+0.27)
1.5	2	12	U15M2	93	3.66	120	4.72	156	6.14
1.5	2	11	U29M2	106	4.17	131	5.16	156 (+7)	6.14 (+0.27)
2.2	3	12	U22M2	93	3.66	120	4.72	156	6.14
2.2	3	11	U41M2 E/U/A	106	4.17	131	5.16	156 (+7)	6.14 (+0.27)
1.5	2	12	U15M3	93	3.66	120	4.72	131	5.16
1.5	2	11	U29M3 U/A	106	4.17	131	5.16	156 (+7)	6.14 (+0.27)
2.2	3	12	U22M3	93	3.66	120	4.72	131	5.16
2.2	3	11	U41M3 U/A	106	4.17	131	5.16	156 (+7)	6.14 (+0.27)
3	4	12	U30M3	126	4.96	159	6.26	141	5.55
3	4	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	5.5	12	U40M3	126	4.96	159	6.26	141	5.55
4	5.5	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Terminals

Power

- Before wiring power terminals, connect the ground terminal of the grounding screws located below the output terminals to the protective ground (see indicator B page 21).
- The power connections are available without removing the power terminal cover. Nevertheless, if necessary, it is possible to remove them using an adapted tool (IP20 protection requirement). Cover to be removed in case of using ring terminals (pressure stress is 14 N for size 1 and 20 N for sizes 2 and 3).
- Pay attention to the input ground terminal located **on the right of the connector** (was on left on ATV11). The ground connection is clearly indicated on the input power terminal cover and the screw colour is green.

Control

⚠ WARNING

IMPROPER CONTROL WIRING PRACTICES

- The ATV12 drive internal supply is 24 V rather than 15 V on ATV11. When replacing ATV11 drive with an ATV12, a voltage adaptor, reference VW3A9317 must be connected to the 24 V supply if it is used to supply external automation systems. Using the 24 V to supply the LI does not require any adaptor.
- When replacing ATV11 drive with an ATV12 drive, verify that all wiring connections to the ATV12 drive comply with all wiring instructions in this manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

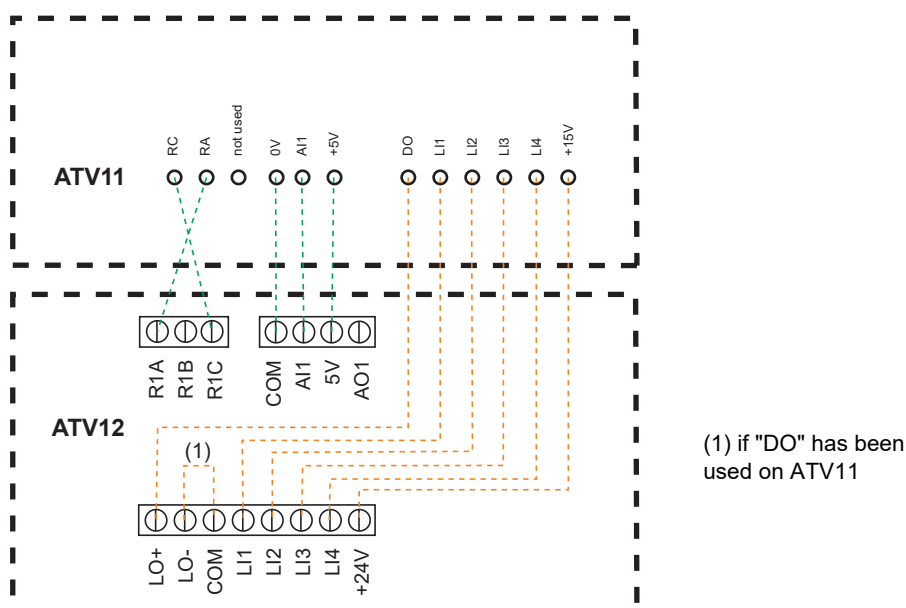
⚡ ⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- The drive panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.
- Use the provided ground connecting point. The ground terminal (green screw) is at the opposite location it was on the ATV11.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Note: The control terminals are arranged and marked differently:



(1) On ATV11 DO is an analog output that can be configured as a logic output. On ATV12, depending on your configuration, DO can be linked to LO1 or AO1.

The ATV11 integrates an internal supply voltage of 15V, ATV12 now integrates an internal supply of 24V.

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Settings

The information below explains the differences between the ATV11 and ATV12 to assist with replacement. This information is helpful for the management of drive embedded HMI (RUN, STOP keypad and potentiometer to dial).

Replacing an ATV11...E

The ATV11E does not have RUN / STOP buttons neither potentiometer.

The ATV12 in factory settings is equivalent to ATV11E.

LI2 to LI4 and AO1 are not assigned on ATV12.

Replacing an ATV11...U

The main change is on the bFr and HSP settings. It is now 50 Hz as factory setting on ATV12.

EMC filters are now integrated in ATV12●●●●M2.

LI2 to LI4 and AO1 are not assigned on ATV12.

Replacing an ATV11...A

EMC filters are now integrated in ATV12●●●●M2.

LI2 to LI4 and AO1 are not assigned on ATV12.

The active command channel is on terminals for ATV12 (was front keypad on ATV11...A).

To make embedded HMI active, it is necessary to set [Reference channel 1](#) **F r l** page [46](#) to **R , u l**

Replacing an ATV11...E327

LI2 to LI4 and AO1 are not assigned on ATV12.

The active command channel is on terminal for ATV12 (was front keypad on ATV11...A).

ATV12 factory setting characteristics: see page [31](#).

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Functions - Comparison with ATV11●●●E versions

Function	ATV11		ATV12		Comments, Action
	Code	Value	Code	Value	
Frequency	b F r	50	b F r	50	No change.
high-speed	H S P	50	H S P	50	No change.
LI operation Logic	-	(Positive)	r P L	POS	"Depend on LI assignment on each function (LI1 to LI4 L or H). See function assignment page 52 "
Integrated EMC filter	-	Yes	-	Yes	No change.
LI assignment	L 1 1	Forward	L 1 1	Forward	No change.
	L 1 2	Reverse	L 1 2	-	Change rrS (COnF, FULL, Fun, rrS), LI2.
	L 1 3	2 Preset speed	L 1 3	-	Change PS2 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr2), LI3.
	L 1 4	4 Preset speed	L 1 4	-	Change PS4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr4), LI4.
Speed reference	S P 2	10	S P 2	10	No change.
	S P 3	25	S P 3	15	Change SP3 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP3), 25.
	S P 4	50	S P 4	20	Change SP4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP4), 50.
AO assignment	(d o , A C t), r F r	Motor frequency	A o 1	-	Change AO1 (COnF, FULL, I-O, AO1-,AO1), OFr.
AI assignment	(A i t , A C t), S u	Speed ref. 5V	A i t	Speed ref. 5V	No change.
Command channel	L S r	-	F r 1	-	No change.
	S S r	-	F L o	-	No change. (possible setting on FLO & FLOC)
			F L o C	-	
Motor parameter choice	C o S	According to rating	C o S	-	COS is visible only if Motor parameter choice "MPC" is set to COS. Change MPC (COnF, FULL, drC-, MPC), COS. Change COS (COnF, FULL, drC-, COS), According to rating.
Motor control type	unchangeable	SVC	C t t	STD	Change CTT (COnF, FULL, drC-, CTT), PERF (SVCU).
Application Underload time delay	t u L	5	u L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.
Application Overload time delay	t o L	5	o L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Functions - Comparison with ATV11●●●U versions

Function	ATV11		ATV12		Comments, Action
	Code	Value	Code	Value	
Frequency	bFr	60	bFr	50	Change bFr (COnF, bFr), 50.
high-speed	HSP	60	HSP	50	Change HSP (COnF, HSP), 50.
LI operation Logic	-	(Positive)	nPL	POS	"Depend on LI assignment on each function (LI1 to LI4 L or H). See function assignment page 52 "
Integrated EMC filter	-	Yes	-	Yes	"Possible to disable filter using IT jumper. See page 29 ."
LI assignment	L11	Forward	L11	Forward	No change.
	L12	Reverse	L12	-	Change rrS (COnF, FULL, Fun, rrS), LI2.
	L13	2 Preset speeds	L13	-	Change PS2 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr2), LI3.
	L14	4 Preset speeds	L14	-	Change PS4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr4), LI4.
Speed reference	SP2	10	SP2	10	No change.
	SP3	25	SP3	15	Change SP3 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP3), 25.
	SP4	50	SP4	20	Change SP4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP4), 50.
AO assignment	(do , ACt), rFr	Motor frequency	AO1	-	Change AO1 (COnF, FULL, I-O, AO1-,AO1), OFr.
AI assignment	(AI1 , ACt), Su	Speed ref. 5V	AI1t	Speed ref. 5V	No change.
Command channel	LSr	-	Fr1	-	No change.
	SSr	-	FLa	-	No change. (possible setting on FLO & FLOC)
			FLaC	-	
Motor parameter choice	CoS	According to rating	CoS	-	COS is visible only if Motor parameter choice "MPC" is set to COS. Change MPC (COnF, FULL, drC-, MPC), COS. Change COS (COnF, FULL, drC-, COS), According to rating.
Motor control type	unchangeable	SVC	CTt	STD	Change CTT (COnF, FULL, drC-, CTT), PERF (SVCU).
Application Underload time delay	tUL	5	uLt	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.
Application Overload time delay	oLt	5	oLt	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Functions - Comparison with ATV11●●●A versions

Function	ATV11		ATV12		Comments, Action
	Code	Value	Code	Value	
Frequency	b F r	50	b F r	50	No change.
high-speed	H S P	50	H S P	50	No change.
LI operation Logic	-	(Positive)	n P L	POS	"Depend on LI assignment on each function (LI1 to LI4 L or H). See function assignment page 52 "
Integrated EMC filter	-	No	-	Yes	"Possible to disable filter using IT jumper. See page 29 ."
LI assignment	L 1 1	Forward	L 1 1	Forward	No change.
	L 1 2	Reverse	L 1 2	-	Change rrS (COnF, FULL, Fun, rrS), LI2.
	L 1 3	2 Preset speeds	L 1 3	-	Change PS2 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr2), LI3.
	L 1 4	4 Preset speeds	L 1 4	-	Change PS4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr4), LI4.
Speed reference	S P 2	10	S P 2	10	No change.
	S P 3	25	S P 3	15	Change SP3 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP3), 25.
	S P 4	50	S P 4	20	Change SP4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP4), 50.
AO assignment	(d o , A C t), r F r	Motor frequency	A o 1	-	Change AO1 (COnF, FULL, I-O, AO1-,AO1), OFr.
AI assignment	(A i t , A C t), S u	Speed ref. 5V	A i t	Speed ref. 5V	No change.
Command channel	L S r	LOC	F r 1	AI1	Change FR1 (COnF, FULL, CtL-, FR1), AIU1.
	(t C C , A c t), L o C	Local control (RUN / STOP)	C H C F	SIM	No change.
			C d 1	-	
Motor parameter choice	C o S	According to rating	C o S	-	COS is visible only if Motor parameter choice "MPC" is set to COS. Change MPC (COnF, FULL, drC-, MPC), COS. Change COS (COnF, FULL, drC-, COS), According to rating.
Motor control type	unchangeable	SVC	C t t	STD	Change CTT (COnF, FULL, drC-, CTT), PERF (SVCU).
Application Underload time delay	t u L	5	u L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.
Application Overload time delay	t o L	5	o L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.

Migration ATV11 - ATV12

Functions - Comparison with ATV11...E327 versions

Function	ATV11		ATV12		Comments, Action
	Code	value	Code	value	
Frequency	b F r	50	b F r	50	No change.
high-speed	H S P	50	H S P	50	No change.
LI operation Logic	-	(Positive)	n P L	POS	"Depend on LI assignment on each function (LI1 to LI4 L or H). See function assignment page 52 "
Integrated EMC filter	-	Yes	-	Yes	"Possible to disable filter using IT jumper. See page 29 ."
Li assignment	L , 1	Forward	L , 1	Forward	No change.
	L , 2	Reverse	L , 2	-	Change rrS (COnF, FULL, Fun, rrS), LI2.
	L , 3	2 Preset speeds	L , 3	-	Change PS2 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr2), LI3.
	L , 4	4 Preset speeds	L , 4	-	Change PS4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, Pr4), LI4.
Speed reference	S P 2	10	S P 2	10	No change.
	S P 3	25	S P 3	15	Change SP3 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP3), 25.
	S P 4	50	S P 4	20	Change SP4 (COnF, FULL, Fun, PSS, SP4), 50.
AO assignment	(d o , A C t), r F r	Motor frequency	A o 1	-	Change AO1 (COnF, FULL, I-O, AO1-,AO1), OFr.
AI assignment	(A i t , A C t), S u	Speed ref. 5V	A i t	Speed ref. 5V	No change.
Command channel	L S r	LOC	F r 1	AI1	Change FR1 (COnF, FULL, CtL-, FR1), AIU1.
	(t C C , A c t), L o C	Local control (RUN / STOP)	C H C F C d 1	SIM -	No change.
Motor parameter choice	C o S	Acc. to rating	C o S	-	COS is visible only if Motor parameter choice "MPC" is set to COS. Change MPC (COnF, FULL, drC-, MPC), COS. Change COS (COnF, FULL, drC-, COS), Acc. To rating.
Motor control type	unchangeable	SVC	C t t	STD	Change CTT (COnF, FULL, drC-, CTT), PERF (SVCU).
Application Underload time delay	t u L	5	u L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.
Application Overload time delay	t o L	5	o L t	0	The function is deactivated in factory setting.

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Drive does not start, no error code displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive (ground and input phases connection, see page [21](#)).
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV12 then displays **n S t** in freewheel stop and **F S t** in fast stop, it will display **r d y** en freewheel stop. This is normal since these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped if there is a wire break. Assignment of LI to be checked in **C o n F / F u L L / F u n - / S t t** - menu.
- Make sure that the run command input(s) is activated in accordance with the selected control mode (parameters **Type of control t C t** page [49](#) and **2 wire type control t C t** page [52](#), in **C o n F / F u L L / i . o** - menu).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to Modbus, when the power supply is connected, the drive displays "**n S t**" freewheel and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.
- In factory setting "RUN" button is inactive. Adjust parameters **Reference channel 1 F r I** page [63](#) and **Command channel 1 C d I** page [64](#) to control the drive locally (**C o n F / F u L L / C t t** - menu). See How to control the drive locally page [47](#).

Fault detection codes that cannot be cleared automatically

The cause of the detected fault must be removed before clearing by turning off and then on.

S o F and **t n F** faults can also be cleared remotely by means of a logic input (parameter **Detected fault reset assignment r S F** page [92](#) in **C o n F / F u L L / F L t** - menu).

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
C r F 1	Precharge	• Charging relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	• Turn the drive off and then back on again • Check the connections • Check the stability of the main supply • Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F 1	Unknown drive rating	• The power card is different from the card stored	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F 2	Unknown or incompatible power board	• The power card is incompatible with the control card	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F 3	Internal serial link	• Communication interruption between the internal cards	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F 4	Invalid industrialization zone	• Inconsistent internal data	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F 9	Current measurement circuit	• Current measurement is not correct due to hardware circuit	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
- - - -	Problem of application Firmware	• Invalid application firmware update using the Multi-Loader tool	• Flash again the application firmware of the product
i n F b	Internal thermal sensor detected fault	• The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly • The drive is in short circuit or open	• Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
i n F E	Internal CPU	• Internal microprocessor	• Turn the drive off and then back on again • Contact local Schneider Electric representative

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Fault detection codes that cannot be cleared automatically (continued)

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
o C F	Overcurrent	- Parameters in the Motor control menu d r C - page 58 are not correct - Inertia or load too high - Mechanical locking	- Check the parameters - Check the size of the motor/drive/load - Check the state of the mechanism - Connect line chokes - Reduce the Switching frequency 5 F r page 60 - Check the ground connection of drive, motor cable and motor insulation.
5 C F 1	Motor or Ground short circuit	- Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output - Ground fault during running status - Commutation of motors during running status - Significant current leakage to ground if several motors are connected in parallel	- Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation - Connect motor chokes
5 C F 3	Ground short circuit		
5 C F 4	IGBT short circuit	Internal power component short circuit detected at power-on	Contact your local Schneider Electric representative
5 o F	Overspeed	- Instability - Overspeed associated with the inertia of the application	- Check the motor - Overspeed is 10% more than Maximum frequency L F r page 58 so adjust this parameter if necessary - Add a braking resistor - Check the size of the motor/drive/load - Check parameters of the speed loop (gain and stability)
L n F	Auto-tuning	- Motor not connected to the drive - One motor phase loss - Special motor - Motor is rotating (being driven by the load, for example)	- Check that the motor/drive are compatible - Check that the motor is present during auto-tuning - If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto-tuning - Check that the motor is completely stopped

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Fault detection codes that can be cleared with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These detected faults can also be cleared by turning on and off or remotely by means of a logic input (parameter [Detected fault reset assignment](#) **r 5 F** page [92](#)).

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
L F F I	AI current lost fault	Detection if: - Analog input AI1 is configured as current AI1 current scaling parameter of 0% C r L I page 53 is greater than 3 mA - Analog input current is lower than 2 mA	Check the terminal connection
o b F	Overbraking	Braking too sudden or driving load too high	- Increase the deceleration time - Install a module unit with a braking resistor if necessary - Check the line supply voltage, to be sure that it is under the maximum acceptable (20% over maximum line supply during run status)
o H F	Drive overheat	Drive temperature too high	Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting. See page 13.
o L C	Process overload	Process overload	Check the process and the parameters of the drive to be in phase
o L F	Motor overload	Triggered by excessive motor current	Check the setting of the motor thermal protection, check the motor load.
o P F I	1 output phase loss	Loss of one phase at drive output	- Check the connections from the drive to the motor - In case of using downstream contactor, check the right connection, cable and contactor
o P F 2	3 output phase loss	- Motor not connected - Motor power too low, below 6% of the drive nominal current - Output contactor open - Instantaneous instability in the motor current	- Check the connections from the drive to the motor - Test on a low-power motor or without a motor: In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active Output Phase loss detection o P L page 95 = y E 5. To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment, without having to use a motor with the same rating as the drive, deactivate motor phase loss detection Output Phase loss detection o P L = n o - Check and optimize the following parameters: IR compensation u F r page 59, Rated motor voltage u n 5 page 58 and Rated motor current n C r page 58 and perform an Auto-tuning t u n page 61.
o 5 F	Main overvoltage	- Line voltage too high: - At drive power-on only, the supply is 10% over the maximum acceptable voltage level - Power with no run order, 20% over the maximum line supply - Disturbed line supply	Turn Off the Drive. Check and adjust the line voltage. After line come back to nominal voltage (within tolerance) do power On. If intermittent o 5 F code appear, set Relay R1 to F L t and it can be connected to upstream protection to avoid overvoltage in the drive. In this case L o I can be used for others drive status see page 54

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Fault detection codes that can be cleared with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
P H F	Input phase loss	• Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown • Failure of one phase • 3-phase ATV12 used on a 1-phase line supply • Unbalanced load • This protection only operates with the drive on load	• Check the power connection and the fuses. • Use a 3-phase line supply. • Disable the fault by setting Input Phase loss detection , P L page 95 = n o.
S C F S	Load short circuit	• Short-circuit at drive output • Short circuit detection at the run order or DC injection order if parameter IGBT test S t r t page 96 is set to y e s	• Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor's insulation
S L F 1	Modbus communication	• Interruption in communication on the Modbus network	• Check the connections of communication bus. • Check the time-out (Modbus time out t t o parameter page 99) • Refer to the Modbus user manual
S L F 2	SoMove communication	• Communication interruption with SoMove	• Check the SoMove connecting cable. • Check the time-out
S L F 3	HMI communication	• Communication interruption with the external display terminal	• Check the terminal connection
S P , F	PI Feedback detected fault	• PID feedback below lower limit	• Check the PID function feedback • Check the PI feedback supervision threshold L P , and time delay t P ,, page 77.
u L F	Process underload fault	• Process underload • Motor current below the Application Underload threshold L u L parameter page 56 during a period set by Application underload time delay u L t parameter page 56 to protect the application.	• Check the process and the parameters of the drive to be in phase
t J F	IGBT overheat	• Drive overheated • IGBT internal temperature is too high according to ambient temperature and load	• Check the size of the load/motor/drive. • Reduce the Switching frequency S F r page 60. • Wait for the drive to cool before restarting
E P F 1	External detected fault by logic input	• Event triggered by an external device, depending on user	Check the device which caused the trip and reset.

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Faults codes that will be cleared as soon as their causes disappear

The USF fault can be cleared remotely by means of a logic input (parameter [Detected fault reset assignment](#) **r 5 F** page [92](#)).

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
C F F	Incorrect configuration	- HMI block replaced by an HMI block configured on a drive with a different rating - The current configuration of customer parameters is inconsistent	- Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid. - If the fault remains after reverting to the factory settings, contact your local Schneider Electric representative
C F , 1	Invalid configuration	Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent. The configuration upload has been interrupted or is not fully finished.	- Check the configuration loaded previously. - Load a compatible configuration
C F , 2	Download invalid configuration	Interruption of download operation with Loader or SoMove	- Check connection with Loader or SoMove. - To reset the default re-start the download operation or restore the factory setting
u 5 F	Undervoltage	- Line supply too low - Transient voltage dip	Check the voltage and the parameters of Undervoltage Phase Loss Menu u 5 b - page 96.

(1) When the CFI is present in the past fault menu, it means the configuration has been interrupted or is not fully finished.

HMI block changed

When an HMI block is replaced by an HMI block configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in Incorrect configuration **C F F** fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by returning to factory setting.

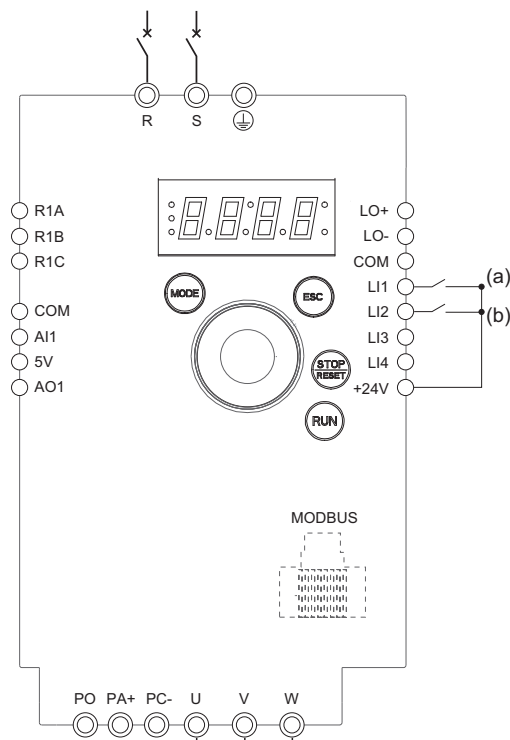
Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Fault detection codes displayed on the remote display terminal

Code	Name	Description
in i E	On initializing itself	• Micro controller initializing • Communication configuration search
Co n . E (1)	Communication error	• It has 50ms time-out error. • This message is shown after 220 retry attempts.
A - 1 7 (1)	Key alarm	• Key has been pressed consecutively for more than 10 seconds. • Membrane switch disconnected. • Keypad woken up while a key is being pressed.
c L r (1)	Confirm Fault reset	• This message appears if the STOP key is pressed when there is a keypad fault.
d E u . E (1)	Drive mismatch	• Drive type (brand) did not match with keypad type (brand)
r o n . E (1)	ROM abnormality	• Keypad ROM abnormality detected by the checksum calculation.
r A n . E (1)	RAM abnormality	• Keypad RAM abnormality detected.
C P u . E (1)	The other defect	• The other detected fault.

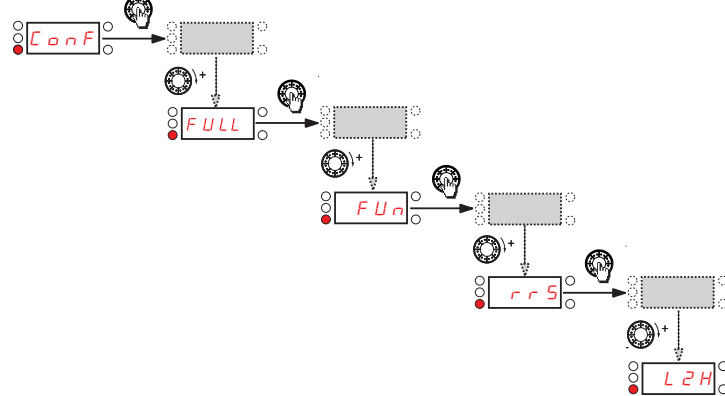
(1) Flashing

2-wire control (source)



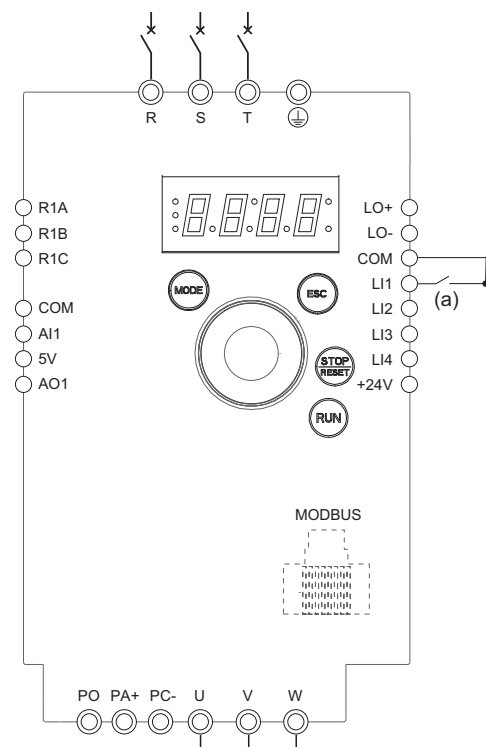
(a): Run Forward (b): Run Reverse

1. Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
2. Connect the power terminals.
3. Connect the logic inputs.
4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
5. Assign factory settings to the drive, **Factory / recall customer parameter set F C S** page 47 set to **111**.
6. Set the motor parameters (in CO_NF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
7. Perform an auto-tuning.
8. Set **Reverse direction r r S** parameter page 67 to **L 2 H**



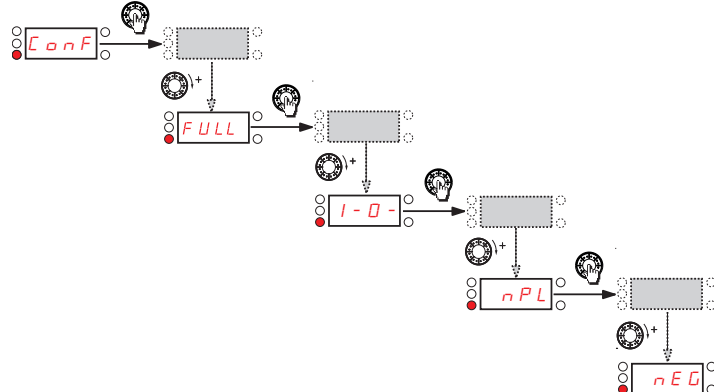
9. Start

3-wire control (sink)



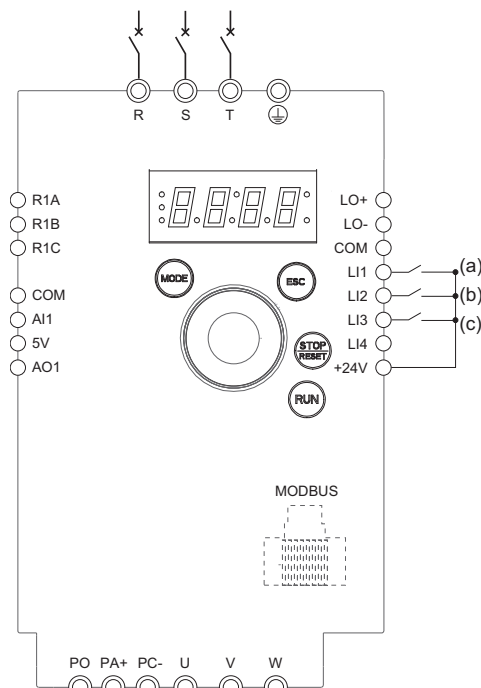
(a): Run Forward

1. Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
2. Connect the power terminals.
3. Connect the logic inputs.
4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
5. Assign factory settings to the drive, **Factory / recall customer parameter set F C S** page 47 set to **111**.
6. Set **t C C** to **3 C** see page 49
7. Set the motor parameters (in C O_NF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
8. Perform an auto-tuning.
9. Set **Logic inputs type n P L** parameter page 52 to **n E G**



10. Start

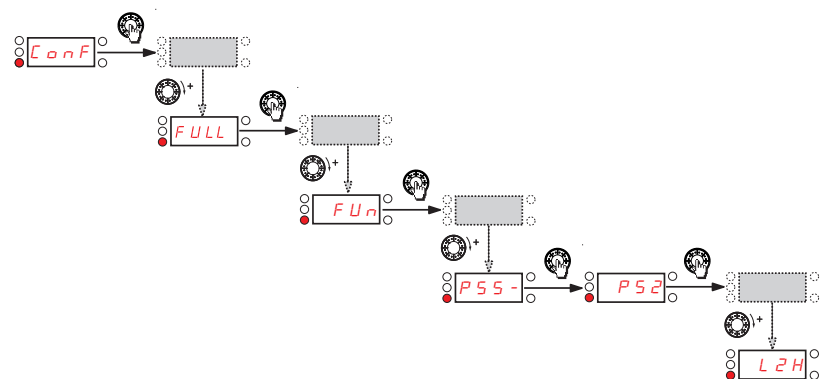
4 Preset speeds (source)



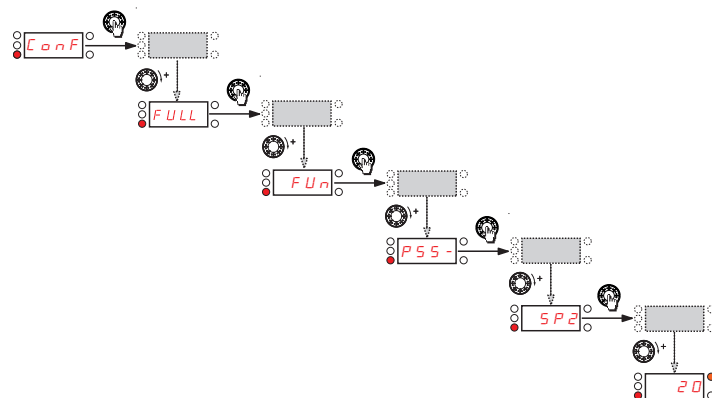
(a): Run Forward
(b): 2 preset speeds (c): 4 preset speeds

Note: Refer to Function compatibility table page [37](#).

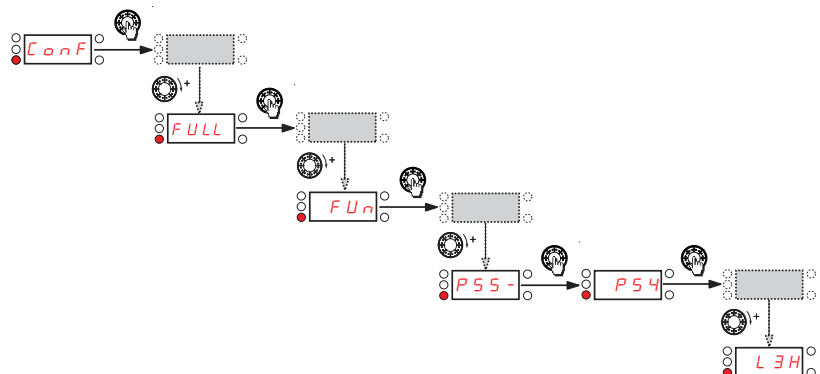
1. Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
2. Connect the power terminals.
3. Connect the logic inputs.
4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
5. Assign factory settings to the drive, [Factory / recall customer parameter set F C 5](#) page [47](#) set to **in 1**.
6. Set the motor parameters (in CONf mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
7. Perform an auto-tuning.
8. Set **2 Preset speeds P 5 2** page [71](#) to **L 2 H**.



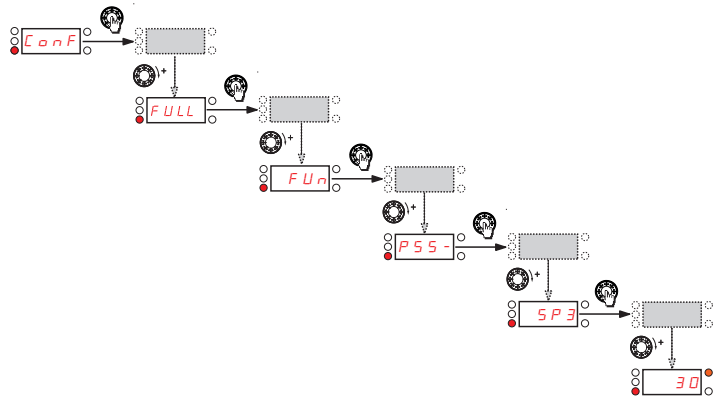
Set **Preset speed 2 P 5 2** page [71](#) to 20 Hz.



Set **4 Preset speeds P 5 4** page [71](#) to **L 3 H**.

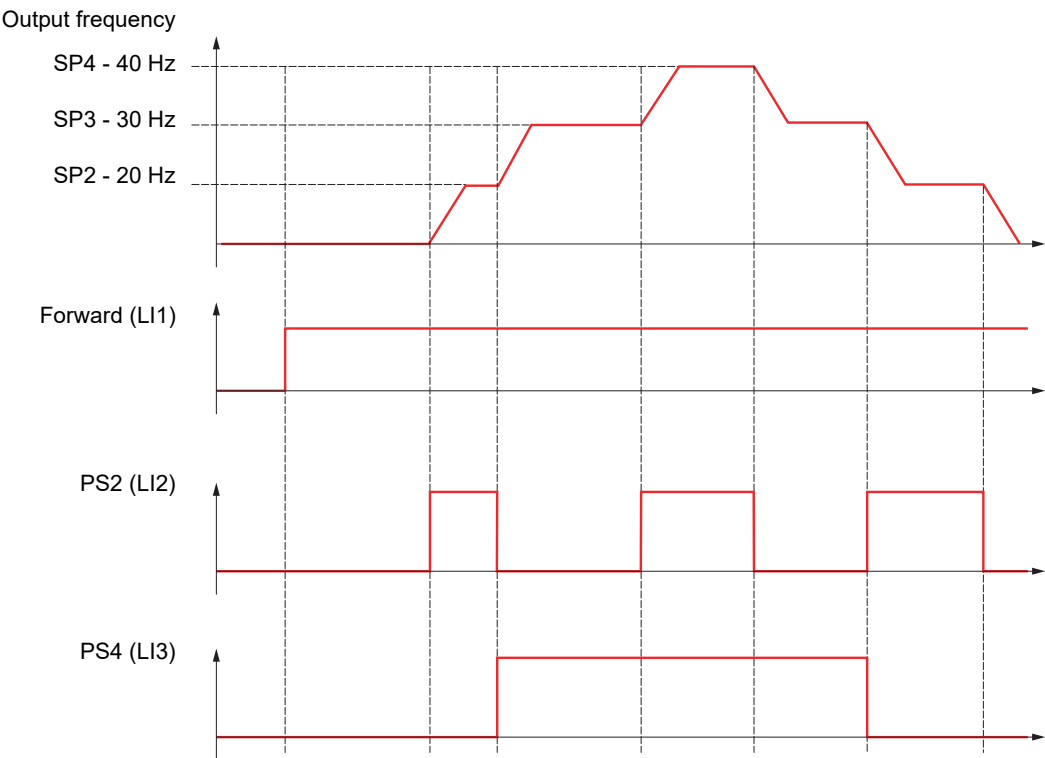
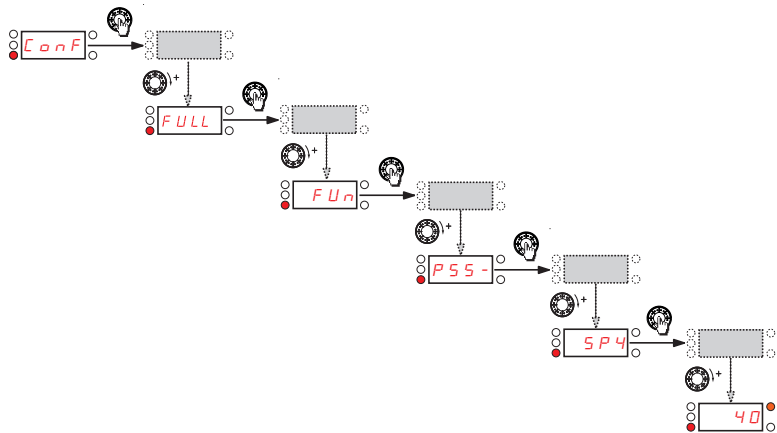


Set Preset speed 3 **SP3** page **71** to 30 Hz.

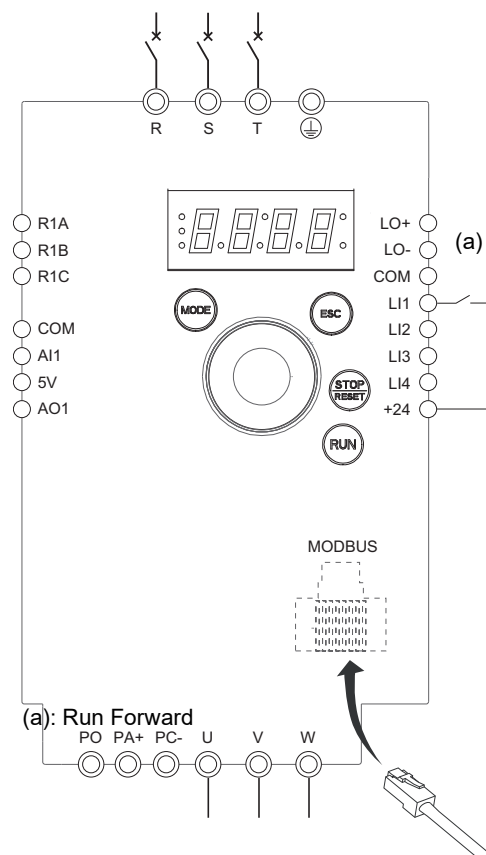


4 Preset speeds (source) continued

Set Preset speed 4 **SP4** page **71** to 40 Hz.

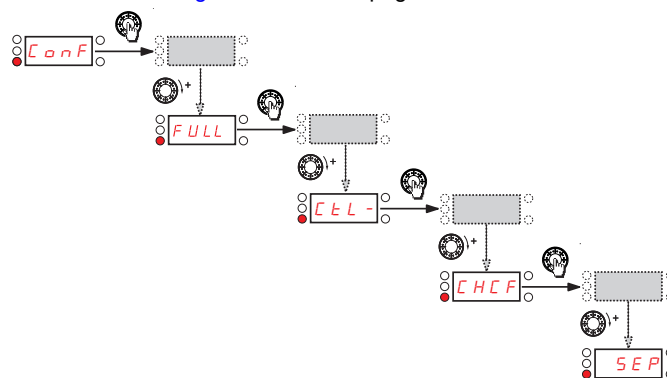


Terminals command channel with Modbus reference channel

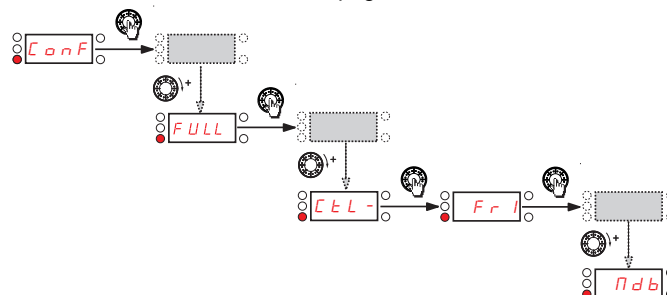


Note: Refer to Function compatibility table page 37.

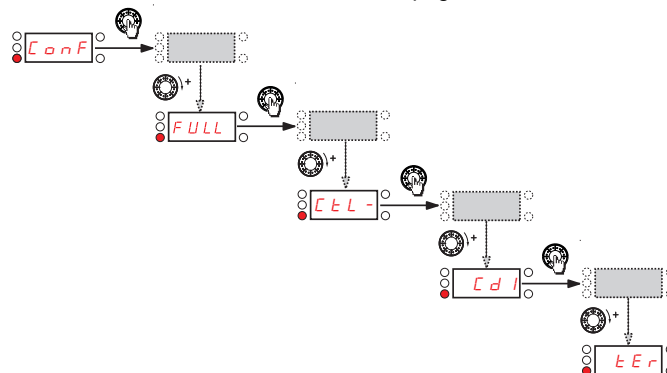
1. Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
2. Connect the power terminals.
3. Connect the logic input L1 and plug RJ45 cable to the Modbus socket.
4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
5. Assign factory settings to the drive, **Factory / recall customer parameter set F C 5** page 47 set to **0 0 0**.
6. Set the motor parameters (in COnF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
7. Perform an auto-tuning.
8. Set **Channel configuration C H C F** page 63 to **S E P**.



Set **Reference channel 1 F r I** page 63 to **0 0 0**.



Check that **Command channel 1 C d I** page 64 is set to **0 0 0**.



9. Start

Electrical Data - Upstream Protective Device

Introduction

Overview



INSUFFICIENT PROTECTION AGAINST OVERCURRENTS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- Use properly rated overcurrent protection devices.
- Use the fuses/circuit breakers specified.
- Do not connect the product to a supply mains whose prospective short circuit current rating (current that flows during a short circuit) exceeds the specified maximum permissible value.
- When rating the upstream mains fuses and the cross sections as well as the lengths of the mains cables, take into account the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc). Refer to the Upstream Protection Device section.
- If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, apply the instructions given in the section below.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The values and products for IEC compliance are specified in the present manual. Refer to the Prospective Short-circuit Section, page xx. The values and products for UL/CSA compliance are specified in the ATV12 Quick Start Guide Annex (S1A58684) provided with the product.

General

- The Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) rated to the drive will help protect the upstream installation in case of a short-circuit internal to the drive and mitigate the damage to the drive and its surrounding area.
- The SCPD rated to the drive is mandatory to help ensuring the safety of the Power Drive System.
It comes in addition to the upstream branch circuit protection which is in compliance with the local regulation for electrical installation.
- The SCPD shall mitigate the damage in case of detected error condition such as an internal short-circuit of the drive.
- The SCPD must take into account both following characteristics...
 - a maximum prospective short-circuit current
 - a minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc).

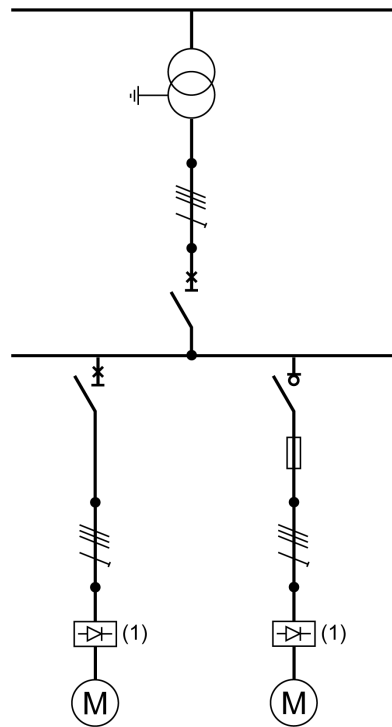
If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, increase the power of the transformer or decrease the length of the cables

In other cases, contact your Schneider Electric Customer Care Center (CCC) <https://www.se.com/CCC> for specific selection of Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD).

Note: The electronic power output short-circuit protection circuitry meets the requirements of IEC 60364-4-41:2005/AMD1 - Clause 411.

Wiring Diagram

This diagram shows an example of installation with both SCPD types, Circuit-breaker and Fuse link rated to the drive.



(1) Drive

Prospective Short-Circuit Current

Calculation

The prospective short-circuit current shall be computed at the drive connection points.



We recommend using the Schneider Electric tool Ecodial Advance Calculation available on <https://www.se.com/en/product-range-presentation/61013-ecodial-advance-calculation/>

The following equations allow to estimate the value of the symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (I_{sc}) at the drive connection points.

$$X_t = \frac{U^2}{S_n} \cdot u_{sc}$$

$$Z_{cc} = \sqrt{\left(\rho \cdot \frac{l}{S} + R_f\right)^2 + (X_t + X_c \cdot l + X_f)^2}$$

$$I_{sc} = \frac{U}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{Z_{cc}}$$

I_{sc}	Symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (kA)
X_t	Transformer reactance
U	No-load phase to phase voltage of the transformer (V)
S_n	Apparent transformer power (kVA)
u_{sc}	Short-circuit voltage, according to the transformer data sheet (%)
Z_{cc}	Total short-circuit impedance (mΩ)
ρ	Conductor resistivity e.g. Cu: 0.01851 mΩ.mm
l	Conductor length (mm)
S	Conductor cross section (mm ²)
X_c	Conductor lineic reactance (0.0001 mΩ/mm)
R_f, X_f	Resistance and reactance of the line filter (mΩ)

Example of Calculation with Copper Cable (without line filter)

Transformer 50 Hz	U 400 Vac Usc	Cable Cross Section	Isc depending on cable length in m(ft)							
			10 (33)	20 (66)	40 (131)	80 (262)	100 (328)	160 (525)	200 (656)	320 (1050)
kVA	%	mm ² (AWG)	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA
100	4	2.5 (14)	2.3	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
		4 (12)	2.9	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
		6 (10)	3.2	2.6	1.6	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	3.4	3.1	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	0.9
		50 (0)	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	1.5
		70 (00)	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.3	1.8
		120 (250 MCM)	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.1
250	4	6 (10)	5.7	3.4	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	7.1	5.0	2.9	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	8.4	7.4	5.5	3.4	2.8	1.8	1.5	0.9
		50 (0)	8.6	8.1	7.0	5.2	4.5	3.2	2.7	1.8
		70 (00)	8.6	8.2	7.3	5.8	5.2	3.9	3.3	2.3
		120 (250 MCM)	8.7	8.3	7.6	6.5	6.0	4.8	4.2	3.0
400	4	6 (10)	6.6	3.6	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	9.2	5.6	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	12	9.9	6.5	3.6	2.9	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	13	12	9.3	6.1	5.1	3.4	2.8	1.8
		70 (00)	13	12	10	7.2	6.2	4.4	3.6	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	13	13	11	8.6	7.6	5.7	4.9	3.4
800	6	6 (10)	6.9	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	10	5.8	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	15	11	6.9	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	17	15	11	6.5	5.4	3.5	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	17	15	12	7.9	6.7	4.6	3.7	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	17	16	13	9.8	8.6	6.2	5.2	3.5
1,000	6	6 (10)	7.1	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	11	6.0	3.1	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	18	12	7.1	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	21	17	12	6.7	5.5	3.6	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	21	18	13	8.4	7.0	4.7	3.8	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	22	19	16	11	9.3	6.5	5.4	3.6

IEC Type Circuit-Breaker - with enclosure



HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR FIRE

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device is able to be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted.

- Current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged.
- If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Function

The circuit-breaker offers enhanced features versus fuse-link since it cumulates 3 functionalities:

- insulation with lock,
- switch (full load interruption),
- downstream short-circuit protection without replacement.

Short Circuit Current Rating: Selection Table

Note:

- Integral solid state short circuit protection in the drive does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with any local codes.
- The ATV12 drive has a 100 kA interrupt rating on the output of the drive. In addition to providing a rating based on shorting the output of the drive, these short circuit current ratings have been obtained by shorting components internal to the ATV12. These ratings allow proper coordination of short circuit protection.

Note: Verify that the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (I_{sc}) value from the table above is lower than the value estimated in the Calculation section.

120 Vac Single phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **120 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (b)	PowerPacT Catalog number (a) (Z1, Z2)	SCCR (X)		TesyS GV / ComPact Catalog number (Z1, Z2)	I _{rm} (A)	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume (L) (in ³)	
		Min (A)	Max (kA)			Min (A)	Max (kA)		
ATV12H018F1	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L10	78	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037F1	B●L36020	1500	5	GV2L16	170	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12H075F1	B●L36025	1500	5	GV2L22	327	600	5	15.7	960

Note: (a): about PowerPacT Catalog Number: for references to be completed, replace ● with the letter corresponding to the breaking performance of the circuit breaker:
D for 25 kA, **G** for 65 kA, **J** for 100 kA, **L** for 100 kA, **R** for 100 kA.

NOTE: (b): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.

240 Vac Single phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **240 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (b)	PowerPacT Catalog number (a) (Z1, Z2)	SCCR (X)		TesyS GV / ComPact Catalog number (Z1, Z2)	I _{rm} (A)	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume (L) (in ³)	
		Min (A)	Max (kA)			Min (A)	Max (kA)		
ATV12H018M2	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L08	51	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037M2	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L10	78	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●055M2	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L14	138	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12●075M2	B●L36020	1500	5	GV2L16	170	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12HU15M2	B●L36025	1500	5	GV2L20	223	400	5	15.7	960
ATV12HU22M2	B●L36035	1700	5	GV2L22	327	600	5	15.7	960

Note: (a): about PowerPacT Catalog Number: for references to be completed, replace ● with the letter corresponding to the breaking performance of the circuit breaker:
D for 25 kA, **G** for 65 kA, **J** for 100 kA, **L** for 100 kA, **R** for 100 kA.

NOTE: (b): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.

240 Vac Three-phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **240 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (b)	PowerPacT Catalog number (a) (Z1, Z2)	SCCR (X)		TesyS GV / ComPact Catalog number (Z1, Z2)	I _{rm} (A)	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume	
		Min (A)	Max (kA)			Min (A)	Max (kA)		
ATV12H018M3	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L07	33.5	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037M3	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L08	51	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●075M3	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L14	138	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U15M3	B●L36015	1500	5	GV2L16	170	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U22M3	B●L36025	1500	5	GV2L20	223	400	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U30M3	B●L36030	1500	5	GV2L22	327	600	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U40M3	B●L36040	1700	5	GV2L22	327	600	5	15.7	960

Note: (a): about PowerPacT Catalog Number: for references to be completed, replace ● with the letter corresponding to the breaking performance of the circuit breaker:

D for 25 kA, **G** for 65 kA, **J** for 100 kA, **L** for 100 kA, **R** for 100 kA.

NOTE: (b): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.

IEC Fuses - With enclosure

Introduction



HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR FIRE

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device is able to be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted.

- Current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged.
- If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Note: Only gR, gS or aR fuses are mandatory in case of using DC bus and/or braking ports, to comply with IEC61800-5-1 Ed2.1.

Short Circuit Current Ratings: Selection Table

Note:

- I Integral solid state short circuit protection in the drive does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with any local codes.
- I The ATV12 drive has a 100 kA interrupt rating on the output of the drive. In addition to providing a rating based on shorting the output of the drive, these short circuit current ratings have been obtained by shorting components internal to the ATV12. These ratings allow proper coordination of short circuit protection.

Note: Verify that the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) value from the table above is lower than the value estimated in the Calculation section.

120 Vac Single phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **120 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (a)	gR-gS-aR (Z1, Z2)	Minimum size	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume	
	(A)		Min (A)	Max (kA)	(L)	(in ³)
ATV12H018F1	12.5	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037F1	25	10x38	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12H075F1	40	000	500	5	15.7	960
Note: (a): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.						

240 Vac Single phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **240 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (a)	gR-gS-aR (Z1, Z2)	Minimum size	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume	
	(A)		Min (A)	Max (kA)	(L)	(in ³)
ATV12H018M2	8	10x38	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037M2	12.5	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●055M2	16	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●075M2	20	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12HU15M2	40	000	500	5	15.7	960
ATV12HU22M2	40	000	500	5	15.7	960

Note: (a): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.

240 Vac Three-phase (50/60Hz)

Note: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than X rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **240 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by Z1 with a maximum rating of Z2 .

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Drive Catalog Number (b)	gR-gS-aR (Z1, Z2)	Minimum size	SCCR (X)		Minimum Enclosure Volume	
	(A)		Min (A)	Max (kA)	(L)	(in ³)
ATV12H018M3	4	10x38	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●037M3	8	10x38	100	5	15.7	960
ATV12●075M3	12.5	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U15M3	20	10x38	200	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U22M3	25	10x38	300	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U30M3	40	14x51	500	5	15.7	960
ATV12●U40M3	40	14x51	500	5	15.7	960

Note: (a): Catalog Number designations: ● = H for drives with heatsink and = P for drives on a base plate.

Short-circuit rating and branch circuit protection

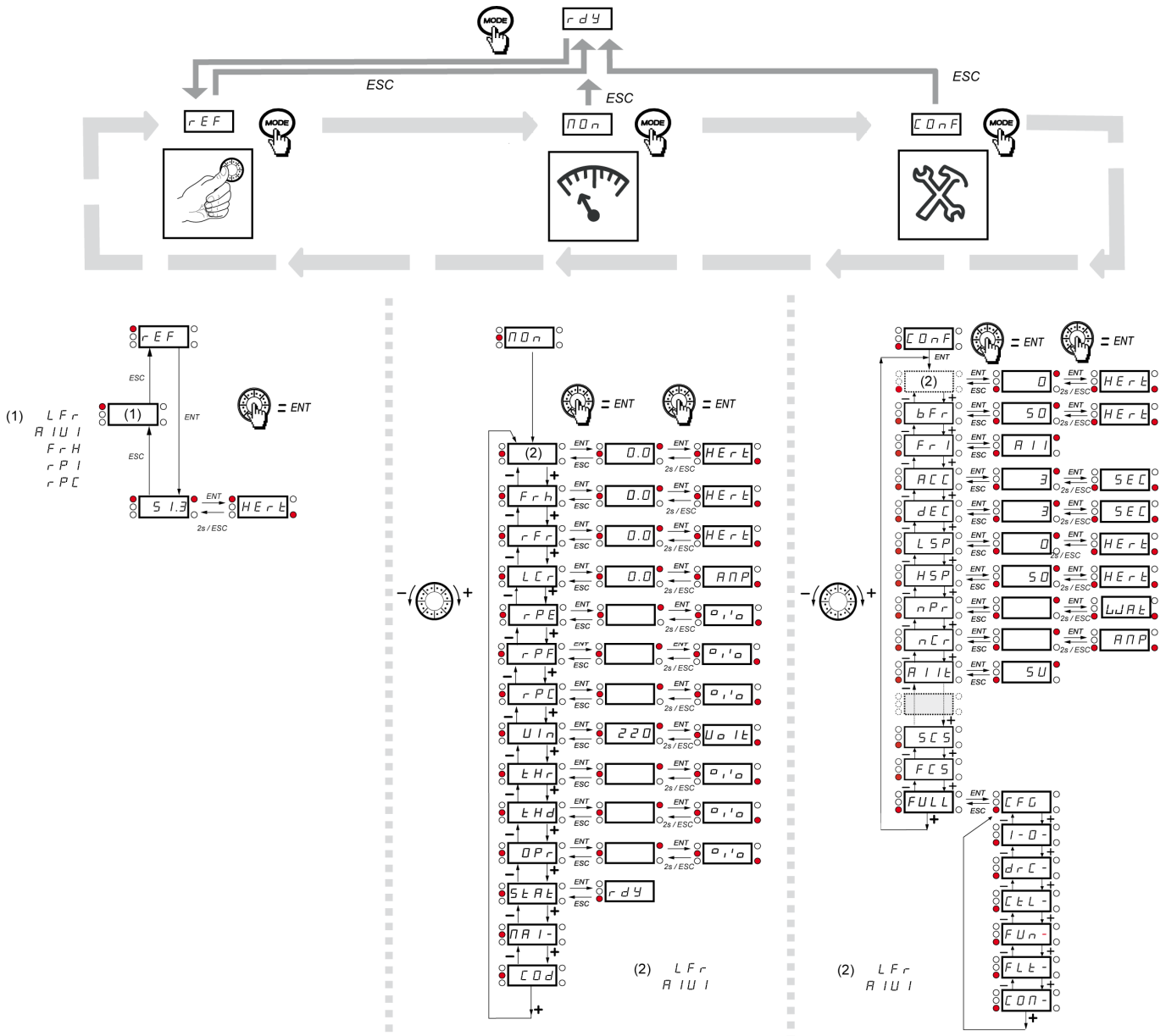
Recommended fuse ratings for UL and CSA requirements

Use the fuses recommended in the Quick Start Annex (S1A58684) delivered with the product as well as on the Schneider Electric website www.schneider-electric.com.

1-phase wiring

See the ATV12 Quick Start annex (S1A58684) available with the product as well as on the Schneider Electric website www.schneider-electric.com.

Organization tree



Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
ACC2	66 75	Acceleration 2	s	0.0 to 999.9	–	5 s	
ACC	46 65	Acceleration	s	0.0 to 999.9	–	3.0 s	
ADC	68	Automatic DC injection		no YES Ct	No Yes Continuous	YES	
ADD	99	Modbus address		0FF to 247	–	Off	
AI1t	53	AI1 type	–	5U 10U 0A	Voltage Voltage Current	5U	
AIU1	38 40 46 63	Analog input virtual	%	0 to 100	–	–	
AO1	57	AO1 assignment		no oCr oFr orP oPS oPF oPE oPr tHr tHd	No Motor current Output frequency Ramp output PID reference PID feedback PID error Output power Motor thermal state Drive thermal state	nO	
AO1t	57	AO1 type		10U oA 4A	Voltage Current Current	0A	
Ar	92	Automatic restart		no YES	No Yes	nO	
bFr	46 58	Standard motor frequency	Hz	50 60	–	50 Hz	
brA	66	Decel Ramp Adaptation assignment		no YES dYnA	No Yes Motor braking	YES	
C1Sv	42	Card 1 Software Version	–	–	–	–	–
C2Sv	42	Card 2 Software Version	–	–	–	–	–
Cd1	64	Command channel 1		tEr LoC LCC Ndb	Terminals Local Remote display Modbus		
CFG	48	Macro-configuration	–	–	–	–	–
CHF	63	Channel configuration		S, n SEP	Simultaneous mode Separate mode	SIM	
CL	89	Current limitation	A	0.25 to 1.5	–	1.5 A	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
CL2	89	Current limitation 2	A	0.25 to 1.5	–	1.5 A	
Cod	44	HMI Password	–	OFF ON	Code disabled Code activated	OFF	
Com1	43	Modbus communication status	–	r0t0 r0t1 r1t0 r1t1	–	–	
cos	58	Rated motor cos phi	–	0.5 to 1	–	according to drive rating	
CrH1	53	AI1 current scaling parameter of 100%	mA	0 to 20	–	20 mA	
CrL1	53	AI1 current scaling parameter of 0%	mA	0 to 20	–	4 mA	
Ctd	56	Motor current threshold	In	0 to 1.5	–	InV	
Ctt	58	Motor control type	–	Std PERF PUMP	Standard Performance Pump	Std	
dCF	67	Ramp divider		1 to 10	–	4	
DE2	66	Deceleration 2	s	0.0 to 999.9	–	5 s	
DEC	46 65	Deceleration	s	0.0 to 999.9	–	3.0 s	
dP1	43	Last detected fault 1	–	see page 109		–	–
dP2	43	Last detected fault 2	–	see page 109		–	–
dP3	44	Last detected fault 3	–	see page 109		–	–
dP4	44	Last detected fault 4	–	see page 109		–	–
dron	97	Degraded line supply operation		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
EP1	43	State of drive at detected fault 1	–	–	–	–	–
EP2	44	State of drive at detected fault 2	–	–	–	–	–
EP3	44	State of drive at detected fault 3	–	–	–	–	–
EP4	44	State of drive at detected fault 4	–	–	–	–	–
EPL	98	Stop type - external fault	–	nO YES LFF	No Yes LFF	YES	–
EtF	98	External fault assignment	–	nO L1H L2H L3H L4H L1L L2L L3L L4L	Non active L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low	nO	–

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
F b S	73	PID feedback scale factor	PID	0.1 to 100.0	–	1.0	
F C S	47	Factory / recall customer parameter set	–	n o r E C i n i n i	No REC IN INI	nO	
F F d	80	Zero flow detection activation threshold	Hz	0 to 400	–	0 Hz	
F L G	59	Frequency loop gain	%	0 to 100	–	20%	
F L o	64	Forced local assignment		n o L 1 H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H	No L1h L2h L3h L4h	nO	
F L o C	64	Forced local reference		n o A , I L C C A , u I	No Terminal HMI Jog dial	nO	
F L r	93	Catch on the fly		n o y E S	No Yes	nO	
F o n	79	Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump	Hz	0 à b F r	–	HSP	
F o F	79	Auxiliary pump stopping frequency	Hz	0 à b F r	–	0 Hz	
F r I	46 63	Reference channel 1		A , I L C C M o d b A , u I	Terminal HMI Modbus Jog dial	AI1	
F r H	38	Speed reference		A , I L C C M o d b A , u	Terminal HMI Modbus Jog dial		
F r S	58	Rated motor frequency	Hz	10 to 400	–	50 or 60 Hz (to bFr)	
F S t	67	Fast stop assignment		n o L 1 L L 2 L L 3 L L 4 L	No L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low	nO	
F t d	56	Motor frequency threshold	Hz	0 to 400	–	50 or 60 Hz	
F t H	43	Fan time display		0.01 to 999	–	–	–
F t o	55 78	Time delay before automatic start for the overload fault	min			0 min	
F t u	56 79	Time delay before automatic start for the underload fault	min			0 min	
H S P	46 91	High speed	Hz	L S P to b F r	–	50 or 60 Hz	
H S P 2	91	High speed 2	Hz	L S P to b F r	–	50 or 60 Hz according to BFr, max TFr	
H S P 3	91	High speed 3	Hz	as H S P 2	as HS2	as H S P 2	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
HSP4	91	High speed 4	Hz	as HSP2	as HS2	as HSP2	
HSU	42	Display of high speed value	–	–	–	–	–
INH	96	Detected fault inhibition assignment		nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	Non active L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
IPL	95	Input Phase loss	–	nO YES	No Yes	YES	
ItH	95	Motor thermal current	A	0.2 to 1.5	–	according to drive rating	
JOG	69	Jog assignment		nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI2 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
JPF	71	Skip frequency	Hz	0 to 400	–	0 Hz	
LC2	89	2 nd current limitation commutation		nO L1H L2H L3H L4H L1L L2L L3L L4L	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low	nO	
LCr	40	Motor current	A	–	–	–	–
LFd	80	Zero flow detection offset	Hz			0 Hz	
FFF	77 98	Fallback speed	Hz	0 to HSP	–	0 Hz	
FLFI	96	4-20 mA loss behavior		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
LFr	40 46 63	External reference value	–	-400 to 400	–	0	
LISI	42	State of logic inputs LI1 to LI4	–	–	–	–	–
LoC	55 78	Application Overload threshold	% of NCR	70 to 150	–	90 %	
LoI	54	LO1 assignment		as rI	as rI	nO	
LoIS	54	LO1 status (output active level)		POS NEG	Positive Negative	POS	
LoSI	42	State of the logic output LO1 and relay R1	–	–	–	–	–
LPi	77	PI feedback supervision threshold				nO	
LSP	46 90	Low speed	Hz	0 to HSP	–	0 Hz	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
L u L	56 78	Application Underload threshold	% of In	20 to 100	–	60 %	
n d E	79	Selecting the operating mode				nO	
n P C	61	Motor parameter choice	–	n P r C o S	nPr COS	nPr	
n P ,	77	Maximum frequency detection hysteresis				YES	
n t n	95	Motor thermal state memo	–	n a y e s	No Yes	nO	
n C 1	100	Com scanner write address value 1					
n C 2	100	Com scanner write address value 2					
n C 3	100	Com scanner write address value 3					
n C 4	100	Com scanner write address value 4					
n C A 1	99	Com scanner write address parameter 1				2135	
n C A 2	99	Com scanner write address parameter 2				219C	
n C A 3	99	Com scanner write address parameter 3				0	
n C A 4	99	Com scanner write address parameter 4					

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
nCr	58	Rated motor current	A (1)	0.25 to 1.5	–	according to drive rating	
nCu	42	Drive Power rating					
nFd	80	Zero flow detection period				nO	
nPi	100	Com scanner read address value 1					
nPi2	100	Com scanner read address value 2					
nPi3	100	Com scanner read address value 3					
nPi4	100	Com scanner read address value 4					
nPA1	99	Com scanner read address parameter 1	–			0C81	
nPA2	99	Com scanner read address parameter 2	–			219C	
nPA3	99	Com scanner read address parameter 3	–			0	
nPA4	99	Com scanner read address parameter 4	–			0	
nPL	52	Logic inputs type	–	POS NEG	Positive Negative	POS	
nPr	47 58	Rated Motor Power	kW or HP	–	–	according to drive rating	
nrd	60	Motor noise reduction		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
nSP	58	Rated motor speed	rpm	0 to 32767	–	according to drive rating	
nSt	67	Freewheel stop assignment		nO L1L L2L L3L L4L	No L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low	nO	
oLL	95	Overload fault management	–	nO YES	No Yes	YES	
oPL	95	Output Phase loss	–	nO YES	No Yes	YES	
oPr	40	Output power	%	–	–	–	–
PAu	75	PID auto/manual assignment		nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
PEt	43	Process elapsed time	0.01	–	–	–	–
PFL	60	Flux Profile	%	0 to 100		20%	
PiC	75	PID correction reverse	–	nO YES	No Yes	nO	

(1) In = nominal drive current

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
P_{IF}	73	PID feedback assignment		nO AI1	No Terminal	nO	
P_{II}	73	Activation internal PID reference		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
P_{IN}	75	PID manual reference		nO AI1 AIu	No Terminal AIV	nO	
Pr₂	73	2 preset PID assignment	–	nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	No L1h L2h L3h L4h	nO	
Pr₄	74	4 preset PID assignment		Pr₂	as Pr2	nO	
PrP	74	PID reference ramp	s	0 to 99.9	–	0 s	
PS₂	71	2 Preset speeds		nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI2 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
PS₄	71	4 Preset speeds		PS₂	as PS₂	nO	
PS₈	71	8 Preset speeds		PS₂	as PS₂	nO	
PS_t	63	Stop key priority		nO YES	No Yes	YES	
PtH	43	Power On time display		0.01 to 999	–	–	–
r_I	53	R1 assignment	–	nO FLt run FtA FLA CtA SrA tSA uLA oLA AP1	Not assigned No detected error Drive run Frequency threshold reached HSP reached I threshold reached Frequency reference reached Motor thermal reached Underload alarm Overload alarm AI1 AI. 4-20	FLt	
rdG	73	PID derivative gain		0.00 to 100.00	–	0.00	
rFr	40	Output frequency	Hz	-	–	–	
rIG	73	PID integral gain		0.01 to 100	–	1	
rIn	63	Reverse inhibition		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
roF	80	Ramp for auxiliary pump stopping	s			2 s	
ron	79	Ramp for reaching the auxiliary pump nominal speed	s			2 s	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
r P 2	74	2 preset PID reference	%	0 to 100	–	25%	
r P 3	74	3 preset PID reference	%	0 to 100	–	50%	
r P 4	74	4 preset PID reference	%	0 to 100	–	75%	
r P C	40	PID reference	–	–	–	–	–
r P E	40	PID error	–	–	–	–	–
r P F	40	PID Feedback	–	–	–	–	–
r P G	73	PID proportional gain		0.0 1 to 100	–	1	
r P H	74	PID max value reference	% PID	0 to 100	–	100%	
r P I	74	Internal PID reference	% PID	0 to 100	–	0%	
r P L	74	PID min value reference	% PID	0 to 100	–	0%	
r P r	97	Reset power run		n o F t H	Function inactive Reset fan time display	nO	
r P S	65	Ramp switching commutation		n o L 1 H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 1 L L 2 L L 3 L L 4 L	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low	nO	
r P t	65	Ramp shape assignment		L i n S u	Linear S shape U shape	LIn	
r r S	67	Reverse direction	–	n o L 1 h L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H	Function inactive L1h active high L2h active high L3h active high L4h active high	nO	
r S F	92	Detected fault reset assignment	–	n o L 1 H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
r S L	76	PID wake up level	%	0 to 100	–	0%	
r t H i	43	Run elapsed time display	0.01h	0.0 1 to 999	–	–	–
S C S	47	Store customer parameter set	–	n o S t r 1	No Yes	nO	
S d C I	68	Automatic DC injection current	A	0 to 1.2		0.7 A	
S F r	60	Switching frequency	kHz	2 to 16	–	4	
S F S	74	PID predictive speed	–	n o to 400	–	nO	
S F t	60	Switching frequency type	–	H F 1 H F 2	HF1 HF2	HF1	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
SH2	91	2 HSP assignment	–	nO L1H L2H L3H L4H	No L1h: LI1 active high L2h: LI2 active high L3h: LI3 active high L4h: LI4 active high	nO	
SH4	91	4 HSP assignment	–	as SH2	as SH2	nO	
SLE	76	Sleep Threshold Offset	Hz			1 Hz	
SLL	97	Modbus fault management		nO YES	No Yes	YES	
SLP	59	Slip compensation	% of nSL	0 to 150	–	100%	
SP2	71	Preset speed 2	–	–	–	–	–
SP3	71	Preset speed 3	–	–	–	–	–
SP4	71	Preset speed 4	–	–	–	–	–
SP5	71	Preset speed 5	Hz	0 to 400	–	25 Hz	
SP6	71	Preset speed 6	Hz	0 to 400	–	30 Hz	
SP7	71	Preset speed 7	Hz	0 to 400	–	35 Hz	
SP8	71	Preset speed 8	Hz	0 to 400	–	40 Hz	
SPn	42	Specific Product Number	–	–	–	–	–
Sta	59	Frequency loop stability	%	0 to 100	–	20%	
Stat	41	Product status	–	–	–	–	–
Stn	96	Undervoltage ramp deceleration time	s	0.0 to 10.0	–	1.0 s	
StP	96	Undervoltage prevention	–	nO rNP	No Ramp stop	nO	
Strt	96	IGBT test		nO YES	No Yes	nO	
Stt	67	Type of stop		rNP FSt nSt	Ramp stop Fast stop Freewheel	rMP	
tar	92	Max. automatic restart time		5 10 30 1H 2H 3H ct	5 min 10 min 30 min 1 h 2 h 3 h Infinite	5 min	
tbr	99	Modbus baud rate		4.8 9.6 19.2 38.4	4.8 kbps 9.6 kbps 19.2 kbps 38.4 kbps	19.2 kbps	
tcc	49	Type of control	–	2C 3C	2 wire control 3 wire control	2C	
tct	52	2 wire type control	–	LEL trn PFO	Level Transition Priority FW	trn	

Parameter index

Code	Page	Name	Unit	Possible value / Function		Factory setting	User setting
t d C I	68	Automatic DC injection time	s	0.1 to 30		0.5 s	
t F o	99	Modbus format	—	8 o 1 8 E 1 8 n 1 8 n 2	8o1 8E1 8n1 8n2	8E1	
t F r	58	Maximum frequency	Hz	10 to 400		60 or 72 Hz (to bFr)	
t H d	40	Drive thermal state	—	—	—	—	—
t H r	40	Motor thermal state	%	—	—	—	—
t H t	95	Motor protection type	—	A C L F C L	Self-ventilated Moto-ventilated	ACL	
t L S	75 90	Low speed operating time	s	0.1 to 999.9	—	nO	
t o F	80	Time delay before the auxiliary pump stop command	s			2 s	
t o L	55 78	Application Overload time delay	s	0 to 100	—	5 s	
t o n	79	Time delay before starting the auxiliary pump	s			2 s	
t P i	77	PI feedback supervision function time delay	s			0 s	
t t d	56	Motor thermal state threshold	% of tHr	0 to 118		100%	
t t o	99	Modbus time out	—	0.1 to 30	—	10	
t u n	61	Auto-tuning	—	n o y e s d o n e	No Yes Done	nO	
u F r	59	IR compensation	%	25 to 200	—	100%	
u L n	40	Main voltage	V	—	—	—	—
u L t	56 78	Application underload time delay	s	0 to 100	—	5 s	
u n S	58	Rated motor voltage	V	100 to 480	—	230 V	
u P P	76	Wake-up threshold	%	0 to 100	—	0	
u S b	96	Undervoltage fault management	—	0 1	Detected fault + R1 open Detected fault + R1 closed	0	
u C A L	42	Drive voltage rating	—	—	—	—	—

