M340/LM78XX Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators



# LM340/LM78XX Series **3-Terminal Positive Regulators General Description**

LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC The monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

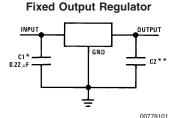
Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM340-5.0 is available in the SOT-223 package, as well as the LM340-5.0 and LM340-12 in the surface-mount TO-263 package.

## Features

- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of ±2% at T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C and ±4% over the temperature range (LM340A)
- $\blacksquare$  Line regulation of 0.01% of V\_{OUT}/V of  $\Delta V_{\rm IN}$  at 1A load (LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of V<sub>OUT</sub>/A (LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P<sup>+</sup> Product Enhancement tested

# **Typical Applications**



\*Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter. \*\*Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 µF, ceramic disc).

Current Regulator



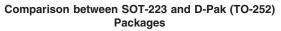
$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V2.3}{R1} + I_Q$$

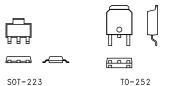
 $\Delta I_Q$  = 1.3 mA over line and load changes.

#### Adjustable Output Regulator



00778102  $V_{OUT} = 5V + (5V/R1 + I_Q) R2 5V/R1 > 3 I_Q,$ 





Scale 1:1

00778138

load regulation  $(L_r) \approx [(R1 + R2)/R1] (L_r \text{ of LM340-5}).$ 

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DS007781

#### **Ordering Information** Package Temperature Part Number **Transport Media** NSC **Packaging Marking** Range Drawing 3-Lead TO-3 0°C to +125°C LM340K-5.0 LM340K-5.0 7805P+ 50 Per Bag K02A LM340K-12 LM340K 12 7812P+ 50 Per Bag LM340K-15 LM340K 15 7815P+ 50 Per Bag 0°C to +125°C 3-lead TO-220 45 Units/Rail LM340AT-5.0 LM340AT 5.0 P+ T03B LM340T-5.0 LM340T5 7805 P+ 45 Units/Rail 45 Units/Rail LM340T-12 LM340T12 7812 P+ LM340T-15 LM340T15 7815 P+ 45 Units/Rail 3-Lead TO-263 0°C to +125°C 45 Units/Rail TS3B LM340S-5.0 LM340S-5.0 P+ LM340SX-5.0 500 Units Tape and Reel 45 Units/Rail LM340S-12 LM340S-12 P+ 500 Units Tape and Reel LM340SX-12 45 Units/Rail LM340AS-5.0 LM340AS-5.0 P+ LM340ASX-5.0 500 Units Tape and Reel 4-Lead 1k Units Tape and Reel 0°C to +125°C LM340MP-5.0 MA04A N00A SOT-223 LM340MPX-5.0 2k Units Tape and Reel Unpackaged -55°C to 125°C 221 Per Waffle Pack LM140KG-5 MD8 DL069089 Die LM140KG-12 MD8 221 Per Waffle Pack DL059093 LM140KG-15 MD8 221 Per Waffle Pack DL059093

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

DC Input Voltage	
All Devices except	
LM7824/LM7824C	35V
LM7824/LM7824C	40V
Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2)	Internally Limited
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	
TO-3 Package (K)	300°C
TO-220 Package (T), TO-263	
Package (S)	230°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	2 kV

# Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Temperature Range (T <sub>A</sub> ) (Note 2)	
LM140A, LM140	–55°C to +125°C
LM340A, LM340, LM7800	0°C to +125°C

# LM340A Electrical Characteristics

 $I_{OUT} = 1A$ ,  $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$  (LM140A), or  $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$  (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

		Output Volt	age		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Volta	age (unless o	therwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		4.9	5	5.1	11.75	12	12.25	14.7	15	15.3	V
		$P_{D} \leq 15W, 5$	$mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$	4.8		5.2	11.5		12.5	14.4		15.6	V
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(7.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 20)	(14.8	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 27)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	l <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA				10			18			22	mV
		$\Delta V_{IN}$		(7.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> :	≤ 20)	(14.8	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 27)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			3	10		4	18		4	22	mV
		$\Delta V_{IN}$		(7.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 20)	(14.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 27)	(17.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C				4			9			10	mV
		Over Tempe	rature			12			30			30	mV
		$\Delta V_{IN}$		(8 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	i 12)	(16 ≤	V <sub>IN</sub> s	≤ 22)	(20 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≤ 26)	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1.5A		10	25		12	32		12	35	mV
			250 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 750 mA			15			19			21	mV
		Over Tempe	rature,			25			60			75	mV
		$5 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{O} \le$	1A										
Ι <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C				6			6			6	mA
		Over Tempe	rature			6.5			6.5			6.5	mA
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$5 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{O} \le$	1A		0.5			0.5			0.5		mA
	Change	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{\rm C}$	<sub>D</sub> = 1A			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(7.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 20)	(14.8	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 27)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
		l <sub>o</sub> = 500 mA				0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 ≤	≦ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	25)	(15 ≤	V <sub>IN</sub> s	≤ 30)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
V <sub>N</sub>	Output Noise Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 1	$0 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$		40			75			90		μV
$\Delta V_{IN}$	Ripple Rejection	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, f	= 120 Hz, I <sub>O</sub> = 1A	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
$\Delta V_{OUT}$		or f = 120 H	z, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA,	68			61			60			dB
		Over Tempe	rature,										
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 ≤	≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	ă 18)	(15 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≤ 25)		5 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> 28.5)	IN ≤	V
R <sub>o</sub>	Dropout Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{c}$	<sub>D</sub> = 1A		2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ

		Output Voltage		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V		
	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах	1
	Short-Circuit	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		2.1			1.5			1.2		A
	Current											
	Peak Output	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}C$		2.4			2.4			2.4		A
	Current											
	Average TC of	Min, $T_J = 0^{\circ}C$ , $I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$		-0.6			-1.5			-1.8		mV/°C
	Vo											
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$										
	Required to		7.5			14.5			17.5			V
	Maintain											
	Line Regulation											

# LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified

		Output Volta	ge		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Volta	ge (unless oth	erwise noted)		10V			19V			23V	U	Jnite
	Parameter	C	onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}C, 5$	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		$P_{D} \le 15W, 5$ I	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≦ 20)	(15.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 27)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA}$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		3	50		4	120		4	150	m١
			ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(7 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≦ 25)	(14.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 30)	(17	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
			$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$			50			120			150	m۱
			ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(8 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≤ 20)	(15 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	27)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
		I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			50			120			150	m
			ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(7.5	$\leq V_{\text{IN}}$	≤ 20)	(14.6	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 27)	(17	.7 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
			$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$			25			60			75	m
			$\Delta V_{IN}$	(8 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≤ 12)	(16 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	22)	(20 ±	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> :	≤ 26)	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1.5 \text{A}$		10	50		12	120		12	150	m
			250 mA ≤ I <sub>P</sub> ≤ 750 mA			25			60			75	m۱
		$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le$	+150°C,			50			120			150	m۱
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1$	A										
l <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	$I_O \le 1A$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			6			6			6	m
			$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$			7			7			7	m/
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1	A		0.5			0.5			0.5		m/
	Change	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{O}$	≤ 1A			0.8			0.8			0.8	m
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≦ 20)	(15 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	27)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
		$I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA},$	$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$			0.8			0.8			0.8	m
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≤ 25)	(15 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	30)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	V
V <sub>N</sub>	Output Noise Voltage	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, 10^{\circ}$	) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz		40			75			90		μ

# **LM140 Electrical Characteristics** (Note 4) (Continued) $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{1} \le +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		Output Voltag	ge	5V 10V				12V					
Symbol	Input Volta	ge (unless oth	erwise noted)				19V			23V U			Inits
	Parameter	neter Conditions		Min Typ Max			Min Typ Ma			Min Typ Max			1
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection		$I_O \le 1A, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ or	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
		f = 120 Hz	I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 500 mA, –55°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤+150°C	68			61			60			dB
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$	/ <sub>MAX</sub>	(8 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	≦ 18)	(15 ≤	≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	25)	(18	8.5 ≤ V 28.5)		V
Ro	Dropout Voltage $T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O = 1A$		= 1A		2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			2.1			1.5			1.2		A
	Peak Output Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			2.4			2.4			2.4		A
	Average TC of V <sub>OUT</sub>	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +1$	50°C, I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA		-0.6			-1.5			-1.8	m	ıγ/°C
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{O}$	≤ 1A										
	Required to Maintain			7.5			14.6			17.7			V
	Line Regulation												

# LM340/LM78XXC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified

		Output Voltage	e		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Voltag	ge (unless othe	erwise noted)	10V			19V				Units		
	Parameter	C	onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Тур	Мах	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}C, 5$	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		$P_{D} \leq 15W, 5$	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(7.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 20)	(14.	5 ≤ V 27)	IN ≤	(17.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
ΔV <sub>O</sub>	Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA}$	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		3	50		4	120		4	150	mV
			$\Delta V_{IN}$	(7 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	25)	(14.	5 ≤ V 30)	IN ≤	(17.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
			$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$			50			120			150	mV
			$\Delta V_{IN}$	(8 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	20)	(15 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> :	≤ 27)	(18.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
		$I_{O} \leq 1A$	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			50			120			150	m٧
			$\Delta V_{IN}$	(7.5	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 20)	(14.	6 ≤ V 27)	IN ≤	(17.7	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
			$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$			25			60			75	mV
			$\Delta V_{IN}$	(8 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	12)	(16 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> :	≤ 22)	(20 :	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 26)	V
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1.5A		10	50		12	120		12	150	mV
			250 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 750 n	hΑ		25			60			75	mV
		5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1 +125°C	A, $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq$			50			120			150	mV
l <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			8			8			8	mA
			$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$			8.5			8.5			8.5	mA
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1$	A		0.5			0.5			0.5		mA
	Change	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>O</sub>	≤ 1A			1.0			1.0			1.0	mA

# LM340/LM78XXC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued)

	(	Output Voltage	e		5V	/		12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Voltage	e (unless othe	erwise noted)		10	V		19V			23V		Units
	Parameter	Conditions			Min Typ Max			Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах	
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(7.5	≤ V <sub>II</sub>	<sub>N</sub> ≤ 20	) (14	4.8 ≤ \ 27)	/ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
		$I_O \le 500 \text{ mA},$	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$			1.0	)		1.0			1.0	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	(7 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	l ≤ 25)	(14	4.5 ≤ \ 30)	/ <sub>IN</sub> ≤	(17.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 30)	V
V <sub>N</sub>	Output Noise Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 10	) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz		40	)		75			90		μV
ΔV <sub>IN</sub> ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Ripple Rejection		$I_{O} \le 1A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	62	80	)	55	72		54	70		dB
		f = 120 Hz	or $I_O \le 500 \text{ mA}$ ,	62			55			54			dB
			$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$										
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V <sub>MAX</sub>	] (8 ≤	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	ı ≤ 18)	(15	≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ 25)	(18	.5 ≤ V 28.5)		V
Ro	Dropout Voltage	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>O</sub>	= 1A		2.0	C		2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.1	1		1.5			1.2		A
	Peak Output Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			2.4	4		2.4			2.4		A
	Average TC of V <sub>OUT</sub>	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +1$	25°C, I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA		-0.	6		-1.5	5		-1.8		mV/°C
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>O</sub>	≤ 1A										
	Required to Maintain			7.5			14.6	5		17.7			V
	Line Regulation												

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

**Note 2:** The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation  $(T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C)$  or 150°C), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  $(\theta_{JA})$ , and the ambient temperature  $(T_A)$ .  $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above  $T_{JMAX}$  and the electrical specifications do not apply. If the die temperature rises above 150°C, the device will go into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (K, KC), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  $(\theta_{JA})$  is 39°C/W. When using a heatsink,  $\theta_{JA}$  is the sum of the 4°C/W junction-to-case thermal resistance  $(\theta_{JC})$  of the TO-3 package and the case-to-ambient thermal resistance of the heatsink. For the TO-220 package (T),  $\theta_{JA}$  is 54°C/W and  $\theta_{JC}$  is 4°C/W. If SOT-223 is used, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is 174°C/W and can be reduced by a heatsink (see Applications Hints on heatsinking).

If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package: Using 0.5 square inches of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 37°C/W; and with 1.6 or more inches of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 32°C/W.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 k $\Omega$ .

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22  $\mu$ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques (t<sub>w</sub>  $\leq$  10 ms, duty cycle  $\leq$  5%). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

**Note 5:** A military RETS specification is available on request. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140AK-5.0/883, LM140AK-12/883, and LM140AK-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140. The LM140H/883, LM140K/883, and LM140K/883 may also be procured as a Standard Military Drawing.

# LM7808C Electrical Characteristics

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C, ~V_{I}$  = 14V,  $I_{O}$  = 500 mA,  $C_{I}$  = 0.33  $\mu F,~C_{O}$  = 0.1  $\mu F,$  unless otherwise specified

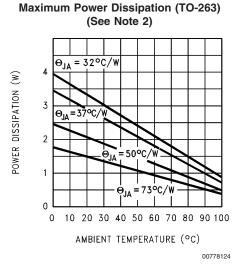
Symbol	Paramete	er	Con	ditions (Note 6)		LM7808	C	Units
					Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		7.7	8.0	8.3	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	$10.5V \le V_1 \le 25V$		6.0	160	mV
				$11.0V \le V_I \le 17V$		2.0	80	
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	5.0 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1.5A		12	160	mV
				$\begin{array}{l} 250 \text{ mA} \leq \text{I}_{\text{O}} \leq 750 \\ \text{mA} \end{array}$		4.0	80	
Vo	Output Voltage		$11.5V \le V_1 \le 23V, 5$	7.6		8.4	V	
l <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		4.3	8.0	mA	
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent	With Line	$11.5V \le V_I \le 25V$				1.0	mA
	Current Change	With Load	$5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.0 \text{A}$				0.5	
V <sub>N</sub>	Noise		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 10 Hz ≤	≦ f ≤ 100 kHz		52		μV
$\Delta V_{\rm I} / \Delta V_{\rm O}$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I <sub>O</sub> = 35	0 mA, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	56	72		dB
$V_{DO}$	Dropout Voltage		$I_{O} = 1.0A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}$	С		2.0		V
Ro	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			16		mΩ
l <sub>os</sub>	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ} {\rm C}, V_{\rm I} = 35 {\rm V}$			0.45		А
I <sub>PK</sub>	Peak Output Curren	it	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			2.2		Α
$\Delta V_O / \Delta T$	Average Temperatu	re	I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA			0.8		mV/°C
	Coefficient of Outpu	t Voltage						

Note 6: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22  $\mu$ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ( $t_w \le 10$  ms, duty cycle  $\le 5\%$ ). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

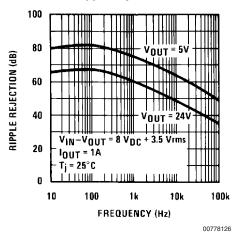


# Typical Performance Characteristics Maximum Average Power Dissipation

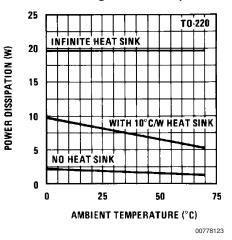
25 TÓ-3 INFINITE HEAT SINK 20 POWER DISSIPATION (W) 15 WITH 10°C/W HEAT SINK 10 NO HEAT SINK 5 0 -50 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 -75 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C) 00778122



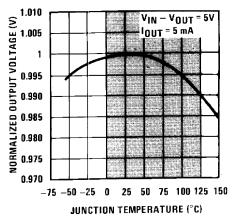




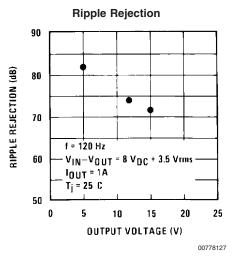
**Maximum Average Power Dissipation** 

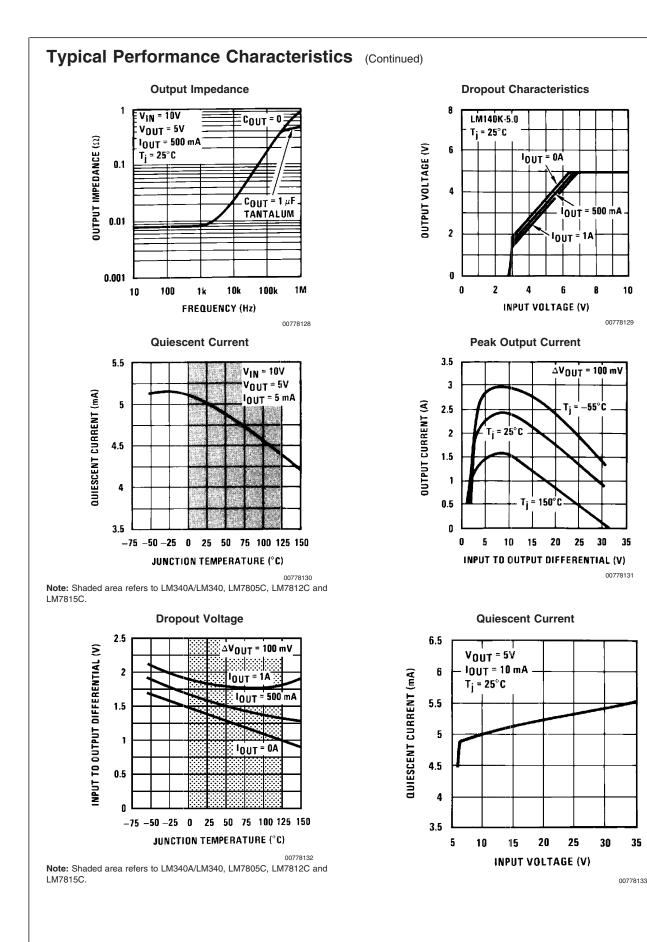


Output Voltage (Normalized to 1V at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ )



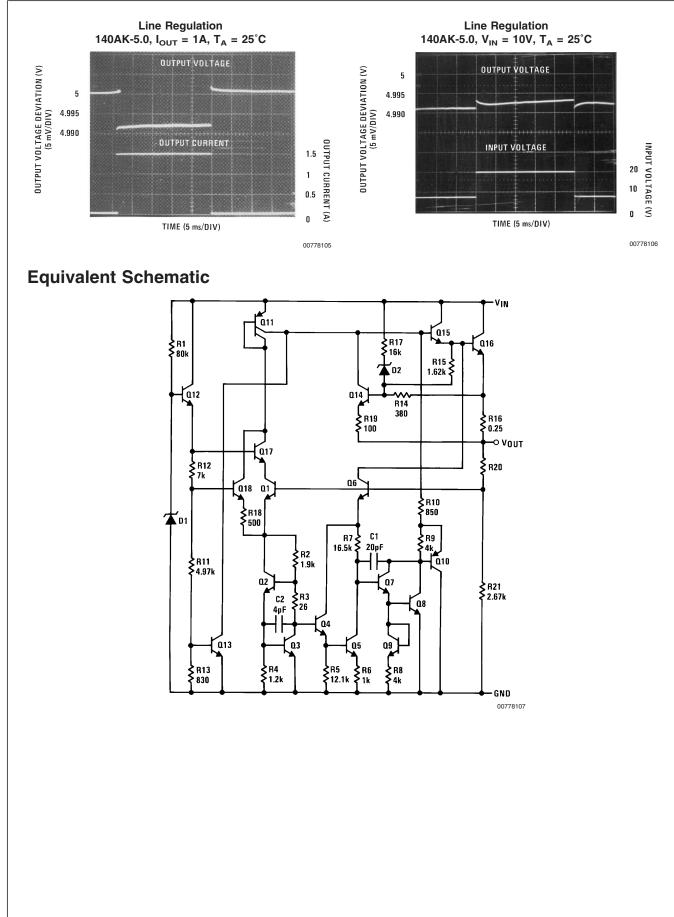
00778125 Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.





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LM340/LM78XX



# **Application Hints**

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with *any* IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

### SHORTING THE REGULATOR INPUT

When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (*Figure 1*) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial V<sub>OUT</sub>because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in *Figure 1* will shunt most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance  $\leq 10$  µF.

# RAISING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE ABOVE THE INPUT VOLTAGE

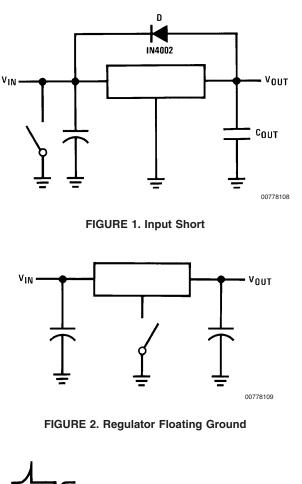
Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

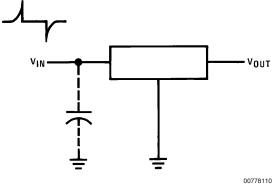
#### **REGULATOR FLOATING GROUND (Figure 2)**

When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to  $V_{OUT}$ . If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.

#### TRANSIENT VOLTAGES

If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.





**FIGURE 3. Transients** 

When a value for  $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has *a value that is less than or equal to this number.* 

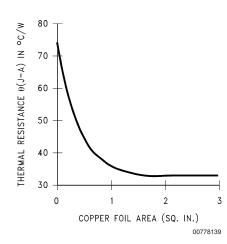
 $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in this catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

## Application Hints (Continued)

#### HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the plane.

shows for the TO-263 the measured values of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking.



*Figures 6, 7* show the information for the SOT-223 package. *Figure 6* assumes a  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.

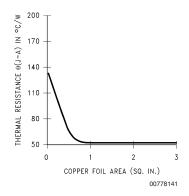
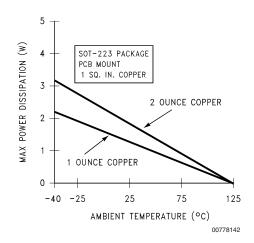
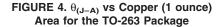


FIGURE 6.  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package



#### FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T<sub>AMB</sub> for the SOT-223 Package

Please see AN-1028 for power enhancement techniques to be used with the SOT-223 package.



As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, *Figure 5* shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).

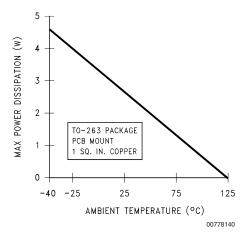
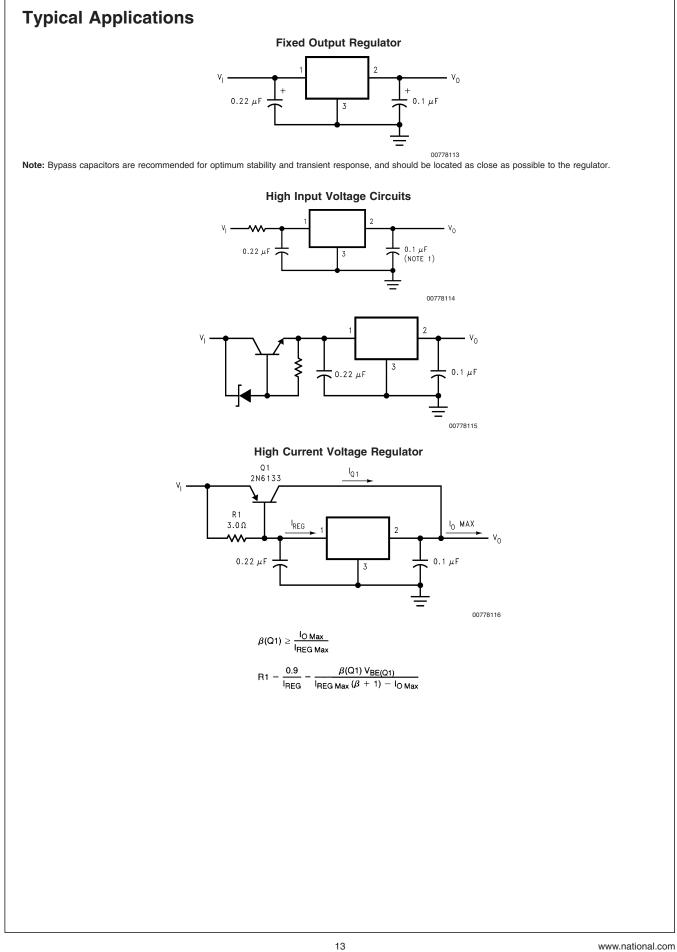


FIGURE 5. Maximum Power Dissipation vs  $T_{AMB}$  for the TO-263 Package

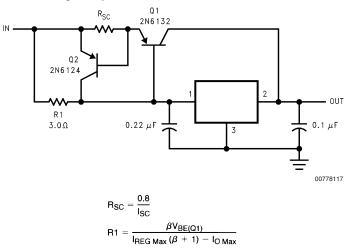
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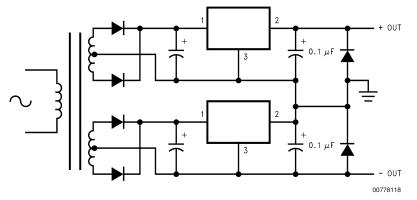
# Typical Applications (Continued)



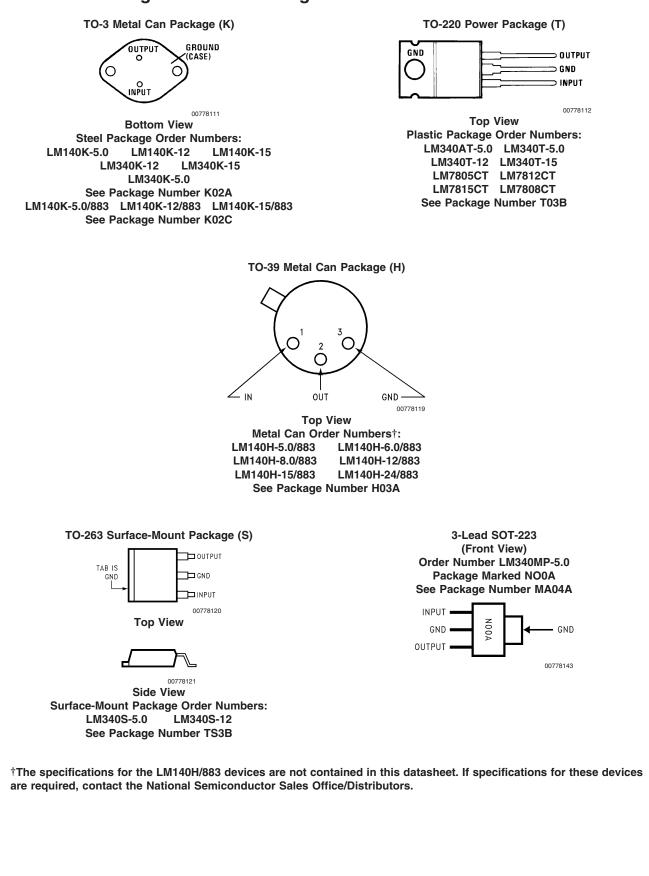




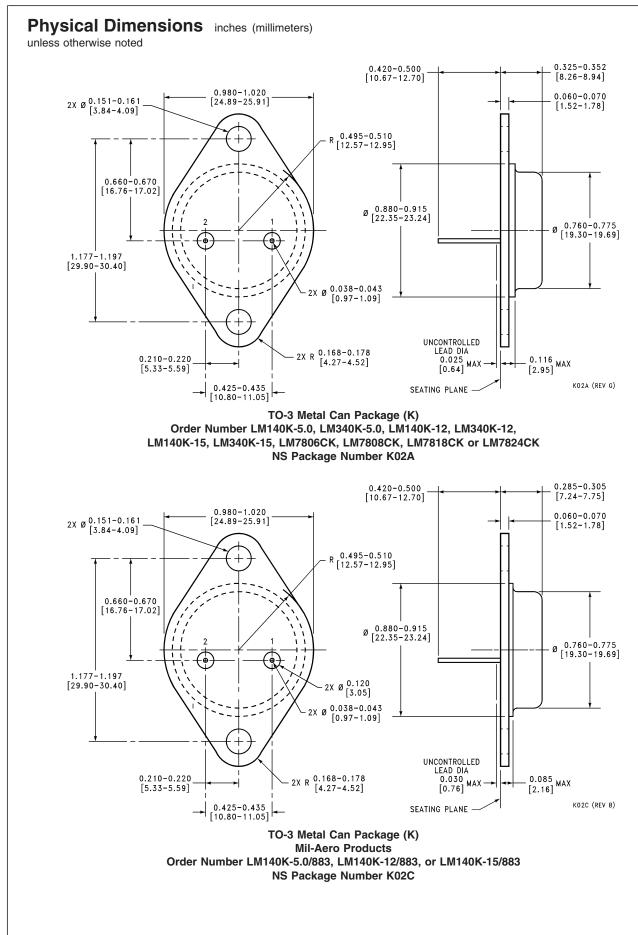


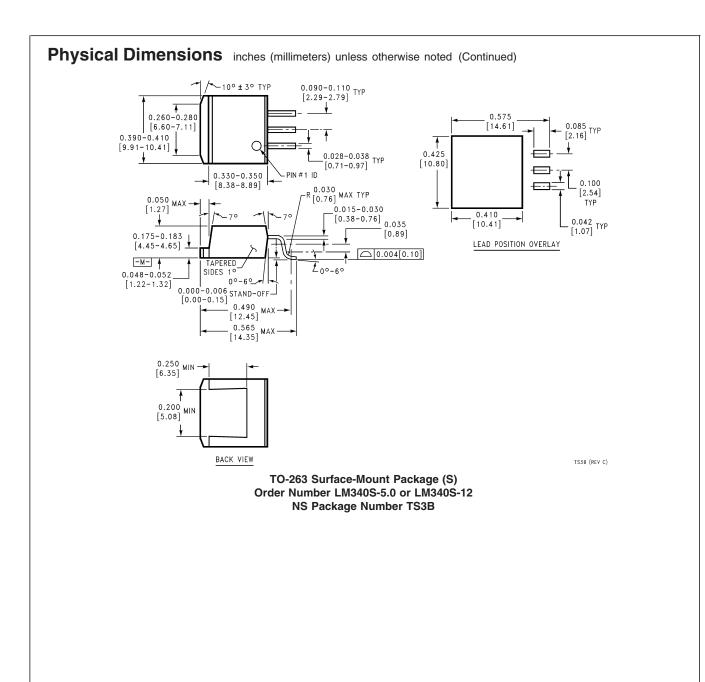


# **Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information**

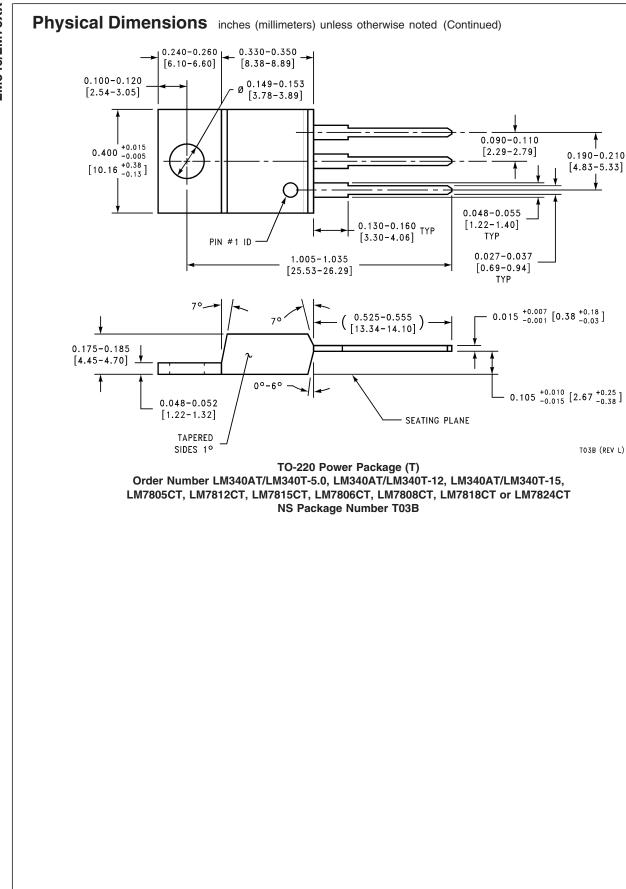


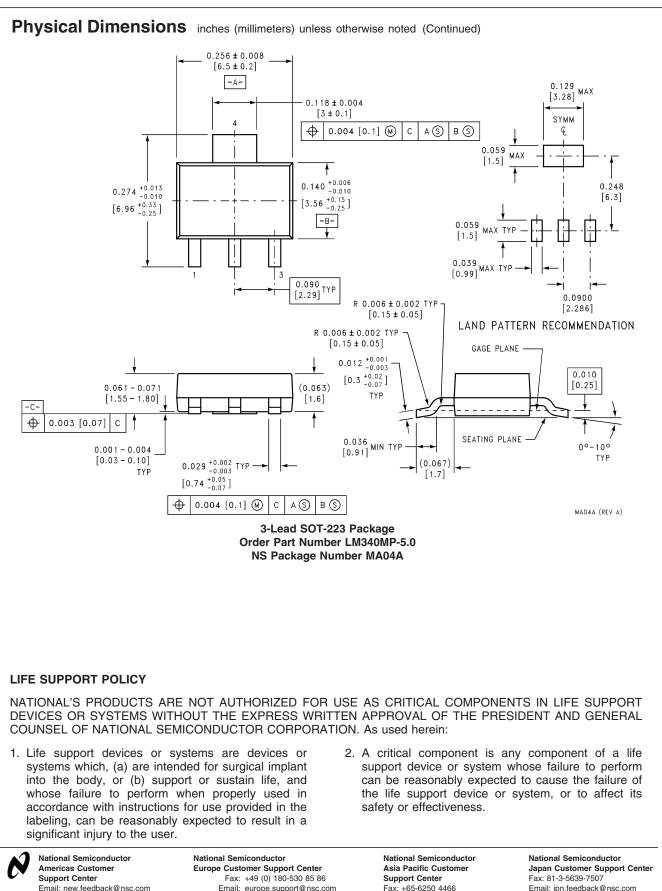






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