AGAINST LINE DISTURBANCES CHOOSE LINE CONDITIONERS ACCORDING TO IEC AND VDE SAFETY NORMS



Test & Measuring Instruments

PHILIPS



For protecting your equipment against mains transients and avoiding intermittent errors...

In all modern electronic equipment, especially where minute digital logic signals are used, mains borne transients often cause serious problems. These unwanted signals not only throw digital circuits into confusion by falsifying results, but high-voltage transients can also ruin input circuits. In particular, data memories can be inadvertently erased and valuable software programs lost. With the ever-increasing demands on mains supply networks, and the wide variety of electrical and electronic equipment in use today, a transientfree supply becomes more of a hope than a reality. In practice, energy spikes from heavy electrical appliances, such as motors, welding machines, etc. will inevitably appear in the mains supply network, and will just as inevitably introduce their quota of faults into sensitive electronics equipment. Fortunately, however, as problems worsen, solutions improve. Modern line conditions are available that will cut transients down to size. For example, if you need a sinusoidal output over a wide range of mains and load variations, with excellent protection against transients, then look no further than the Philips range of line conditioners. In addition, and this is unique, transientkilling properties can be further improved by a simple connection change, with only a slight reduction in output stability.

The units shown below offer a choice of ratings from 200 to 5000 VA and each one can be used either as a filter or as a stabilizer, by a simple wiring variation on the unit.

SPECIFICATIONS

FOR 220 V OUTPUT

| Power rating | | |
|--------------|------------|--|
| 200 VA | PE 1411/00 | |
| 400 VA | PE 1412/00 | |
| 850 VA | PE 1413/00 | |
| 1500 VA | PE 1414/00 | |
| 3000 VA | PE 1415/00 | |
| 5000 VA | PE 1416/00 | |

INPUT DATA

Input voltage 220 V nominal

220 V nominal (198 V - 242 V) (216 - 264 V)

depending on how the unit is connected.

Mains frequency

50 Hz ± 1% (1)

(1) 50/60 Hz versions available on request.

OUTPUT DATA

Stability

AS A STABILISER

• Against mains voltage variations only At mains voltage variations of 198 V to 242 V and a constant load with $\cos \Phi = 1$ 220 V + or - 1% for all models.

• For combined mains voltage variations and load variations. At mains voltage variations of 198 V to 242 V together with resistive load variations from no load to full load or vice versa :

PE 1411 + 3,0% or - 0,8% PE 1412 + 2,8% or - 1,6% PE 1413 + 2,3% or - 1,2% PE 1414 + 2,0% of - 1,0% PE 1415 + 2,3% or - 1,5% PE 1416 + 1,5% or - 0,5%

AS A FILTER

 Against mains voltage variations only.

At mains voltage variations of 198 V to 242 V (or 216 to 264 V if the unit is connected for a nominal voltage of 240 V) and a constant load with $\cos \Phi = 1$ 220 V + or - 2% for all models.

• For combined mains voltage and load variations.

At mains voltage variations of 198 to 242 V (or 216 to 264 V if applicable), together with resistive load variations from no load to full load, or from full load to no load, the output voltage is kept within the following limits :

PE 1411 + 6,0% or -2,0%PE 1412 + 4,9% or -2,5%PE 1413 + 4,5% or -2,1%PE 1413 + 4,2% or -1,8%PE 1415 + 4,5% or -2,1%PE 1416 + 4,0% or -1,0%(stability figures apply for a constant mains frequency).

Distortion

Less than 4% of its rms value (valid only if the distortion of the input voltage is less than 5% of its rms value and if its frequency is 50 Hz).

Energy reserve

10 ms

Response time Less than 30 ms.

Suppression of transients

 \geq 75 dB (see Fig. 1)

Overload protection

If a short circuit occurs in the load, the output voltage will collapse and the current will be limited to approx. 200% of the maximum rated value.

Parallel operation

The stabilizer provides galvanic separation between input and output. Parallel use of two stabilizers is permitted, even 3 phase configuration is possible.

Efficiency

| At full load better than : | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| For PE 1411 | 76% | | | |
| For PE 1412 | 81% | | | |
| For PE 1413 | 88% | | | |
| For PE 1414 | 89% | | | |
| For PE 1415 | 89% | | | |
| For PE 1416 | 90% | | | |
| | | | | |

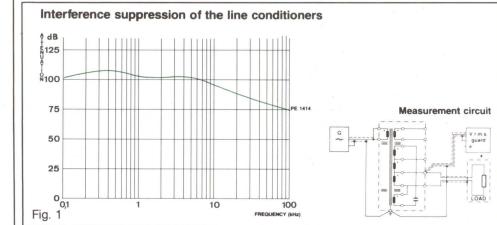
FOR 240 V INPUT/OUTPUT

In order to comply with the requirements of countries with 240 V / 50 Hz mains, Philips has developed a new range of cost-effective line conditioners valid for 240 V input and 240 V output line voltages.

Apart from the input

and the output voltages, all the other specifications mentioned on page 2 and 3 are valid for these line conditioners.

In order to avoid confusion, the table 1 page 4 gives a survey of the available models in both ranges.



Ask for line conditioners with: - optimum combination of line stability and transient suppression,

- more than 100 dB transient suppression for short pulse widths,
 - output stability of \pm 1% even for very low input voltages,
 - sinewave output with distortion lower than 4% even for square wave inputs,
 - short-circuit proof output due to automatic overload protection,
 - mean time between failure in excess of 100.000 operating hours.

| Noise level : | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Type n° | Level dBA |
| PE 1411/00/01 | ≤ 32 |
| PE 1412/00/01 | ≤ 34 |
| PE 1413/00/01 | ≤ 44 |
| PE 1414/00/01 | ≤ 48 |
| PE 1415/00/01 | ≤ 48 |
| PE 1416/00/01 | ≤ 60 |

Ambient temperature

Rated range of operation : -10° C to... $+45^{\circ}$ C.

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Philips line conditioners comply with the following safety standards :

IEC 65 safety requirements for mainsoperated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use.

IEC 348 safety requirements for electronic measuring apparatus.

IEC 435 safety requirements for data processing equipment.

VDE 0550 insulation test for transformers.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

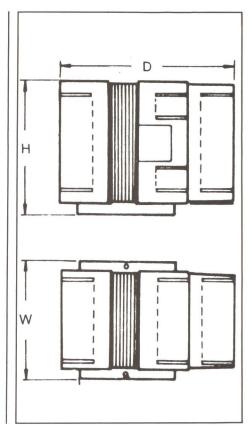
The line conditioners have been subjected to exhaustive environmental tests according to : IEC 68-2.

M.T.B.F.

100.000 operating hours at 40° C.

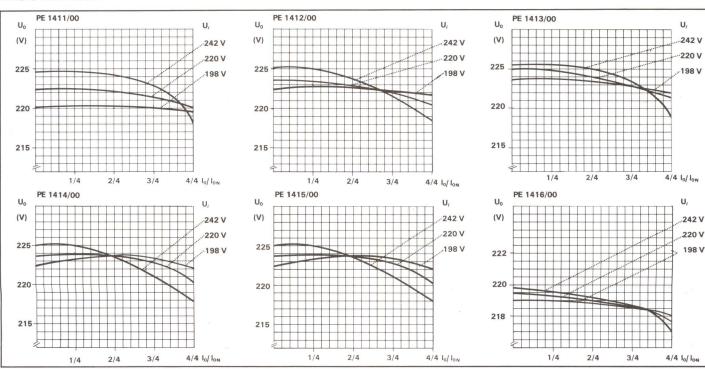
DIMENSIONS (mm)

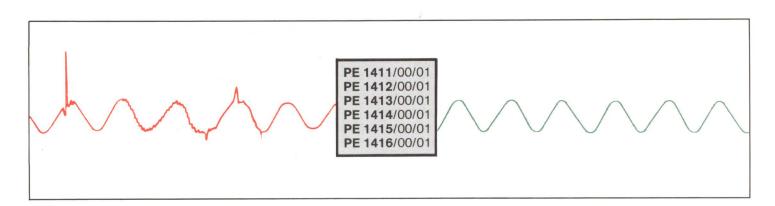
| Type n° | н | D | W | Weight kg |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| PE 1411 PE 1412 PE 1413 PE 1414 | 183 183 256 256 | 226 252 317 362 | 158 158 206 206 | 7.5 11. 21. 33. |
| PE 1414 PE 1415 PE 1416 | 293 437 | 690 672 | 206 206 360 | 65. 110. |



OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC WITH COMPENSATION

RESISTIVE LOAD





APPLICATION FIELDS

For most equipment that is sensitive to voltage variations and spikes, such as medical equipment, computers, analytical instruments, test equipment, computer peripherals, industrial robots, bank terminals, control equipment, security devices, ... effective line conditioners are a must. As seen in fig. 2, high power applications can be solved thanks to parallel

connections. However, for more sophisticated applications where 0.1% stability is required, independently of frequency, with good transient suppression, electronicmagnetic stabilizers are the obvious choice. The solution lies in the PE 1610 series, with an available output power from 1.000 VA to 10.000 VA. Finally, for cases requiring real no-break power supplies, uninterruptible systems fitted with batteries can be provided on request.

PE 1415/00/01

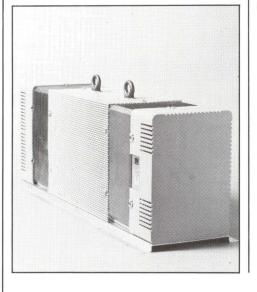
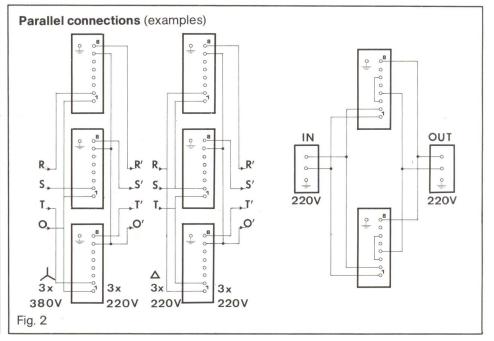
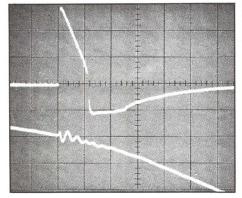


TABLE 1

| Power rating | Input voltage 220V/50Hz 240V/50Hz model number | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 200 VA 400 VA 850 VA 1500 VA 3000 VA 5000 VA | PE 1411/00 PE 1412/00 PE 1413/00 PE 1414/00 PE 1415/00 PE 1416/00 | PE 1411/01 PE 1412/01 PE 1413/01 PE 1414/01 PE 1415/01 | |



For custom designed line conditioners with other input/output voltages (or frequency), contact a Philips specialist.



Oscillogram illustrates a 3 kV fast rise time transient on top trace (1 kV/div and 80 us/div). Bottom trace with 5 V/div sensitivity illustrates the transient-killing ability of Philips line conditioners.