

TOSHIBA

TECRA M4

Portable Personal Computer

User's Manual

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*TOSHIBA TECRA M4 Portable Personal Computer User's Manual*

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## FCC information

**Product Name : TECRA M4**

**Model number : PTM40**

### FCC notice "Declaration of Conformity Information"

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



*Only peripherals complying with the FCC class B limits may be attached to this equipment. Operation with non-compliant peripherals or peripherals not recommended by TOSHIBA is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception. Shielded cables must be used between the external devices and the computer's external monitor port, USB port, i.LINK (IEEE1394) port and microphone jack. Changes or modifications made to this equipment, not expressly approved by TOSHIBA or parties authorized by TOSHIBA could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.*

### FCC conditions

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Contact

**Address:** TOSHIBA America Information Systems, Inc.  
9740 Irvine Boulevard  
Irvine, California 92618-1697

**Telephone:** (949) 583-3000

## EU Declaration of Conformity



TOSHIBA declares, that the product: PTM40\* conforms to the following Standards:

**Supplementary Information:** "The product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC, the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and/or the R&TTE Directive 1999/05/EEC."

This product is carrying the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. Responsible for CE-Marking is TOSHIBA Europe, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

## VCCI Class B Information

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスB情報技術装置です。この装置は、家庭環境で使用することを目的としていますが、この装置がラジオやテレビジョン受信機に近接して使用されると、受信障害を引き起こすことがあります。  
取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。

## Modem warning notice

### Conformity Statement

The equipment has been approved to [Commission Decision “CTR21”] for pan-European single terminal connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).

However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries/regions the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.

### Network Compatibility Statement

This product is designed to work with, and is compatible with the following networks. It has been tested to and found to conform with the additional requirements conditional in EG 201 121.

Germany	ATAAB AN005,AN006,AN007,AN009,AN010 and DE03,04,05,08,09,12,14,17
Greece	ATAAB AN005,AN006 and GR01,02,03,04
Portugal	ATAAB AN001,005,006,007,011 and P03,04,08,10
Spain	ATAAB AN005,007,012, and ES01
Switzerland	ATAAB AN002
All other countries/regions	ATAAB AN003,004

Specific switch settings or software setup are required for each network, please refer to the relevant sections of the user guide for more details.

The hookflash (timed break register recall) function is subject to separate national type approvals. It has not been tested for conformity to national type regulations, and no guarantee of successful operation of that specific function on specific national networks can be given.

## Japan regulations

### Region selection

If you are using the computer in Japan, technical regulations described in the Telecommunications Business Law require that you select the Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.



## Pursuant to FCC CFR 47, Part 68:

When you are ready to install or use the modem, call your local telephone company and give them the following information:

- The telephone number of the line to which you will connect the modem
- The registration number that is located on the device. The FCC registration number of the modem will be found on either the device which is to be installed, or, if already installed, on the bottom of the computer outside of the main system label.
- The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of the modem, which can vary. For the REN of your modem, refer to your modem's label.

The modem connects to the telephone line by means of a standard jack called the USOC RJ11C.

## Type of service

Your modem is designed to be used on standard-device telephone lines. Connection to telephone company-provided coin service (central office implemented systems) is prohibited. Connection to party lines service is subject to state tariffs. If you have any questions about your telephone line, such as how many pieces of equipment you can connect to it, the telephone company will provide this information upon request.

## Telephone company procedures

The goal of the telephone company is to provide you with the best service it can. In order to do this, it may occasionally be necessary for them to make changes in their equipment, operations, or procedures. If these changes might affect your service or the operation of your equipment, the telephone company will give you notice in writing to allow you to make any changes necessary to maintain uninterrupted service.

## If problems arise

If any of your telephone equipment is not operating properly, you should immediately remove it from your telephone line, as it may cause harm to the telephone network. If the telephone company notes a problem, they may temporarily discontinue service. When practical, they will notify you in advance of this disconnection. If advance notice is not feasible, you will be notified as soon as possible. When you are notified, you will be given the opportunity to correct the problem and informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC. In the event repairs are ever needed on your modem, they should be performed by TOSHIBA Corporation or an authorized representative of TOSHIBA Corporation.

## Disconnection

If you should ever decide to permanently disconnect your modem from its present line, please call the telephone company and let them know of this change.

## Fax branding

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 makes it unlawful for any person to use a computer or other electronic device to send any message via a telephone fax machine unless such message clearly contains in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of the transmission, the date and time it is sent and an identification of the business, other entity or individual sending the message and the telephone number of the sending machine or such business, other entity or individual. In order to program this information into your fax modem, you should complete the setup of your fax software before sending messages.

## Instructions for IC CS-03 certified equipment

1. The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements document(s). The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection.

The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations. Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe systems, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.



*Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.*

2. The user manual of analog equipment must contain the equipment's Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) and an explanation notice similar to the following:

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of the modem, which can vary. For the REN of your modem, refer to your modem's label.



*The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.*

3. The standard connecting arrangement (telephone jack type) for this equipment is jack type(s): USOC RJ11C.

The IC registration number of the modem is shown below.

Canada: 1353A-L4AINT

## Notes for Users in Australia and New Zealand

### Modem warning notice for Australia

Modems connected to the Australian telecoms network must have a valid Austel permit. This modem has been designed to specifically configure to ensure compliance with Austel standards when the country/region selection is set to Australia. The use of other country/region setting while the modem is attached to the Australian PSTN would result in you modem being operated in a non-compliant manner. To verify that the country/region is correctly set, enter the command ATl which displays the currently active setting.

To set the country/region permanently to Australia, enter the following command sequence:

```
AT%TE=1
ATS133=1
AT&F
AT&W
AT%TE=0
ATZ
```

Failure to set the modem to the Australia country/region setting as shown above will result in the modem being operated in a non-compliant manner. Consequently, there would be no permit in force for this equipment and the Telecoms Act 1991 prescribes a penalty of \$12,000 for the connection of non-permitted equipment.

## Notes for use of this device in New Zealand

- The grant of a Telepermit for a device in no way indicates Telecom acceptance of responsibility for the correct operation of that device under all operating conditions. In particular the higher speeds at which this modem is capable of operating depend on a specific network implementation which is only one of many ways of delivering high quality voice telephony to customers. Failure to operate should not be reported as a fault to Telecom.
- In addition to satisfactory line conditions a modem can only work properly if:
  - a/ it is compatible with the modem at the other end of the call and.
  - b/ the application using the modem is compatible with the application at the other end of the call - e.g., accessing the Internet requires suitable software in addition to a modem.
- This equipment shall not be used in any manner which could constitute a nuisance to other Telecom customers.
- Some parameters required for compliance with Telecom's PTC Specifications are dependent on the equipment (PC) associated with this modem. The associated equipment shall be set to operate within the following limits for compliance with Telecom Specifications:
  - a/ There shall be no more than 10 call attempts to the same number within any 30 minute period for any single manual call initiation, and
  - b/ The equipment shall go on-hook for a period of not less than 30 seconds between the end of one attempt and the beginning of the next.
  - c/ Automatic calls to different numbers shall be not less than 5 seconds apart.
- Immediately disconnect this equipment should it become physically damaged, and arrange for its disposal or repair.
- The correct settings for use with this modem in New Zealand are as follows:
  - ATB0 (CCITT operation)
  - AT&G2 (1800 Hz guard tone)
  - AT&P1 (Decadic dialing make-break ratio =33%/67%)
  - ATS0=0 (not auto answer)
  - ATS6=4 (Blind dial delay)
  - ATS7=less than 90 (Time to wait to carrier after dialing)
  - ATS10=less than 150 (loss of carrier to hangup delay, factory default of 15 recommended)
  - ATS11=90 (DTMF dialing on/off duration=90 ms)
  - ATX2 (Dial tone detect, but not (U.S.A.) call progress detect)

- When used in the Auto Answer mode, the S0 register must be set with a value of 3 or 4. This ensures:
  - a person calling your modem will hear a short burst of ringing before the modem answers. This confirms that the call has been successfully switched through the network.
  - caller identification information (which occurs between the first and second ring cadences) is not destroyed.
- The preferred method of dialing is to use DTMF tones (ATDT...) as this is faster and more reliable than pulse (decadic) dialing. If for some reason you must use decadic dialing, your communications program must be set up to record numbers using the following translation table as this modem does not implement the New Zealand "Reverse Dialing" standard.

Number to be dialed: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Number to program into computer: 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Note that where DTMF dialing is used, the numbers should be entered normally.
- The transmit level from this device is set at a fixed level and because of this there may be circumstances where the performance is less than optimal. Before reporting such occurrences as faults, please check the line with a standard Telepermitted telephone, and only report a fault if the phone performance is impaired.
- It is recommended that this equipment be disconnected from the Telecom line during electrical storms.
- When relocating the equipment, always disconnect the Telecom line connection before the power connection, and reconnect the power first.
- This equipment may not be compatible with Telecom Distinctive Alert cadences and services such as FaxAbility.

**NOTE THAT FAULT CALLOUTS CAUSED BY ANY OF THE ABOVE CAUSES MAY INCUR A CHARGE FROM TELECOM**

## General conditions

As required by PTC 100, please ensure that this office is advised of any changes to the specifications of these products which might affect compliance with the relevant PTC Specifications.

The grant of this Telepermit is specific to the above products with the marketing description as stated on the Telepermit label artwork. The Telepermit may not be assigned to other parties or other products without Telecom approval.

A Telepermit artwork for each device is included from which you may prepare any number of Telepermit labels subject to the general instructions on format, size and color on the attached sheet.

The Telepermit label must be displayed on the product at all times as proof to purchasers and service personnel that the product is able to be legitimately connected to the Telecom network.

The Telepermit label may also be shown on the packaging of the product and in the sales literature, as required in PTC 100.

The charge for a Telepermit assessment is \$337.50. An additional charge of \$337.50 is payable where an assessment is based on reports against non-Telecom New Zealand Specifications. \$112.50 is charged for each variation when submitted at the same time as the original.

An invoice for \$NZ1237.50 will be sent under separate cover.

## Description on Laser specification

The optical drive such as DVD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive and DVD Super Multi drive that is used in this computer is equipped with laser. The classification label with the following sentence is affixed to the surface of the drive.

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

LASER KLASSE 1

LUOKAN 1 LASERLAITE

APPAREIL A LASER DE CLASSE 1

KLASS 1 LASER APPARAT

The drive with the above label is certified by the manufacturer that the drive complies with the requirement for laser product on the date of manufacturing pursuant to article 21 of Code of Federal Regulations by the United States of America, Department of Health & Human Services, Food and Drug Administration.

In other countries, the drive is certified to comply with the requirement pursuant to IEC 825 and EN60825 on class 1 laser product.

This computer is equipped with the optical drive in the following list according to the model.

Manufacturer	Type
TSST	SD-C2712
TEAC	DV-28EN
MATSUSHITA	UJDA760
TEAC	DW-224EB
MATSUSHITA	UJ-830
MATSUSHITA	UJ-831
MATSUSHITA	UJ-840
TEAC	DV-W28EA



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# Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the TECRA M4 computer. This powerful notebook computer provides excellent expansion capability, including multimedia devices, and it is designed to provide years of reliable, high-performance computing.

This manual tells how to set up and begin using your TECRA M4 computer. It also provides detailed information on configuring your computer, basic operations and care, using optional devices and troubleshooting.

If you are a new user of computers or if you're new to portable computing, first read over the *Introduction* and *The Grand Tour* chapters to familiarize yourself with the computer's features, components and accessory devices. Then read *Getting Started* for step-by-step instructions on setting up your computer.

If you are an experienced computer user, please continue reading the preface to learn how this manual is organized, then become acquainted with this manual by browsing through its pages. Be sure to look over the *Special features* section of the Introduction, to learn about features that are uncommon or unique to the computers and carefully read *HW Setup*.

If you are going to install PC cards or connect external devices such as a monitor, be sure to read Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

## Manual contents

This manual is composed of the following ten chapters, eight appendixes, a glossary and an index.

Chapter 1, *Introduction*, is an overview of the computer's features, capabilities, and options.

Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, identifies the components of the computer and briefly explains how they function.

Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, provides a quick overview of how to begin operating your computer and gives tips on safety and designing your work area.

Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*, includes instructions on using the following devices: TOSHIBA Pointing Device, Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen, USB floppy disk drive, changing to the Tablet mode, changing the screen orientation, changing to the laptop mode, changing Slim Select Bay modules, optical media drives, Sound System, Modem, Wireless communication features and LAN. It also provides tips on care of the computer, floppy disks and CD/DVDs.

Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, describes special keyboard functions including the keypad overlay and hot keys.

Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, gives details on the computer's power resources and battery save modes and how to set a password.

Chapter 7, *HW Setup*, explains how to configure the computer using the HW Setup program.

Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, describes the optional hardware available.

Chapter 9, *Troubleshooting*, provides helpful information on how to perform some diagnostic tests, and suggests courses of action if the computer doesn't seem to be working properly.

Chapter 10 *Disclaimers* provides disclaimer information related to your computer.

The *Appendixes* provide technical information about your computer.

The *Glossary* defines general computer terminology and includes a list of acronyms used in the text.

The *Index* quickly directs you to the information contained in this manual.

## Conventions

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

### Abbreviations

On first appearance, and whenever necessary for clarity, abbreviations are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example: Read Only Memory (ROM). Acronyms are also defined in the Glossary.

### Icons

Icons identify ports, dials, and other parts of your computer. The indicator panel also uses icons to identify the components it is providing information on.

### Keys

The keyboard keys are used in the text to describe many computer operations. A distinctive typeface identifies the key top symbols as they appear on the keyboard. For example, **Enter** identifies the Enter key.

## Key operation

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus sign (+). For example, **Ctrl + C** means you must hold down **Ctrl** and at the same time press **C**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

**ABC**

When procedures require an action such as clicking an icon or entering text, the icon's name or the text you are to type in is represented in the type face you see to the left.

## Display



**ABC**

Names of windows or icons or text generated by the computer that appears on its display screen is presented in the type face you see to the left.

## Messages

Messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each type of message is identified as shown below.



*Pay attention! A caution informs you that improper use of equipment or failure to follow instructions may cause data loss or damage your equipment.*



*Please read. A note is a hint or advice that helps you make best use of your equipment.*



*Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.*



# General Precautions

TOSHIBA computers are designed to optimize safety, minimize strain and withstand the rigors of portability. However, certain precautions should be observed to further reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the computer.

Be certain to read the general precautions below and to note the cautions included in the text of the manual.

## Stress injury

Carefully read the *Instruction Manual for Safety & Comfort*. It contains information on prevention of stress injuries to your hands and wrists that can be caused by extensive keyboard use. Chapter 3, [Getting Started](#), also includes information on work space design, posture and lighting that can help reduce physical stress.

## Heat injury

- Avoid prolonged physical contact with the computer. If the computer is used for long periods, its surface can become very warm. While the temperature will not feel hot to the touch, if you maintain physical contact with the computer for a long time (if you rest the computer on your lap, or if you keep your hands on the palm rest, for example) your skin might suffer low-heat injury.
- If the computer has been used for a long time, avoid direct contact with the metal plate supporting the I/O ports. It can become hot.
- The surface of the AC adaptor can become hot when in use. This condition does not indicate a malfunction. If you need to transport the AC adaptor, disconnect it and let it cool before moving it.
- Do not lay the AC adaptor on a material that is sensitive to heat. The material could be damaged.

## Pressure or impact damage

Do not apply heavy pressure to the computer or subject it to strong impact. Excessive pressure or impact can cause damage to computer components or otherwise cause malfunctions.

## PC card overheating

Some PC cards can become hot with prolonged use. Overheating of a PC card can result in errors or instability in the PC card operation. Also be careful when you remove a PC card that has been used for a long time.

## Mobile phone

Use of mobile phones can interfere with the audio system. Computer operation is not impaired but it is recommended that a distance of 30 cm be maintained between the computer and a mobile phone in use.

## Introduction

This chapter provides an equipment checklist, and it identifies the computer's features, options and accessories.



*Some of the features described in this manual may not function properly if you use an operating system that was not preinstalled by TOSHIBA.*

## Equipment checklist

Carefully unpack your computer. Save the box and packing materials for future use.

### Hardware

Check to make sure you have all the following items:

- TECRA M4 Portable Personal Computer
- AC adaptor and power cord (2-pin plug or 3-pin plug)
- USB floppy disk drive (Provided with some models)
- Spare AccuPoint (pointing device) caps
- Battery pack (It is already installed in this computer)
- Tablet PC Pen
- Reserve Pen (Provided with some models)



- *Tablet PC Pen is included in the carton of pen set with the product when purchased. Spare pen tip and draw-out tool are also included in the carton.*
- *Reserve Pen is included in the carton of pen set with the product when purchased.*

## Software

### **Microsoft® Windows XP Tablet PC Edition**

- The following software is preinstalled:
  - Microsoft® Windows XP Tablet PC Edition
  - Microsoft Internet Explorer
  - TOSHIBA Utilities
  - TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility
  - DVD Video Player
  - TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device Utility
  - TOSHIBA Power Saver
  - TOSHIBA Mobile Extension
  - TOSHIBA Assist
  - TOSHIBA ConfigFree
  - TOSHIBA Zooming Utility
  - TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool
  - TOSHIBA Controls
  - TOSHIBA Mic Effect
  - TOSHIBA Rotation Utility
  - TOSHIBA Tablet Access code Logon Utility
  - TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities
  - TOSHIBA Common Modules
  - Online manual

## Documentation

- *TECRA M4 Portable Personal Computer User's Manual*
- Microsoft Windows XP Tablet PC Edition manual package
- *Instruction Manual for Safety & Comfort*
- End User License Agreement

If any of the items are missing or damaged, contact your dealer immediately.

## Features

The computer uses TOSHIBA's advanced Large Scale Integration (LSI), Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) technology extensively to provide compact size, minimum weight, low power usage, and high reliability. This computer incorporates the following features and benefits:

## Processor\*2

<b>Built-in</b>	The computer is equipped with an Intel® processor. Intel® Pentium® M processor, which incorporates a 2 MB level 2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep™ technology.
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*Some models of the computers carry Intel® Centrino™ technology, which is based on three separate technologies of Intel® Pentium® M, Intel® PRO/ Wireless Network Connection, and Intel® 915 Chipset Family.*

### Disclaimer (CPU)

Central Processing Unit (“CPU”) Performance Disclaimer.

CPU performance in your computer product may vary from specifications under the following conditions:

- use of certain external peripheral products
- use of battery power instead of AC power
- use of certain multimedia, computer generated graphics or video applications
- use of standard telephone lines or low speed network connections
- use of complex modeling software, such as high end computer aided design applications
- use of several applications or functionalities simultaneously
- use of computer in areas with low air pressure (high altitude >1,000 meters or >3,280 feet above sea level)
- use of computer at temperatures outside the range of 5°C to 30°C (41°F to 86°F) or >25°C (77°F) at high altitude (all temperature references are approximate and may vary depending on the specific computer model - please refer to your PC documentation or visit the Toshiba website at [www.pcsupport.toshiba.com](http://www.pcsupport.toshiba.com) for details).

CPU performance may also vary from specifications due to design configuration.

Under some conditions, your computer product may automatically shut-down. This is a normal protective feature designed to reduce the risk of lost data or damage to the product when used outside recommended conditions. To avoid risk of lost data, always make back-up copies of data by periodically storing it on an external storage medium. For optimum performance, use your computer product only under recommended conditions. Read additional restrictions under “Environmental Conditions” in your PC documentation. Contact Toshiba technical service and support, refer to [TOSHIBA support](#) section in Chapter 9 Troubleshooting for more information.

## Memory

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<b>Slots</b>	The slot accepts a 256, 512 or 1,024 MB memory module. 256, 512 or 1,024 MB memory modules can be installed in the two memory slots for a maximum of 2,048 MB system memory.
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<b>Video RAM</b>	Part of system memory is used for Video RAM. 64 or 128 MB of RAM is provided for video display.
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## Power

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<b>Battery pack*15</b>	The computer is powered by one rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack.
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### **Disclaimer (Battery Life)**

Battery life may vary considerably depending on product model, configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized, as well as the natural performance variations produced by the design of individual components. Published battery life numbers are achieved on select models and configurations tested by Toshiba at the time of publication. Recharge time varies depending on usage. Battery may not charge while computer is consuming full power. After a period of time, the battery will lose its ability to perform at maximum capacity and will need to be replaced. This is normal for all batteries. To purchase a new battery pack, see the accessories information that shipped with your computer.

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<b>RTC battery</b>	The internal RTC battery backs up the Real Time Clock (RTC) and calendar.
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<b>AC adaptor</b>	<p>The AC adaptor provides power to the system and recharges the batteries when they are low. It comes with a detachable power cord. It encloses 2-pin or 3-pin plug type.</p> <p>Because it is universal, it can receive a range of AC voltage from 100 to 240 volts; however, the output current varies among different models. Using the wrong model can damage your computer. Refer to the <a href="#">AC adaptor</a> section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.</p>
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## Disks

<b>Hard disk drive *4</b>	Available in three sizes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 40.0 billion bytes (37.26 GB)</li> <li>■ 60.0 billion bytes (55.89 GB)</li> <li>■ 80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB)</li> </ul>
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### Disclaimer (HDD Drive Capacity)

1 Gigabyte (GB) means  $1000 \times 1000 \times 1000 = 1,000,000,000$  bytes using powers of 10. The computer operating system, however, reports storage capacity using powers of 2 for the definition of 1 GB =  $1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 = 1,073,741,824$  bytes, and therefore may show less storage capacity. Available storage capacity will also be less if the product includes one or more pre-installed operating systems, such as Microsoft Operating System and/or pre-installed software applications, or media content. Actual formatted capacity may vary.

<b>USB floppy disk drive</b>	Accommodates either 3 1/2" 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks. It connects to a USB port. Provided with some models.
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*Computers in this series can be configured with an optical media drive installed in the Slim Select Bay. The available optical media drives are described below.*

<b>DVD-ROM drive</b>	Some models are equipped with a full-size, DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CDs or 12cm (4.72") DVDs without using an adaptor. It runs DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. The drive supports the following formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ DVD-ROM</li> <li>■ DVD-Video</li> <li>■ CD-DA</li> <li>■ CD-Text</li> <li>■ Photo CD™ (single/multi-session)</li> <li>■ CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2</li> <li>■ CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)</li> <li>■ Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)</li> <li>■ Addressing Method 2</li> </ul>
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**DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive**

Some models are equipped with a full-size, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R and CD-RW at maximum 24 speed. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVD-ROM drive.

- CD-R
- CD-RW

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**DVD Super Multi drive**

Some models are equipped with a full-size DVD Super Multi drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at maximum 24 speed, CD-RW at maximum 10 speed, DVD-R and DVD+R at maximum 8 speed, DVD-RW and DVD+RW at maximum 4 speed, DVD-RAM at maximum 3 speed. This drive supports the following formats in addition to DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive.

- DVD-R
- DVD-RW
- DVD-RAM
- DVD+R
- DVD+RW

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**DVD Super Multi drive Double Layer**

Some models are equipped with a full-size DVD Super Multi drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at up to 24 speed, CD-RW at up to 10 speed, DVD-R and DVD+R at maximum 8 speed, DVD+R DL at maximum 2.4 speed, DVD-RW and DVD+RW at maximum 4 speed, DVD-RAM at maximum 3 speed. This drive supports the same formats as the DVD Super Multi drive.

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**Display**

The computer's LCD display panel supports high-resolution video graphics. The LCD screen can be set at a wide range of viewing angles for maximum comfort and readability.

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<b>Built-in *1</b>	14.1" TFT LCD screen, 16 M colors, with one of the following resolutions: SXGA+, 1400 horizontal x 1050 vertical pixels.
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### **Disclaimer (LCD)**

Over a period of time, and depending on the usage of the computer, the brightness of the LCD screen will deteriorate. This is an intrinsic characteristic of LCD technology.

Maximum brightness is only available when operating in AC power mode. Screen will dim when the computer is operated on battery power and you will not be able to increase the brightness of the screen.

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<b>Graphics controller *13</b>	Graphics controller maximizes display performance. Refer to <a href="#">Display Controller and Modes</a> section in Appendix B for more information.
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### **Disclaimer (Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU"))**

Graphics processor unit ("GPU") performance may vary depending on product model, design configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized. GPU performance is only optimized when operating in AC power mode and may decrease considerably when operating in battery power mode.

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## **Keyboard**

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<b>Built-in</b>	85 keys or 86 keys, compatible with IBM® enhanced keyboard, embedded numeric overlay, dedicated cursor control,  and  keys. Refer to Chapter 5, <a href="#">The Keyboard</a> , for details.
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## **Pointing Device**

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<b>Built-in Touch Pad</b>	A Touch Pad and control buttons in the palm rest enable control of the on-screen pointer and scrolling of windows.
<b>Built-in AccuPoint</b>	This pointer control stick, located in the center of the keyboard, provides convenient control of the cursor.

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<b>Supplied Tablet PC Pen</b>	A pen enables data entry directly through the display screen.
<b>Reserve Pen</b>	A pen enables data entry directly through the display screen. Supplied pen uses a pen instead of Tablet PC Pen at the time of loss or breakage. Some computers in the series are equipped with a Reserve Pen.

---

## **Ports**

<b>External monitor</b>	Analog VGA port supports VESA DDC2B compatible functions.
<b>Universal Serial Bus (USB 2.0)</b>	The computer has Universal Serial Bus ports that comply with the USB 2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB 1.1 standard (The ports also support USB 1.1).
<b>Docking interface</b>	This port enables connection of an optional Advanced Port Replicator III described in the <a href="#">Options</a> section.
<b>i.LINK™ (IEEE1394)</b>	This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.
<b>Infrared</b>	The serial infrared port is compatible with Infrared Data Association (IrDA 1.1) standards. It enables cableless 4 Mbps, 1.152 Mbps, 115.2 kbps, 57.6 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 19.2 kbps or 9.6 kbps data transfer with IrDA 1.1 compatible external devices.

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## **Slots**

<b>PC card</b>	The PC card slot accommodate a Type II card.
<b>SD card</b>	<p>This slot lets you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants, that use SD card flash-memory.</p> <p>You can use memory module in this slot. Refer to Chapter 8, <a href="#">Optional Devices</a>.</p>

---

## Multimedia

<b>Sound system</b>	Windows sound system compatible sound system provides internal speakers and microphone as well as jacks for an external microphone and headphone.
<b>Video-out jack (S-Video)</b>	The video out jack lets you transfer video data to external devices. Data output depends on the type of device connected to the S-Video cable.
<b>Headphone jack</b>	A 3.5 mm mini headphone jack enables connection of stereo headphones.
<b>Microphone jack</b>	A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input.

## Communications

<b>Modem</b>	An internal modem provides capability for data and fax communication. It supports V.90 (V.92). Refer to <a href="#">V.90</a> section in Appendix E. The speed of data transfer and fax depends on analog telephone line conditions. It has a modem jack for connecting to a telephone line. It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets. Both of V.90 and V.92 are supported only in USA, Canada and Australia. Only V.90 is available in other regions.
<b>LAN</b>	The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T). Refer to the <a href="#">Parts Numbers</a> section in Appendix I.  It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets.



*The LAN jack of the Tablet Multi Dock II supports Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX).*

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**Bluetooth**

Some computers in this series are equipped with Bluetooth functions. Bluetooth wireless technology eliminates the need for cables between electronic devices such as computers and printers. Bluetooth provides fast, reliable, and secure wireless communication in a small space.

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**Wireless LAN**

Some computers in this series are equipped with a Wireless LAN mini-PCI card that is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum/Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision A, B or G).

- Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a, 802.11g)
- Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b)
- Frequency Channel Selection (5 GHz: Revision A / 2.4 GHz: Revision B/G)
- Roaming over multiple channels
- Card Power Management
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on 128 bit encryption algorithm.
- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA).



- *The numerical values for display are the theoretical maximums for Wireless LAN standards. The actual values may differ.*
- *The transmission speed over the Wireless LAN and the distance over which Wireless LAN can reach may vary depending on surrounding electromagnetic environment, obstacles, access point design and configuration, and client design and software/hardware configurations. The Transmit Rate (at X Mbit/s) is the theoretical maximum speed under the IEEE802.11 (a/b/g) standard. The actual transmission speed will be lower than the theoretical maximum speed.*

<b>Wireless communication switch</b>	This switch turns the Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions on and off. Some models are equipped with Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions.
<b>Slim Select Bay Modules</b>	Slim Select Bay is a single-drive bay that accommodates a DVD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive or secondary hard disk drive or secondary battery pack. The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension enables hot insertion of modules when you are using a plug and play operating system.
<b>Security</b>	
<b>Security lock slot</b>	Connects an optional security lock to anchor the computer to a desk or other large object.
<b>Slim Select Bay lock</b>	Slim Select Bay module can be secured by Slim Select Bay lock fixed with a lock screw in the lock position. The lock screw is inserted in the unlock position when purchased.

## Special features

The following features are either unique to TOSHIBA computers or are advanced features, which make the computer more convenient to use.

<b>TOSHIBA Application button</b>	Press this button to launch application automatically. The default is the default e-mail program.
<b>Hot keys</b>	Key combinations let you quickly change the system configuration directly from the keyboard without running a system configuration program.
<b>Display automatic power off</b>	This feature automatically cuts off power to the computer's LCD display panel when there is no keyboard input for a time specified. Power is restored when any key is pressed. You can specify the time in the <i>Monitor power off</i> item of the <i>Basic Setup</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>HDD automatic power off</b>	This feature automatically cuts off power to the hard disk drive when it is not accessed for a time specified. Power is restored when the hard disk is accessed. You can specify the time in the <i>HDD power off</i> item of the <i>Basic Setup</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

<b>System automatic Standby/Hibernation</b>	This feature automatically shuts down the system in standby mode or Hibernation mode when there is no input or hardware access for a time specified. You can specify the time and select either System Standby or System hibernation in the <i>System standby and System</i> item of the <i>Basic Setup</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>Keypad overlay</b>	A ten-key pad is integrated into the keyboard. Refer to the <a href="#">Keypad overlay</a> section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for instructions on using the keypad overlay.
<b>Power on password</b>	Two levels of password security, supervisor and user, are available to prevent unauthorized access to your computer.
<b>Instant security</b>	A hot key function blanks the LCD screen and disables the computer providing data security.
<b>Intelligent power supply</b>	A microprocessor in the computer's intelligent power supply detects the battery's charge and calculates the remaining battery capacity. It also protects electronic components from abnormal conditions, such as voltage overload from an AC adaptor. You can monitor remaining battery capacity. Use the <i>Battery remaining</i> item in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>Battery save mode</b>	This feature lets you save battery power. You can specify the Power Save Mode in the <i>Profile</i> item in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>Panel power on/off</b>	This feature turns power to the computer off when the computer's LCD display panel is closed and turns it back on when the computer's LCD display panel is opened. You can specify the setting in the <i>When I close the lid</i> item of the <i>Setup Action</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>Low battery automatic hibernation</b>	When battery power is exhausted to the point that computer operation cannot be continued, the system automatically enters Hibernation and shuts down. You can specify the setting in the <i>Setup Action</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.
<b>Heat dispersal</b>	To protect from overheating, the CPU has an internal temperature sensor. If the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level, the cooling fan is turned on or the processing speed is lowered. Use the <i>Cooling Method</i> item of the <i>Basic Setup</i> tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

- Maximum Performance Turns on fan first, then if necessary lowers CPU processing speed.
- Performance Uses a combination of fan and lowering the CPU processing speed.
- Battery optimized Lowers the CPU processing speed first, then if necessary turns on the Cooling Method.

---

### Optical media drive power icon

Use this to turn the power of the optical media drive on or off. Clicking on the optical media drive icon on the taskbar will turn the power of the optical media drive on or off. If the optical media drive power is off, the disc tray will not open even if the eject button is pushed. The power of the optical media drive can be turned on using the optical media drive icon.

---

### HDD Protection

Using the acceleration sensor built in the computer, HDD Protection detects vibration, shocks, and those signs in the computer, and automatically moves the HDD (Hard Disk Drive) head to the safe position to reduce the risk of damage that could be caused to the disk by head-to-disk contact. Refer to the [Using the Hard Disk Drive \(HDD\) Protection](#) section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for details.



*This function does not guarantee that the HDD will not be damaged.*

---

### Hibernation

This feature lets you turn off the power without exiting from your software. The contents of main memory are saved to the hard disk, when you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off. Refer to the [Turning off the power](#) section in Chapter 3, Getting Started, for details.

---

### Standby

If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.

---

## Utilities

This section describes preinstalled utilities and tells how to start them. For details on operations, refer to each utility's online manual, help files or readme.txt files.

<b>TOSHIBA Power Saver</b>	To access this power savings management program, click <b>start</b> , click <b>Control Panel</b> , click <b>Performance and Maintenance</b> and select the <b>TOSHIBA Power Saver</b> icon.
<b>HW Setup</b>	This program lets you customize your hardware settings according to the way you work with your computer and the peripherals you use. To start the utility, To access this utility, click <b>start</b> , click <b>Control Panel</b> , click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select the <b>TOSHIBA HWSetup</b> icon.
<b>TOSHIBA Controls</b>	This utility has a section to let you do the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Buttons: Assign applications to the TOSHIBA Application button (default setting is the default e-mail program).</li> </ul>
<b>Fn-esse</b>	This Windows program lets you define your own "shortcut" keys to quickly launch applications and speed your work in Windows. To start the utility, click <b>start</b> , point to <b>All Programs</b> , point to <b>TOSHIBA</b> , point to <b>Utilities</b> and click <b>Fn-esse</b> .
<b>DVD Video Player</b>	The DVD Video Player is used to play DVD-Video. It has an on-screen interface and functions. Click <b>start</b> , point to <b>All Programs</b> , point to <b>InterVideo WinDVD</b> , then click <b>InterVideo WinDVD</b> .
<b>Bluetooth Stack for Windows by Toshiba</b>	This software enables communication between remote Bluetooth devices.



*Bluetooth cannot be used in models that do not have a Bluetooth module installed.*

---

<b>TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility</b>	The TOSHIBA SD memory boot utility is a utility which can create SD memory card to a boot disk. You can boot TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility from the menu bar as follows. Click <b>start</b> , point to <b>All Programs</b> , point to <b>TOSHIBA</b> , point to <b>Utilities</b> and click <b>SD Memory Boot Utility</b> .
<b>TOSHIBA Zooming Utility</b>	This utility allows you to enlarge or reduce the icon size on the desktop or the application window.
<b>RecordNow! Basic for TOSHIBA</b>	You can create CD/DVDs in several formats including audio CDs that can be played on a standard stereo CD player and data CD/DVDs to store the files and folders on your hard disk drive. This software can be used on a model with DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive and DVD Super Multi drive.
<b>TOSHIBA Assist</b>	TOSHIBA Assist is a graphical user interface that provides easy access to help and services.
<b>TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool</b>	TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool displays the basic information on PC, and the test of built-in devices can also be performed. To start TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool, click <b>start</b> , point to <b>All Programs</b> , point to <b>TOSHIBA</b> , point to <b>Utilities</b> and click <b>PC Diagnostic Tool</b> .
<b>TOSHIBA Mobile Extension</b>	This utility enables hot insertion of Slim Select Bay modules, that is, you can remove/insert Slim Select Bay modules while the computer is on. To activate this utility, select TOSHIBA Mobile Extension from TOSHIBA Assist.
<b>TOSHIBA ConfigFree</b>	TOSHIBA ConfigFree is a suite of utilities to allow easy control of communication devices and network connections. TOSHIBA ConfigFree also allows you to find communication problems and create profiles for easy switching between locations and communication networks. To start ConfigFree, click <b>start</b> , point to <b>All Programs</b> , point to <b>TOSHIBA</b> , point to <b>Networking</b> and click <b>ConfigFree</b> .
<b>TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device utility</b>	This utility has the following functions: To disable/enable Dual Pointing Device with <b>Fn + F9</b> keys. To customize the functions of Dual Pointing Device easily.

---

<b>TOSHIBA Mic Effect</b>	This utility provides you with a hands-free environment for holding mutual communication via the Internet Protocol or Local Area Network. Refer to the <a href="#">Sound System</a> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for details.
<b>TOSHIBA Password Utility</b>	This utility lets you set a password that restricts access to the computer.
<b>Sound drivers</b>	<p>A broad range of audio controls are available through the ADI sound driver, including Software Synthesize, Mic Volume, Noise Reduction and Audio Power Management.</p> <p>Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b> and click <b>Sounds</b>, click <b>Speed and Audio Devices</b>, click <b>SoundMAX</b> icon to change the Mic Noise Reduction settings and the Power Management settings. If you are viewing the Control Panel in Category View, click on <b>Switch to Classic View</b>.</p> <p>For other sound settings, use the Windows Device Manager, Multimedia Panel or Volume Dial.</p>
<b>TOSHIBA Accessibility</b>	This utility lets you make the <b>F<sub>n</sub></b> key sticky, that is, you can press it once, release it, and they press an “ <b>F number</b> ” key. The <b>F<sub>n</sub></b> key remains active until another key is pressed.
<b>DLA for TOSHIBA</b>	DLA (Drive Letter Access) is the packet writing software which provides the function which writes files and/or folders to DVD-RW, CD-RW and DVD+RW discs via a drive letter like a floppy disk or other removable disks.
<b>TOSHIBA Hotkey Utility for Display Devices</b>	This utility has the change of a display device, and the function to change display resolution. Press <b>F<sub>n</sub> + F5</b> to change the active display device. Press <b>F<sub>n</sub> + Space</b> keys to change the display resolution.
<b>TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format</b>	This utility has the function which formats SD memory card by SD standard format.
<b>CD/DVD Drive Acoustic Silencer</b>	<p>This utility has the function to set up the read speed of CD. It is ineffective in DVD.</p> <p>You can set up one of the modes: [Normal Mode] can read data early, and [Quiet Mode] can lessen noise.</p>

---

<b>TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities</b>	<p>When TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities is enabled, you can invoke the Start menu, switch active windows or launch predefined applications by shaking the computer vertically or horizontally, or tilting it.</p> <p>You can boot TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities from the menu bar as follows.</p> <p>Click <b>start</b>, click <b>All Programs</b>, click <b>TOSHIBA</b>, click <b>Tablet PC</b> and <b>Setup for TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities</b>.</p> <p>The Setting of TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities screen appears.</p>
<b>TOSHIBA Tablet Access Code Logon Utility</b>	<p>This utility allows you to logon to the system. If a password has been set, a dialog box with a prompt (e.g. <b>Password=</b>) appears when you turn the power on. If the system is in Tablet mode, you can enter a password by clicking on keys of the soft keyboard with the Tablet PC Pen.</p>

## Options

You can add a number of options to make your computer even more powerful and convenient to use. The following options are available:

<b>Memory expansion</b>	A 256, 512 or 1,024 MB memory module (DDR2 533) can easily be installed in the computer.
<b>Battery Pack</b>	An additional battery pack can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use it as a spare or replacement.
<b>Universal AC Adaptor</b>	If you use your computer at more than one site frequently, it may be convenient to purchase an additional AC adaptor for each site so you will not have to carry the adaptor with you.
<b>Battery Charger</b>	The battery charger lets you charge extra batteries outside the computer.
<b>Security lock</b>	A slot is available to attach a security cable to the computer to deter theft.
<b>USB FDD Kit</b>	USB floppy disk drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disk. It connects to a USB port. (You cannot format 720-kilobyte floppy disks on Windows XP, but you can use previously formatted disks.)

---

**Advanced Port Replicator III**

The Advanced Port Replicator III provides the ports available on the computer in addition to separate PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard ports, a digital visual interface (DVI) port, i.LINK™ (IEEE1394) port, line-in jack and line-out jack, External monitor port, Universal Serial Bus port (USB2.0) × 4, LAN jack, Modem jack, Serial port, Parallel port.

---



*The TECRA M4 does not support the PS/2 port and Serial port on the Advanced Port Replicator III.*

---

**Tablet Multi Dock II**

The Tablet Multi Dock II provides the ports available on computer in addition to separate lineout jack, External monitor port, Universal Serial Bus port × 3, LAN jack and Slim Select Bay module.

---



*The LAN jack of the Tablet Multi Dock II supports Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX).*

---

**External Tablet Dock Plate**

External Tablet Dock Plate is a plate for exchange of the front plate of the Tablet Multi Dock. In order to connect this computer to the Tablet Multi Dock, exchange the front plate and this plate of the Tablet Multi Dock. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.

---

**Tablet PC Pen**

Tablet PC Pen can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use it as a spare to your computer. Spare pen tip and draw-out tool are included.

---

**Reserve Pen**

Reserve Pen can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Supplied pen uses a pen instead of Supplied pen at the time of loss or breakage. The pen is set inside the computer, which connects a battery pack.

---

**Bluetooth 2.0 module Kit**

This option enables Bluetooth (Version 2.0) wireless communications in computers that do not have Bluetooth preinstalled. It is installed by dealers only.

---

<b>Bluetooth SD card<sup>3</sup></b>	Bluetooth SD card is an optional accessory compatible with the SD card slot of this computer. You can buy the card from TOSHIBA dealer.
<b>Bluetooth USB adaptor</b>	A Bluetooth adaptor that has a USB connector. Wireless communications can be carried out with Bluetooth-compatible equipment by connecting to the USB port of the computer. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.
<b>Mobile HDD</b>	A mobile external hard disk drive that is compatible with USB2.0. Data can be read and written by connecting to the USB port of the computer. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.

### ***Slim Select Bay options***

The following modules can be installed in the Slim Select Bay. All other modules are options.

<b>Slim Select Bay DVD Drive Kit(Black)</b>	Refer to the <a href="#">Features</a> section for details.
<b>Slim Select Bay CD-RW/DVD-ROM Drive Kit(Black)</b>	Refer to the <a href="#">Features</a> section for details.
<b>Slim Select Bay DVD Super-Multi Drive Kit</b>	Refer to the <a href="#">Features</a> section for details.
<b>Slim Select Bay HDD Adaptor(Black)</b>	An adaptor lets you install an optional HDD described in Chapter 8, <a href="#">Optional Devices</a> .
<b>HDD Kit</b>	You can increase your computer's data storage capacity with an additional 40 billion bytes (37.26 GB), 60 billion bytes (55.89 GB), 80 billion bytes (74.53 GB) and 100 billion bytes (93.16 GB) hard disk drive in the Slim Select Bay HDD Adaptor(Black).
<b>Slim Select Bay 2nd Battery Pack</b>	The secondary battery increases your computer's battery power and operating time when a main battery is also installed.



## The Grand Tour

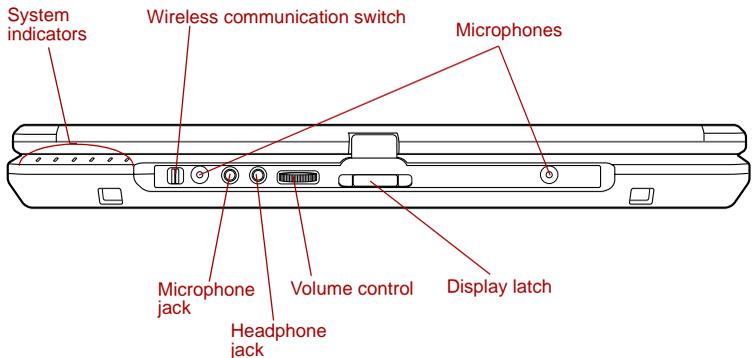
This chapter identifies the various components of your computer. Become familiar with each component before you operate the computer. \*5

### **Disclaimer (Non-applicable Icons)**

Certain notebook chassis are designed to accommodate all possible configurations for an entire product series. Your selected model may not have all the features and specifications corresponding to all of the icons or switches shown on the notebook chassis, unless you have selected all those features.

## Front with the display closed

Figure 2-1 shows the computer's front with its LCD display panel in the closed position.



*Figure 2-1 Front of the computer with LCD display panel closed*

### **System indicators**

LEDs let you monitor the status of various computer functions. Details are given in the [System indicators](#) section.



Off

On

**Wireless communication switch**

Slide this switch to the left to turn off Wireless LAN function. Slide it to the right to turn on the functions.

Some models are equipped with a Wireless communication.

---



- *Turn WiFi and Bluetooth functionalities off when near a person who may have a cardiac pacemaker implant or other medical electric device. Radio waves may affect pacemaker or medical device operation, possibly resulting in serious injury. Follow the instruction of your medical device when using any WiFi or Bluetooth functionality.*
  - *Always turn off WiFi or Bluetooth functionality if the PC is near automatic control equipment or appliances such as automatic doors or fire detectors. Radio waves can cause malfunction of such equipment, possibly resulting in serious injury.*
  - *Do not use the WiFi or Bluetooth functionalities near a microwave oven or in areas subject to radio interference or magnetic fields. Interference from a microwave oven or other source can disrupt WiFi or Bluetooth operation.*
- 



**Microphone jack**

A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input.

---



**Headphone jack**

A 3.5 mm mini headphone jack enables connection of stereo headphones.

---



**Volume control**

Use this dial to adjust the volume of the stereo speakers and the stereo headphones.

---

**Display latch**

This latch secures the LCD panel in its closed position. Push the latch to open the display.

---

**Microphones**

Built-in microphones let you record sound into your applications. Refer to the [Using the microphone](#) section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

---

## Left side

Figure 2-2 shows the computer's left side.

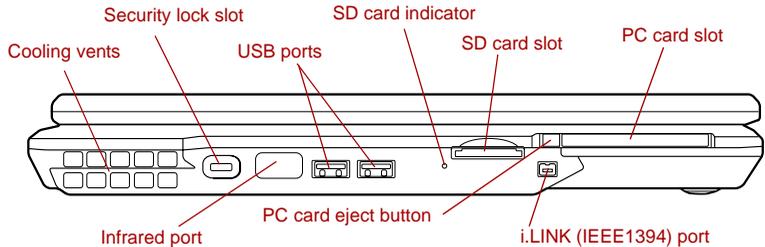


Figure 2-2 The left side of the computer

**Cooling vents** Cooling vents help CPU keep from overheating.



*Do not block the cooling vents. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.*



### Security lock slot

A security cable attaches to this slot. The optional security cable anchors your computer to a desk or other large object to deter theft.



### Universal Serial Bus (USB 2.0) ports

Two Universal Serial Bus ports are on the left side. The ports comply with the USB 2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB 1.1 standard (The ports also support USB 1.1).



*Keep foreign objects out of the USB connectors. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.*



*Operation of all functions of all USB devices has not been confirmed. Some functions might not execute properly.*

### SD card indicator

The SD card slot indicator glows green when the computer is accessing the SD card slot.



### SD card slot

SD cards are used in a wide variety of external devices. This slot lets you transfer data from the device to your computer.



Keep foreign objects out of the SD card slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



**Infrared port**

This infrared port is compatible with Infrared Data Association (IrDA 1.1) standards. It enables cableless 4 Mbps, 1.15 Mbps, 115.2 kbps, 57.6 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 19.2 kbps or 9.6 kbps data transfer with IrDA 1.1 compatible external devices.

**PC card eject button**

This is a button for taking out PC card from a PC card slot.



**PC card slot**

The PC card slot can accommodate a Type II card. The slot supports 16-bit PC cards and CardBus PC cards.



Keep foreign objects out of the PC card slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



**i.LINK (IEEE1394) port**

Connect an external device, such as a digital video camera to this port for high-speed data transfer.

## Right side

Figure 2-3 shows the computer's right side.

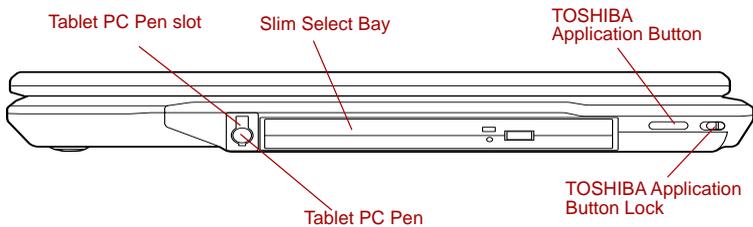
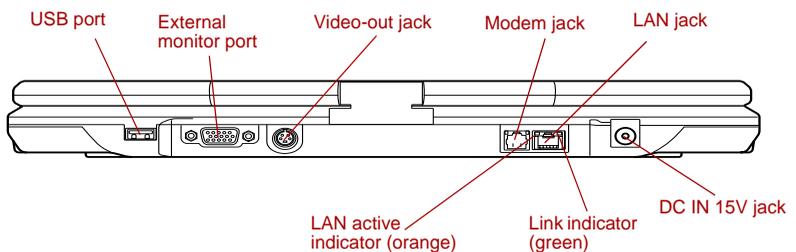


Figure 2-3 The right side of the computer

<b>Tablet PC Pen</b>	Pen is contained in the right hand side. A pen enables data entry directly through display screen. Refer to the <a href="#">Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen</a> section Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
<b>Tablet PC Pen slot</b>	This Tablet PC Pen slot is contained of a Tablet PC Pen.
<b>Slim Select Bay</b>	A DVD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive, secondary hard disk drive or secondary battery pack can be installed in the Slim Select Bay.
	<p><b>TOSHIBA Application Button</b></p> <p>Press this button to launch an application automatically.</p> <p>If the computer is OFF, pressing this button starts the computer and launches the associated program automatically. The default is the default e-mail program.</p>
	<p><b>TOSHIBA Application Button Lock</b></p> <p>Slide this switch in order to lock TOSHIBA Application Button. By locking, it prevents pushing TOSHIBA Application Button accidentally.</p>

## Back side

Figure 2-4 shows the computer's back side.



*Figure 2-4 The back side of the computer*



**Universal Serial Bus (USB 2.0) port**

The Universal Serial Bus port is on the back side. Refer to [Left side](#) section, for details.



**External monitor port**

This external monitor port lets you connect an external video display.



**Video-out jack**

Plug an S-Video cable into this jack for video-out. The S-Video cable carries video signal.



**Modem jack**

In areas where an internal modem is installed as standard equipment, there is a modem jack that lets you use a modular cable to connect the modem directly to a telephone line.



- *Connection to any communication line other than an analog phone line could cause a PC system failure.*
  - *Connect the built-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to the digital connector on a public telephone or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to a key telephone system for residences or offices.*
- *Never operate your PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see lightning or hear thunder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge caused by the storm, may result in a system failure, loss of data or hardware damage.*



**LAN jack**

This jack lets you connect to a LAN. The adaptor has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T). The LAN has two indicators. Refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#), for details.



- *Do not connect any cable other than a LAN cable to the LAN jack. It could cause damage or malfunction.*
- *Do not connect the LAN cable to a power supply. It could cause damage or malfunction.*

**Link indicator (green)**

This indicator glows green when the computer is connected to a LAN and the LAN is functioning properly.

**LAN active indicator (orange)** This indicator glows orange when data is being exchanged between the computer and the LAN.



**DC IN 15V jack** The AC adaptor connects to this jack. Use only the model of AC adaptor that comes with the computer. Using the wrong adaptor can damage your computer.

## Underside

Figure 2-5 shows the underside of the computer. Make sure the display is closed before turning over your computer.

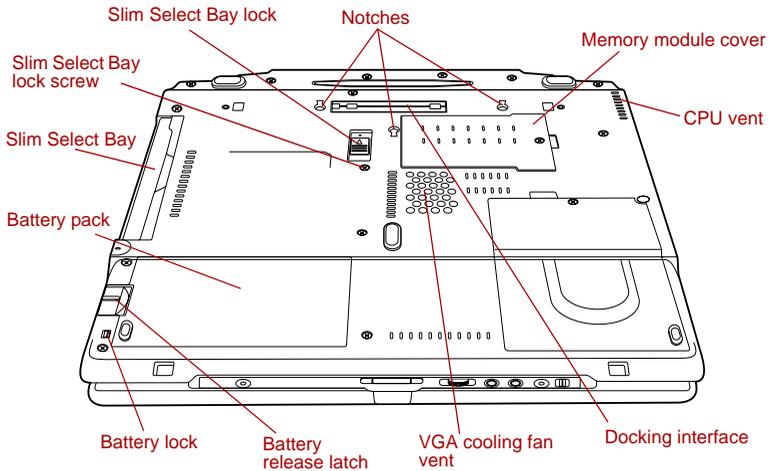


Figure 2-5 The underside of the computer



**Slim Select Bay** Refer to the [Right side](#) section in this chapter for details.



**Slim Select Bay lock** Slide the lock to release or secure the Slim Select Bay ejector.



*Be sure to lock the Slim Select Bay lock before you transport or carry the computer.*



**Slim Select Bay lock screw** One screw secures the Slim Select Bay lock.



**Docking interface** This port enables connection of an optional Advanced Port Replicator III and Tablet Multi Dock II described in Chapter 8, [Optional Devices](#).



*Keep foreign objects out of the docking interface port. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury. A plastic shutter protects the connector.*

**Notches** Notches on the computer engage hooks on the Advanced Port Replicator III to hold the connection securely.



**Memory module cover** This cover protects two memory module sockets, one module is preinstalled. Refer to the [Memory expansion](#) section in Chapter 8, [Optional Devices](#).



**Battery release latch** Slide and hold this latch to release the battery pack for removal.  
For detailed information on removing the battery packs, refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).



**Battery lock** Slide this lock to release the battery pack for removal.

**Battery pack** The battery pack powers the computer when the AC adaptor is not connected. For detailed information on the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).

**Reserve Pen** Reserve Pen is contained in the battery pack of Underside. Reserve Pen enables data entry directly through display screen. Refer to the [Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen Pen](#) section in Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

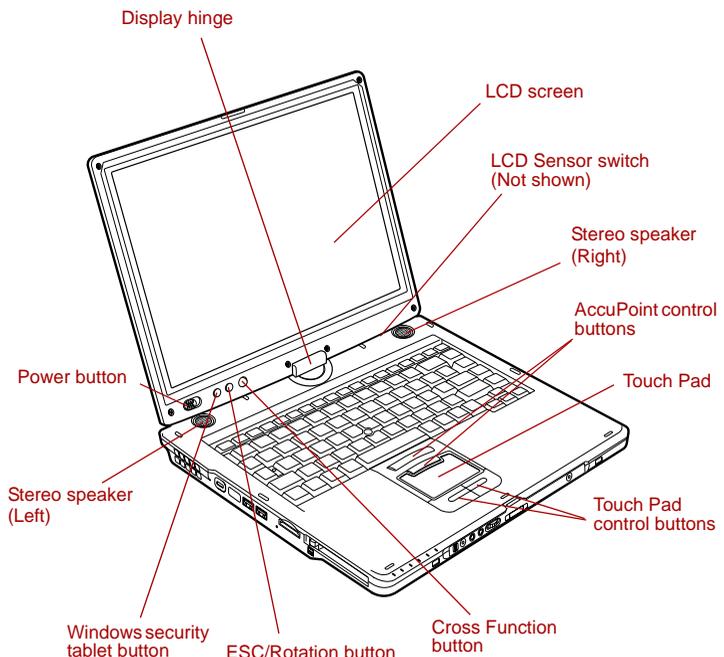
**VGA cooling fan vent** This cooling fan in takes air to cool VGA.



- When you use your computer in a dusty area, the dusts accumulate on a cooling vent at the under side of your computer. The accumulated dusts cause insufficient heat dissipation. Clean the dusts off with vacuum cleaner.
- To prevent possible overheating of the CPU, make sure the cooling fan's air intake is not blocked. The fan draws in air by creating a vacuum. If the fan is blocked, it could cause the CPU to run at a lower performance level or cause the computer to shut down. Loose items such as notebook and tissue paper, plastic wrappers, or other similar materials can block the air intake, preventing air from reaching the CPU. Do not use the computer on surfaces with objects that can be drawn in by the cooling fan.

## Front with the display open

This section shows the computer with the LCD display panel open. Refer to the appropriate illustration for details. To open the display, push the display latch on the front of the LCD display panel and lift up. Position the LCD display panel at a comfortable viewing angle.



*Figure 2-6 The front of the computer with the LCD panel open*

<b>Display hinge</b>	The display hinge holds the LCD display panel at easy-to-view angles.
<b>LCD screen</b>	<p>The LCD screen displays high-contrast text and graphics. The available resolution depends on the model. The computer's SXGA+ screen consists of 1400 × 1050 pixels. Refer to <a href="#">Display Controller and Modes</a> section in Appendix B.</p> <p>When the computer operates on the AC adaptor the LCD screen's image will be somewhat brighter than when it operates on battery power. The lower brightness level is intended to save battery power.</p>
<b>Stereo speakers</b>	The speakers emit sound generated by your software as well as audio alarms, such as low battery condition, generated by the system.
<b>Touch Pad control buttons</b>	Control buttons below the Touch Pad let you select menu items or manipulate text and graphics designated by the on-screen pointer.
<b>Touch Pad</b>	A Touch Pad located in the center of the palm rest is used to control the on-screen pointer. Refer to the <a href="#">Using the Touch Pad</a> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
<b>AccuPoint control buttons</b>	Control buttons below the keyboard let you select menu items or manipulate text and graphics designated by the on-screen pointer. Refer to the <a href="#">Using the AccuPoint</a> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
<b>AccuPoint</b>	A pointer control device located in the center of the keyboard is used to control the on-screen pointer. Refer to the <a href="#">Using the AccuPoint</a> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

**Power button**

Slide the power button to turn the computer's power on and off.

**LCD Sensor switch**

This switch senses when the computer's LCD display panel is closed or opened and activates the Panel Power Off/On feature. When you close the LCD display panel the computer enters Hibernation mode and shuts down. When you open the computer's LCD display panel the computer starts in Hibernation mode. Use the TOSHIBA Power Saver Utility to enable or disable this feature. The default is "enabled". Refer to the TOSHIBA Power Saver Utility and Panel Power Off/On items in Chapter 1, [Special features](#), for details on settings.



*Do not put a magnetic object close to the switch. The computer will automatically enter Hibernation mode and shut down even if the Panel Power Off features is disabled.*

**Windows Security tablet button**

This button functions as the same to **Ctrl + Alt + Del** keys to show Windows Task Manager.

**ESC/Rotation button**

Press this button more than one second to change the orientation of the screen. This button also functions as ESC. When Rotation Utility is running, the top and bottom of the screen are automatically recognized to change the orientation by pressing this button.

**Cross Function button**

This button functions as the same to Enter key when tapped, or shows the menu screen when pressed for more than a second.

## System indicators

LEDs beneath icons, light when various computer operations are in progress.



DC IN



Power



Battery



HDD

Slim Select  
BayWireless  
communication

*Figure 2-7 System indicators*



**DC IN**

The **DC IN** indicator glows in green when DC power is supplied from the AC power adaptor. If the adaptor's output voltage is abnormal or if the power supply malfunctions, this indicator flashes orange.



**Power**

The **Power** indicator glows in green when the computer is on. If you select **Standby** from **Shut Down Windows**, this indicator blinking orange (one second on, two seconds off) while the computer shuts down.

If the HW Setup high speed recovery function is set to "Fast", the power indicator will glow in orange.



*Depending on the settings, the high speed recovery mode may not work. Refer to the Power indicator in Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).*



**Battery**

The **Battery** indicator shows the condition of the battery's charge: Green indicates full charge, orange indicates battery charging and flashing orange indicates a low battery charge. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).



**HDD**

The **HDD** indicator glows green when the computer is accessing the built-in hard disk.



**Slim Select Bay**

The **Slim Select Bay** indicator glows in green when the computer is accessing a DVD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive and DVD Super Multi drive or secondary hard disk drive in the Slim Select Bay.

When the secondary battery is in the Slim Select Bay, the Slim Select Bay indicator glows as follows:

green : fully charged

orange : charging the battery



**Wireless communication**

The **Wireless communication** indicator glows when the wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions are turned on.

Some models are equipped with a Wireless communication.

## Keyboard indicators

The figures below show the positions of the keypad overlay indicators and the Caps Lock indicator.

When the Arrow mode indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you control the cursor.

When the Numeric mode indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you enter numbers.

When the Caps Lock indicator glows the keyboard is in all-caps mode.

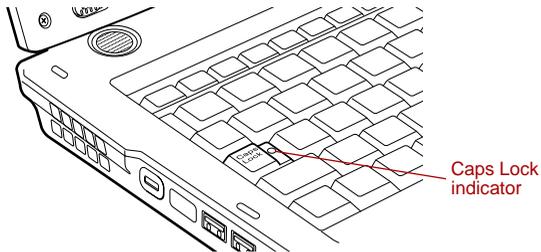


Figure 2-8 Caps Lock indicator

### Caps Lock

This indicator glows green when the alphabet keys are locked in uppercase.

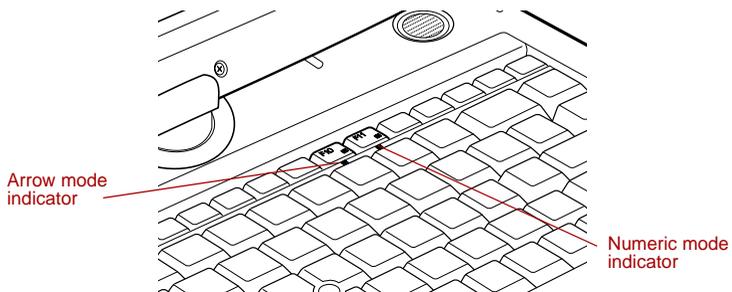


Figure 2-9 Keypad overlay indicators



### Arrow mode

When the **Arrow mode** indicator lights green, you can use the keypad overlay (gray labeled keys) as cursor keys. Refer to the [Keypad overlay](#) section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard.



### Numeric mode

You can use the keypad overlay (gray labeled keys) for numeric input when the **Numeric mode** indicator lights green. Refer to the [Keypad overlay](#) section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard.

## USB floppy disk drive

USB floppy disk drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks. It connects to the USB port. Option or provided with some models.

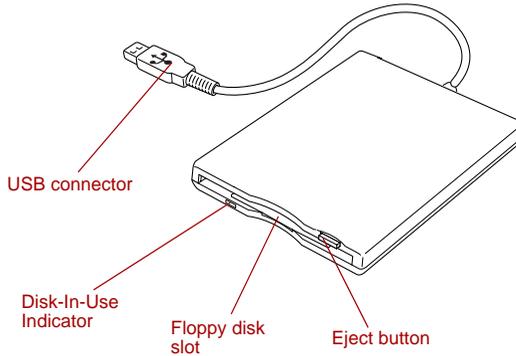


Figure 2-10 USB floppy disk drive

<b>USB connector</b>	Insert this connector to the USB port of your computer.
<b>Disk-In-Use Indicator</b>	This indicator lights when the floppy disk is being accessed.
<b>Floppy disk slot</b>	Insert a floppy disk in this slot.
<b>Eject button</b>	When a floppy disk is fully seated in the drive, the eject button pops out. To remove a floppy disk, push in the eject button and the floppy disk pops out partially for removal.



*Check the **Disk-In-Use** indicator when you use the USB floppy disk drive. Do not press the eject button or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could destroy data and damage the floppy disk or the drive.*



- *The USB floppy disk drive should be placed on a flat, horizontal surface when in use. Do not set the drive on an incline greater than 20° while it is operating.*
- *Do not set anything on top of the floppy disk drive.*

## Optical media drives

One of the following optical media drives is installed in the computer: DVD-ROM, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW and DVD Super Multi. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD, an indicator on the drive glows.

For information on loading and unloading discs refer to the [Using optical media drives](#) section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

### Region codes for DVD drives and media

DVD-ROM, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW, DVD Super Multi drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD-Video, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

Code	Region
1	Canada, United States
2	Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East
3	Southeast Asia, East Asia
4	Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean
5	Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia
6	China

### Writable discs

This section describes the types of writable CD/DVD discs. Check the specifications for your drive to for the type of discs it can write. Use RecordNow! to write compact discs. Refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

### CDs

- CD-R discs can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed.
- CD-RW discs including multi speed CD-RW discs, high-speed CD-RW discs, ultra-speed CD-RW discs can be recorded more than once.

## DVDs

- DVD-R and DVD+R discs can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed.
- DVD-RW, DVD+RW and DVD-RAM discs can be recorded more than once.

## Formats

The drives support the following formats:

- CD-ROM
- DVD -Video
- DVD-ROM
- CD-Text
- CD-DA
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2
- Photo CD™ (single/multi-session)
- Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)
- Addressing Method 2

## DVD-ROM drive

The full-size DVD-ROM drive module lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.



*The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.*

<b>DVD read</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>CD read</b>	24 speed (maximum)

## DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

The full-size DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive module lets you record data to rewritable CDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.



*The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.*

<b>DVD read</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>CD read</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-R write</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-RW write</b>	24 speed (maximum, ultra-speed media)

## DVD Super Multi drive

The full-size DVD Super Multi drive module lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.



*The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.*

<b>DVD read</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-R write</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-RW write</b>	4 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD+R write</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD+RW write</b>	4 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-RAM write</b>	3 speed (maximum)
<b>CD read</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-R write</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-RW write</b>	10 speed (maximum, Ultra-speed media)

## DVD Super Multi drive Double Layer

The full-size DVD Super Multi drive module lets you record data to rewritable CDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.



*The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.*

<b>DVD read</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-R write</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-RW write</b>	4 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD+R write</b>	8 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD+RW write</b>	4 speed (maximum)
<b>DVD-RAM write</b>	3 speed (maximum)
<b>CD read</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-R write</b>	24 speed (maximum)
<b>CD-RW write</b>	10 speed (maximum, Ultra-speed media)
<b>DVD+R DL</b>	2.4 speed (maximum)

## AC adaptor

The AC adaptor can automatically adjust to any voltage ranging from 100 to 240 volts and to a frequency of either 50 or 60 hertz, enabling you to use this computer in almost any country/region. And the adaptor converts AC power to DC power and reduces the voltage supplied to this computer.

To recharge the battery, simply connect the AC adaptor to a power source and the computer. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#) for details.

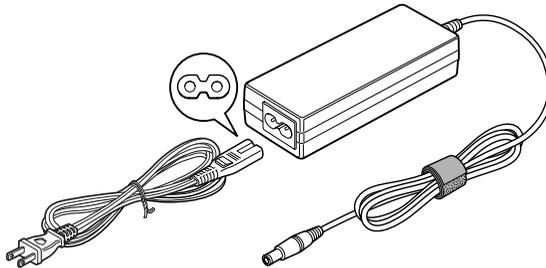


Figure 2-11 The AC adaptor (2-pin plug)

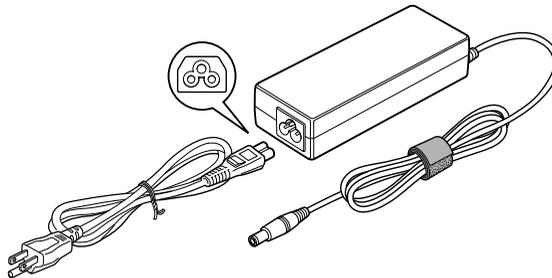


Figure 2-12 The AC adaptor (3-pin plug)



- The Universal AC Adaptor and power cord bundled with this product may differ depending on the product model. Depending on the model, a 2-pin plug or 3-pin plug set of the above may be bundled.
- Do not use a 3-pin to 2-pin conversion plug.

The supplied power cord conforms to safety rules and regulations in the region the product is bought and should not be used outside this region. For use in other regions, please buy power cords that conform to safety rules and regulations in the particular region.



*Always use the Toshiba AC adaptor that was provided with your PC and the Toshiba Battery Charger (that may have been provided with your PC), or use Toshiba recommended alternate models to avoid any risk of fire or other damage to the PC. Use of an incompatible AC adaptor or Battery Charger could cause fire or damage to the PC possibly resulting in serious injury.*



## Getting Started

This chapter provides basic information to get you started using your computer. It covers the following topics:

- Setting up your work space - for your health and safety



*Be sure also to read Instruction Manual for Safety & Comfort. This guide, which is included with the computer, explains product liability.*

- Opening the computer in Tablet mode
- Connecting the AC adaptor
- Opening the display
- Turning on the power
- Starting up for the first time
- Turning off the power
- Restarting the computer
- Creating recovery media
- Restoring the preinstalled software from the HDD
- Restoring the preinstalled software from the Recovery Media



*All users should be sure to read the section [Starting up for the first time](#).*

## Setting up your work space

Establishing a comfortable work site is important for you and your computer. A poor work environment or stressful work habits can result in discomfort or serious injury from repetitive strain to your hands, wrists or other joints. Proper ambient conditions should also be maintained for the computer's operation. This section discusses the following topics:

- General conditions
- Placement of the computer
- Seating and posture
- Lighting
- Work habits

## General conditions

In general, if you are comfortable, so is your computer, but read the following to make sure your work site provides a proper environment.

- Select a work area that has:
  - a well-designed and functioning ventilation system that does not forcefully direct air on you
  - good air circulation
  - a comfortable ambient temperature and relative humidity.
- Never place your PC where it will be exposed to excess heat, such as in direct sunlight, an unventilated vehicle or near a heater. This may result in a system failure, malfunction, loss of data or damage to PC.
- Never place your PC in a location where it will be exposed to extremely low temperatures. This may result in a system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Never subject your PC to sudden temperature variations. This may result in condensation, causing a system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Do not expose your PC to dusty environments. If dust gets inside the PC, it could cause a system failure, malfunction or loss of data. If dust contaminates the PC, do not turn on the power. Take it to an authorized Toshiba service provider before you use it.
- Never place your PC near an object that generates a magnetic field, such as a speaker or TV. Do not wear magnetic bracelets while using your PC. Exposure to magnetic fields can cause system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Never place a heavy object on the PC and be careful not to drop a heavy object onto the PC. It could damage the PC or cause system failure.
- Never use benzene, thinner or other chemicals when cleaning the PC, AC adaptor, or storage device. The use of benzene, thinner or other chemicals may result in deterioration, deformation or discoloration of those items and the loss of data.
- Make sure the AC power cord connects to an outlet that is close to the computer and easily accessible.
- The temperature should be 5 to 35 degrees Centigrade (41 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit) and the relative humidity should be 20 to 80 percent.
- Keep the computer free of dust, moisture, and exposure to direct sunlight.
- Some parts of the computer, including data storage media, can be damaged by magnets. Do not place the computer near magnetic objects or bring magnetic objects close to the computer. Be careful of objects, such as stereo speakers, that produce strong magnetic fields during operation. Also, be careful with metal objects, such as bracelets, which can be inadvertently magnetized.
- Do not operate the computer in close proximity to a mobile phone.

- Leave ample ventilation room for the fan. Do not block the vents.
- If the PC interferes with radio equipment, turn the PC power off immediately. Such interference could cause equipment malfunction.
- Never place your PC on a shaky table, uneven, tilted surface or other unstable location. Your PC may fall, causing damage to the PC or possibly injury.
- Never leave the power to your PC on continuously for more than 24 hours. Turn the power off when this product is not in use.
- Always avoid abrupt changes of temperature or humidity.
- Never place close to heat radiating appliances such as a heater.
- Never place close to corrosive chemicals.
- Never place close to magnetic field radiating appliances such as a stereo speaker.
- Always place this product on a flat surface.
- Provide a sufficient space behind the PC to allow easy adjustment of the display panel.
- Always provide sufficient space around the PC to ensure adequate ventilation.
- Always provide sufficient space for operating a mouse and other peripheral devices.

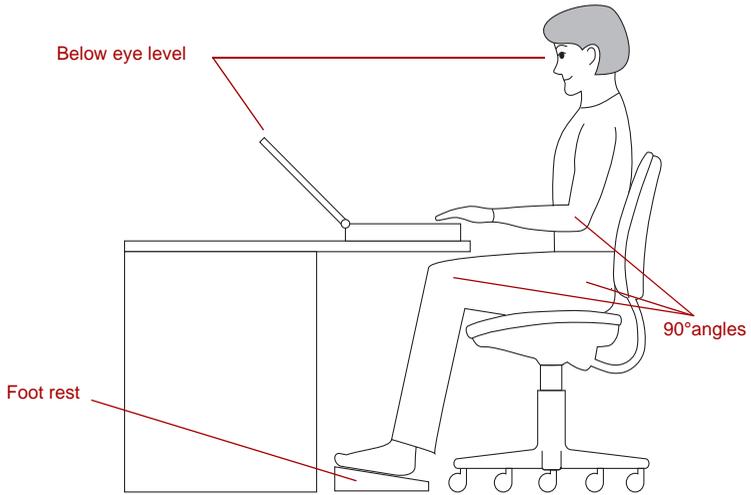
## Placement of the computer

Position the computer and peripheral devices to provide comfort and safety.

- Position your LCD display panel or place your monitor in an appropriate position to help reduce awkward postures and overhead glare. For example:
  - Position LCD directly in front of you and at a comfortable distance away.
  - Position LCD so the top of the screen is at or slightly below eye level. A display screen that is too high or too low can cause awkward postures and possibly fatigue muscles that support the head.
  - Rest your eyes periodically by focusing on objects that are farther away.
- If you use a paper holder, set it at about the same height and distance as the computer.

## Seating and posture

Maintain a comfortable working posture when using your PC where your body joints are naturally aligned to reduce stress on different parts of your body. Consider the following:



*Figure 3-1 Posture and positioning of the computer*

- Keep hands, wrists, and forearms straight, in-line and roughly parallel to the floor.
- Keep head level, or bent slightly forward, forward facing, and balanced. Generally the head is in-line with the torso.
- Keep shoulders relaxed and let upper arms hang normally at the side of the body.
- Keep elbows in close to the body and bent.
- Keep feet fully supported by floor or foot rest.
- Keep back fully supported with appropriate lumbar support when sitting vertical or leaning back slightly.
- Keep thighs and hips supported by a well-padded seat cushion and generally parallel to the floor.
- Keep knees about the same height as the hips with the feet slightly forward.

## Lighting

Select the right level of illumination and place your PC appropriately to minimize glare from overhead lights, desk lamps and windows. Glare on the LCD or monitor may cause eye strain, eye fatigue or headaches.

Consider the following suggestions regarding lighting your work environment:

- Position the PC so that the light source does not shine or reflect directly onto the display or shine or reflect directly into the eyes of the user.
- Shield the PC from direct light by using tinted windows or by installing blinds or a screen.
- Use soft, indirect lighting.
- Adjust the display panel to provide maximum visibility.

## Work habits

A key to avoiding discomfort or injury from repetitive strain is to vary your activities. If possible, schedule a variety of tasks into your workday. If you must spend long periods at the computer, finding ways to break up the routine can reduce stress and improve your efficiency.

- Sit in a relaxed posture. Good positioning of your chair and equipment as described earlier can reduce tension in your shoulders or neck and ease back strain.
- Vary your posture frequently.
- Occasionally stand up and stretch or exercise briefly.
- Exercise and stretch your wrists and hands a number of times during the day.
- Frequently, look away from the computer and focus your eyes on a distant object for several seconds, for example 30 seconds every 15 minutes.
- Take frequent short breaks instead of one or two long breaks, for example, two or three minutes every half hour.
- When you use a PC, rest your eyes periodically and relax or stretch your muscles to avoid strain. If you experience discomfort while operating the PC, stop immediately and rest. Continuous operation for long periods without adequate rest may cause pain in the arms, wrists, hands, back, neck or other parts of the body. If pain persists despite rest, consult your doctor.

A number of books are available on ergonomics and repetitive strain injury or repetitive stress syndrome. For more information on these topics or for pointers on exercises for such stress points as hands and wrists, please check with your library or book vendor. Also refer to the computer's *Instruction Manual for Safety & Comfort*.

## Strategic Rest Breaks

Take short, strategically spaced rest breaks to avoid eye strain and body discomforts.

For more specific recommendations on the safety and comfort of your computer environment, customers in the United States may visit the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety & Health Administration website at: <http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/computerworkstations/>

## Other Things to Note

- Never turn off the power while an application is running. Doing so could cause loss of data.
- Use a virus-check program and make sure it is updated regularly.
- Never turn off the power, disconnect an external storage device or remove storage media during data read/write. Doing so can cause data loss.
- Never format storage media without checking its content. Formatting destroys all stored data.
- It is a good idea to periodically back up the internal hard disk or other main storage device to external media. General storage media is not durable or stable over long periods of time and under certain conditions may result in data loss.
- Before you install a device or application, save any data in memory to the hard disk drive or other storage media. Failure to do so may result in the loss of data.

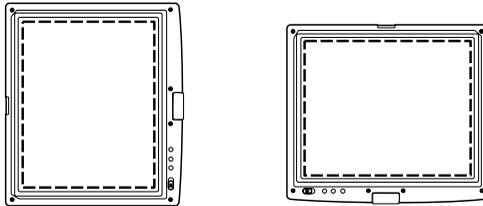
## Operating the computer in Tablet mode



*TOSHIBA TECRA M4 computer can be used in two ways; ordinary laptop PC and Tablet PC. You can use the computer as Tablet PC that is operated with attached Tablet PC Pen by turning LCD display panel in 180 degrees and closing it. This manual calls the use as an ordinary laptop PC as laptop mode, and the use as Tablet PC as Tablet mode. Refer to [Changing to the Tablet mode](#) section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics for the changing of the mode.*

- Do not block the vent.
- Do not use the computer while walking or driving a car.
- Change to laptop mode and turn off the computer before carrying. Do not carry the computer with power on or in stand by state. Do not carry the computer while DISK LED is glowing.
- Do not expose the computer with rapid temperature change (such as the case to bring the PC from cold outside into warm room). When rapid temperature change is unavoidable, turn on the computer after a couple of hours. Avoid dew condensation.
- Remove all external peripheral devices and their connection cables from the computer before carrying.

- Do not drop the computer nor apply excessive impact on the computer. Do not leave the computer in an automobile where the computer is exposed to direct sunbeam.
- Do not put the computer in Tablet mode in a bag.
- The display panel works as a touch sensitive digitizer screen. However, the outer edges of the screen may be less sensitive. Please keep the Tablet PC Pen inside the display area when you use it near the edges of the display panel. The position of the pen may not be recognized if you move the Tablet PC Pen too fast towards the outer edge. Please be sure to slide the Tablet PC Pen slowly in areas near the edges of the screen.  
Use the Table PC in the area enclosed by the dotted line as shown in the following figure.



*Figure 3-2 Use area of a Tablet PC Pen*



*Do not block the vent of the computer when holding it. If you maintain to expose your skin to the hot air released from the vent for a long time, your skin might suffer low temperature injury.*

## Connecting the AC adaptor

Attach the AC adaptor when you need to charge the battery or you want to operate from AC power. It is also the fastest way to get started, because the battery pack will need to be charged before you can operate from battery power.

The AC adaptor can be connected to any power source supplying from 100 to 240 volts and 50 or 60 hertz. For details on using the AC adaptor to charge the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).



- *Always use the Toshiba AC adaptor that was provided with your PC and the Toshiba Battery Charger (that may have been provided with your PC), or use Toshiba recommended alternate models to avoid any risk of fire or other damage to the PC. Use of an incompatible AC adaptor or Battery Charger could cause fire or damage to the PC possibly resulting in serious injury.*
- *Use only the AC adaptor supplied with your computer or an equivalent adaptor that is compatible. Use of any incompatible adaptor could damage your computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage caused by use of an incompatible adaptor.*
- *Never plug the AC adaptor or Battery Charger into a power source that does not correspond to both the voltage and the frequency specified on the regulatory label of the unit. Failure to do so could result in a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.*
- *Always use or purchase power cables that comply with the legal voltage and frequency specifications and requirements in the country of use. Failure to do so could result in a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.*
- *The supplied power cord conforms to safety rules and regulations in the region the product is bought and should not be used outside this region. For use in other regions, please buy power cords that conform to safety rules and regulations in the particular region.*
- *Do not use a 3-pin to 2-pin conversion plug.*
- *When you connect the AC adaptor to the computer, always follow the steps in the exact order as described in the User's Manual. Connecting the power cable to a live electrical outlet should be the last step otherwise the adaptor DC output plug could hold an electrical charge and cause an electrical shock or minor bodily injury when touched. As a general safety precaution, avoid touching any metal parts.*
- *Never place an AC adaptor on a wooden surface, furniture, or any other surface that could be marred by exposure to heat since the AC adaptor's surface temperature increases during normal use.*
- *Always place the PC on a suitable heat-insulating material to prevent possible heat damage.*

1. Connect the power cord to the AC adaptor.

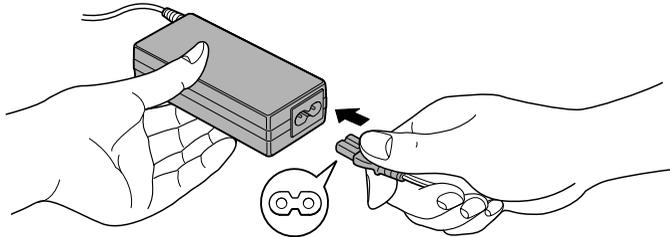


Figure 3-3 Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor (2-pin plug)

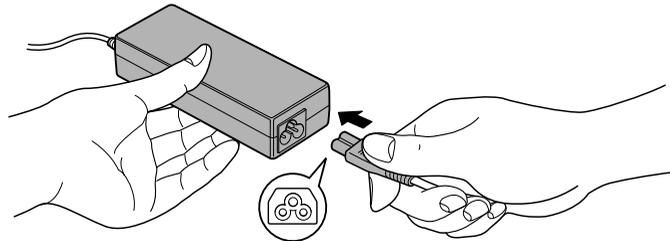


Figure 3-4 Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor (3-pin plug)



The Universal AC Adaptor and power cord bundled with this product may differ depending on the product model. Depending on the model, a 2-pin plug or 3-pin plug set of the above may be bundled.

2. Connect the AC adaptor's DC output plug to the DC IN 15V jack on the back of the computer.

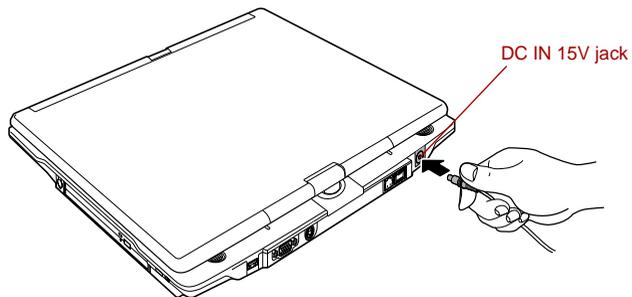


Figure 3-5 Connecting the adaptor to the computer

3. Plug the power cord into a live wall outlet. The **Battery** and **DC IN** indicators on the front of the computer should glow.

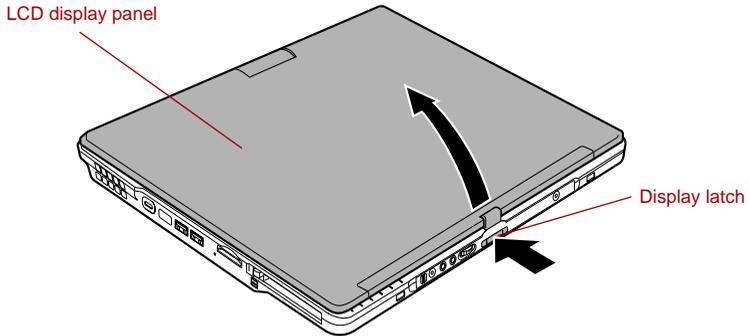
## Opening the display

The computer's LCD display panel can be rotated in a wide range of angles for optimal viewing.

1. Push down the display latch on the front of the computer to unlatch the LCD display panel.
2. While holding down the palm rest with one hand so that the main body is not raised, lift the panel slowly. Adjust the angle of the panel to provide optimal clarity.



*Use reasonable care when opening and closing the LCD display panel. Opening it vigorously or slamming it shut could damage the computer.*



*Figure 3-6 Opening the LCD display panel*

## Turning on the power

This section describes how to turn on the power.

The Power button LED indicates the status. Refer to the [Power indicators](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes.



- *After you turn on the power for the first time, do not turn it off until you have set up the operating system. Refer to the section [Starting up for the first time](#).*
- *If the USB floppy disk drive is connected, make sure it is empty. If a floppy disk is in the drive, press the eject button and remove the floppy disk.*

1. Open the computer's LCD display panel.

2. Slide and hold the computer's power button toward the right.

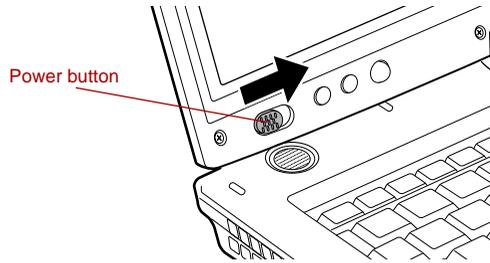


Figure 3-7 Turning on the power

## Starting up for the first time

When you first turn on the power, the computer's initial screen is the Microsoft Windows XP Startup Screen Logo. Follow the on-screen directions for each screen. During setup, you can click the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.

Be sure to read the **Windows End User License Agreement** display carefully.



- Be sure to read the License Agreement carefully.
- During Windows setup, the on-screen keyboard is shown on top of the input screen and it may not be easy to see the input content. In such cases, move the on-screen keyboard on the screen to an area which does not obstruct the view so that the input screen can be seen. Confirm that the content is correct before continuing setup.

## Turning off the power

The power can be turned off in one of the following modes: Shut down (Boot), Hibernation or Standby mode.

### Shut Down mode (Boot mode)

When you turn off the power in Shut Down mode no data is saved and the computer will boot to the operating system's main screen.

1. If you have entered data, save it to the hard disk or to a floppy disk.
2. Make sure all disk (disc) activity has stopped, then remove the CD/DVDs or floppy disk.



- *Make sure the **HDD**, **Slim Select Bay** and **Slim Select Bay's** module indicators are off. If you turn off the power while a disk (disc) is being accessed, you can lose data or damage the disk (disc).*
- *Never turn off the power while an application is running. Doing so could cause loss of data.*
- *Never turn off the power, disconnect an external storage device or remove storage media during data read/write. Doing so can cause data loss.*

3. Click **start** then click **Turn Off Computer**. From the **Turn Off Computer** menu select **Turn Off**.
4. Turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



*Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.*

## Hibernation mode

The hibernation feature saves the contents of memory to the hard disk when the computer is turned off. The next time the computer is turned on, the previous state is restored. The hibernation feature does not save the status of peripheral devices.



- *Save your data. While entering hibernation mode, the computer saves the contents of memory to the HDD. However, for safety sake, it is best to save your data manually.*
- *Data will be lost if you remove the battery or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the **HDD** indicator to go out.*
- *Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in hibernation mode. Data will be lost.*

### **Benefits of hibernation**

The hibernation feature provides the following benefits:

- Saves data to the hard disk when the computer automatically shuts down because of a low battery.



*For the computer to shut down in hibernation mode, the hibernation feature must be enabled in two places: the **Hibernate** tab in **Power Options** and **Setup Action** tab in **TOSHIBA Power Saver**.*

*Otherwise, the computer will shut down in **Standby** mode. If battery power becomes depleted, data saved in **Standby** mode will be lost.*

- You can return to your previous working environment immediately when you turn on the computer.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System hibernate feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

## Starting Hibernation



You can also enable Hibernation by pressing **Fn + F4**. Refer to Chapter 5, [The Keyboard](#), for details.

To enter Hibernation mode, follow the steps below.

1. Click **start**.
2. Select **Turn Off Computer**.
3. Open the **Turn Off Computer** dialog box. **Hibernate** is not displayed.
4. Press the **Shift** key. The **standby** item will change to **Hibernate**.
5. Select the **Hibernate**.

## Automatic Hibernation

The computer will enter Hibernate mode automatically when you press the power button or close the lid. First, however, make the appropriate settings according to the steps below.

1. Click **start** and open the **Control Panel**.
2. Open **Performance and Maintenance** and open **Power Options**.
3. Select the **Hibernate** window in the **Power Options Properties**, select the **Enable hibernation** check box and click the **Apply** button.
4. Open **TOSHIBA Power Saver**.
5. Select the **Setup Action** window.
6. Enable the desired Hibernation settings for **When I slide the power button** and **When I close the lid**.
7. Click the **OK** button.

## Data save in hibernation mode

When you turn off the power in hibernation mode, the computer takes a moment to save current memory data to the hard disk. During this time, the **HDD** indicator will light.

After you turn off the computer and memory is saved to the hard disk, turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



*Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.*

## Standby mode

If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.



- When the AC adaptor is connected, the computer will go into Standby mode according to the settings in the TOSHIBA Power Saver utility.
- To restore operation from Standby mode, press the power button or press any key. The latter action works only if Wake-up on Keyboard is enabled in HW Setup.
- If the computer automatically enters Standby mode while a network application is active, the application might not be restored when the computer wakes up from Standby.
- To prevent the computer from automatically entering Standby mode, disable Standby in TOSHIBA Power Saver. That action, however, will nullify the computer's Energy Star compliance.



- Before entering Standby mode, be sure to save your data.
- Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in standby mode. The computer or the module could be damaged.
- Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in standby mode (unless the computer is connected to an AC power source). Data in memory will be lost.
- If you carry the computer on board an aircraft or into a hospital, be sure to shut down the computer in hibernation mode or in shutdown mode to avoid radio signal interference.

### **Benefits of standby**

The standby feature provides the following benefits:

- Restores the previous working environment more rapidly than does hibernation.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System Standby feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

### **Executing standby**



You can also enable Standby by pressing **Fn + F3**. See Chapter 5, [The Keyboard](#), for details.

You can enter standby mode in one of three ways:

1. Click **start**, click **Turn Off Computer** and click **Stand By**.
2. Close the computer's LCD display panel. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the *Setup Action* tab in *TOSHIBA Power Saver Utility* described in the Control Panel. Open **Performance and Maintenance** and open **TOSHIBA Power Saver**.

- Slide the power button. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the *Setup Action* tab in *TOSHIBA Power Saver Utility* described in the Control Panel.  
Open **Performance and Maintenance** and open **TOSHIBA Power Saver**.

When you turn the power back on, you can continue where you left when you shut down the computer.



- *When the computer is shut down in standby mode, the power indicator blinking orange.*
- *If you are operating the computer on battery power, you can lengthen the operating time by shutting down in hibernation mode. Standby mode consumes more power.*

### **Standby limitations**

Standby will not function under the following conditions:

- Power is turned back on immediately after shutting down.
- Memory circuits are exposed to static electricity or electrical noise.

## Restarting the computer

Certain conditions require that you reset the system. For example, if:

- You change certain computer settings.
- An error occurs and the computer does not respond to your keyboard commands.
- There are three ways to reset the computer system:
  - Click **start** then click **Turn off computer**. From the **Turn off computer** menu select **Restart**.
  - Press **Ctrl + Alt + Del** to display the **windows Task Manager**, then select **Shut Down** and **Restart**.
  - Slide the power button and hold it down for five seconds. Wait 10 to 15 seconds, then turn the power on again by sliding the power button.

## Create Optical Recovery Discs

A recovery image of your computer is stored on the hard disk. You may use this image to create CD or DVD recovery discs using the following steps:

- Select either blank CDs or DVD media.
- The application will allow you to choose a type of media to create recovery CDs/DVD including: CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD+R and DVD+RW.



*Some media may not be compatible with the optical media drive of your computer. Please verify your optical media drive supports the blank media you choose.*

3. Turn on your computer to open Windows XP.
4. Insert the (first) blank media into the tray of the optical media drive.
5. Double click the Recovery Disc Creator Launcher icon on the Windows XP desktop, or Select the application from **start** Menu.
6. After Recovery Disc Creator starts, select the type of media and the title you wish to copy to the media then click the **Burn** button.



*If your optical media drive can only write to CDs, select "CD" as the "Type" on Recovery Disc Creator. If your optical media drive of your computer can write to either CD or DVDs, select the one you are using as the "Type" on Recovery Disc Creator.*

## Restoring the preinstalled software from the Recovery HDD

About 2GB of hard disk space is reserved for recovery partition. When re-setting up your hard disk, do not change, delete or add partitions in a manner other than specified in the manual. Otherwise, space for software may be destroyed.

In addition, if you use a third-party partitioning program to reconfigure partitions on your hard disk, it may become impossible to re-setup your computer.



*When sound mute is turned ON by the **Fn + Esc** key, turn OFF before starting restore. Refer to Chapter 5, [The Keyboard](#), for details.*

1. Turn off your computer.
2. While holding down **0** (zero) key on the keyboard, turn on your computer.
3. A menu appears. Press the **"1"** key on the keyboard to restore the original configuration as purchased. Press the **"2"** key to keep your current partitions intact and restore. Press the **"3"** key to specify partitions and restore.
4. Follow the on-screen instructions.



■ *If the optical media drive device is a CD-ROM drive or DVD-ROM drive, Optical Recovery Discs cannot be created. When there is a need to start the recovery process, use the Recovery HDD instead.*

■ *When creating Optical Recovery Discs, use a separate and external optical media drive that can write the data to CD-R or DVD-R discs.*

## Restoring the preinstalled software from your creating Recovery Media

If preinstalled files are damaged, use the your creating Recovery Media or using HDD Recovery to restore them. To restore the operating system and all preinstalled software, follow the steps below.



*When sound mute is turned ON by the **Fn + Esc** key, turn OFF before starting restore. Refer to Chapter 5, [The Keyboard](#), for details.*



*When you reinstall the Windows operating system, the hard disk will be reformatted and all data will be lost.*

1. Load the Recovery Media in the optional optical media drive and turn off the computer's power.
2. Hold down the **F12** key and turn on the power. When **In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA** appears, release the **F12** key.
3. Use the left or right cursor key to select the CD-ROM icon in the display menu. For details, refer to the [Boot Priority](#) section in Chapter 7, HW Setup.
4. A menu appears. Press the "**1**" key on the keyboard to restore all hard disk. Press the "**2**" key to Restore drive **C:**. Press the "**3**" key to restore all hard disk (delete HDD recovery area).
5. Follow the on-screen instructions.



## Operating Basics

This chapter gives information on basic operations including using the TOSHIBA Pointing Devices, Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen, USB floppy disk drive, changing to the Tablet mode, changing the screen orientation, changing to the laptop mode, changing Slim Select Bay modules, optical media drives, Sound System, Modem, Wireless communication features and LAN. It also provides tips on caring for your computer, floppy disks and CD/DVDs.

### Pointing Device

The computer is equipped with a dual point system: a Touch Pad and an AccuPoint pointing stick.

#### Using the Touch Pad

To use the Touch Pad, simply touch and move your fingertip across it in the direction you want the on-screen pointer to go.

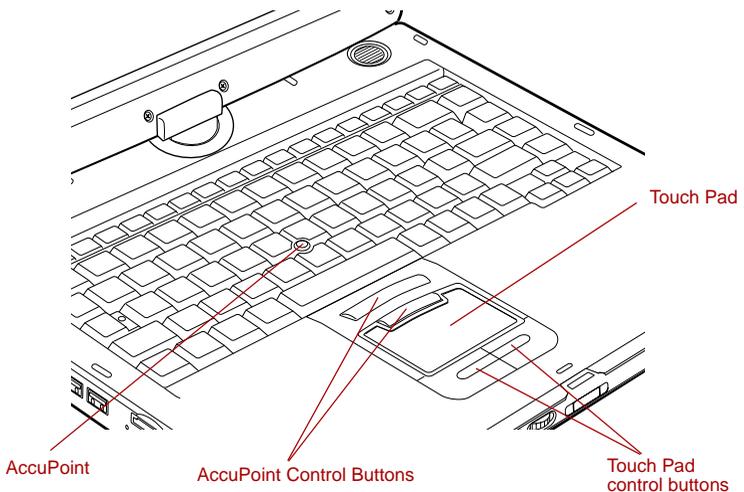


Figure 4-1 Touch Pad and Touch Pad control buttons

Two buttons below the Touch Pad are used like the buttons on a mouse pointer. Press the left button to select a menu item or to manipulate text or graphics designated by the pointer. Press the right button to display a menu or other function depending on the software you are using.



*You can also tap the Touch Pad to perform functions similar to those of the left button.*

**Click:** Tap once

**Double-click:** Tap twice

**Drag and drop:** Tap to select the material you want to move. Leave your finger on the Touch Pad after the second tap and move the material.

## Using the AccuPoint

To use the AccuPoint, simply push it with your finger tip in the direction you want to move the on-screen pointer.

Two buttons above the Touch Pad work in the same way with the AccuPoint as they do with the Touch Pad. Refer to the [Using the Touch Pad](#) section for details.

## AccuPoint precautions

Certain conditions can affect the on-screen pointer when using AccuPoint. For example, the pointer may travel contrary to AccuPoint operation or an error message may appear, if

- You touch the AccuPoint during power-up.
- You apply constant, soft pressure during power-up.
- There is a sudden temperature change.
- Strong stress is applied to the AccuPoint.

If an error message appears, reboot the computer. If an error message does not appear, wait a moment for the pointer to stop, then continue operation.

## Replacing the cap

The AccuPoint cap is an expendable item that should be replaced after prolonged use. One spare AccuPoint cap is supplied with the computer.

1. To remove the AccuPoint cap, firmly pinch the cap and pull it straight up.

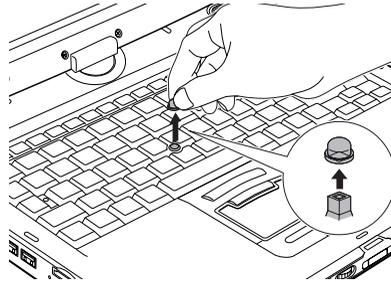


Figure 4-2 Removing the AccuPoint cap

2. Position a new cap on the peg and press it into place.



*The peg is square, so be careful to align the cap's square hole with the peg.*

## Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen

You can use the Tablet PC Pen to execute actions and enter data. Hold the Tablet PC Pen in a natural position and tap, press or trace on the screen lightly. Before you begin using the TOSHIBA TECRA M4 for the first time, you will need to calibrate the Tablet PC Pen. Refer to the [Pointing Device](#) section in Chapter 9, Troubleshooting.

Some computers in the series are equipped with a Reserve Pen.

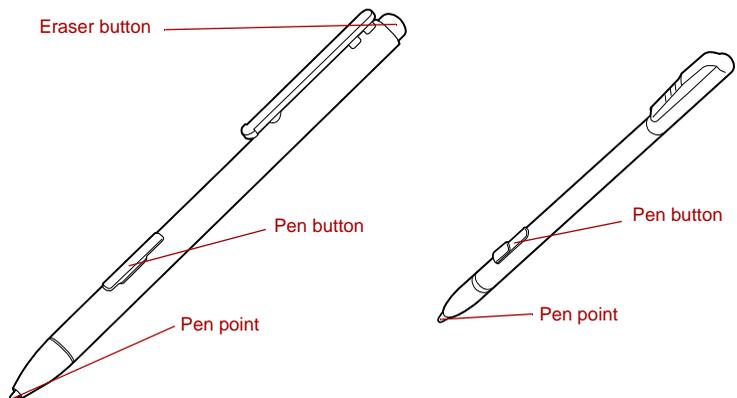


Figure 4-3 The Tablet PC Pen (the left) and Reserve Pen (the right)

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<b>Eraser button</b>	You can use this button as an eraser when using the application software for graphics. The application software for texts enables you to select and delete characters with one-touch action.
<b>Pen button</b>	Acts as the clicking of the right touch pad control button.
<b>Pen point</b>	Acts as the clicking of the left touch pad control button.

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*Observe the following precautions on the handling of the Tablet PC Pen.*

- *Do not tap or press the Tablet PC Pen forcefully against the Display screen. It could damage the Tablet PC Pen and Display screen.*
- *Avoid using or keeping the Tablet PC Pen in the place of rapid temperature change or in a car where the Tablet PC Pen is exposed to direct sunbeam. Keep the Tablet PC Pen without pressure constantly applied to the switch of the Tablet PC Pen. Constant pressure to the button causes a malfunction or characteristic deterioration.*
- *The Tablet PC Pen is composed of precision parts. Do not drop the Tablet PC Pen. Strong impact causes a malfunction or characteristic deterioration.*
- *Do not apply excessive force to the Tablet PC Pen point and the side switch. Excessive force applied to these parts causes short life or characteristic deterioration (Allowable force to pen point, Eraser button, Pen button: less than 1 kg, for less than 30 seconds).*
- *Avoid water to enter in the Tablet PC Pen or dew condensation. Intrusion of water or dew condensation causes malfunction.*
- *Do not disassemble the Tablet PC Pen. It causes maladjustment or short life.*
- *Do not stain the Tablet PC Pen with cosmetics or chemicals. It causes deterioration of appearance. Use a glass wiping cloth or dry cloth to clean the Tablet PC Pen when cleaning. Do not use volatile liquid such as alcohol, thinner or petroleum benzine.*
- *Do not apply excessive force to the Tablet PC Pen point. Crooked or deformed pen point due to excessive force causes malfunction.*
- *Keep the small parts of the Tablet PC Pen such as the pen point or the knob of the side switch away from infant to prevent them to swallow.*
- *Do not use a ball point pen instead of the Tablet PC Pen delivered with the product.*
- *Do not use a broken pen tip.*
- *The lead cannot be replaced if it is worn (Reserve Pen only).*

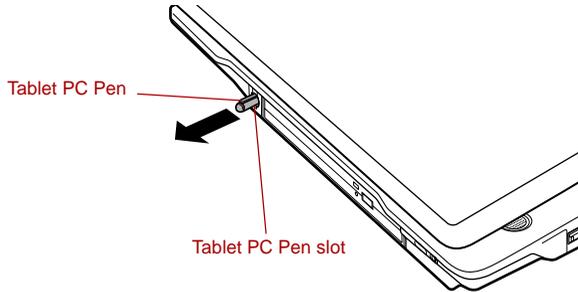


*TOSHIBA is not liable to the quality problem of the products due to the use of the Tablet PC Pen in an environment where above conditions are not satisfied because of the use by unspecified number of users.*

## Removing the Tablet PC Pen

Remove the Tablet PC Pen as described below.

1. Gently push the Tablet PC Pen down. The pen rises up slightly.



*Figure 4-4 Removing the Tablet PC Pen*

2. Pull the Tablet PC Pen to remove it from the Tablet PC Pen slot.

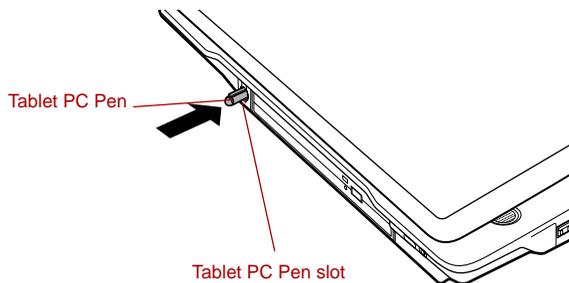
## Inserting the Tablet PC Pen

The Tablet PC Pen is included in the product when purchased. Take out the Tablet PC Pen from the carton and install it to the computer as the following.

1. Insert the Tablet PC Pen into the pen holder until it clicks.



*The Tablet PC Pen and the emergency Tablet PC Pen are different in shape. Do not insert the Reserve Pen into the Tablet PC Pen slot.*



*Figure 4-5 Inserting the Tablet PC Pen*

## Pen actions

You can use the Tablet PC Pen to enter data, start programs, move objects and execute other actions.

## Single tap

Lightly tap the tip of the Tablet PC Pen on an object and lift it immediately to execute an action. A single tap is similar to clicking the left touch pad control button.

## Double tap

Lightly tap the tip of the Tablet PC Pen twice on an object and lift it immediately to execute an action. A double-tap is similar to double-clicking the left touch pad control button.

## Press and hold

Touch the tip of the Tablet PC Pen to the display screen and hold it there to display a pop-up menu or other action. Press and hold is similar to clicking the right touch pad control button.

## Drag

Touch the Tablet PC Pen to the screen. Without lifting the Tablet PC Pen, drag it across the screen to select text or objects.

## Drag and drop

Touch the Tablet PC Pen to the screen to select an object. Without lifting the Tablet PC Pen, drag it across the screen. Lift the Tablet PC Pen to drop the object to a new location.

## Replacing the pen tip

1. To replace the pen tip, pinch the tip with a draw-out tool and pull it out.

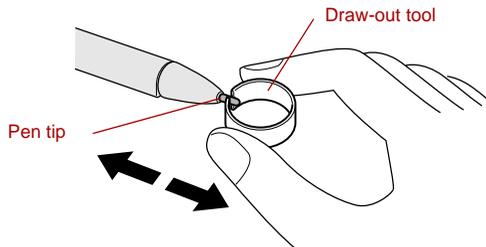


Figure 4-6 Replacing the pen tip

2. Insert a new tip into the Tablet PC Pen at the flat end of the tip and press it to seat securely.



- Short and worn pen point is difficult to pull out. Replace the pen point with refill before it becomes too short.
- TOSHIBA recommends the customer to keep another pen set as a spare. You can buy the pen set from TOSHIBA dealer.



Do not use the broken pen tip. When it breaks, replace it with a refill delivered with the Tablet PC Pen. Use of the broken pen tip causes to make scratches on the LCD display panel. When the reserve refills have run out, purchase a new pen set from a TOSHIBA dealer.

## Removing the Reserve Pen

Remove the Reserve Pen as described below.

1. Remove the battery pack.
2. Pull the insulator and detach the Reserve Pen from the Pen holder (①) and remove the Reserve Pen (②).

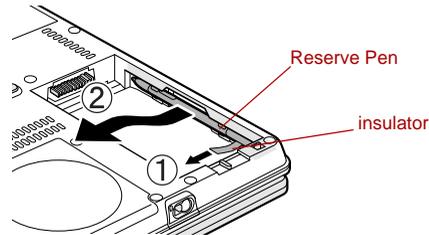


Figure 4-7 Removing the Reserve Pen

3. Reinstall the battery pack.



Refer to the [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes for more information on how to remove and reinstall the battery pack.

## Inserting the Reserve Pen

1. Remove the battery pack.
2. Gently push the Reserve Pen into the pen holder to insert it.

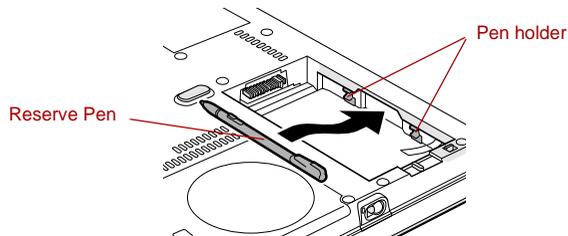


Figure 4-8 Inserting the Reserve Pen

3. Reinstall the battery pack.



Refer to the [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes for more information on how to remove and reinstall the battery pack.

## Changing to the Tablet mode

To change the laptop mode to the Tablet mode, follow the instructions below.

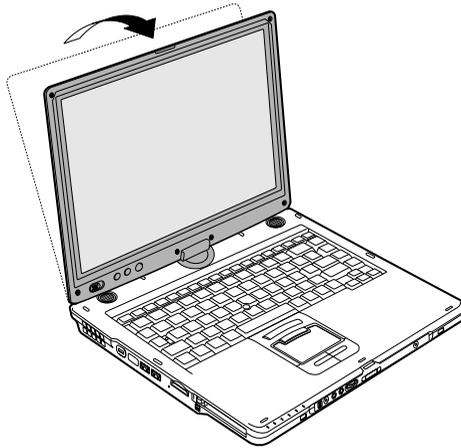


Figure 4-9 Changing to the Tablet mode (1)



■ Place the computer on a stable, flat place such as a desktop and rotate the LCD display panel slowly, holding the panel at its lower part. The LCD display panel is designed not to rotate more than 180 degrees. Rotating the LCD display panel more than 180 degrees with an excessive force causes to damage the panel.

■ The rotating direction to change the mode is the following:  
From laptop mode to Tablet mode: clockwise 180 degrees.



**Tablet mode icon** Turn the LCD display panel to the direction indicated by the Tablet mode icon.



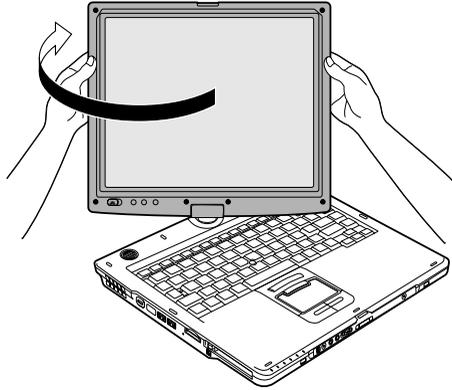
From Tablet mode to laptop mode: counter-clockwise 180 degrees.



**Laptop mode icon** Turn the LCD display panel to the direction indicated by the laptop mode icon.

1. Open the LCD display panel to the upright position. Check that the angle of a keyboard and the LCD display panel is 90 degrees.

2. Rotate the LCD display panel clockwise slowly.

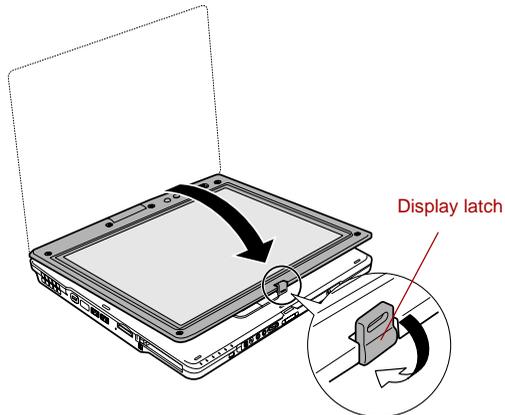


*Figure 4-10 Changing to the Tablet mode (2)*



*Do not apply excessive rotating force to the LCD display panel. It causes damage of the LCD display panel.*

3. Turn the display latch in 180 degrees to the down side.
4. Close the LCD display panel slowly with LCD surface outside.



*Figure 4-11 Changing to the Tablet mode (3)*

5. Turn the display latch downward.
6. Insert the display latch in the slit.

7. Press the LCD display panel downward softly.

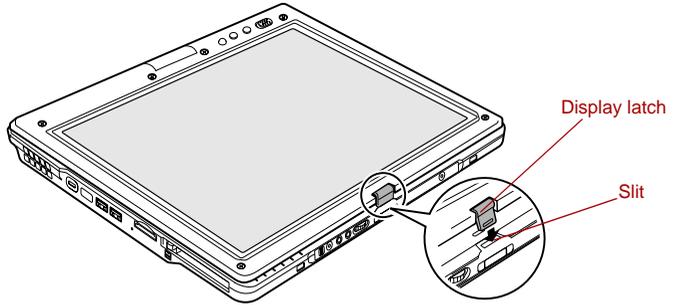


Figure 4-12 Changing to the Tablet mode (4)

## Changing the screen orientation

The orientation of desktop screen can be changed to one of the following four display modes:

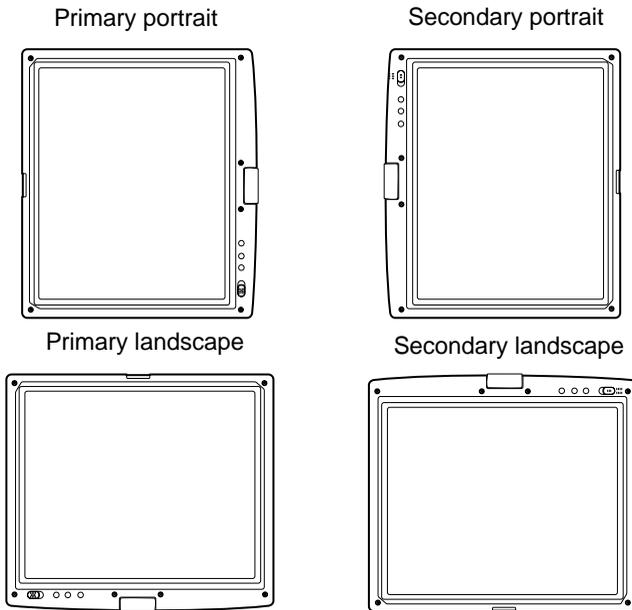


Figure 4-13 Four display modes



- *Execute the following applications on Primary landscape:*
  - *3D game software*
  - *3D screen saver*
  - *Playback of motion picture, such as a case of DVD-Video playback on the computer connecting an external DVD-ROM Drive.*
- *The screen cannot rotate in one of the following cases. Quit the running application and then rotate the screen:*
  - *Running of the application that changes the screen resolution dynamically (such as a game that is execute on full-screen mode)*
  - *DOS prompt in full-screen mode*
  - *Running of 3D screen saver*



- *Do not play 3D game software or replay DVD-Video on the screen other than Primary landscape. An abnormality will appear on the Windows screen display when you replay a DVD-Video on the screen other than Primary landscape because DVD playback software can boot only in the Primary landscape.*
- *An abnormality will appear a part of the Windows screen display when you change the PC from Tablet mode to laptop mode while 3D screen saver is running. In such a case, press any key in the laptop mode to cancel 3D screen saver.*

## Method 1: Changing the screen orientation using TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities

When TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities is enabled, you can invoke the Start menu, switch active windows or launch predefined applications by shaking the computer vertically or horizontally, or tilting it.



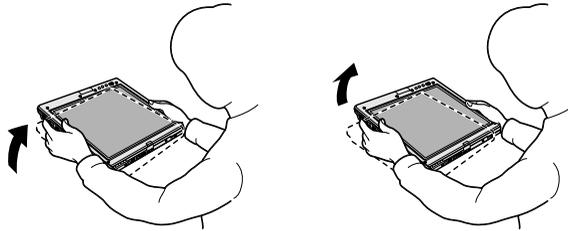
*When you shake the computer:*

- *Do not shake the computer too strongly. If so, the computer may drop from your hands or hit persons or things around.*
- *Avoid using the computer in crowded places. (e.g. in commuter trains or in busy streets)*
- *This may cause injury to a child or adult, and damage to the computer.*



*When HDD protection function is on and the Tilt function (function to start applications, etc. by waving the computer vertically or horizontally) is used, the HDD protection message may be displayed on the screen. Set the HDD protection function to off in order to stop such messages from displaying.*

It is safe that you hold the computer with both hands horizontally as shown in the example.



The computer is shaken horizontally.

The computer is shaken perpendicularly.

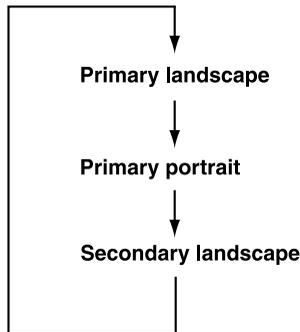
*Figure 4-14 Shake the computer*

### Method 2: Changing the screen orientation using Cross Function Button

1. Press Cross Function Button for more than one second. TOSHIBA Table Menu will appear.
2. Select the **Internal Display** of the **Toshiba shortcut** using Cross Function Button and press Cross Function Button.
3. Select the rotation angle using Cross Function Button and press Cross Function Button.

### Method 3: Changing the screen orientation using Task Bar

1. Right click “Change tablet and pen settings” icon in the Task Bar. Click “Change screen orientation” from the menu.  
The screen orientation is set to change in the following order when purchased.



You can change the above sequence in the following procedure:

1. Double click **Change tablet and pen settings** icon in the Task Bar.
2. Click Change button in **Display** tab.
3. Change the sequence in **Orientation Sequence Settings** screen. Click **OK** button.



You can set the orientation of the desktop screen just after rotating the display from [Start]-[All Programs]-[TOSHIBA]-[Tablet PC]-[TOSHIBA Rotation Utility]

## Changing to the laptop mode

To change the Tablet mode to the laptop mode, follow the instructions below.

1. Press the Display latch and raise the display to the upright position carefully.
2. Rotate the display counter-clockwise slowly.
3. Turn the display latch toward you for the next closing of the display.

## Using the USB floppy disk drive

USB floppy disk drive connects to the computer's USB port. It accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks. Refer to Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, for more information.

### Connecting USB floppy disk drive

To connect the drive, plug the floppy disk drive's USB connector into a computer's USB port. Refer to Figure 4-15.



Make sure the connector is right side up and properly aligned with the socket. Do not try to force the connection, doing so can damage the connecting pins.

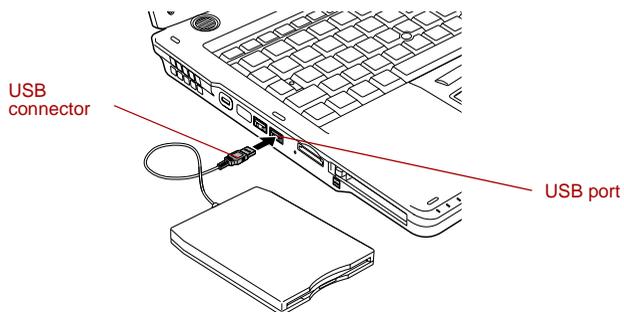


Figure 4-15 Connecting the USB floppy disk drive



If you connect the USB floppy disk drive after turning on the computer, it will take about 10 seconds for the computer to recognize the drive. Do not disconnect and reconnect before 10 seconds has elapsed.

## Disconnecting USB floppy disk drive

When you have finished using the USB floppy disk drive, follow the procedures below to disconnect it:

1. Wait for the indicator light to go out to make sure all floppy disk activity has stopped.



*If you disconnect the USB floppy disk drive or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the drive you may lose data or damage the floppy disk or the drive.*

2. Click the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the Task Bar.
3. Click **floppy disk drive** that you want remove.
4. Pull the USB floppy disk drive's USB connector out of the computer's USB port.

## Changing Slim Select Bay modules

This section explains how to change modules in the Slim Select Bay. The illustrations show replacement of the optical media drive with the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor. Therefore, the text refers to those modules. However, the procedures are the same for any of the modules: DVD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive, HDD adaptor, Secondary battery pack.



*To avoid injury, do not put your hand into the Slim Select Bay slot.*



*The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension is preinstalled to support hot swapping under Windows. Refer to Chapter 1, [Introduction](#) for information on using this utility to change modules while the computer's power is on.*

## Removing a module

Remove the optical media drive as described below.

1. You can confirm that the disks are not operating with indicators. If all indicators are off, it means that no disks are operating currently.
2. Turn the computer upside down.



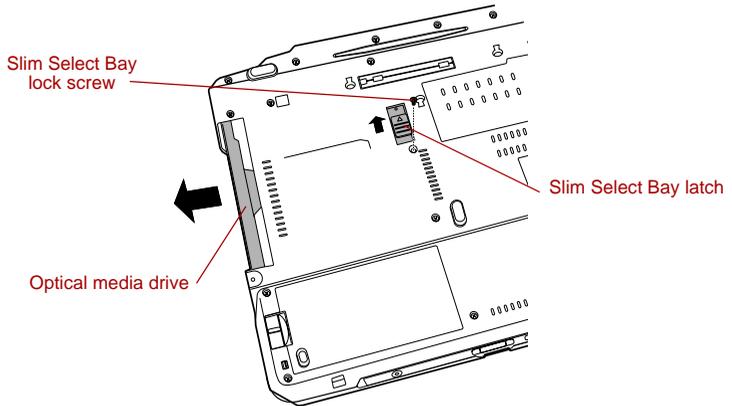
*Wait for all disk indicators to go out before turning over the computer and placing it down carefully. Shock can damage the HDD or other components.*

3. Remove the lock screw near the icon securing the Slim Select Bay.
4. Make sure the screw in the Slim Select Bay lock is set in the hole for the unlock position.
5. Slide the Slim Select Bay latch to the unlock position.

6. Grasp the optical media drive and slide it out.



*The optical media drive and other Slim Select Bay modules can become hot with use. Be careful when removing the module.*

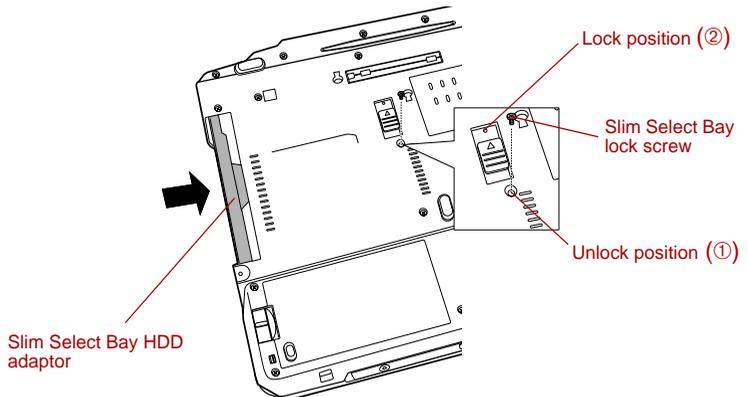


*Figure 4-16 Removing the optical media drive*

## Inserting a module

Insert the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor as described below.

1. Insert the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor in the computer as shown below and press until the ejector clicks.
2. If you want to lock the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor, set the Slim Select Bay lock screw in the hole for the lock position (②). The lock screw is inserted in the unlock position (①) at the time of purchasing.



*Figure 4-17 Inserting the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor*

## Using optical media drives

The text and illustrations in this section refer primarily to the optional media drive. However, operation is the same for other optical drive in the Slim Select Bay. The full-size drive provides high-performance execution of CD/DVD-ROM-based programs. You can run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without an adaptor. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD-ROM, an indicator on the drive glows and the Slim Select Bay indicator glows.



*Use the WinDVD application to view DVD-Video discs.*



*When playing DVD-Video, always connect the AC adaptor to ensure maximum performance. Operation on battery power might result in skipped frames.*

If you have a DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, refer also to the [Writing CDs on DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive](#) section for precautions on writing to CDs.

If you have a DVD Super Multi drive, refer also to the [Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Super Multi drive](#) section for precautions on writing to CDs.



*When the power of the optical media drive is off, pressing the **Fn + Tab** keys will turn the power of the optical media drive on. Furthermore, it is possible to set it to turn the power of the optical media drive on and eject the tray at the same time. When the power of the optical media drive is off, eject button does not operate. Use a **Fn + Tab** key and turn ON the power of the optical media drive.*

### Loading discs

To load CD/DVDs, follow the steps below and refer to figures 4-18 to 4-21.

1. When the computer's power is on, press the eject button to open the disc tray slightly.

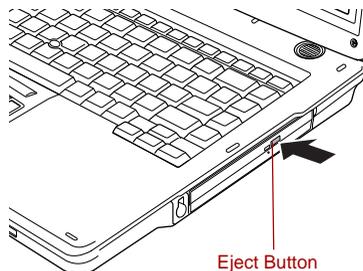


Figure 4-18 Pressing the eject button

2. Grasp the disc tray gently and pull until it is fully opened.

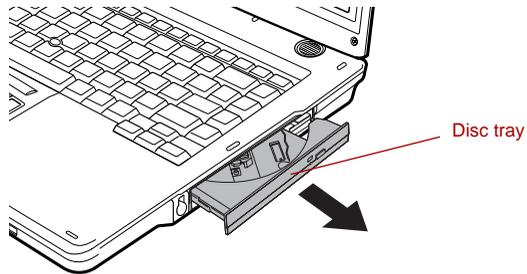


Figure 4-19 Pulling the disc tray open

3. Lay the CD/DVD, label side up, in the disc tray.

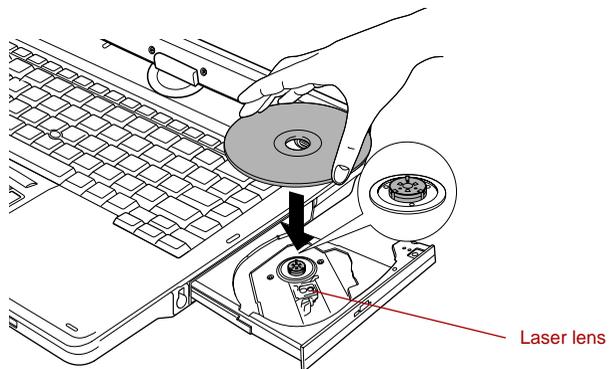


Figure 4-20 Inserting a CD/DVD



When the disc tray is fully opened, the edge of the computer will extend slightly over the CD/DVD tray. Therefore, you will need to turn the CD/DVD at an angle when you place it in the disc tray. After seating the CD/DVD, however, make sure it lies flat, as shown in figure 4-20.



- Do not touch a laser lens and its circumference portion. Doing so could cause misalignment.
- Prevent foreign objects from entering the drive. Check the surface of the disc tray, especially the area behind the front edge of the disc tray, to make sure there are no such objects before closing the drive.
- Never use a cracked, deformed or repaired CD or DVD. Fragments from a damaged CD or DVD could cause injury.

4. Press gently at the center of the CD/DVD until you feel it click into place. The CD/DVD should lie below the top of the spindle, flush with the spindle base.

5. Push the center of the disc tray to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.



- Always keep fingers away from the sides of the tray when closing the tray of an optical drive (CD/DVD drive, CD-RW drive, Multi-drive or equivalent drive) to avoid pinching your fingers.
- If the CD/DVD is not seated properly when the disc tray is closed, the CD/DVD might be damaged. Also, the disc tray might not open fully when you press the eject button.

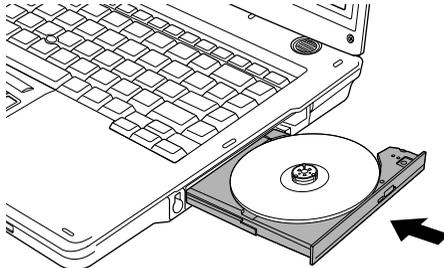


Figure 4-21 Closing the CD/DVD disc tray

## Removing discs

To remove the CD/DVD, follow the steps below and refer to figure 4-22.



*Do not press the eject button while the computer is accessing the media drive. Wait for the Slim Select Bay indicator to go out before you open the disc tray. Also, if the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the disc tray, wait for it to stop before you remove it.*

1. To pop the disc tray partially open, press the eject button. Gently pull the disc tray out until it is fully opened.



*When the disc tray pops open slightly, wait a moment to make sure the CD/DVD has stopped spinning before pulling the disc tray fully open.*

2. The CD/DVD extends slightly over the sides of the disc tray so you can hold it. Hold the CD/DVD gently and lift it out.

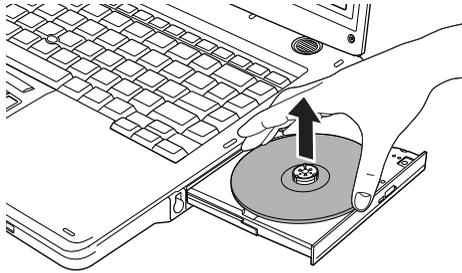


Figure 4-22 Removing a CD/DVD

3. Push the center of the disc tray to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.

### How to remove CD/DVD when the disk tray will not open

Pressing the eject button will not open the disc tray when the computer power is off. If the power is off, you can open the disc tray by inserting a slender object (about 15 mm) such as a straightened paper clip into the eject hole just to the right of the eject button.

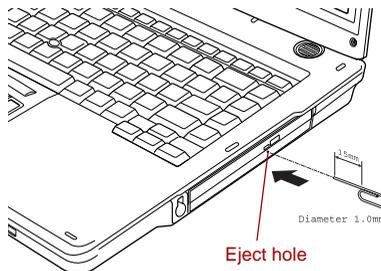


Figure 4-23 Manual release with the eject hole



*Turn off the power before you use the eject hole. If the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the disc tray, the CD/DVD could fly off the spindle and cause injury.*

## Writing CDs on DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

Depending on the type of drive installed, you may be able to write CDs. The DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive lets you write as well as read CD-ROMs. Observe the precautions in this section to ensure the best performance for writing CDs. For information on loading and unloading CDs refer to the [Using optical media drives](#) section.



- *CD-R discs can be written to only once. CD-RW discs can be rewritten many times.*
- *When the power of the optical media drive is off, the disc tray will not open even if the eject button is pushed. Use the optical media drive power icon to turn the power of the optical media drive on. Refer to Chapter 1, [Special features](#).*
- *Do not turn off the power of the optical media drive while the computer is accessing the drive. If you turn off the power, you may lose data.*



*When writing to media using an optical drive, always connect the AC adaptor to a power plug socket. If data is written powered by the batteries, writing may sometimes fail due to low battery power and data loss may occur.*

### Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite the data.

- We recommend the following manufacturers of CD-R and CD-RW media. Media quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

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#### **CD-R:**

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.  
MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.  
Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

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#### **CD-RW:**

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.

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#### **High-Speed CD-RW:**

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.

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#### **Ultra-Speed CD-RW:**

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

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TOSHIBA has confirmed the operation of CD-R and CD-RW media of the manufacturers above. Operation of other media cannot be guaranteed.

- The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor when you write or rewrite.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer at full power. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and damage data.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than Sonic RecordNow! has not been confirmed. Therefore, operation with other software cannot be guaranteed.

## When writing or rewriting

Note the following when you write or rewrite a CD-R or CD-RW.

- Always copy data from the HDD to the CD. Do not use cut-and-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.
- Do not perform any of the following actions:
  - Change users in the Windows XP operating system.
  - Operate the computer for any other function, including use of a mouse or Touch Pad, closing/opening the LCD panel.
  - Start a communication application such as a modem.
  - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
  - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, USB devices, external monitor, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
  - Open the optical media drive.
  - Remove the optical media drive from the Slim Select Bay.
- If the media is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.

## Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Super Multi drive

You can use the DVD Super Multi drive to write data to either CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-RW/+R/+RW/-RAM discs. The following applications for writing are preinstalled: RecordNow!, and DLA licensed by Sonic Solutions.



- *CD-R discs can be written to only once. CD-RW discs can be rewritten many times.*
- *When the power of the optical media drive is off, the disc tray will not open even if the eject button is pushed. Use the optical media drive power icon to turn the power of the optical media drive on. Refer to Chapter 1, [Special features](#).*
- *Do not turn off the power of the optical media drive while the computer is accessing the drive. If you turn off the power, you may lose data.*



*When writing to media using an optical drive, always connect the AC adaptor to a power plug socket. If data is written powered by the batteries, writing may sometimes fail due to low battery power and data loss may occur.*

### Important message

Before you write or rewrite to CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-RW/+R/+RW/-RAM disc, read and follow all setup and operating instructions in this section. If you fail to do so, the DVD Super Multi drive may not function properly, and you may fail to write or rewrite, lose data or incur other damage.

### Disclaimer

TOSHIBA does not bear responsibility for the following:

- Damage to any CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-RW/+R/+RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product.
- Any change or loss of the recorded contents of CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-RW/+R/+RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product, or for any business profit loss or business interruption that may be caused by the change or loss of the recorded contents.
- Damage that may be caused by using third party equipment or software.

Given the technological limitations of current optical disc writing drives, you may experience unexpected writing or rewriting errors due to disc quality or problems with hardware devices. Also, it is a good idea to make two or more copies of important data, in case of undesired change or loss of the recorded contents.

## Before writing or rewriting

- Based on TOSHIBA's limited compatibility testing, we suggest the following manufacturers of CD-R/RW and DVD-R/+R/-RW/+RW/-RAM disc. However, in no event does TOSHIBA guarantee the operation, quality or performance of any disc. Disc quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

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### CD-R:

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.  
MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.  
Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

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### CD-RW: (Multi-Speed and High-Speed)

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.

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### CD-RW: (Ultra-Speed)

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

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### DVD-R:

**DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for General Version 2.0**  
TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.  
Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

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### DVD+R:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.

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### DVD+R DL: (Double Layer Recordable Drive only)

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

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### DVD-RW:

**DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for Version 1.1 or version 1.2**  
VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN.LIMITED  
MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

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**DVD+RW:**

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION  
RICOH Co., Ltd.

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**DVD-RAM:**

**DVD Specifications for DVD-RAM Disc for Version 2.0 or Version 2.1**

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.  
Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

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*This drive cannot use discs that allow writing faster than 8 speed (DVD-R, DVD+R), 4 speed (DVD-RW, DVD+RW), 3 speed (DVD-RAM) and 2.4 speed (DVD+R DL, Double Layer Recordable Drive only).*

- If the disc is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur. Be careful to check the disc for dirt or damage before you use it.
- The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW, DVD-RW, DVD+RW or DVD-RAM is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.
- There are two types of DVD-R discs: authoring and general use discs. Do not use authoring discs. Only general use discs can be written to by a computer drive.
- You can use DVD-RAM discs that can be removed from a cartridge and DVD-RAM discs designed without a cartridge. You cannot use a disc with a 2.6 GB single-sided capacity or 5.2 GB double-sided capacity.
- Other DVD-ROM drives for computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW discs.
- Data written to a CD-R/DVD-R/DVD+R disc cannot be deleted either in whole or in part.
- Data deleted (erased) from a CD-RW, DVD-RW, DVD+RW and DVD-RAM disc cannot be recovered. Check the content of the disc carefully before you delete it. If multiple drives that can write data to discs are connected, be careful not to delete data from the wrong drive.
- In writing to a DVD-R/-RW, DVD+R/+RW or DVD-RAM disc, some disc space is required for file management, so you may not be able to write the full capacity of the disc.
- Since the disc is based on the DVD standard, it might be filled with dummy data if the written data is less than about 1 GB. Even if you write only a small amount of data, it might take time to fill in the dummy data.
- DVD-RAM formatted by FAT32 cannot be read in Windows 2000 without DVD-RAM Driver Software.

- When multiple drives that can write data to discs are connected, be careful not to write to the wrong drive.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor before you write or rewrite.
- Before you enter standby/hibernation mode, be sure to finish DVD-RAM writing. Writing is finished if you can eject DVD-RAM media.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver, which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer in the full-power mode. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish and then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and data damage.
- CD-RW (Ultra Speed +) media is not available. If used, data may be lost or damaged.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD/DVD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than RecordNow! and InterVideo WinDVD Creator Platinum are not recommended.

## When writing or rewriting

Please observe/consider the following when you write or rewrite to a CD-R/RW, DVD-R/-RW/-RAM or DVD+R/+RW disc.

- Do not perform any of the following actions when writing or rewriting:
  - Change users in the Windows XP operating system.
  - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or Touch Pad or closing/opening the LCD panel.
  - Start a communication application such as a modem.
  - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
  - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, USB devices, external monitor, i.LINK devices optical digital devices.
  - Use the Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
  - Open the optical media drive.
  - Remove the optical media drive from the Slim Select Bay.
- Do not use shut down/log off and standby/hibernation while writing or rewriting.
- Make sure writing or rewriting is completed before going into standby/hibernation. Writing is completed if you can open the DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW or DVD Super Multi drive tray.

- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.
- Always copy data from the HDD to the DVD-RAM. Do not use cut-and-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.

## RecordNow! Basic for TOSHIBA

Note the following limitations when you use RecordNow!:

- DVD-Video cannot be created using RecordNow!.
- DVD-Audio cannot be created using RecordNow!.
- You cannot use RecordNow!'s "Audio CD for Car or Home CD Player" function to record music to the DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW disc.
- Do not use the "Exact Copy" function of RecordNow! to copy DVD-Video and DVD-ROM with copyright protection.
- DVD-RAM disc cannot be backed up with the "Exact Copy" function of RecordNow!.
- You cannot back up a CD-ROM or CD-R/RW to DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW using the "Exact Copy" function of RecordNow!.
- You cannot back up DVD-ROM, DVD-Video or DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW to CD-R/RW using the "Exact Copy" function of RecordNow!.
- RecordNow! cannot record in packet format.
- You might not be able to use the "Exact Copy" function of RecordNow! to back up a DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW disc that was made with other software on a different DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW recorder.
- If you add data to a DVD-R and DVD+R disc that you have already recorded to, you might not be able to read the added data under some circumstances. It cannot be read in 16-bit operating systems, such as Windows 98SE and Windows Me. In Windows NT4, you will need Service Pack 6 or later to read added data. In Windows 2000, you will need Service Pack 2 or later to read it. Some DVD-ROM and DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drives cannot read added data regardless of the operating system.
- RecordNow! does not support recording to DVD-RAM discs. To record to a DVD-RAM, use Explorer or other utility.
- When you back up a DVD disc, be sure the source drive supports recording to DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW discs. If the source drive does not support recording to DVD-R/-RW or DVD+R/+RW discs, it might not be backed up correctly.
- When you back up a DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD+R or DVD+RW, be sure to use the same type of disc.
- You cannot partially delete any data written to a CD-RW, DVD-RW or DVD+RW disc.

## Data Verification

To verify that data is written or rewritten correctly, follow the steps below before you write or rewrite a Data CD/DVD.

1. Click the **Options** button (  ) on the RecordNow! Console to open the Options panels.
2. Select the Data in the left-side menu.
3. Mark the Verify data written to the disc after burning check box in the Data Options.

Click the **OK** button.

## DLA for TOSHIBA

Note the following limitations when you use DLA:

- This software supports only rewritable discs (DVD+RW, DVD-RW, and CD-RW). It does not support DVD+R, DVD-R, and CD-R discs that are not rewritable.
- DLA does not support formatting a DVD-RAM disc and writing to it. They are performed by DVD-RAM Driver Software. If DLA Format menu may appear when inserting a DVD-RAM disc into the drive and right-clicking the drive icon in Windows Explorer, please use "DVDForm" to format this disc. You can run "DVDForm" by clicking the start button on the taskbar to display the start menu and then selecting "All Programs", "DVD-RAM", "DVD-RAM Driver" and "DVDForm" sequentially.
- Do not use any discs that have been formatted with packet writing software other than DLA. Similarly, do not use any discs that have been formatted with DLA with any packet writing software other than DLA. When using a disc you are not familiar with, format it by selecting "Full Format" before using it.
- Do not use the Cut & Paste function for files and folders. A file or folder that has been cut may be lost if writing fails due to an error on the disc.
- When writing the Setup files for the program to a disc formatted by DLA and starting Setup from this disc, an error may occur. In this case, please copy them to your hard disk and then run Setup.

## Video

As for InterVideo WinDVD Creator Platinum. Only the model that can be written in to DVD is attached.

## When using WinDVD Creator Platinum

You can record video back to your digital camcorder via i.LINK (IEEE1394) using WinDVD Creator Platinum. However, there is a case where its playback sound is choppy.

1. Click **start** and select the **Control Panel**.
2. Click the **Performance and Maintenance** icon in the Control Panel.
3. Click the **System** icon in the Performance and Maintenance window.

4. Click the **Advanced** tab in the System Properties window.
5. Click the **Settings** icon in the "Performance" section.
6. Click the **Advanced** tab in the Performance Options window.
7. Click the **Change** icon in the "virtual memory" section.
8. Select the **Custom size** button in the Virtual Memory window.
9. Specify much higher values for "Initial size" and "Maximum size."
10. Click the **Set** button in the Virtual Memory window.
11. Click the **OK** button in the Virtual Memory window.

## How to make a DVD-Video

Simplified steps for making a DVD-Video from video data captured from a DV-Camcorder:

1. Click [start]-[All Programs] - [InterVideo WinDVD Creator2] - [InterVideo WinDVD Creator] to launch WinDVD Creator.
2. Click [Capture] button then capture the video data from the DV-Camcorder via IEEE1394.
3. Click [Edit] button then drag the video clips from [Video Library] tab to the edit track.
4. Click [Make Movie] button in the top bar.
5. Double Click the Right arrow button icon in the center of right side.
6. Put a blank DVD-R/+R disc or an erased DVD-RW/+RW disc in the drive.
7. Click [start] to record to the disc.
8. When recording is finished, the tray opens.

## How to learn more about InterVideo WinDVD Creator

Please refer to the on-line Help for additional InterVideo WinDVD Creator information.

## Important information for use

Note the following limitations when you write video DVD:

1. Editing digital video
  - Log in with Administrator rights to use WinDVD Creator.
  - Make sure that your computer is running on AC power when using WinDVD Creator.
  - Operate the computer at Full Power. Do not use power-saving features.
  - While you are editing DVD, you can display previews. However, if another application is running, the preview might not display properly.
  - WinDVD Creator cannot show video on the external monitor when in simultaneous mode.
  - WinDVD Creator cannot edit or play copy protected content.

- Do not change display settings while using WinDVD Creator.
  - Do not enter standby/hibernation mode while using WinDVD Creator.
  - Do not operate WinDVD Creator immediately after turning on the computer. Please wait until all Disc Drive activity has stopped.
  - When recording to a DV-Camcorder, to ensure you capture all of your data, let the camcorder record for a few seconds before you begin recording your actual data.
  - CD recorder, JPEG functions, DVD-Audio, mini DVD and Video CD functions are not supported in this version.
  - While recording video to DVD or tape, please close all other programs.
  - Do not run software like a screen saver because it can put a heavy load on the CPU.
  - Do not run communication applications like a modem or a LAN.
2. Before recording the video to DVD
- When you record to DVD disc, please use only discs recommended by the Drive manufacturer.
  - Do not set the working drive to a slow device like a USB 1.1 hard disk drive or it will fail to write DVD.
  - Do not perform any of the following actions:
    - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or Touch Pad or closing/opening the LCD panel.
    - Bump or cause vibration to the computer.
    - Use the Mode control button and Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
    - Open the optical media drive.
    - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following:
      - PC card, SD card, USB devices, external monitor, i.LINK. devices, optical digital devices.
  - Please verify your disc after recording important data.
  - DVD-R/+R/-RW disc cannot be written in VR format.
  - WinDVD Creator cannot export to DVD-Audio, VideoCD, miniDVD format.
  - WinDVD Creator can write DVD-RAM/+RW in VR format, but the disc may only play on your computer.
  - When writing to DVD disc, WinDVD Creator requires 2GB or more over disk space every one hour of video.
  - When you make a fully recorded DVD, the chapter sequence may not play correctly.

3. About Disc Manager

- WinDVD Creator can edit one play list on a disc.
- WinDVD Creator might show a different thumbnail than you previously set in CE (Consumer Electronics) DVD-RAM recorder.
- Using the Disc Manager, you can edit DVD-VR format on DVD-RAM, DVD+VR format on DVD+RW, and DVD-Video format on DVD-RW.

4. About recorded DVDs

- Some DVD-ROM drives for personal computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/+R/-RW/+RW/-RAM discs.
- When playing your recorded disc on your computer, please use the WinDVD software application.
- If you use an over-used rewritable disc, the full formatting might be locked. Please use a brand new disc.

## Media care

This section provides tips on protecting data stored on your CD/DVDs and floppy disks.

Handle your media with care. The following simple precautions will increase the lifetime of your media and protect the data stored on them:

### CD/DVDs

1. Store your CD/DVDs in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean.
2. Hold the CD/DVD by its outside edge or the edge on the center hole. Fingerprints on the surface can prevent the drive from properly reading data.
3. If your CD/DVDs become dusty or dirty, wipe them with a clean dry cloth. Wipe from the center out, do not wipe in a circular direction around the CD/DVD. If necessary, use a cloth dampened in water or a neutral cleaner. Do not use benzine, thinner or similar cleaner.
4. Take proper care of your CD/DVDs to avoid data loss or damage to the disc or to the optical drive.
  - Never bend a CD/DVD.
  - Never damage the surface of a CD/DVD.
  - Never place the CD/DVD in direct sunlight.
  - Never expose the CD/DVD to extreme heat or cold.
  - Never place a heavy object on a CD/DVD.
  - Never write on, or otherwise mar, the read surface of a CD/DVD.

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## Floppy disks

1. Store your floppy disks in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean. If a floppy disk is dirty, do not use cleaning fluid. Clean it with a soft damp cloth.
2. Never open the shutter or touch the magnetic surface of your floppy disk. You could permanently damage it and lose data.
3. Always handle floppy disks with care, to prevent the loss of stored data. Always apply the floppy disk label in the correct location. Never apply a new label on top of an existing one. The label could come loose and damage the floppy drive.
4. Never use a pencil for writing on a floppy disk label. Pencil lead dust could cause a system malfunction. Always use a felt-tipped pen. When writing a title on a label, first write on the label, then apply the label to the floppy disk.
5. Never put a floppy disk in a location where water or other liquid may contact it or where it is excessively damp. It could cause data loss. Never use a wet or damp floppy disk. It could damage the floppy disk drive or other devices.
6. Data may be lost if the floppy disk is twisted; bent; or exposed to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold.
7. Do not place heavy objects on your floppy disks.
8. Do not eat, smoke, or use erasers near your floppy disks. Foreign particles inside the floppy disk's jacket can damage the magnetic surface.
9. Magnetic energy can destroy the data on your floppy disks. Keep your floppy disks away from speakers, radios, television sets and other sources of magnetic fields.

## Sound System

### Using the microphone

Your computer has a built-in microphone that can be used to record monaural sounds into your applications. It can also be used to issue voice commands to applications that support such functions.

Since your computer has a built-in microphone and speaker, "howling" may be heard under certain conditions. Howling occurs when sound from the speaker is picked up in the microphone and amplified back to the speaker, which amplifies it again to the microphone.

This howling occurs repeatedly and causes a very loud, high-pitched noise. It is a common phenomenon that occurs in any sound system when the microphone input is output to the speaker (throughput) and the speaker volume is too loud or too close to the microphone. You can control throughput by adjusting the volume of your speaker or through the Mute function.

To adjust the volume or activate Mute, click **start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Entertainment** and click **Volume Control**. In the **Volume Control** panel, you can use the slide bars to adjust the volume level or click **Mute** at the bottom of the panel.

## SoundMAX control panel

The SoundMAX control panel lets you control additional functions for the Microphone Enhancement and Audio Power Management. To launch the SoundMAX Control Panel, follow the steps below.

1. Click **start** and click **Control Panel**.
2. If you are viewing the Control Panel in Category View, click on **Switch to Classic View**.
3. Double-click the **SoundMAX** icon.

The **Microphone Setup** allows you to optimize the microphone input settings for your particular configuration. Choose **Standard Microphone** if you have an ordinary desktop microphone. Choose **Headset** if you have a wearable microphone that is positioned directly in front of your mouth.

You can launch the **Setup Wizard** from the Control Panel to help you to automatically set proper microphone input volumes and ensure that your voice input(s) are working correctly. As you speak into the microphone, the Sound Meter indicates the audio signal that your PC is receiving.

The **Noise Reduction** enhancement helps to eliminate ambient noise from the voice input signal to provide a clean and clear signal to applications. This feature can be used with any microphone.

The audio controller can be powered down when the audio function is idle. To enable the Audio Power Management, follow the steps below.

1. Click the **Power Management** tab.
2. Select the **Normal Power Savings** in the Power Mode pull-down list.



*If the **No Power Savings** is selected, the audio controller always runs.*

If you want a more effect for the power management, you can select another mode, the **High Power Savings** which can save the power than the Normal Power Savings. To select it, follow the steps below.

1. Click the **Power Management** tab.
2. Select the **High Power Savings** in the Power Mode pull-down list.
3. Input a time in **Power Save Delay (Seconds)**.



*If the **High Power Saving** is selected, you need to play an audio file once before you use a microphone or play an audio CD by the analog CD audio.*

## Mic Effect

TOSHIBA Mic Effect provides you with a hands-free environment for holding mutual communication via the Internet Protocol or Local Area Network. If you wish to communicate with someone on your computer, you can use a messenger application. However, with such an application, you would hear your own voice returning to you as echo during the communication if you did not use a headset system or headphone. TOSHIBA Mic Effect will reduce these echoes generated on your computer. For more information on using the TOSHIBA Mic Effect, refer to its help.

## Modem

This section describes how to connect and disconnect the internal modem to and from a telephone jack.



- *Connection to any communication line other than an analog phone line could cause a PC system failure.*
  - *Connect the built-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to the digital connector on a public telephone or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).*
  - *Never connect the built-in modem to a key telephone system for residences or offices.*
- *Never operate your PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see lightning or hear thunder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge caused by the storm, may result in a system failure, loss of data or hardware damage.*

## Region selection

Telecommunication regulations vary from one region to another, so you will need to make sure the internal modem's settings are correct for the region in which it will be used.



*The built-in modem can be used only in specified countries and regions. Using the modem in an area not specified for use may cause a system failure. Check the specified areas carefully before using it.*

To select a region, follow the steps below.

1. Click **start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **TOSHIBA**, point to **Networking** and click **Modem Region Select**.



*Do not use the Country/Region Select function in the Modem setup utility in the Control Panel if the function is available. If you change the Country/Region in the Control Panel, the change may not take effect.*

2. The Region Selection icon will appear in the Windows Task Bar.

3. Click the icon with the primary mouse button to display a list of regions that the modem supports. A sub menu for telephony location information will also be displayed. A check will appear next to the currently selected region and telephony location.
4. Select a region from the region menu or a telephony location from the sub-menu.
  - When you click a region it becomes the modem's region selection, and the New Location for telephony will be set automatically.
  - When you select a telephony location, the corresponding region is automatically selected and it becomes the modem's current region setting.

## Properties menu

Click the icon with the secondary mouse button to display properties menu on the screen.

## Setting

You can enable or disable the following settings:

### ***AutoRun Mode***

The Region Select utility starts automatically when you start up the operating system.

### ***Open the Dialing Properties dialog box after selecting region.***

The dialing properties dialog box will be displayed automatically after you select the region.

### ***Location list for region selection.***

A submenu appears displaying location information for telephony.

### ***Open dialog box, if the modem and Telephony Current Location region code do not match.***

A warning dialog box is displayed if current settings for region code and telephony location are incorrect.

## Modem Selection

If the computer cannot recognize the internal modem, a dialog box is displayed. Select the COM port for your modem to use.

## Dialing Properties

Select this item to display the dialing properties.



*If you are using the computer in Japan, the Telecommunications Business Law requires that you select Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.*

## Connecting

To connect the modular cable, follow the steps below.



*The modular cable for connecting a modem should use a commercially available cable. Connect the end of the modular cable with the core to the computer.*



■ *Connection to any communication line other than an analog phone line could cause a PC system failure.*

■ *Connect the built-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.*

■ *Never connect the built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).*

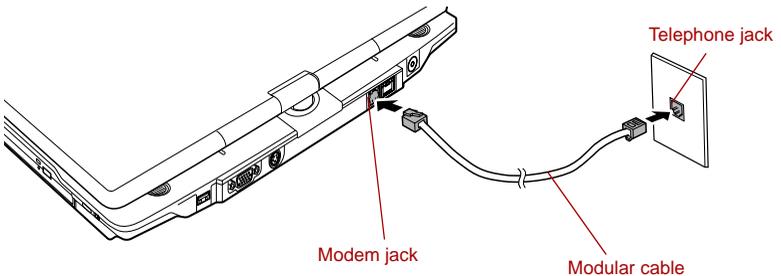
■ *Never connect the built-in modem to the digital connector on a public telephone or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).*

■ *Never connect the built-in modem to a key telephone system for residences or offices.*

■ *Never operate your PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see lightning or hear thunder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge caused by the storm, may result in a system failure, loss of data or hardware damage.*

■ *To reduce the risk of fire, use only No.26 AWG or larger modular cable.*

1. Plug one end of the modular cable into the computer's modem jack.
2. Plug the other end of the modular cable into a telephone jack.



*Figure 4-24 Connecting the internal modem*



*Do not pull on the cable or move the computer while the cable is connected.*



*If you use a storage device such as an optical drive or HDD connected to a 16-bit PC card, you might experience the following modem problems:*

■ *Modem speed is slow or communication is interrupted.*

■ *Skips may occur in sound.*

## Disconnecting

To disconnect the internal modular cable, follow the steps below.

1. Pinch the lever on the connector in the telephone jack and pull out the connector.
2. Disconnect the cable from the computer's modem jack in the same manner.

## Wireless communications

The computer's wireless communication function supports both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth devices.

Bluetooth provided with some models.

### Wireless LAN

The Wireless LAN is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum /Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with IEEE802.11 Wireless LAN standard (Revision A, B or G).

- Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a, 802.11g)
- Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b)
- Frequency Channel Selection (Revision A: 5 GHz, Revision B/G: 2.4 GHz)
- Roaming over multiple channels
- Card Power Management
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 128 bit encryption algorithm.
- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)

### Security

- Be sure to enable WEP (encryption) function. Otherwise your computer will allow the illegal access by outsider through Wireless LAN to cause illegal intrusion, eavesdropping, and loss or destruction of stored data. TOSHIBA strongly recommend the customer to enable the WEP function.
- TOSHIBA is not liable for the eavesdropping of data due to the use of Wireless LAN and the damage thereof.

### Bluetooth wireless technology

Bluetooth™ wireless technology eliminates the need for cables between electronic devices such as desktop computers, printers and mobile phones. You cannot use the built-in Bluetooth functions and an optional Bluetooth SD card 2 simultaneously.

Bluetooth wireless technology has the following features:

## Worldwide operation

The Bluetooth radio transmitter and receiver operate in the 2.4 GHz band, which is license-free and compatible with radio systems in most countries in the world.

## Radio links

You can easily establish links between two or more devices. The link is maintained even if the devices are not within line of sight.

## Security

Two advanced security mechanisms ensure a high level of security:

- Authentication prevents access to critical data and makes it impossible to falsify the origin of a message.
- Encryption prevents eavesdropping and maintains link privacy.

## Bluetooth™ Stack for Windows® by TOSHIBA

Please note that this software is specifically designed for the following operating systems:

- Microsoft® Windows® 2000 Professional
- Microsoft® Windows® XP

Detailed information regarding the use with these operating systems is listed below. Please refer also to the electronic information which is included with each software.



*This Bluetooth™ Stack is based on Bluetooth™ Version 1.1/1.2/2.0+EDR specification. TOSHIBA cannot confirm all compatibility among any PC products and/or other electronic devices using Bluetooth™ other than TOSHIBA mobile PCs.*

## Release Notes related to the Bluetooth™ Stack for Windows® by TOSHIBA

1. Install:  
On Windows2000 or Windows XP, Bluetooth™ Stack for Windows® by TOSHIBA does not need signature.
2. Fax application software:  
Regarding FAX application software, there are some software that you cannot use on this Bluetooth™ Stack.
3. Multi User:  
On Windows XP, Multi user does not supported.  
When you use Bluetooth, you might not use Bluetooth another logon user.

### Product Support:

The latest information regarding Operating System support, Language Support or available upgrades can be found on our web site <http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm> in Europe or [www.pcsupport.toshiba.com](http://www.pcsupport.toshiba.com) in the United States.

### Wireless communication switch

You can enable or disable Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions, with the on/off switch. No transmissions are sent or received when the switch is off. Slide the switch to the right to turn it on and to the left to turn it off.



- *Do not use the WiFi or Bluetooth functionalities near a microwave oven or in areas subject to radio interference or magnetic fields. Interference from a microwave oven or other source can disrupt WiFi or Bluetooth operation.*
- *Turn WiFi and Bluetooth functionalities off when near a person who may have a cardiac pacemaker implant or other medical electric device. Radio waves may affect pacemaker or medical device operation, possibly resulting in serious injury. Follow the instruction of your medical device when using any WiFi or Bluetooth functionality.*
- *Always turn off WiFi or Bluetooth functionality if the PC is near automatic control equipment or appliances such as automatic doors or fire detectors. Radio waves can cause malfunction of such equipment, possibly resulting in serious injury.*

### Wireless communication Indicator

The wireless communication indicator indicates the status of the wireless communication functions.

Indicator status	Indication
Indicator off	Wireless communication switch is set to off. Automatic power down because of overheating. Power malfunction
Indicator glows	Wireless communication switch is on. Wireless LAN is turned on by an application.

If you used the Task Bar to disable Wireless LAN, restart the computer or follow the procedures below to enable the system to recognize Wireless LAN. Open or click the following: **start, Control Panel, System, Hardware Device Manager, Network adapters, Intel® PRO/Wireless 2200BG/2915ABG Network Connection** and **enable**.

## LAN

The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T). Some models are equipped with a Gigabit Ethernet LAN. This section describes how to connect/disconnect to a LAN.



*Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.*



*The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.*

### LAN cable types



*The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.*

If you are using Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T), be sure to connect with a CAT5E cable or higher. You cannot use a CAT3 or CAT5 cable.

If you are using Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX), be sure to connect with a CAT5 cable or higher. You cannot use a CAT3 cable.

If you are using Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), you can connect with a CAT3 or higher.

### Connecting LAN cable

To connect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



- *Connect the AC adaptor before connecting the LAN cable. The AC adaptor must remain connected during LAN use. If you disconnect the AC Adaptor while the computer is accessing a LAN, the system may hang up.*
- *Do not connect any other cable to the LAN jack except the LAN cable. Otherwise, malfunctions or damage may occur.*
- *Do not connect any power supplying device to the LAN cable that is connected to the LAN jack. Otherwise, malfunctions or damage may occur.*

1. Turn off the power to the computer and to all external devices connected to the computer.

2. Plug one end of the cable into the LAN jack. Press gently until you hear the latch click into place.

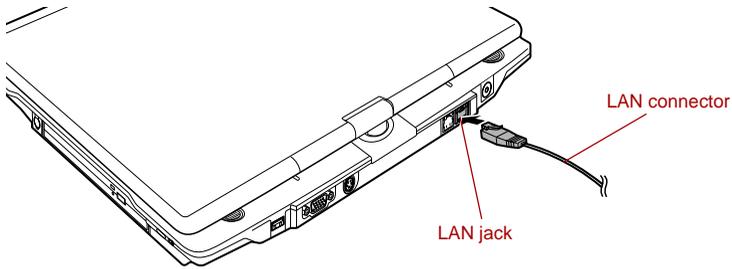


Figure 4-25 Connecting the LAN cable

3. Plug the other end of the cable into a LAN hub connector. Check with your LAN administrator before connecting to a hub.



*When the computer is exchanging data with the LAN, the **LAN Active** indicator glows orange. When the computer is connected to a LAN hub but is not exchanging data, the **Link** indicator glows green.*

## Disconnecting LAN cable

To disconnect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



*Make sure the **LAN Active** indicator (orange LED) is out before you disconnect the computer from the LAN.*

1. Pinch the lever on the connector in the computer's LAN jack and pull out the connector.
2. Disconnect the cable from the LAN hub in the same manner. Check with your LAN administrator before disconnecting from the hub.

## Cleaning the computer

To help ensure long, trouble-free operation, keep the computer free of dust and use care with liquids around the computer.

- Be careful not to spill liquids into the computer. If the computer does get wet, turn the power off immediately and let the computer dry completely before you turn it on again.
- Clean the computer using a slightly damp (with water) cloth. You can use glass cleaner on the LCD display screen. Spray a small amount of cleaner on a soft, clean cloth and wipe the screen gently with the cloth.



*Never spray cleaner directly onto the computer or let liquid run into any part of it. Never use harsh or caustic chemical products to clean the computer.*

## Moving the computer

The computer is designed for rugged durability. However, a few simple precautions taken when moving the computer will help ensure trouble-free operation.

- Before moving the computer, it recommends changing the function of HDD Protection. Refer to the section, *Using the Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Protection*, in this chapter.
- Make sure all disk activity has ended before moving the computer. Check the **HDD** and **Slim Select Bay** indicators on the computer.
- If a CD/DVD is in the drives, remove it. Also make sure the disc tray is securely closed.
- Turn off the power to the computer.
- Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripherals before moving the computer.
- Close the LCD display panel. Do not pick up the computer by its panel.
- Close all port covers.
- Before carrying your PC, shut down the PC, disconnect the power cable and wait until the PC cools down. Failure to follow this instruction could result in minor injury.
- Always turn off the power when you move the PC. If the power button has a lock, set it to the lock position. Also be careful not to subject the PC to impact. Failure to follow this instruction could result in damage to PC, PC failure or loss of data.
- Never transport your PC with PC cards installed. This could cause damage to your PC and/or PC card, resulting in product failure.
- Use the carrying case when transporting the computer.
- When carrying your computer, be sure to hold it securely so that it does not fall or hit anything.
- Do not carry your computer by holding protruded portions.

## Using the Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Protection

There is a function for reducing the risk of damage on HDD in this computer.

Using the acceleration sensor built in the computer, HDD Protection detects vibration, shocks and similar signs in the computer, and automatically moves the HDD head to a safe position in order to reduce the risk of damage that could be caused by a head-to-disk contact.



- *This function does not guarantee that the HDD will not be damaged.*
- *The secondary hard disk drive is not supported by the HDD protection function.*

When vibration is detected, the following message is displayed, and the icon in the notification area of the taskbar is changed to the protection state. This message is displayed until the OK button is pressed or 30 seconds pass. When vibration subsides, the icon returns to the normal state.



*Figure 4-26 HDD Protection Message*

### **Taskbar Icon**

State	Icon	Description
<b>Normal</b>		HDD Protection is enabled.
<b>Protection</b>		HDD Protection is active. The HDD head is at a safe position.
<b>OFF</b>		HDD Protection is disabled.

## TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties

You can make the HDD Protection settings by using the TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties window. To open the window, click **start** point to **All Programs** point to **TOSHIBA** point to **Utilities** and click **HDD Protection setting**. The window can also be started from the icon on the Taskbar, or from the Control Panel.

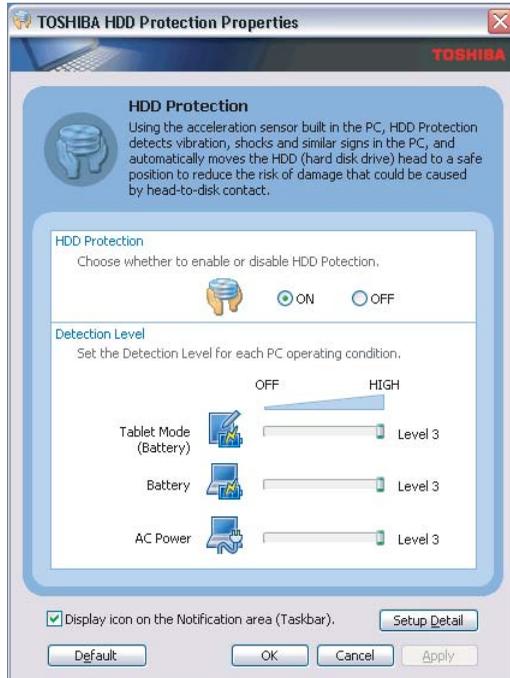


Figure 4-27 TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties

### HDD Protection

You can choose whether to enable or disable HDD Protection.

## Detection Level

This function can be set to four levels. The sensitivity levels in which vibrations, impacts and their similar signs are detected can be set to OFF, 1, 2, and 3 in ascending order. Level 3 is recommended for better protection of the computer. However, when the computer is used as handheld or in other unstable conditions, setting the detection level to 3 could result in frequent execution of HDD Protection, which will slow HDD reading and writing. Set a lower detection level when the speed of HDD reading and writing is a priority.

Different detection levels can be set depending on whether the computer is used as handheld or mobile usages, or whether it is used in a stable environment such as on a table in the workplace or at home. By setting different detection levels for the computer depending on whether it runs with the AC power (desktop) or with batteries (handheld or mobile usage), the detection level automatically switches according to the power connection mode. Furthermore, the detection level can be individually set also during use in Tablet mode (Battery).

## Detail Properties

To open the Detail Properties window, click the Setup Detail button in the TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties window.



Figure 4-28 Detail Properties

## Detection Level Amplification

When the AC adaptor is disconnected or the lid is closed, HDD Detection assumes that the computer will be carried and sets the detection level to the maximum for 10 seconds.

## HDD Protection Message

Specify whether to display a message when HDD Protection is active.



*This function does not work when the computer is starting, in standby, in hibernation, in transition to hibernation, recovering from hibernation, or powered off. Be sure not to subject the computer to vibration or impact while the function is disabled.*

## Heat dispersal

To protect from overheating, the CPU has an internal temperature sensor. If the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level, the cooling fan is turned on or the processing speed is lowered. You can select whether to control the CPU temperature by turning on the fan first, then if necessary, lowering the CPU speed. Or, by lowering the CPU speed first, then if necessary, turning on the fan. Use the *Cooling Method* item of the *Basic Setup* tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

---

**Maximum Performance** Turns on the fan first, then if necessary, lowers the CPU processing speed.

---

**Performance** Uses a combination of the fan and lowering the CPU processing speed.

---

**Battery optimized** Lowers the CPU processing speed first, then if necessary turns on the fan.

---

When the CPU temperature falls to a normal range, the fan is turned off and the CPU operation returns to standard speed.



*If the CPU temperature reaches an unacceptably high level with either setting, the system automatically shuts down to prevent damage. Data in memory will be lost.*



## The Keyboard

The computer's keyboard layouts are compatible with a 101/102-key enhanced keyboard. By pressing some keys in combination, all the 101/102-key keyboard functions can be executed on the computer.

The number of keys on your keyboard depends on which country/region's keyboard layout your computer is configured with. Keyboards for numerous languages are available.

There are six types of keys: typewriter keys, function keys, soft keys, Hot keys, Windows special keys and keypad overlay.

### Typewriter keys

The typewriter keys produce the upper- and lower-case letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and special symbols that appear on the screen.

There are some differences, however, between using a typewriter and using a computer keyboard:

- Letters and numbers produced in computer text vary in width. Spaces, which are created by a "space character," may also vary depending on line justification and other factors.
- The lowercase l (el) and the number 1 (one) are not interchangeable on computers as they are on a typewriter.
- The uppercase O (oh) and the 0 (zero) are not interchangeable.
- The **Caps Lock** function key locks only the alphabetic characters in uppercase while the shift lock on a typewriter places all keys in the shifted position.
- The **Shift** keys, the **Tab** key, and the **BkSp** (backspace) key perform the same function as their typewriter counterparts but also have special computer functions.

## Function keys: F1 ... F12

The function keys (not to be confused with **Fn**) are the 12 keys at the top of your keyboard. These keys function differently from other keys.



**F1** through **F12** are called function keys because they execute programmed functions when pressed. Used in combination with the **Fn** key, keys marked with icons execute specific functions on the computer. Refer to the section, [Soft keys: Fn key combinations](#), in this chapter. The function executed by individual keys depends on the software you are using.

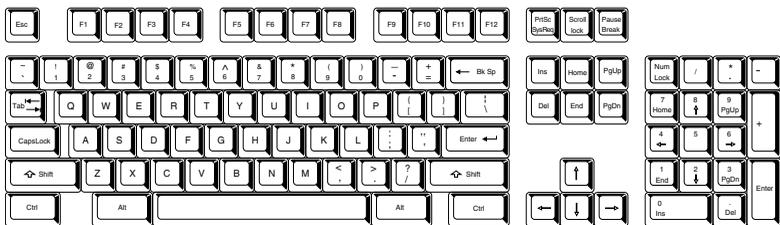
## Soft keys: Fn key combinations

The **Fn** (function) is unique to TOSHIBA computers and is used in combination with other keys to form soft keys. Soft keys are key combinations that enable, disable or configure specific features.



*Some software may disable or interfere with soft-key operations. Soft-key settings are not restored by the Standby feature.*

## Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard



*Figure 5-1 A 101-key enhanced keyboard layout*

The keyboard is designed to provide all the features of the 101-key enhanced keyboard, shown in figure 5-1. The 101/102-key enhanced keyboard has a numeric keypad and scroll lock key. It also has additional **Enter** and **Ctrl** keys to the right of the main keyboard. Since the keyboard is smaller and has fewer keys, some of the enhanced keyboard functions must be simulated using two keys instead of one on the larger keyboard.

Your software may require you to use keys that the keyboard does not have. Pressing the **Fn** key and one of the following keys simulates the enhanced keyboard's functions.



Press **Fn + F10** or **Fn + F11** to access the integrated keypad. When activated, the keys with gray markings on the bottom edge become numeric keypad keys (**Fn + F11**) or cursor control keys (**Fn + F10**). Refer to the [Keypad overlay](#) section in this chapter for more information on how to operate these keys. The power on default for both settings is off.



Press **Fn + F12 (ScrLock)** to lock the cursor on a specific line. The power on default is off.



Press **Fn + Enter** to simulate **Enter** on the enhanced keyboard's numeric keypad.



Press **Fn + Ctrl** to simulate the enhanced keyboard's right **Ctrl** key.

## Hot keys

Hot keys (**Fn + a function or Esc** key) let you enable or disable certain features of the computers.



**Sound mute:** Pressing **Fn + Esc** in a Windows environment turns sound on or off. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon.



**Instant security:** Press **Fn + F1** to blank the screen to prevent others from accessing your data. To restore the screen and original settings, press any key or press the Touch Pad. If a screensaver password is registered, a dialog box will appear. Enter the screensaver password and click **OK**. If no password is set, the screen will be restored when you press any key or press the Touch Pad.



**Power save mode:** Pressing **Fn + F2** changes the power save mode. If you press **Fn + F2** in a Windows environment, the settings dialog box for the Power Save Mode, similar to the one below, is displayed. Continue holding down **Fn**, and release and press **F2** again to toggle between the settings. Release both **Fn** and **F2** to put the new setting into effect. You can also change this setting through the *Profile* options in TOSHIBA Power Saver.



**Standby:** When you press **Fn + F3**, the computer enters the Standby mode. Before entering Standby, a dialog box appears asking for your confirmation. This dialog box will not be displayed in the future when you click the check box in it.



**Hibernation:** When you press **Fn + F4**, the computer enters the Hibernation mode. Before entering Hibernation, a dialog box appears asking for your confirmation. This dialog box will not be displayed in the future when you click the check box in it.



**Display selection:** Press **Fn + F5** to change the active display device. When you press these hot keys, a dialog box appears. Only selectable devices will be displayed. Hold down **Fn** and press **F5** again to change the device. When you release **Fn** and **F5**, the selected device will change. If you hold down these hot keys for five seconds the selection will return to the internal **LCD**.



**Internal LCD screen Brightness:** Pressing **Fn + F6** decreases the LCD screen brightness in decrements. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by an icon. You can also change this setting through the *Screen brightness* item of the *Basic Setup* tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.



**Internal LCD screen Brightness:** Pressing **Fn + F7** increases the LCD screen brightness in increments. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by a pop-up icon. You can also change this setting through the *Screen brightness* item of the *Basic Setup* tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.



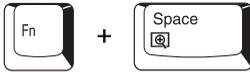
- *The brightness level is always set at the maximum value for about 18 seconds, when the internal LCD screen turns on. After 18 seconds, the brightness level will appear at the Power Save Mode setting or you can change it manually.*
- *LCD screen clarity increases with the brightness level.*



**Wireless setting:** If your computer has both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions, you can press **Fn + F8** to select which type of wireless communication you want to use. When you press these hot keys, a dialog box will appear. Continue holding down **Fn** and press **F8** to change the setting. If wireless communication is turned off, **Disabled Wireless Communication Switch** will be displayed.



**Dual Pointing Device:** Pressing **Fn + F9** in a windows environment enables or disables the Dual Pointing Device function. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon.



**LCD screen resolution selection:** Press **Fn + Space** keys to change the LCD screen resolution. Each time when you press these hot keys, the LCD screen resolution changes as follows: With SXGA+, between 800 × 600 and 1400 × 1050 pixels.



**Optical media drive power icon:** Press the **Fn + Tab** keys to turn the power of the optical media drive on or eject the disc tray. A dialog box is displayed when this hotkey is pressed. To choose between the functions, press the **Tab** key while holding down the **Fn** key. The chosen function is executed when the **Fn + Tab** keys are released.



**TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (reduce):** To reduce the icon size on the desktop or the application window, press the **1** key while holding down the **Fn** key.



**TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (enlarge):** To enlarge the icon size on the desktop or the application window, press the **2** key while holding down the **Fn** key.

## Fn Sticky key

You can use the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility to make the **Fn** key sticky, that is, you can press it once, release it, and then press an **“F number”** key. To start the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility, click **start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **TOSHIBA**, point to **Utilities** and click **Accessibility**.

## Windows special keys

The keyboard provides two keys that have special functions in Windows: Windows logo key activates the **start** menu and the other, the application key, has the same function as the secondary mouse button.



This key activates the Windows **start** menu.



This key has the same function as the secondary mouse button.

## Keypad overlay

Your computer's keyboard does not have an independent numeric keypad, but its numeric keypad overlay functions like one.

The keys in the center of the keyboard with gray letters make up the numeric keypad overlay. The overlay provides the same functions as the numeric keypad on the 101/102-key enhanced keyboard in figure 5-2.

### Turning on the overlays

The numeric keypad overlay can be used for numeric data input or cursor and page control.

#### **Arrow mode**

To turn on the Arrow mode, press **Fn + F10**. The Arrow mode indicator lights. Now try cursor and page control using the keys shown in figure 5-2. Press **Fn + F10** again to turn off the overlay.

#### **Numeric mode**

To turn on the Numeric mode, press **Fn + F11**. The Numeric mode indicator lights. Now try numeric data entry using the keys in figure 5-2. Press **Fn + F11** again to turn off the overlay.

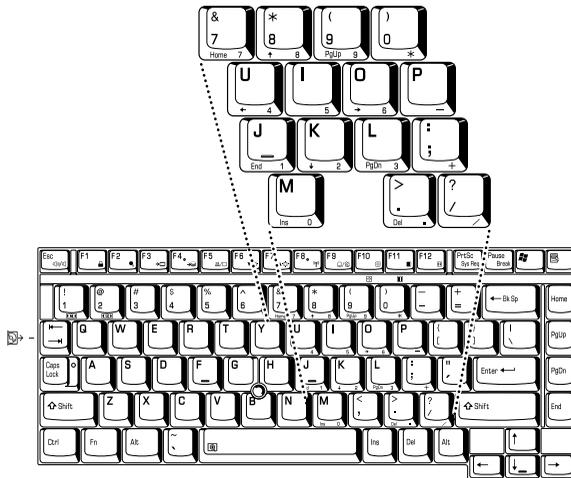


Figure 5-2 The numeric keypad overlay

### Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on)

While using the overlay, you can temporarily access the normal keyboard without turning off the overlay:

1. Hold **Fn** and press any other key. All keys will operate as if the overlay were off.
2. Type upper-case characters by holding **Fn + Shift** and pressing a character key.
3. Release **Fn** to continue using the overlay.

### Temporarily using overlay (overlay off)

While using the normal keyboard, you can temporarily use the keypad overlay without turning it on:

1. Press and hold down **Fn**.
2. Check the keyboard indicators. Pressing **Fn** turns on the most recently used overlay. If the Numeric mode indicator lights, you can use the overlay for numeric entry. If the Arrow mode indicator lights, you can use the overlay for cursor and page control.
3. Release **Fn** to return to normal keyboard operation.

### Temporarily changing modes

If the computer is in **Numeric mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Arrow mode** by pressing a shift key.

If the computer is in **Arrow mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Numeric mode** by pressing a shift key.

## Generating ASCII characters

Not all ASCII characters can be generated using normal keyboard operation. But, you can generate these characters using their ASCII codes.

With the overlay on:

1. Hold down **Alt**.
2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
3. Release **Alt**, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.

With the overlay off:

1. Hold down **Alt + Fn**.
2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
3. Release **Alt + Fn**, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.



## Power and Power-Up Modes

The computer's power resources include the AC adaptor, battery pack and internal batteries. This chapter gives details on making the most effective use of these resources including charging and changing batteries, tips for saving battery power, and power up modes.

### Power conditions

The computer's operating capability and battery charge status are affected by the power conditions: whether an AC adaptor is connected, whether a battery pack is installed and what the charge level is for the battery.

*Table 6-1 Power conditions*

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
<b>AC adaptor connected</b>	Main Battery fully charged	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> green <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> green <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>
	Main Battery partially charged or no charge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>Charge*<sub>1</sub></li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> orange <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick charge*<sub>1</sub></li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> orange <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>
	No Main battery installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>

Table 6-1 Power conditions continued

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
<b>AC adaptor connected</b>	2nd battery fully charged	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd Battery</b> green <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery</b> green <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>
	2nd Battery partially charged or no charge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>Charge*<sub>2</sub></li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery</b> orange <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick charge*<sub>2</sub></li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery</b> orange <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>
	No 2nd battery installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd Battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> green</li> </ul>
<b>AC adaptor not connected</b>	Main battery charge is above low battery trigger point	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	/
	Main battery charge is below low battery trigger point	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> flashes orange <b>DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	/
	Main battery charge is exhausted	Computer shuts down * <sub>3</sub>	/
	No main battery installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No operation *<sub>4</sub></li> <li>LED: <b>Battery</b> off <b>DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	/

Table 6-1 Power conditions continued

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
<b>AC adaptor not connected</b>	2nd battery charge is above low battery trigger point	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery off DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	
	2nd battery charge is below low battery trigger point	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery</b> flashes orange</li> <li><b>DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	
	2nd battery charge is exhausted	Computer shuts down *3	
	No 2nd battery is installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No operation *5</li> <li>LED: <b>2nd battery off DC IN</b> off</li> </ul>	



*2nd battery indicator refers to the **Slim Select Bay** indicator when a secondary battery is installed.*

\*1 When the 2nd battery is not charging.

\*2 When the main battery is not charging.

\*3 For the computer to shut down in hibernation mode, the hibernation feature must be enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the Battery Alarm item of the Alarm window. If a main battery and a 2nd battery are installed, the computer does not shut down until the charge in both batteries is exhausted.

\*4 When no 2nd battery is installed.

\*5 When no main battery is installed.



*When batteries are charged, the main battery is charged first. When it is fully charged, the 2nd battery is charged.*

## Power indicators

As shown in the above table, the **Battery**, **Slim Select Bay**, **DC IN** and **Power** indicators on the system indicator alert you to the computer's operating capability and battery charge status.

### Battery indicators

Check the **Battery** indicator to determine the status of the main battery and the **Slim Select Bay** indicator to determine the status of the 2nd battery. The following indicator lights indicate the battery status:

<b>Flashing orange</b>	The battery charge is low. The AC adaptor must be connected to recharge the battery.
<b>Orange</b>	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and charging the battery.
<b>Green</b>	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and the battery is fully charged.
<b>No light</b>	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.



*If the battery pack becomes too hot while it is being charged, the charge will stop and the **Battery** indicator will go out. When the battery pack's temperature falls to a normal range, charge will resume. This occurs whether the computer's power is on or off.*

### DC IN indicator

Check the **DC IN** indicator to determine the power status with the AC adaptor connected:

<b>Green</b>	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and supplying proper power to the computer.
<b>Flashing orange</b>	Indicates a problem with the power supply. Plug the AC adaptor into another power outlet. If it still does not operate properly, contact your dealer.
<b>No light</b>	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.

## Power indicator

Check the **Power** indicator to determine the power status:

<b>Green</b>	Indicates power is being supplied to the computer and the computer is turned on.
<b>Blinking orange</b>	Indicates power is being supplied to the computer while the computer is in Standby mode. The indicator turns on for one second and off for two seconds.
<b>Orange</b>	Indicates that the system has shifted from Standby mode into high speed recovery mode.
<b>No light</b>	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.



- *High speed recovery will not work in the following circumstances:*
  - *Battery mode. When the power mode is battery, the normal Standby mode is activated and recovery is carried out at normal speed from the Standby mode.*
  - *When a password protected HDD is used in the Select Bay.*
  - *In the high speed recovery mode, more power is consumed when compared with the normal Standby mode.*

## Battery types

The computer has three types of batteries:

- Battery pack
- 2nd battery pack (option)
- Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

### Battery pack

When the AC adaptor is not connected, the computer's main power source is a removable lithium ion battery pack, also referred to in this manual as the main battery. You can purchase additional battery packs for extended use of the computer away from an AC power source.

Before you remove the battery pack, set the computer to Hibernation mode or save your data and shut down the computer. Do not change the battery pack while the AC adaptor is connected.



- *The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.*
- *Always dispose of used battery packs in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Put insulating tape, such as cellophane tape, on the electrode during transportation to avoid a possible short circuit, fire or electric shock. Failure to do so could possibly result in serious injury.*
- *Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost. When the computer is powered off in Standby mode, and the AC adaptor is not connected, the main battery pack supply power to maintain data and program in memory. If the battery pack(s) is completely discharged, Standby mode does not function and the computer loses all data in memory.*

To ensure that the battery pack maintains its maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power at least once a month until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to [Extending battery life](#) in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power through an AC adaptor for an extended period, more than a month, the battery may fail to retain a charge. It may not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery and the **Battery** indicator may not indicate a low-battery condition.

## 2nd battery pack (option)

An optional 2nd battery pack can be installed in the Slim Select Bay to increase your battery operating time. Note the caution on Standby mode in the previous section [Battery pack](#).



*The 2nd battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.*

## Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

The Real Time Clock (RTC) battery provides power for the internal real time clock and calendar. It also maintains the system configuration.

If the RTC battery becomes completely discharged, the system loses this data and the real time clock and calendar stop working. The following message appears when you turn on the power:



```
**** RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is
inconsistent ****
Press [F1] key to set Date/Time.
```

You can change the setting of RTC by pressing **F1** key. Refer to Chapter 9 [Troubleshooting](#) for the detail.



*The computer's RTC battery is a Ni-MH battery and should be replaced only by your dealer or by a TOSHIBA service representative. The battery can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.*

## Care and use of the battery pack

The battery pack is a vital component of portable computing. Taking proper care of it will help ensure longer operating time on battery power as well as a longer life for your battery pack. Follow the instructions in this section carefully to ensure safe operation and maximum performance.

### Safety precautions

Mishandling of battery packs can cause death, serious injury or property damage. Carefully observe the following advisories:

**Danger:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

**Warning:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

**Caution:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

**Note:** Provides important information.

#### **Danger**

1. Never attempt to dispose of a battery pack by burning or by throwing it into a fire, and never allow exposure to a heating apparatus (e.g., microwave oven). Heat can cause a battery pack to explode and possibly cause serious injury.
2. Never attempt to disassemble, tamper with or repair a battery pack. The battery pack could overheat and ignite. Leakage of the caustic alkaline solution or other electrolytic substances could cause fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
3. Never short circuit the battery pack by either accidentally or intentionally bringing the battery terminals in contact with another conductive object. This could cause serious injury or a fire, and could also damage the battery pack. Always wrap the battery pack in plastic (or place it in a plastic bag) whenever transporting it, to avoid exposing the terminals to another conductive object which could result in serious injury. Always cover the metal terminals with insulating tape when disposing of the battery pack, to prevent accidental short circuiting which could result in serious injury.
4. Never drive a nail or any other sharp object into the battery pack, hit battery pack with a hammer or other object or step on it. Doing so could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.

5. Never charge the battery pack by a method other than as instructed in the User's Manual. Doing so could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
6. Never connect the battery pack to a plug socket or a car cigarette plug socket. The battery pack could rupture or ignite causing a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
7. Never allow a battery pack to become wet. A wet battery pack will overheat or ignite causing rupture or fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
8. Never store a battery pack in an area of high humidity. This could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
9. Never expose a battery pack to abnormal shock, vibration or pressure. The battery pack's internal protective device could fail, causing it to overheat or ignite resulting in caustic liquid leakage, or explosion or fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
10. Never subject a battery pack to heat, and never store it or use it near a heat source. The battery pack could ignite or explode when heated or burned, possibly resulting in death or serious injury. Subjecting a battery pack to heat could also cause caustic liquid to leak. It can also cause failure, malfunction, or loss of stored data.
11. Always use the battery pack supplied as an accessory or an equivalent battery pack specified in the User's Manual. Other battery packs have different voltage and terminal polarities. Use of non-conforming battery packs could generate smoke or cause fire or rupture, possibly resulting in serious injury.
12. Never allow caustic electrolyte fluid leaked from the battery pack to contact your eyes, body or clothing. If caustic electrolyte fluid from the battery pack should contact your eyes, immediately wash your eyes with large amounts of running water and obtain prompt medical attention, to help prevent permanent eye damage. If electrolyte fluid should contact any part of your body, immediately wash it off under running water to help prevent skin rashes. If electrolyte fluid should contact your clothes, promptly remove them to help prevent the electrolyte fluid from contacting your body, possibly resulting in serious injury.

13. Always immediately turn the power off and disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket if you observe any of the following conditions:
  - Offensive or unusual odor
  - Excessive heat
  - Discoloration
  - Deformation
  - Smoke
  - Other unusual event during use, such as abnormal sound

In such an event, immediately remove the battery pack from the PC. In some instances, you might have to wait for the PC to cool down before removing the battery pack, in order to avoid any possible minor injury due to heat exposure. Do not turn on the PC's power again until an authorized Toshiba service provider has checked it for safety. Continued use could cause a fire or rupture possibly resulting in serious injury or PC failure including but not limited to the loss of data.
14. Always dispose of used battery packs in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Put insulating tape, such as cellophane tape, on the electrode during transportation to avoid a possible short circuit, fire or electric shock. Failure to do so could possibly result in serious injury.
15. Make sure the battery is securely installed in the computer before attempting to charge the battery pack. Improper installation could generate smoke or fire, or cause the battery pack to rupture.
16. Keep the battery pack out of reach of infants and children. It can cause injury.

### **Caution**

1. Never continue to use a battery pack after its recharging capacity has become impaired, or after the display of a warning message indicating that the battery pack's power is exhausted. Continued use of an exhausted or impaired battery pack could cause the loss of data.
2. Use only battery packs recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.
3. When installing a battery pack or before moving the PC, always make sure the battery pack is inserted correctly and securely. If the battery falls out, while you are carrying the PC, you could be injured or the battery pack could be damaged.
4. Charge the battery pack only in an ambient temperature between 5 and 35 degrees Celsius. Otherwise, the electrolyte solution might leak, battery pack performance might deteriorate and the battery life might be shortened.
5. Never continue to use a battery pack after its recharging capability has become impaired, or after the warning message indicating that the battery pack power is exhausted has been displayed.
6. Continued use of an exhausted or impaired battery pack could result in the loss of data or damage to PC.
7. Never install or remove the battery pack without first turning off the power and disconnecting the AC adaptor. Never remove the battery pack while the computer is in Suspend or Standby mode. Data will be lost.

### Note

1. Never remove the battery pack while the Wake-up on LAN function is enabled. Data will be lost. Before you remove a battery pack, disable the Wake-up on LAN function.
2. To ensure the battery pack maintains maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power once a week until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to the section [Extending battery life](#) in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power for an extended period, more than a week, the battery might fail to retain a charge. It might not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery pack and the **Battery** indicator might not indicate a low-battery condition.
3. After the battery pack is charged, avoid leaving the AC adaptor connected and the computer turned off for more than a few hours at a time. Continuing to charge a fully-charged battery pack can damage the battery.

### Charging the batteries

When the power in the battery pack becomes low, the **Battery** indicator flashes orange indicating that only a few minutes of battery power remain. If you continue to use the computer while the **Battery** indicator flashes, the computer enables Hibernation mode (so you don't lose data) and automatically turns off.



*The computer enters Hibernation mode only if Hibernation is enabled in two places: the Hibernation tab in Power Options and Setup Action tab in TOSHIBA Power Saver.*

You must recharge a battery pack when it becomes discharged.

### Procedures

To recharge a battery pack while it is installed in the computer, connect the AC adaptor to the DC IN 15V jack and plug the other end into a working outlet.

The **Battery** indicator glows orange when the battery is being charged.



*Use only the computer connected to an AC power source or the optional TOSHIBA Battery charger to charge the battery pack. Never attempt to charge the battery pack with any other charger.*

## Time

The following table shows the approximate time required to fully charge a discharged battery.

### Charging time (hours)

Battery type	Power on	Power off
Battery pack (4700mAh)	about 5.5 to 13.0	about 3.0
2nd battery pack (3600mAh)	about 4.0 to 9.5	about 3.0
RTC battery	8	Doesn't charge



*The charging time when the computer is on is affected by ambient temperature, the temperature of the computer and how you use the computer. If you make heavy use of external devices, for example, the battery might scarcely charge at all during operation. Refer also to the section [Maximizing battery operating time](#).*

### Battery charging notice

The battery may not charge right away under the following conditions:

- The battery is extremely hot or cold. If the battery is extremely hot, it might not charge at all. To ensure the battery charges to its full capacity, charge the battery at room temperature of 10° to 30°C (50° to 88°F).
- The battery is nearly completely discharged. Leave the AC adaptor connected for a few minutes and the battery should begin charging.

The **Battery** indicator may show a rapid decrease in battery operating time when you try to charge a battery under the following conditions:

- The battery has not been used for a long time.
- The battery has completely discharged and been left in the computer for a long time.
- A cool battery is installed in a warm computer.

In such case, follow the steps below.

1. Fully discharge the battery by leaving it in the computer with the power on until the power automatically shuts off.
2. Connect the AC adaptor to the DC IN 15V jack of the computer, and the AC adaptor into power outlet.
3. Charge the battery until the **Battery** indicator glows green.

Repeat these steps two or three times until the battery recovers normal capacity.



*Leaving the AC adaptor connected will shorten battery life. At least once a month, run the computer on battery power until the battery is fully discharged, then recharge the battery.*

## Monitoring battery capacity

Remaining battery power can be monitored in TOSHIBA Power Saver.



- *Wait at least 16 seconds after turning on the computer before trying to monitor the remaining operating time. The computer needs this time to check the battery's remaining capacity and to calculate the remaining operating time, based on the current power consumption rate and remaining battery capacity. The actual remaining operating time may differ slightly from the calculated time.*
- *With repeated discharges and recharges, the battery's capacity will gradually decrease. Therefore, an often used, older battery will not operate for as long as a new battery even when both are fully charged. In this case, TOSHIBA Power Saver will indicate a 100% charge for both the old and new battery, but the displayed estimated time remaining will be shorter for the older battery.*

## Maximizing battery operating time

A battery's usefulness depends on how long it can supply power on a single charge.

How long the charge lasts in a battery depends on:

- How you configure the computer (for example, whether you enable battery-power saving options). The computer provides a battery save mode, which can be set in TOSHIBA Power Saver, to conserve battery power. This mode has the following options:
  - CPU Processing speed
  - Screen brightness
  - Cooling Method
  - System standby
  - System Hibernation
  - Monitor Power off
  - HDD Power off
- How often and how long you use the hard disk, optical disc and the floppy disk drive.
- How much charge the battery contained to begin with.
- How you use optional devices, such as a PC card, to which the battery supplies power.
- Enabling Standby mode conserves battery power if you are frequently turning the computer off and on.
- Where you store your programs and data.
- Closing the LCD display panel when you are not using the keyboard saves power.
- Operating time decreases at low temperatures.
- The condition of the battery terminals. Make sure the battery terminals stay clean by wiping them with a clean dry cloth before installing the battery pack.

## Retaining data with power off

When you turn off your computer with fully charged batteries, the batteries retain data for the following approximate time periods:

### Retention time

Battery type	State and Retention Time
Battery pack (4700mAh)	about 5 days (Standby mode) about 40 days (Boot mode)
2nd battery pack (3600mAh)	about 4 days (Standby mode) about 30 days (Boot mode)
RTC battery	30 days

## Extending battery life

To maximize the life of your battery pack:

- At least once a month, disconnect the computer from a power source and operate it on battery power until the battery pack fully discharges. Before doing so, follow the steps below.
  1. Turn off the computer's power.
  2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and turn on the computer's power. If it does not turn on go to step 4.
  3. Operate the computer on battery power for five minutes. If the battery pack has at least five minutes of operating time, continue operating until the battery pack is fully discharged. If the **Battery** indicator flashes or there is some other warning to indicate a low battery, go to step 4.
  4. Connect the AC adaptor to the computer and the power cord to a power outlet. The **DC IN** indicator should glow green, and the **Battery** indicator should glow orange to indicate that the battery pack is being charged. If the **DC IN** indicator does not glow, power is not being supplied. Check the connections for the AC adaptor and power cord.
  5. Charge the battery pack until the **Battery** indicator glows green.
- If you have extra battery packs, rotate their use.
- If you will not be using the system for an extended period, more than one month, remove the battery pack.
- Disconnect the AC adaptor when the battery is fully charged. Overcharging makes the battery hot and shortens life.
- If you are not going to use the computer for more than eight hours, disconnect the AC adaptor.
- Store spare battery packs in a cool dry place out of direct sunlight.

## Replacing the battery pack

When the battery pack reaches the end of its operating life you will need to install a new one. If the **Battery** indicator or **Slim Select Bay** indicator (if a Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack is installed) flashes orange shortly after fully recharging the battery, the battery pack needs to be replaced.

You might also replace a discharged battery pack with a charged spare when you are operating your computer away from an AC power source. This section explains how to remove and install the battery pack. For the details about removing/installing the Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack, refer to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

### Removing the battery pack

To replace a discharged battery pack, follow the steps below.



- *Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost.*
- *In Hibernation mode, data will be lost if you remove the battery pack or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the **HDD** indicator to go out.*
- *Do not touch the battery release latch while holding the computer. Or you may get injured by the dropped battery pack by unintentional release of the battery release latch.*

1. Save your work.
2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
3. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
4. Close the LCD display panel and turn the computer upside down.
5. Slide the battery safety lock towards the release (🔒) position to make the battery release latch movable.

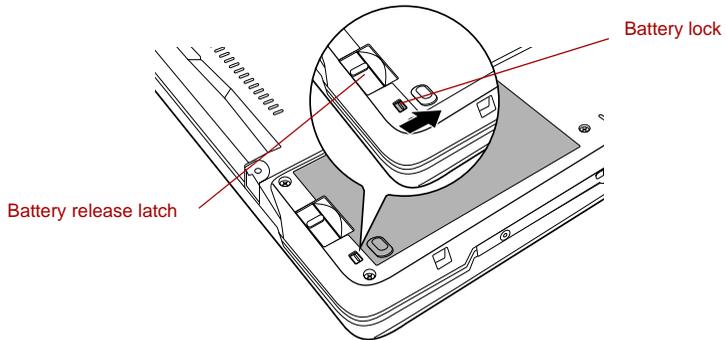


Figure 6-1 Releasing the battery pack (1)

- Slide the battery release latch (①) to free the battery pack for removal (②), then slide out the battery pack.

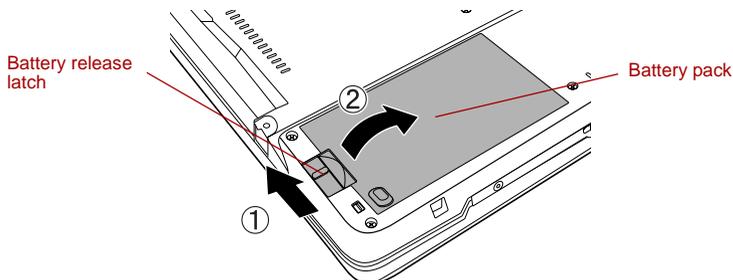


Figure 6-2 Releasing the battery pack (2)

- Return your computer to the upright position.

## Installing the battery pack

To install a battery pack, follow the steps below.



*Do not touch the battery release latch while holding the computer. Or you may get injured by the dropped battery pack by unintentional release of the battery release latch.*

- Turn the computer's power off.
- Disconnect all cables connected to the computer.
- Close the LCD display panel and turn the computer upside down.
- Insert the battery pack (①).
- Secure the battery pack lock. Check the battery lock was changed to the lock position (🔒) (②).

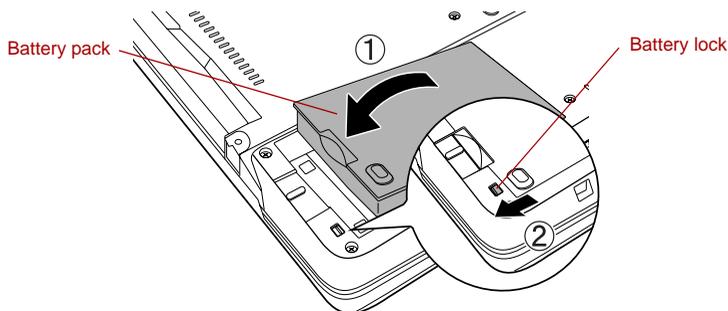


Figure 6-3 Securing the battery cover

- Return your computer to the upright position.

# TOSHIBA Password Utility

The TOSHIBA Password Utility provides two levels of password security: User and Supervisor.



*Passwords set in TOSHIBA Password Utility are different from the Windows password.*

## User password

To start the utility, point to or click the following items:

**start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities -> Password Utility**

The user password dialog box contains two main fields: **User Password** and **User Token**.

User authentication may be required to validate user rights when using "TOSHIBA Password Utility" to delete or change passwords, or create tokens, etc.

### User Password field

#### ■ Set (button)

Click this button to register a password of up to 50 characters. After a password is set, you will be prompted to enter it when you start the computer.



*After you set the password, a dialog box will be displayed asking whether you want to save it to a floppy disk or other media. If you forget the password, you can open the password file on another computer. Be sure to keep the media in a safe place.*

*When entering the character string to register the password, enter from the keyboard character by character and do not enter as ASCII code or copy-and-paste the character string. In addition, ensure that the registered password is correct by outputting the character string to the password file.*

#### ■ Delete (button)

Click this button to delete a registered password. Before you can delete a password, you must first enter the current password correctly or insert a proper token.

#### ■ Change (button)

Click this button to change a registered password. Before you can change a password, you must first enter the current password correctly or insert a proper token.

#### ■ Owner String (text box)

You can use this box to associate text with the password. After you enter text, click **Apply** or **OK**. At the time of a startup of a computer, this text is displayed, when you can ask for the input of a password.

## User Token field

### ■ Create (button)

You can use an SD card token, instead of entering the password. After you have registered a password, insert an SD card in SD card slot and click **Create**. You can use an SD card of any capacity, but it must be formatted correctly.

If an unformatted card or one with an incompatible format is inserted, you will be prompted to format it with a tool named TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format. To start the format tool, point to or click the following items:

**start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities -> SD Memory Card Format**



*When you format an SD Memory card, all data will be deleted. Be sure to save data on the card to other media before you format the card.*

### ■ Disable (button)

Click this button to invalidate the token. You cannot re-validate old tokens, but you can use the same SD cards to create new tokens.



*After using the token created for authentication, do not leave it inserted in the SD card slot, ensure that the token is removed from the slot and stored in a safe location. If the token is left in the slot, there is a danger of theft or a third party using it for authentication and operating the user's computer (resulting in extraction, modification or deletion of data) when the user is not at their desk.*

## Supervisor password

If you set a supervisor password, some functions might be restricted when a user logs on with the user password. To set a supervisor password, execute the file TOSPU.EXE. The file is located at:

**C:\Program Files\Toshiba\Windows Utilities\SVPWTool\TOSPU.EXE**

This utility lets you do the following:

- Register, delete or change the supervisor password.
- Create or invalidate a supervisor password token.



*This function in the TOSHIBA Password Utility lets you invalidate only supervisor tokens or all tokens, including user and supervisor tokens.*

- Specify restrictions for general users.

## Starting the computer by password

If you registered a password, there are two ways to start the computer:

- Insert an SD card token before you turn on the computer. The computer will start normally, without displaying a password prompt.
- Enter the password manually.



*The password is necessary only if the computer was shut down in boot mode. It is not needed in Standby mode.*

To enter a password manually, follow these steps:

1. Turn on the power as described in Chapter 3, [Getting Started](#). The following message will appear in the LCD:



Password=

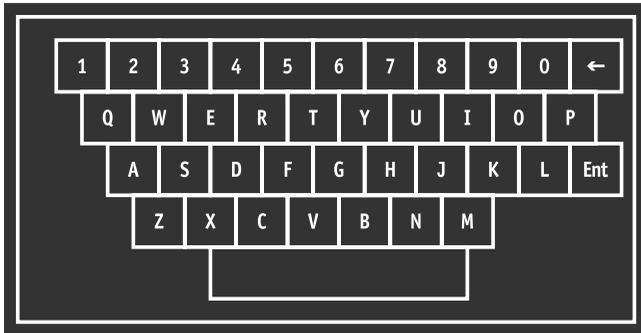
2. Enter the Password.
3. Press **Enter**.



*If you enter the password incorrectly three times in a row, the computer shuts off. In this case, you must turn the computer back on to retry password entry.*

## Tablet mode

Enter your password by tapping the on-screen keyboard using the Tablet PC Pen.



*Figure 6-4 On-screen keyboard*

- The beep sounds when tapping the on-screen keyboard with the Tablet PC Pen. An \* (asterisk) is displayed after “Password =” and one character is input for every tapping.



*Register your password to the computer in the laptop mode using the standard keyboard. Refer to [TOSHIBA Password Utility](#), in this chapter for the detail.*

## Power-up modes

The computer has the following power-up modes:

- **Boot:** Computer shuts down without saving data. Always save your work before you turn the computer off in boot mode.
- **Hibernation:** Data in memory is saved to the hard disk.
- **Standby:** Data is maintained in the computer's memory.



Refer also to the sections [Turning on the power](#) and [Turning off the power in Chapter 3, Getting Started](#).

## Windows utilities

You can specify the setting in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

## Hot keys

You can use hot keys **Fn + F3** to enter Standby mode and **Fn + F4** to enter Hibernation. Refer to Chapter 5, [The Keyboard](#) for details.

## Panel power on/off

You can set up your computer so that power turns off automatically when you close the computer's LCD display panel. When you open the computer's LCD display panel, power turns on in Standby or Hibernation mode but not in boot mode.



*If the panel power off function is enabled and you use Shut down Windows, do not close the computer's LCD display panel until the shut down function is completed.*

## System Auto Off

This feature turns the system off automatically if it is not used for a set duration. The system shuts down in Standby mode or Hibernation mode in Windows.



## HW Setup

This chapter explains how to use TOSHIBA HW Setup program to configure your computer. TOSHIBA HW Setup lets you configure settings for General, Display, Boot Priority, Keyboard, CPU, LAN, Device Config Parallel/Printer, USB and Button Setting.

### Accessing HW Setup

To run HW Setup, click **start**, click **Control Panel**, click **Printers and Other Hardware** and select **TOSHIBA HWSetup**.

### HW Setup window

The HW Setup window contains the following tabs: General, Display, Boot Priority, Keyboard, CPU, LAN, Device Config, Parallel/Printer, USB and Button Setting.

There are also three buttons: **OK**, **Cancel** and **Apply**.

<b>OK</b>	Accepts your changes and closes the HW Setup window.
<b>Cancel</b>	Closes the window without accepting your changes.
<b>Apply</b>	Accepts all your changes without closing the HW Setup window.

### General

This window displays the BIOS version and contains two buttons: **Default** and **About**.

<b>Default</b>	Return all HW Setup values to the factory settings.
<b>About</b>	Display the HW Setup version.

### Setup

This field displays BIOS **Version** and date.

### Display

This tab lets you customize your computer's display settings for either the internal LCD screen or for an external monitor.

#### Power On Display

Lets you use the display to be used when the computer is booted (This setting is only available on Standard VGA mode and not available on Windows Desktop).

<b>Auto-Selected</b>	Selects an external monitor if one is connected. Otherwise, it selects the internal LCD (Default).
<b>LCD + Analog RGB</b>	Selects both the internal LCD and external monitor for simultaneous display.
<b>System LCD Only</b>	Selects the internal LCD even if the external monitor is connected.



*If the connected external monitor does not support the SVGA mode, selecting the LCD + Analog RGB mode will not display the screen on that monitor.*

*At Windows start-up, the screen is displayed on the external monitor if it was connected at the time of the previous power-off, and is found at the start-up. Otherwise, the screen is displayed on the internal LCD.*

## Boot Priority

### Boot Priority Options

This option sets the priority for booting the computer. Select from the following settings:

<b>HDD</b> -> <b>FDD</b> -> <b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> , CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> and LAN (Default).
<b>FDD</b> -> <b>HDD</b> -> <b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> , HDD, CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> and LAN.
<b>HDD</b> -> <b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b> -> <b>FDD</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> , LAN and floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> .
<b>FDD</b> -> <b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b> -> <b>HDD</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> , CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> , LAN and HDD.
<b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b> -> <b>HDD</b> -> <b>FDD</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> , LAN, HDD, floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> .
<b>CD-ROM</b> -> <b>LAN</b> -> <b>FDD</b> -> <b>HDD</b>	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> , LAN, floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> and HDD.

You can override the settings and manually select a boot device by pressing one of the following keys while the computer is booting:

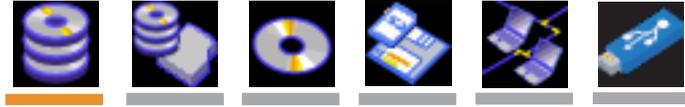
<b>U</b>	Selects the USB floppy disk drive.
<b>N</b>	Selects the Network.
<b>1</b>	Selects the Built-in HDD.
<b>2</b>	Selects the 2nd HDD.
<b>C</b>	Selects the CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> .
<b>M</b>	Selects the USB Memory.

\*<sup>1</sup> Floppy disk drive is looked for when the boot disk is contained in external floppy disk drive. When SD memory card is set as the boot disk, external floppy disk drive is looked for first. Next, SD memory card is looked for.

\*<sup>2</sup> In this computer, CD-ROM refers to the Slim Select Bay optical media drive.

To change the boot drive, follow the steps below.

1. Hold down **F12** and boot the computer.
2. The following menu will be displayed with the following icons: Built-in HDD, 2nd HDD, CD-ROM, floppy disk drive (or SD memory card), Network (LAN), USB Memory boot.



*A bar will appear only under the selected device.*

3. Use the left/right cursor keys to highlight the boot device you want and press **Enter**.



- *If a supervisor password is set only, it is the following.*
  - *The menu above appears (able to run HW Setup).*
  - *The menu above does not appear (unable to run HW Setup).*
- *If the supervisor and user password are set, it is the following.*
  - *The menu above appears when you use the supervisor and user password to start the computer (able to run HW Setup).*
  - *The menu above does not appear when you use the user password to start the computer (unable to run HW Setup).*
  - *The menu above appears when you use the supervisor password to start the computer (unable to run HW Setup).*
- *The selection method above does not change the boot priority settings in HW Setup.*
- *If you press a key other than one of those above or if the selected device is not installed, the system will boot according to the current setting in HW Setup.*

## HDD Priority Options

If more than one HDD is installed in the computer, this option lets you set the priority for HDD detection. If the first detected HDD has a boot command, the system will boot from the HDD.

<b>Built-in HDD -&gt; 2nd HDD (Default)</b>	The computer will look for the Built-in HDD first and then 2nd HDD (Default).
<b>2nd HDD -&gt; Built-in HDD</b>	The computer will look for the 2nd HDD first and then Built-in HDD.
<b>Built-in HDD -&gt; 2nd HDD -&gt; USB (Default)</b>	The priority is set as built-in HDD -> 2nd HDD -> USB.
<b>2nd HDD -&gt; Built-in HDD -&gt; USB</b>	The priority is set as 2nd HDD -> built-in HDD -> USB.
<b>Built-in HDD -&gt; USB -&gt; 2nd HDD</b>	The priority is set as built-in HDD -> USB -> 2nd HDD.
<b>2nd HDD -&gt; USB -&gt; Built-in HDD</b>	The priority is set as 2nd HDD -> USB -> built-in HDD.
<b>USB -&gt; Built-in HDD -&gt; 2nd HDD</b>	The priority is set as USB -> built-in HDD -> 2nd HDD.
<b>USB -&gt; 2nd HDD -&gt; Built-in HDD</b>	The priority is set as USB -> 2nd HDD -> built-in HDD.



- If a boot command is not found on the first detected HDD, the system will not boot from the other HDD. It will search the next device in the boot priority for a boot command.
- Some modules may not be displayed.

## Keyboard

### Wake-up on Keyboard

When this feature is enabled and the computer is in Standby mode, you can turn on the computer by pressing any key. It is effective only for the internal keyboard and only when the computer is in standby mode.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables the Wake-up on Keyboard.
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables the Wake-up on Keyboard (Default).

## CPU

This function lets you set the CPU operating mode.



*It is displayed in Pentium-M® model only.*

### Dynamic CPU Frequency Mode

This option lets you choose from the following settings:

<b>Dynamically Switchable</b>	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is enabled. When the computer is in use, CPU operation is automatically switched when necessary (Default).
<b>Always High</b>	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at its fastest speed.
<b>Always Low</b>	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at low power consumption and low speed.

### LAN

#### Wake-up on LAN

This feature lets the computer's power be turned on when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables Wake-up on LAN.
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables Wake-up on LAN (Default).



*Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.*



*The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.*

#### Built-in LAN

This feature enables or disables the Built-in LAN.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables Built-in LAN functions (Default).
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables Built-in LAN functions.

### Device Config

#### Device Configuration

This option lets you set the device configuration.

<b>All Devices</b>	BIOS sets all devices.
<b>Setup by OS</b>	Operating system sets devices that it can control (Default).

## PCI Express Link ASPM

This feature lets you set the PCI Express power-saving configuration.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables power-saving when the PCI Express device is not being used (Default).
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables power-saving for performance.
<b>Auto</b>	Power-saving is enabled when the battery power supply is used and the PCI Express device is not being used.

## Parallel/Printer



*This setup can be used only when Advanced Port Replicator III is connected.*

Some models are equipped with Parallel/Printer tab. This tab lets you set the Parallel Port Mode. Use the Windows Device Manager to make settings for the Parallel port.

### Parallel Port Mode

The options in this tab are **ECP** and **Standard Bi-directional**.

<b>ECP</b>	Sets the port type to Extended Capabilities Port (ECP). For most printers, the port should be set to <b>ECP</b> (Default).
<b>Standard Bi-directional</b>	This setting should be used with some other parallel devices.

## USB

### USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. If your operating system does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and keyboard by setting the **USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation** item to **Enabled**.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation (Default).
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation.

### USB-FDD Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB-FDD Legacy Emulation.

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation (Default).
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation.

### **USB Memory BIOS Support Type**

Set the type of the USB memory as a startup device.

---

<b>HDD</b>	Set the type of the USB memory to be equivalent to the HDD (Default). * Based on the [HDD] order in the [Boot Priority Options] item. The order with respect to the other HDD can be set in the [HDD Priority Options] item.
<b>FDD</b>	Set the type of the USB memory to be equivalent to the FDD. * Based on the [FDD] order in the [Boot Priority Options] item.

---

### **Button Setting**

#### **Standby**

Set this option for high speed recovery from the Standby mode.

---

<b>Fast</b>	Recover from the Standby mode at high speed. Please ensure that the AC adaptor is connected when selecting this mode.
<b>Normal</b>	Recover from Standby mode at normal speed.

---

## Configuring the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM

The configurations for the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM are carried out in the BIOS setup program.



### Notes before using the BIOS Setup

- *In normal cases, changes in system configuration should be made in Windows using **TOSHIBA HW Setup**, **TOSHIBA Password Utility**, **TOSHIBA Power Saver**, **Device Manager**, etc.  
If the configuration in the BIOS setup program is different from the configuration in the Windows utility, the configuration in the Windows utility takes priority.*
- *Depending on the system, changes made to the system configuration might not be reflected.*
- *The settings in the BIOS setup program are not erased even if the power supply is switched off. However, if the built-in battery (RTC battery) runs out of power, the settings will revert back to their default values.  
The following item does not revert back to their default values.*
  - Password
  - HDD Password
  - Security controller

## Starting and Ending the BIOS Setup Program

### Starting the BIOS Setup Program

1. Switch on your computer while pressing the **Esc** key.  
If "**password =**" is displayed, enter the user password and press the **Enter** key.  
Please refer to Chapter 6, the [TOSHIBA Password Utility](#), for details about the user password.  
The "**Check system. Then press [F1] key.**" message is displayed.
2. Press the **F1** key.  
The BIOS setup program will start up.



*Select either the Execute-Disable Bit Capability or settings in the security controller to make changes. Please refer to the operating instructions displayed in the settings screen.*

### Ending the BIOS Setup Program

Save the changes and end the program.

1. Press the **End** Key.  
The "Are you sure? (Y/N) The changes you made will cause the system to reboot." message is displayed.
2. Press the **Y** key.  
The configured settings are saved and the BIOS setup program ends. The computer may reboot depending on the settings that were modified.

### Ending the BIOS Setup Program Halfway

The configuration settings can be terminated halfway without saving any of the changes made.

1. Press the **Esc** key.  
The "Exit without saving? (Y/N)" message is displayed.
2. Press the **Y** key.  
The BIOS setup program will end.

### Execute-Disable Bit Capability

This setting enables or disables the Execute-Disable Bit function. The Execute-Disable Bit Capability setting is available in **SYSTEM SETUP (1/2)**.

<b>Available</b>	Make the Execute-Disable Bit Capability usable (Available).
<b>Not Available</b>	Disable the Execute-Disable Bit Capability (Not Available) (Default).



*System configuration changes other than changes to this setting should be made in Windows using **TOSHIBA HW Setup, TOSHIBA Password Utility, TOSHIBA Power Saver, Device Manager, etc.***

### Security controller

The security controller settings are available in **SYSTEM SETUP (2/2)**.

#### **TPM**

This setting enables or disables the security controller known as TPM (Trusted Platform Module).

<b>Enabled</b>	Enables the TPM.
<b>Disabled</b>	Disables the TPM (Default).

## Clear TPM Owner

This setting is used to erase the data in TPM when disposing of the computer or when the owner of the computer changes, etc. Once this operation is carried out, the TPM configuration settings are erased, such that the encrypted data can no longer be decrypted and the files can no longer be read. Please backup or delete the data as necessary before carrying out this operation.

The operating procedure is as follows:

1. Move the cursor to the **Clear TPM Owner** setting and press the **Space** key.
2. A message is displayed. Press the **Y**, **E**, **S**, and **Enter** keys and the TPM information is erased.
3. The TPM setting changes from being displayed as **Enable** to **Disabled**, and the setting is no longer displayed.



- *System configuration changes other than changes to this setting should be made in Windows using **TOSHIBA HW Setup**, **TOSHIBA Password Utility**, **TOSHIBA Power Saver**, **Device Manager**, etc.*
- *When using TPM, please install the **Infineon TPM Installation Guide** from the **TOSHIBA Application Installer**. Please ensure that the user reads the **Infineon TPM Installation Guide** as it contains usage information and notes on using TPM.*

## Diagnostic Mode

Set whether the BIOS Setup Diagnostic test is enabled.

<b>Disabled</b> <b>(Default)</b>	The Diagnostic test is disabled.
<b>Enabled</b>	The Diagnostic test is enabled.

## Fast Standby Hold Time

If **Standby = Fast** is selected, **Fast Standby Hold Time** can be used as an option.

---

<b>Not used (Default)</b>	If powered by batteries in a Fast Standby mode, the computer will immediately move to normal Standby mode.
<b>05 Min</b>	If powered by batteries in a Fast Standby mode, the computer will move to normal Standby mode after maintaining the Fast Standby mode for 5 minutes.
<b>10 Min</b>	If powered by batteries in a Fast Standby mode, the computer will move to normal Standby mode after maintaining the Fast Standby mode for 10 minutes.
<b>15 Min</b>	If powered by batteries in a Fast Standby mode, the computer will move to normal Standby mode after maintaining the Fast Standby mode for 15 minutes.

---

## Optional Devices

Optional devices can expand the computer's capabilities and its versatility. This chapter describes connection or installation of the following devices, which are available from your TOSHIBA dealer:

### ***Cards/memory***

- PC card
- SD card
- Memory expansion

### ***Power devices***

- Battery Pack
- Slim Select Bay 2nd Battery Pack
- Universal AC Adaptor
- Battery Charger

### ***Peripheral devices***

- Slim Select Bay HDD Adaptor(Black)
- USB FDD Kit
- External monitor
- TV
- Displaying movies on a TV or CRT
- i.LINK (IEEE1394)
- Advanced Port Replicator III
- Tablet Multi Dock II
- Parallel printer
- Tablet PC Pen
- Reserve Pen

### ***Other***

- Security lock

## PC card

The computer is equipped with a PC card slot that can accommodate a Type II card. Any PC card that meets industry standards (manufactured by TOSHIBA or other vendor) can be installed. The slot supports 16-bit PC cards, including PC card 16's multifunction card and CardBus PC cards. CardBus supports the new standard of 32-bit PC cards. The bus provides superior performance for the greater demands of multimedia data transmission.



- *PC cards can sometimes become hot during PC operation. Before you remove a PC card always wait for it to cool. You could get burned removing a hot PC card.*
- *Keep foreign objects out of the PC card slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.*

### Inserting a PC card

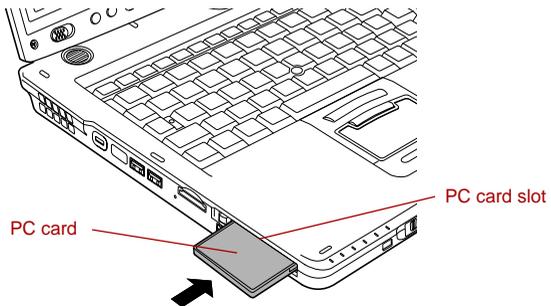
The PC card slot is located on the left side of the computer. Windows hot-install feature lets you insert PC cards while the computer's power is on.



*Do not insert a PC card while the computer is in standby or hibernation mode. Some cards might not work properly.*

To insert a PC card, follow the steps below:

1. Insert a PC card in the PC card slot.
2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



*Figure 8-1 Inserting the PC card*

3. After inserting the PC card, refer to the PC card's documentation and check the configuration in Windows to make sure it is appropriate for your PC card.

## Removing a PC card

To remove the PC card, follow the steps below.

1. Open the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the Task Bar.
2. Point to **PC card** and click.
3. Press the PC card eject button to extend it.



*If the PC card is not inserted all the way, the eject button may not pop out. Be sure to push the PC card firmly and press the eject button again.*

4. Press the extended eject button to pop the card out slightly.
5. Grasp the PC card and draw it out.

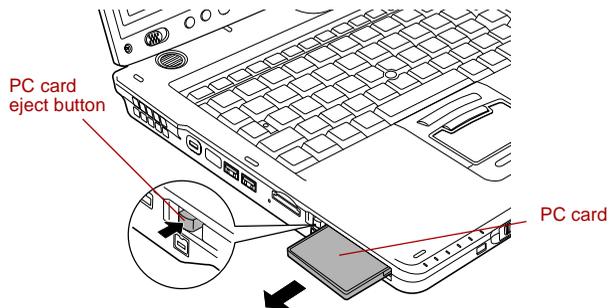


Figure 8-2 Removing the PC card

## SD card

The computer is equipped with an SD card slot that can accommodate Secure Digital flash memory cards with various memory capacities. SD cards let you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants, that use SD card flash-memory. The cards have a high level of security and copy protection features. The slot cannot accommodate Multi Media cards.



*Keep foreign objects out of the SD card slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.*



*SD memory cards comply with SDMI (Secure Digital Music Initiative), which is a technology adopted to prevent unlawful copy or playback of digital music. For this reason, you cannot copy or playback protected material on another computer or other device. You may not use the reproduction of any copyrighted material except for your personal enjoyment.*

## Formatting an SD memory card

SD memory cards are sold with format in conformity to the Standards of SD memory card. If you format the SD card again, be sure to format it with the utility of TOSHIBA SD memory card format, not in the format defined as the Windows standard format.

In order to run TOSHIBA SD memory card format, click **start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **TOSHIBA**, point to **Utilities** and click **SD memory card Format**.

TOSHIBA SD memory card format does not format the protected area of SD memory card. When you format all area of the SD memory card including the protected area, use the application that responds to the copy protection system.

## Inserting an SD card

To insert an SD card, follow the steps below.

1. Insert an SD card in the SD card slot.
2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.

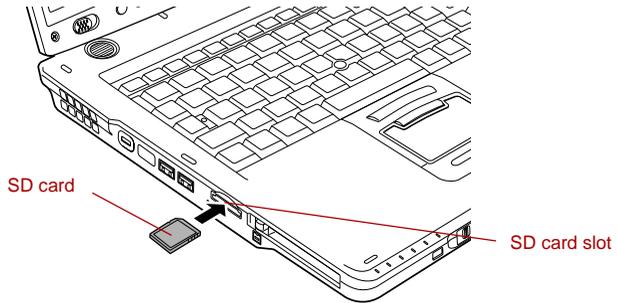


Figure 8-3 Inserting an SD card



*Make sure the SD card is oriented properly before you insert it.*

## Removing an SD card

To remove an SD card, follow the steps below.

1. Open the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the Task Bar.
2. Point to **SD card** and click.
3. Push in the SD card and release it to pop the card out slightly.

4. Grasp the SD card and remove it.

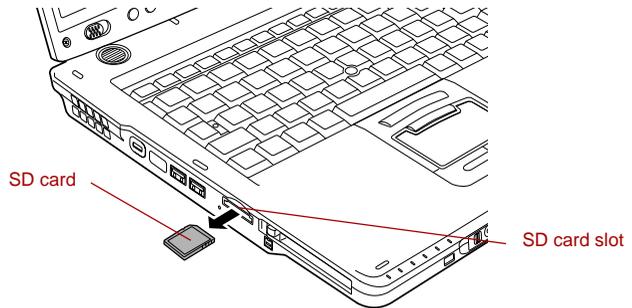


Figure 8-4 Removing an SD card



- Make sure the **SD card** indicator is out before you remove the SD card or turn off the computer's power. If you remove the card or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the card you may lose data or damage the card.
- Do not remove an SD card while the computer is in Standby or Hibernation mode. The computer could become unstable or data in the SD card could be lost.

## SD card care



Set the write-protect switch to the lock position, if you do not want to record data.

1. Do not write to an SD card if the battery power is low. Low power could affect writing accuracy.
2. Do not remove an SD card while read/write is in progress.
3. The SD card is designed so that it can be inserted only one way. Do not try to force the SD card into the SD card slot.
4. Do not leave an SD card partially inserted in the slot. Press the SD card until you hear it click into place.
5. Do not twist or bend SD cards.
6. Do not expose SD cards to liquids or store in humid areas or lay media close to containers of liquid.
7. After using an SD card, return it to its case.
8. Do not touch the metal part or expose it to liquids or let it get dirty.

## Creation of a boot disk

In TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility, a boot disk can be created with SD memory card. Refer to the [Utilities](#) of Chapter 1, Introduction for details.

## Memory expansion

This computer is equipped with two memory module sockets in the underside of the computer. You can increase the amount of RAM by installing an additional memory or replacing default memories with additional memories. This section describes how to install and remove a memory module.



- *Place a mat beneath the computer to prevent making a scratch on the lid when replacing the memory module. Avoid the mat that generates static electricity.*
- *When you remove a memory, please do not touch other portions of a computer.*



- *Use only memory modules approved by TOSHIBA.*
- *Do not try to install or remove a memory module under the following conditions. You can damage the computer and the module. Also, data will be lost.*
  - a. *The computer is turned on.*
  - b. *The computer was shut down using the Standby mode or Hibernation mode.*
  - c. *Wake-up on LAN is enabled.*
- *Be careful not to let screws or other foreign matter fall into the computer. It could cause malfunction or electric shock.*
- *Expansion memory is a precision electronic component that may be fatally damaged by static electricity. Since human body has slight static electricity, be sure to discharge static electricity from your body before installing an expansion memory module. To discharge your body's static electricity, simply touch any metal close to you with bare hands.*

If you install a memory module that is not compatible with the computer, beep will sound when you turn on the power. If the memory module is installed in slot A, there will be a long beep (1 second) followed by two short beeps (0.5 second each). If the memory module is in slot B, there will be a long beep followed by four short beeps. If the both memory modules in slot A and slot B are incompatible, there will be a long beep followed by two short beeps and after a pause (1 second) a long beep followed by four short beeps. In this case, shut down the power and remove the incompatible module(s).



*Be sure to install memory module to slot A. The computer does not boot when slot A is vacant.*



*Use a point size 1 Phillips screwdriver to remove and fasten the screws. Use of an incorrect screwdriver can damage the screw heads.*

## Installing memory module

There are slots for two memory modules, one over the other. The procedures are the same for installing either module.

1. Set the computer to boot mode and turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off. Refer to the [Turning off the power](#) section in Chapter 3, Getting Started.
2. Remove AC adaptor and all cables connected to the computer.
3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack. Refer to [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.
4. Loosen a screw securing the memory module cover. The screw is attached to the cover to prevent it from being lost.
5. Slide your fingernail or a thin object under the cover and lift it off.

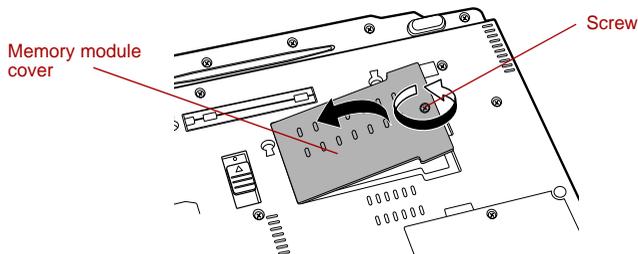


Figure 8-5 Removing the memory module cover

6. Fit the memory module's connectors into the socket at about a 45 degree angle and push the module down until latches on either side snap into place. Align the notch of the memory module with that of the memory slot and gently insert the module into the slot.

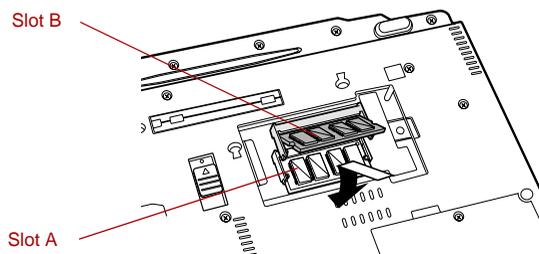


Figure 8-6 Seating the memory module



Align the grooves of the memory module with the locking tabs of the connector and insert the module into the connector firmly. If you find it difficult to install the memory module, try to adjust the tabs of the connector with a pen tip or other tools. Make sure to hold the memory module with your fingers on the side edges (sides with grooves).

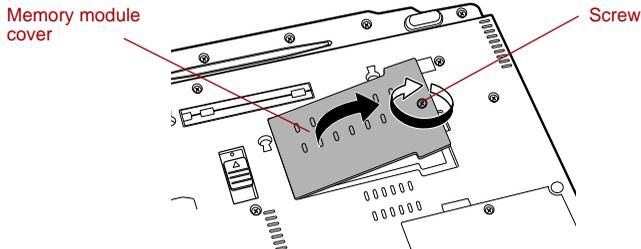


- *Be careful not to drop the screw inside the computer.*
- *Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.*

7. Seat the memory module cover and secure it with one screw.



*Be sure that the cover is closed firmly.*



*Figure 8-7 Seating the memory module cover*

8. Install the battery pack. Refer to [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.

9. Return your computer to the upright position.

10. Turn the computer power on and make sure the added memory is recognized.

Click **start**, click **Control Panel**, click **Performance and Maintenance** and select the **System** icon. Open **System Properties** window and click **General** tab.

## Removing memory module

To remove the memory module, make sure the computer is in boot mode then:

1. Set the computer to boot mode and turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
2. Remove AC adaptor and all cables connected to the computer.
3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack. Refer to [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.
4. Loosen a screw securing the memory module cover. The screw is attached to the cover to prevent it from being lost.



*Be sure that the cover is closed firmly.*

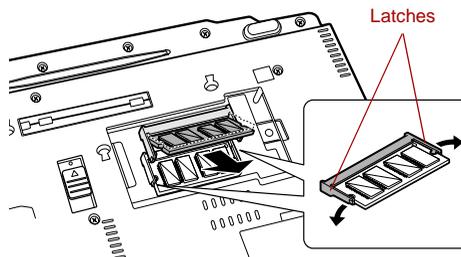
5. Slide your fingernail or a thin object under the cover and lift it off.

6. Push the latches to the outside to release the module. A spring will force one end of the module up.

7. Grasp the module by the sides and pull it out.



- *If you use the computer for a long time, the memory modules and the circuits located close to the memory modules will become hot. In this case, let them cool to room temperature before you replace them.*
- *Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.*



*Figure 8-8 Removing the memory module*

8. Seat the memory module cover and secure it with one screw.
9. Install the battery pack. Refer to [Replacing the battery pack](#) section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.
10. Return your computer to the upright position.

## Battery Pack

You can increase the portability of the computer with additional battery packs. If you're away from an AC power source and your battery runs low, you can replace it with a freshly charged battery. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).

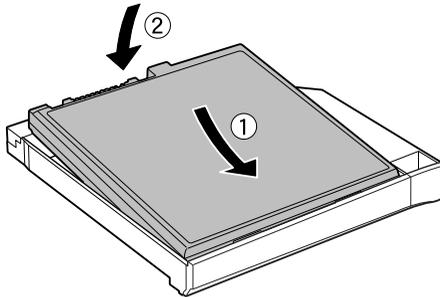
## Slim Select Bay 2nd Battery Pack

You can insert a 2nd battery pack in the computer's Slim Select Bay. The battery comes with an adaptor. For details on using the adaptor, follow the steps below. For details on inserting modules in the Slim Select Bay, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

## Inserting

To install the 2nd battery pack in the adaptor, follow the steps below.

1. Fit the side of the 2nd battery pack opposite the connector into the adaptor.
2. Lay the battery into the adaptor. The latch should close automatically to secure the 2nd battery pack.

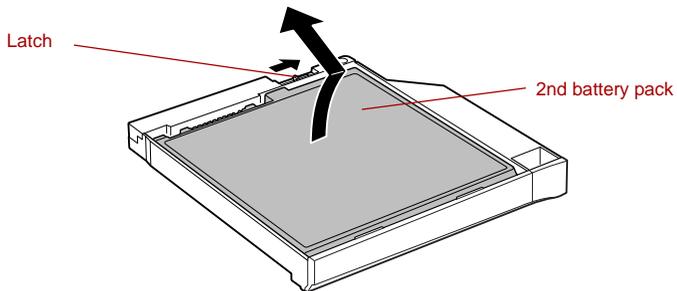


*Figure 8-9 Inserting the 2nd battery pack in the adaptor*

## Removing

To remove the 2nd battery pack from the adaptor, follow the steps below.

1. Slide the latch in the direction of the arrow shown below.
2. Push the 2nd battery pack up from the bottom and lift it out.



*Figure 8-10 Removing the 2nd battery pack from the adaptor*

## Universal AC Adaptor

If you frequently transport the computer between different sites such as your home and office, purchasing an AC adaptor for each location will reduce the weight and bulk of your carrying load.

## Battery Charger

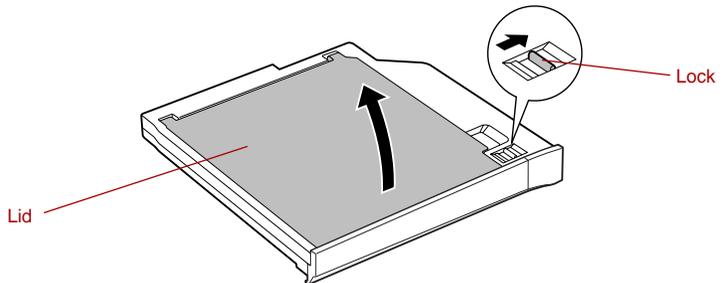
The battery charger provides a convenient way to charge battery packs without requiring the use of your computer. The battery charger holds up to two battery packs (lithium ion).

## Slim Select Bay HDD Adaptor(Black)

You can increase your computer's data storage capacity by installing an additional 40.0 billion bytes (37.26 GB), 60.0 billion bytes (55.89 GB), 80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB) and 100.0 billion bytes (93.16 GB) hard disk drive in the Slim Select Bay.

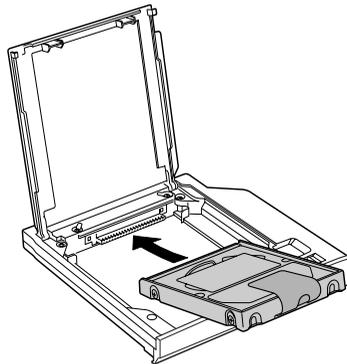
To install an HDD in the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor follow the steps below.

1. Slide the lock to the unlock position and open the lid.



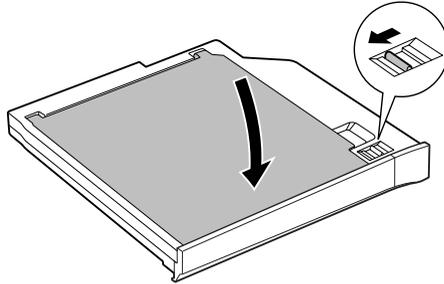
*Figure 8-11 Opening the lid*

2. Insert the HDD in the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor and push forward to ensure a firm connection.



*Figure 8-12 Inserting the HDD*

3. Close the lid and slide the lock to the lock position.



*Figure 8-13 Closing the lid*

For details on inserting the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor in the computer's Slim Select Bay slot, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

## USB FDD Kit

The USB floppy disk drive module can be connected to the USB port. For details on connecting the USB floppy disk drive module, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

## Tablet PC Pen

Use it as a spare to your computer. Spare pen tip and draw-out tool are included. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#), for the detailed usage.

## Reserve Pen

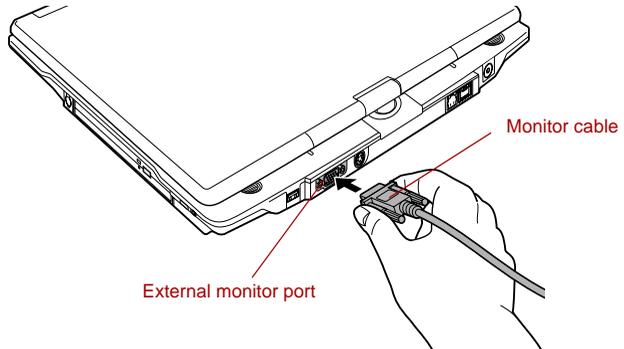
Supplied pen uses a pen instead of Supplied pen at the time of loss or breakage. The pen is set inside the computer, which connects a battery pack. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#), for the detailed usage.

## External monitor

An external analog monitor can be connected to the external monitor port on the computer. The computer supports VGA and Super VGA video modes. To connect a monitor, follow the steps below.

1. Turn the computer's power off.

2. Connect the monitor cable to the external monitor port.



*Figure 8-14 Connecting the monitor cable to the external monitor port*

3. Turn the monitor's power on.
4. Turn the computer's power on.

When you turn on the power, the computer automatically recognizes the monitor and determines whether it is color or monochrome.

However, the Windows Desktop appears on a display device that you used last time to shut down your computer, if the display device exists when you turn on the power.

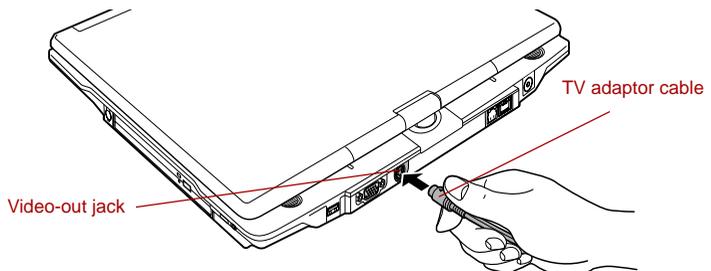
To change the display settings, press **Fn + F5**. If you disconnect the external monitor before you turn the computer's power off, be sure to press **Fn + F5** to switch to the internal display. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, for details on using hot keys to change the display setting.

## TV

You can connect a television set to the Video-out jack on the computer. Follow the steps below.

### Using the TOSHIBA Application button

1. Connect the TV adaptor cable's S-Video plug to the Video-out jack on the computer.



*Figure 8-15 Connecting the S-Video cable to the Video-out jack*

2. Connect the TV adaptor cable's S-Video plug to the Video-out jack on the TV.
3. Press the TOSHIBA Application button.

You can use the hot keys **Fn + F5** to change the display device. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.

To use "TV OUT" function by "TOSHIBA Application button", it is necessary to change the settings of "TOSHIBA Application button" in advance.

To open "TOSHIBA Controls" properties, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, click **Printers and Other Hardware**, select "TOSHIBA Controls", and set "TV OUT" to "TOSHIBA Application button" on "Button" tab.



*If a television is connected to the computer, set the TV type in Display Properties. Follow the steps below.*

- a. Click **start** and click **Control Panel**.
- b. Double-click the **Display** icon to open the Display Properties window.
- c. Click the **Settings** tab and click the **Advanced** button.
- d. Click the **GeForce Go 6200 TE 64M/6600 TE 128M** tab, click **Device Settings** and click **Select TV format**.
- e. Select **Advanced** and select **TV Settings** in the TV Settings window.
- f. Select the **Signal format** box and select the format that your TV supports.

## Changing the resolution

If you want to change the resolution, follow the steps below.

1. Open **Display properties** and select the **Settings** tab.
2. Select **Advanced**.
3. Select the **Adapter** tab, then select **List all modes**.
4. Select a resolution from the menu.

## Displaying movies on a TV or CRT

This section describes how to set up your system to display movies simultaneously on your computer's internal LCD and on an external TV or CRT monitor.

Follow the steps below.

1. Open the **Control Panel** and click **Appearance and Themes**.
2. Click **Display**.
3. Select the **Settings** tab and click **Advanced** button.

4. Select the **GeForce Go 6200 TE 64M/6600 TE 128M** tab.
  - a. Click the **GeForce Go 6200 TE 64M/6600 TE 128M** button.
  - b. Click **Full Screen Video** in the small menu.
  - c. From the **Full screen** device drop down menu, select **Primary display** or **Secondary display** to enable movie display on an external TV or CRT monitor.
 

**Primary Device:** Movies will be displayed full screen on the computer's internal LCD and in a window on the TV or CRT monitor.

**Secondary Device:** Movies will be displayed full screen on the TV or CRT monitor and in a window on the computer's internal LCD.

**Disable:** Movies will not be displayed on a TV or CRT monitor.



*Even if the above does not set up, there are some as which the movies is simultaneously displayed depending on the type of the movies.*

- d. Click **OK**.
- e. Click **OK** in the **Display Properties** screen.

## i.LINK (IEEE1394)

i.LINK (IEEE1394) is used for high-speed data transfer for a range of compatible devices such as

- Digital video cameras
- Hard disk drives
- MO drives
- Optical media drives



*i.LINK uses a four-pin connector, which does not carry electric current. External devices will need their own power supply.*

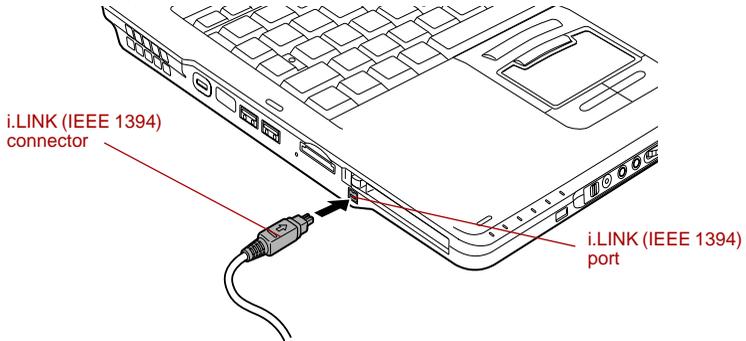
## Precautions

- Make a back-up of your data before transferring it to the computer. There is a possibility that the original data will be damaged. There is a particular risk that some frames will be deleted in the case of digital video transfer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for such loss of data.
- Do not transfer data in areas where static electricity is easily generated or in areas subjected to electronic noise. Data can be destroyed.
- If you are transferring data through an IEEE1394 hub, do not connect or disconnect other devices from the hub during data transfer. There is a likelihood that data will be damaged. Connect all devices to the hub before you turn on the computer's power.
- You may not use any copyrighted video or music data copied from a video camera except for your personal enjoyment.
- If you connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from another i.LINK device that is currently exchanging data with the computer, data frames might be dropped.

- Make sure data transfer has ended or turn off the computer, before you:
  - Connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from the computer.
  - Connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from another i.LINK device that is connected to the computer.

## Connecting

1. Make sure the connectors are properly aligned and plug the i.LINK (IEEE1394) cable into the computer.



*Figure 8-16 Connecting the i.LINK(IEEE1394) cable into the computer*

2. Plug the other end of the cable into the device.

Note the following when you use i.LINK:

- You may need to install drivers for your i.LINK devices.
- Not all i.LINK devices have been tested. Therefore, compatibility with all i.LINK devices cannot be guaranteed.
- Some devices might not support standby or automatic off functions.
- Do not connect or disconnect an i.LINK device while it is using an application or when the computer is automatically shutting it down to save power. Data might be destroyed.

## Disconnecting

1. Open the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the Task Bar.
2. Point to **i.LINK (IEEE1394) device** and click.
3. Disconnect the cable from the computer then from the i.LINK device.



*Refer also to the documentation that came with your i.LINK device.*

## Advanced Port Replicator III

In addition to the ports available on the computer, the Advanced Port Replicator III provides Parallel port. The Advanced Port Replicator connects directly to the docking interface on the underside of the computer. The AC adaptor connects the Advanced Port Replicator to a power source.



*The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.*



- You must connect the AC adaptor before you connect to an Advanced Port Replicator III.
- When an Advanced Port Replicator III is connected to the computer, you can not use the following computer's ports: DC IN 15V jack, Modem jack, LAN jack, External monitor port, Video-out jack, i.LINK (IEEE 1394) port.
- The TECRA M4 does not support the PS/2 port and Serial port on the Advanced Port Replicator III.

The following ports and accessories are available on the Advanced Port Replicator III.

- RJ45 LAN jack
- RJ11 Modem jack
- External monitor port
- Parallel port (This port can be used only when Advanced Port Replicator III is connected).
- Serial port (This port is not supported by the computer).
- PS/2 mouse port (This port is not supported by the computer).
- PS/2 keyboard port (This port is not supported by the computer).
- DC IN 15V jack
- Security lock slot
- Audio line-in, line-out jacks (This port can be used only when Advanced Port Replicator III is connected).
- Universal Serial Bus 2.0 port (four)
- i.LINK (IEEE 1394) port
- DVI port

## Tablet Multi Dock II

In addition to the ports available on the computer, the Tablet Multi Dock II provides, audio line-out jack.

The Tablet Multi Dock II connects directly to the docking interface on the bottom of the computer. The AC adaptor connects the Tablet Multi Dock II to a power source.



*The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.*



- *You must connect the AC adaptor before you connect to a Tablet Multi Dock II.*
- *When a Tablet Multi Dock II is connected to the computer, you can not use the following computer's ports: DC IN 15V jack, Modem jack, LAN jack, External monitor port.*
- *The LAN jack of the Tablet Multi Dock II supports Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX).*

The following ports and accessories are available on the Tablet Multi Dock II.

- RJ45 LAN jack
- External monitor port
- DC IN 15V jack
- Security lock slot
- Audio line-out jacks
- Universal Serial Bus port (three)
- Slim Select Bay Slot



*When a Tablet Multi Dock II is connected to the computer, remove all cables connected to the computer.*

## Parallel printer



*A parallel printer port can be used only when Advanced Port Replicator III is connected.*

You can connect any standard Centronics-compatible parallel printer to your computer. All you need is an IBM PC™ parallel printer cable. Your dealer can supply one or you can purchase one at most computer stores.

The cable's connectors are designed so that it is impossible for you to connect them incorrectly. To connect a printer, follow these steps:

1. Turn off the computer's power.

2. Connect the cable into the Advanced Port Replicator III's parallel port.
3. Tighten the screws that fasten the connector to the Advanced Port Replicator III's parallel port.
4. Connect the other connector of the cable into the printer's parallel connector.
5. Fasten the connector to the printer with the clips on the parallel port.
6. Turn on the printer's power.
7. Turn on the computer's power.
8. Start the HW Setup program. Refer to Chapter 7, *HW Setup*.
9. Select the **Parallel/Printer** tab from the **TOSHIBA HW Setup** window.
10. Set the **Parallel Port Mode** and press **OK**.
11. Choose **Reboot** for the change to take effect.
12. Select the printer in Windows Add Print Wizard. To access the **Add Print wizard** utility, click **start**, click **Control Panel**, click **Printers and Other Hardware** and select the **Add Printer**.

## Security lock

Security locks enable you to anchor your computer and optional Advanced Port Replicator III and Tablet Multi Dock II to a desk or other heavy object to help prevent unauthorized removal of the computer or Advanced Port Replicator III and Tablet Multi Dock II.

The computer has a security lock slot on the left side. Attach one end of a cable to a desk and the other end to the security lock slot.

1. Turn the computer so the left side faces you.
2. Align the holes for the security lock and attach the lock.

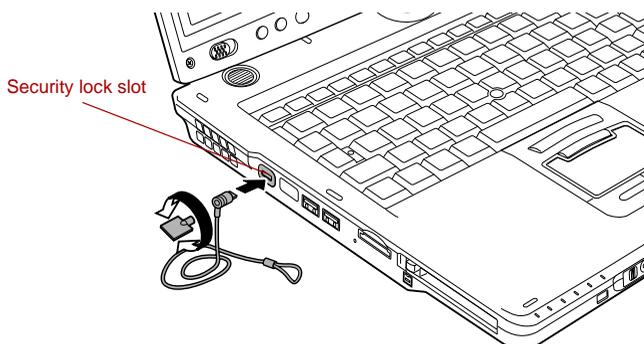


Figure 8-17 Security lock



## Troubleshooting

TOSHIBA designed the computer for durability. However, should problems occur, following the procedures in this chapter can help to determine the cause.

All readers should become familiar with this chapter. Knowing what might go wrong can help prevent problems from occurring.

### Problem solving process

Resolving problems will be much easier if you observe the following guidelines:

- Stop immediately when you recognize a problem exists. Further action may result in data loss or damage. You may destroy valuable problem-related information that can help solve the problem.
- Observe what is happening. Write down what the system is doing and what actions you performed immediately before the problem occurred. If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using **PrtSc**.

The questions and procedures offered in this chapter are meant as a guide, they are not definitive problem solving techniques. Many problems can be solved simply, but a few may require help from your dealer. If you find you need to consult your dealer or others, be prepared to describe the problem in as much detail as possible.

## Preliminary checklist

Consider the simplest solution first. The items in this checklist are easy to fix and yet can cause what appears to be a serious problem.

- Make sure you turn on all peripheral devices before you turn on the computer. This includes your printer and any other external device you are using.
- Before you attach an external device, turn the computer off. When you turn the computer back on it recognizes the new device.
- Make sure all options are set properly in the setup program.
- Check all cables. Are they correctly and firmly attached? Loose cables can cause signal errors.
- Inspect all connecting cables for loose wires and all connectors for loose pins.
- Check that your floppy disk or CD/DVD-ROM is correctly inserted and that the floppy disk's write protect tab is correctly set.

Make notes of your observations and keep them in a permanent error log. This will help you describe your problems to your dealer. If a problem recurs, the log will help you identify the problem faster.

## Analyzing the problem

Sometimes the system gives clues that can help you identify why it is malfunctioning. Keep the following questions in mind:

- Which part of the system is not operating properly: keyboard, floppy disk drives, hard disk drive, optical media drive, display. Each device produces different symptoms.
- Is the operating system configuration set properly? Check the configuration options.
- What appears on the display screen? Does it display any messages or random characters? If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using **PrtSc**. Look up the messages in the software and operating system documentation. Check that all connecting cables are correctly and firmly attached. Loose cables can cause erroneous or intermittent signals.
- Do any indicators light? Which ones? What color are they? Do they stay on or blink? Write down what you see.
- Do you hear any beeps? How many? Are they long or short? Are they high pitched or low? Is the computer making any unusual noises? Write down what you hear.

Record your observations so you can describe them to your dealer.

<b>Software</b>	<p>The problems may be caused by your software or disk. If you cannot load a software package, the media may be damaged or the program might be corrupted. Try loading another copy of the software.</p> <p>If an error message appears while you are using a software package, check the software documentation. These documents usually include a problem solving section or a summary of error messages.</p> <p>Next, check any error messages in the OS documentation.</p>
<b>Hardware</b>	<p>If you cannot find a software problem, check your hardware. First run through the items in the preliminary checklist above. If you still cannot correct the problem, try to identify the source. The next section provides checklists for individual components and peripherals.</p>



*Before using a peripheral device or application software that is not an authorized Toshiba part or product, make sure the device or software can be used with your PC. Use of incompatible devices may cause injury or may damage your PC.*

## Hardware and system checklist

This section discusses problems caused by your computer's hardware or attached peripherals. Basic problems may occur in the following areas:

- System start-up
- Self test
- Power
- Password
- Keyboard
- Internal LCD display panel
- Hard disk drive
- DVD-ROM drive
- DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive
- DVD Super Multi drive
- USB floppy disk drive
- SD card
- PC card
- Pointing device
- USB
- Memory expansion
- Sound system
- External monitor
- i.LINK (IEEE1394)
- Modem
- LAN
- Wireless LAN
- Bluetooth
- Printer
- TV output signal

### System start-up

When the computer does not start properly, check the following items:

- Self Test
- Power Sources
- Power-on Password

## Self test

When the computer starts up, the self test will be run automatically, and the following will be displayed:



**In Touch with Tomorrow**  
**TOSHIBA**

This message remains on the screen for a few seconds.

If the self test is successful, the computer tries to load the operating system, depending on how the Boot Priority is set in the TOSHIBA HW Setup program.

If any of the following conditions are present, the self test failed:

- The computer stops and does not proceed to display information or messages except the TOSHIBA logo.
- Random characters appear on the screen, and the system does not function normally.
- The screen displays an error message.

Turn off the computer and check all cable connections. If the test fails again, contact your dealer.

## Power

When the computer is not plugged into an AC outlet, the battery pack is the primary power source. However, your computer has a number of other power resources, including intelligent power supply, Real Time Clock battery. These resources are interrelated and any one could affect apparent power problems. This section provides checklists for AC power and the battery. If you cannot resolve a problem after following them, the cause could lie with another power resource. In such case, contact your dealer.

### **Overheating power down**

If the computer's internal temperature becomes too high, the computer will automatically enter Hibernation or Resume mode and shut down.

Problem	Procedure
Computer shuts down and <b>DC IN</b> indicator blinks orange	Leave the computer off until the <b>DC IN</b> indicator stops blinking.



*It is recommended to leave the computer off until the its interior reaches room temperature even though the **DC IN** indicator stops blinking.*

If the computer has reached room temperature and still does not start, or if it starts but shuts down quickly contact your dealer.

Computer shuts down and its <b>DC IN</b> indicator is flashing in green	Indicates a problem with the heat dispersal system. Please contact your dealer.
-------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### AC power

If you have trouble turning on the computer with the AC adaptor connected, check the **DC IN** indicator. Refer to Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#) for more information.

Problem	Procedure
AC adaptor doesn't power the computer ( <b>DC IN</b> indicator does not glow green)	<p>Check the connections. Make sure the cord is firmly connected to the computer and a power outlet.</p> <p>Check the condition of the cord and terminals. If the cord is frayed or damaged, replace it. If the terminals are soiled, wipe them with cotton or a clean cloth.</p> <p>If the AC adaptor still does not power the computer, contact your dealer.</p>

### Battery

If you suspect a problem with the battery, check the **DC IN** indicator as well as the **Battery** indicator. For information on indicators and battery operation see Chapter 6, [Power and Power-Up Modes](#).

Problem	Procedure
Battery doesn't power the computer	The battery may be discharged. Connect the AC adaptor to charge the battery.
Battery doesn't charge when the AC adaptor is attached ( <b>Battery</b> indicator does not glow in orange.)	<p>If the battery is completely discharged, it will not begin charging immediately. Wait a few minutes.</p> <p>If the battery still does not charge, make sure the outlet of the AC adaptor is supplying power. Test it by plugging in an appliance.</p> <p>Check whether the battery is hot or cold to the touch. If the battery is too hot or too cold, it will not charge properly. Let it reach room temperature.</p> <p>Unplug the AC adaptor and remove the battery to make sure the terminals are clean. If necessary wipe them with a soft dry cloth dipped in alcohol.</p>

Problem	Procedure
	<p>Connect the AC adaptor and replace the battery. Make sure it is securely seated.</p> <p>Check the <b>Battery</b> indicator. If it does not glow, let the computer charge the battery for at least 20 minutes. If the <b>Battery</b> indicator glows after 20 minutes, let the battery continue to charge at least another 20 minutes before turning on the computer.</p> <p>If the indicator still does not glow, the battery may be at the end of its operating life. Replace it.</p> <p>If you do not think the battery is at the end of its operating life, see your dealer.</p>
<p>Battery doesn't power the computer as long as expected</p>	<p>If you frequently recharge a partially charged battery, the battery might not charge to its full potential. Fully discharge the battery, then try to charge it again.</p> <p>Check the power consumption settings in TOSHIBA Power Saver utility. Consider using a power saving mode.</p>

### Real Time Clock

Problem	Procedure
<p>The following message is Displayed on the LCD screen:</p> <p><b>RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is inconsistent. Press [F1] key to set Date/Time.</b></p>	<p>The battery for RTC is wearing. Set the date and time in BIOS setup with the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Press <b>F1</b> key. BIOS setup will boot up.</li> <li>2. Set the date in <b>System Date</b>.</li> <li>3. Set the time in <b>System Time</b>.</li> <li>4. Press <b>End</b> key. Confirmation message will appear.</li> <li>5. Press <b>Y</b> key. BIOS setup will terminate and the computer will be rebooted.</li> </ol>

### Password

Problem	Procedure
<p>Cannot enter password</p>	<p>Refer to the <a href="#">TOSHIBA Password Utility</a> section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes.</p>

## Keyboard

Keyboard problems can be caused by your setup configuration. For more information refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.

Problem	Procedure
Some letter keys produce numbers	Check that the numeric keypad overlay is not selected. Press <b>Fn + F10</b> and try typing again.
Output to screen is garbled	Make sure the software you are using is not remapping the keyboard. Remapping involves reassigning the meaning of each key. See your software's documentation.  If you are still unable to use the keyboard, consult your dealer.

## Internal LCD display panel

Apparent LCD problems may be related to the computer's setup. Refer to Chapter 7, *HW Setup*, for more information.

Problem	Procedure
No display	Press hotkeys <b>Fn + F5</b> to change the display priority, to make sure it is not set for an external monitor.
Markings appear on the LCD screen.	They might have come from contact with the keyboard, Touch Pad. Try wiping the LCD screen gently with a clean dry cloth. If markings remain, use LCD screen cleaner. Be sure to let the LCD screen dry before closing it.
Problems above remain unresolved or other problems occur	Refer to your software's documentation to determine if the software is causing the difficulty. Run the diagnostic test. Contact your dealer if the problems continue.

## Hard disk drive

Problem	Procedure
Computer does not boot from hard disk drive	<p>Check if a floppy disk is in the floppy disk drive or a CD-ROM is in the optical media drive. Remove any floppy disk and/or CD-ROM and check Boot priority. Refer to the <a href="#">Boot Priority</a> section in Chapter 7, HW Setup.</p> <hr/> <p>There may be a problem with your operating system files. Refer to your OS documentation.</p>
Slow performance	<p>Your files may be fragmented. Run Disk Defragmenter to check the condition of your files and disk. Refer to your OS documentation or online HELP for information on running the Disk Defragmenter.</p> <hr/> <p>As a last resort, reformat the hard disk. Then, reload the operating system and other files.</p> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## DVD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#)

Problem	Procedure
You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive	<p>Make sure the drive's disc tray is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the drive power is on. If the power is off, click on the optical media drive icon in the task tray and turn on the power.</p> <hr/> <p>Open the disc tray and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.</p> <hr/> <p>A foreign object in the disc tray could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. Refer to the <a href="#">Media care</a> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning.</p>

Problem	Procedure
<p>Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not</p>	<p>The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the CD/DVD's documentation.</p> <hr/> <p>Check the type of CD/DVD you are using. The drive supports:</p> <p>DVD-ROM: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video</p> <p>CD-ROM: CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD™ (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), Addressing Method 2</p> <hr/> <p>Check the region code on the DVD. It must match that on the DVD-ROM drive. Region codes are listed in the <a href="#">Optical media drives</a> section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.</p> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

Problem	Procedure
<p>You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive</p>	<p>Make sure the drive's disc tray is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the drive power is on. If the power is off, click on the optical media drive icon in the task tray and turn on the power.</p> <hr/> <p>Open the disc tray and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.</p> <hr/> <p>A foreign object in the disc tray could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. Refer to the <a href="#">Media care</a> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning.</p>

Problem	Procedure
<p>Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not</p>	<p>The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the CD/DVD's documentation.</p> <hr/> <p>Check the type of CD/DVD you are using. The drive supports:</p> <p>DVD-ROM: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video</p> <p>CD-ROM: CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD™ (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), Addressing Method 2</p> <p>Recordable CD: CD-R, CD-RW</p> <hr/> <p>Check the region code on the DVD. It must match that on the DVD-ROM&amp;CD-R/RW drive. Region codes are listed in the <a href="#">Optical media drives</a> section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.</p>
<p>Cannot write correctly</p>	<p>If you have trouble writing, make sure you are observing the following precautions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Use only media recommended by TOSHIBA.</li> <li>■ Do not use the mouse or keyboard during writing.</li> <li>■ Use only the software supplied with the computer for recording.</li> <li>■ Do not run or start other software during writing.</li> <li>■ Do not jar the computer during writing.</li> <li>■ Do not connect/disconnect external devices or install/remove internal cards during writing.</li> </ul> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## DVD Super Multi drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

Problem	Procedure
<p>You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive</p>	<p>Make sure the drive's disc tray is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the drive power is on. If the power is off, click on the optical media drive icon in the task tray and turn on the power.</p> <hr/> <p>Open the disc tray and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.</p> <hr/> <p>A foreign object in the disc tray could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.</p> <hr/> <p>Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. Refer to the <a href="#">Media care</a> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning.</p>
<p>Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not</p>	<p>The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the CD/DVD's documentation.</p> <hr/> <p>Check the type of CD/DVD you are using. The drive supports:</p> <p>DVD-ROM: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video</p> <p>CD-ROM: CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD™ (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), Addressing Method 2</p> <hr/> <p>Check the region code on the DVD. It must match that on the DVD Super Multi drive. Region codes are listed in the <a href="#">Optical media drives</a> section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.</p>

## USB floppy disk drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

Problem	Procedure
Drive does not operate	There may be a faulty cable connection. Check the connection to the computer and to the drive.
Some programs run correctly but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software needs.
You cannot access the external 3 1/2" floppy disk drive	Try another floppy disk. If you can access the floppy disk, the original floppy disk (not the drive) is probably causing the problem.  If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## SD card

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

Problem	Procedure
SD card error occurs	Reseat the SD card to make sure it is firmly connected.  Check the card's documentation.
You cannot write to an SD memory card	Make sure the card is not write protected.
You cannot read a file	Make sure the target file is on the SD memory card inserted in the slot.  If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## PC card

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

Problem	Procedure
PC card error occurs	Reseat the PC card to make sure it is firmly connected.  Make sure the connection between the external device and the card is firm.  Check the card's documentation.  If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## Pointing Device

If you are using a USB mouse, also refer to the [USB](#) section in this chapter and to your mouse documentation.

### **TOSHIBA Tablet PC Pen**

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Procedure</b>
On-screen pointer does not respond to Tablet PC Pen operation	<p>The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.</p> <p>The Tablet PC Pen might be set unable to use. Press <b>Fn + F9</b> keys to change Pen setting to enabled.</p>
Tablet PC Pen and on-screen pointer do not move in the same manner	<p>Adjust the coordinate axis in the following procedure.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open the <b>Control Panel</b> and click <b>Printer and other Hardware</b>.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Tablet and Pen</b> setting.</li> <li>3. Select screen orientation with "<b>Calibrate</b>" in "<b>Setting</b>" tab.</li> <li>4. Click "<b>Calibrate</b>" button.</li> <li>5. Click the cross in "<b>Calibrate the screen</b>" and click "<b>OK</b>".</li> </ol>
Unable input from Tablet PC Pen	<p>Adjust the setting in the following procedure.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open the <b>Control Panel</b> and click <b>Printer and other Hardware</b>.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Tablet and Pen</b> setting.</li> <li>3. Adjust setting of each item of "<b>Pen options</b>" tab and click "<b>OK</b>".</li> </ol>

### **Touch Pad/AccuPoint**

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Procedure</b>
Either the Touch Pad or the AccuPoint does not work.	<p>Check the Device Select settings. Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b>, click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select <b>Mouse</b> icon. Open the <b>Mouse Properties</b> and click <b>Dual Pointing Device</b> tab. Then click the <b>Detail Setting</b> button and click the <b>Device Select</b> tab.</p> <p>Check that the Touch Pad is not selected. Pressing <b>Fn + F9</b> to enables Pointing Device.</p>

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to Pad operation	The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.
The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow	<p>Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b>, click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select <b>Mouse</b> icon.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Pointer Options</b> tab.</li> <li>3. Set the speed as instructed and click <b>OK</b>.</li> </ol>
Double-tapping (Touch Pad) or double-clicking (AccuPoint) does not work	<p>Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b>, click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select <b>Mouse</b> icon.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Buttons</b> tab.</li> <li>3. Set the double-click speed as instructed and click <b>OK</b>.</li> </ol> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

### **USB mouse**

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to mouse operation	<p>The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.</p> <hr/> <p>Make sure the mouse is properly connected to the USB port.</p>
Double-clicking does not work	<p>Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b>, click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select <b>Mouse</b> icon.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Buttons</b> tab.</li> <li>3. Set the double-click speed as instructed and click <b>OK</b>.</li> </ol>

Problem	Procedure
<p>The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow</p>	<p>Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click <b>start</b>, click <b>Control Panel</b>, click <b>Printers and Other Hardware</b> and select <b>Mouse</b> icon.</li> <li>2. Click the <b>Pointer Options</b> tab.</li> <li>3. Set the speed as instructed and click <b>OK</b>.</li> </ol>
<p>The mouse pointer moves erratically</p>	<p>The mouse might be dirty. Refer to your mouse documentations for instructions on cleaning. If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## USB

Refer also to your USB device's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
<p>USB device does not work</p>	<p>Check for a firm cable connection between the USB ports on the computer and the USB device.</p> <hr/> <p>Make sure the USB device drivers are properly installed. Refer to your Windows XP documentation for information on checking the drivers.</p> <hr/> <p>If you are using an operating system that does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and/or USB keyboard. If these devices do not work, make sure the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation item in HW Setup is set to <b>Enabled</b>.</p> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## Memory expansion

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, for information on installing memory modules.

Problem	Procedure
Beep sounds. (Two beeps, a dash and a dot, for a defective memory module in slot A.	Make sure the memory module installed in the memory slot is compatible with the computer. If an incompatible module has been installed, follow the steps below. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the computer.</li> </ol>
Three beeps, a dash and two dots for slot B.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripheral devices.</li> </ol>
When both beeps sound, both memories in slot A and B are defective.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Remove the battery pack.</li> <li>4. Remove the memory module.</li> <li>5. Install the battery and/or connect the AC adaptor.</li> <li>6. Turn on the power.</li> </ol> If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## Sound System

Refer also to documentation for your audio devices.

Problem	Procedure
No sound is heard	Adjust the volume control dial. <hr/> Check the software volume settings. <hr/> Make sure the headphone connection is secure. If problems persist, contact your dealer. <hr/> Check Windows Device Manager. Make sure the sound function is enabled and that settings for I/O address, Interrupt level and DMA are correct for your software and do not conflict with other hardware devices that you may have connected to the computer.
Annoying sound is heard	You may be experiencing feedback. Refer to <i>Using the microphone</i> in Chapter 4, Operating Basics. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## External monitor

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to your monitor's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Monitor does not turn on	Make sure that the external monitor's power switch is on. Confirm that the external monitor's power cable is plugged into a working power outlet.
No display	Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor.  Press hot keys <b>Fn + F5</b> to change the display priority and make sure it is not set for the internal LCD.
Display error occurs	Check that the cable connecting the external monitor to the computer is attached firmly. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## i.LINK (IEEE1394)

Problem	Procedure
i.LINK device does not function	Make sure the cable is securely connected to the computer and to the device.  Make sure the device's power is turned on.  Reinstall the drivers. Open the Windows Control Panel and double-click the <b>Add Hardware</b> icon. Follow the on-screen directions.  Restart Windows. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## Modem

Refer to Appendix C, *AT Commands* and Appendix D, *S-registers*.

Problem	Procedure
Communication software can't initialize modem	Make sure the computer's internal modem settings are correct. Refer to <i>Phone and Modem Properties</i> in the Control Panel.
You can hear a dial tone but can't make a call	If the call is going through a PBX machine, make sure the communication application's tone dial detection feature is disabled.  You can also use the ATX command. Refer to Appendix C, <i>AT Commands</i> .
You place a call, but a connection can't be made	Make sure the settings are correct in your communications application.
After making a call you can't hear a ring	Make sure the tone or pulse selection in your communications application is set correctly. You can also use the ATD command. Refer to Appendix C, <i>AT Commands</i> .
Communication is cut off unexpectedly	The computer will automatically cut off communication when connection with the carrier is not successful for a set time interval. Try lengthening this time interval.
A <b>CONNECT</b> display is quickly replaced by <b>NO CARRIER</b>	Check the error control setting in your communications application. You can also use the ATN command. Refer to Appendix C, <i>AT Commands</i> .
Character display becomes garbled during a communication	In data transmission, make sure the parity bit and stop bit settings correspond with those of the remote computer.  Check the flow control and communication protocol.
You cannot receive an incoming call	Check the rings before auto answer setting in your communications application. You can also use the ATS0 command. Refer to Appendix D, <i>S-registers</i> .  If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## LAN

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access LAN	Check for a firm cable connection between the LAN jack and the LAN HUB.
Wake-up on LAN does not work	Make sure the AC adaptor is connected. The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. If problems persist, consult your LAN administrator.

## Wireless LAN

If the following procedures do not restore LAN access, consult your LAN administrator. For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access Wireless LAN	Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on. If problems persist, contact your LAN administrator.

## Bluetooth

For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, [Operating Basics](#).

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access Bluetooth device	Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on.
	Make sure the Bluetooth Manager is running and the power to the Bluetooth device is turned on.
	Make sure no optional Bluetooth PC card and Bluetooth SD card are installed in the computer. The built-in Bluetooth function and an optional Bluetooth PC card cannot operate simultaneously. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

## Printer

Refer also to the *Parallel printer* sections in Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to the troubleshooting and other relevant sections in your printer and software documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Printer does not turn on.	Check that the printer is connected to an electric outlet. Make sure the outlet is supplying power by plugging in an appliance.
Computer/printer do not communicate	<p>Make sure the printer is turned on and is online (ready to use).</p> <p>Inspect the cable connecting the printer to the computer for damage. Make sure it is securely connected.</p> <p>A parallel printer connects to the parallel port. Make sure the port is configured correctly. Refer to Chapter 7, <i>HW Setup</i>.</p> <p>Make sure your software is configured to recognize the printer. Check your printer and software documentation.</p>
Printer error	<p>Check your printer documentation.</p> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>

## TV output signal

Refer also to your Personal Conferencing Kit's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Display on TV is poor	Make sure the TV type is correct for your area: NTSC (US, JAPAN), PAL (Europe).
No display	<p>Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor.</p> <p>Press hotkeys <b>Fn + F5</b> to change the display. Refer to Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i>.</p> <p>If problems persist, contact your dealer.</p>



*If you turn the computer off in Standby mode while the display is on TV, the computer will select either the internal LCD or an external computer CRT as the display device.*

## Disposing of PC and PC batteries

- Discard this PC in accordance with ordinances or rules of local regulations. For further information, contact your local government.
- This PC contains rechargeable batteries. After repeated use, the batteries will finally lose their ability to hold a charge and you will need to replace them. Under certain applicable laws and regulation, it may be illegal to dispose of old batteries by placing them in the trash.
- Please be kind to our shared environment. Check with your local government authority for details regarding where to recycle old batteries or how to dispose of them properly. This product contains mercury. Disposal of this material may be regulated due to environmental considerations. For disposal, reuse or recycling information, please contact your local government.
- If your hard disk or other storage media contains sensitive data, you should be aware that standard deletion procedures do not remove data from the media. These standard deletion procedures include:
  - Selecting Delete for a target file
  - Putting files in the Recycle Bin and emptying the Recycle Bin
  - Reformatting the media
  - Reinstalling an operating system from the recovery CD-ROM

The procedures above delete only the initial part of the data used for file management. This makes the file invisible to the operating system, but the data can still be read by specialized utilities. If you dispose of the PC, please delete all the data on its HDD. Doing so prevents unauthorized use of such data. To ensure your data is not used for unauthorized purposes, you can:

- Physically destroy the HDD
- Use a proven specialized utility to overwrite all data
- Take the HDD to a professional deletion service

All data deletion costs will be borne by you.

## TOSHIBA support

If you require any additional help using your computer or if you are having problems operating the computer, you may need to contact TOSHIBA for additional technical assistance.

### Before you call

Some problems you experience may be related to software or the operating system, it is important to investigate other sources of assistance first. Before contacting TOSHIBA, try the following:

- Review troubleshooting sections in the documentation for software and peripheral devices.
- If a problem occurs when you are running software applications, consult the software documentation for troubleshooting suggestions. Call the software company's technical support for assistance.
- Consult the dealer you purchased your computer and/or software from. They are your best sources for current information and support.

### Where to write

If you are still unable to solve the problem and suspect that it is hardware related, write to TOSHIBA at the nearest location listed below:

Outside of Europe	In Europe
<p><b>Australia</b>                      TOSHIBA Australia Pty. Ltd.                      Information Systems Division                      84-92 Talavera Road                      North Ryde N.S.W. 2113                      Sydney</p>	<p><b>Germany &amp; Austria</b>                      TOSHIBA Europe (I.E.) GmbH                      Geschäftsbereich,                      Deutschland-Österreich                      Hammfelddamm 8,                      D-41460 Neuss, Germany</p>
<p><b>Canada</b>                      TOSHIBA of Canada Ltd.                      191 McNabb Street,                      Markham, Ontario                      L3R 8H2</p>	<p><b>France</b>                      TOSHIBA Systèmes France S.A.                      7, Rue Ampère B.P. 131,                      92804 Puteaux Cedex</p>
<p><b>China</b>                      TOSHIBA Personal Computer &amp;                      Network (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.                      43F, Hong Kong New World Tower,                      No. 300 Huaihai Zhong Road,                      Shanghai, P. R. China 200021</p>	<p><b>Netherlands</b>                      TOSHIBA Information Systems,                      Benelux B.V.                      Rivium Boulevard                      41 2909 LK Capelle a/d IJssel</p>

Outside of Europe	In Europe
<p><b>Singapore</b>  TOSHIBA Singapore Pte. Ltd.  438B Alexandra Road #06-01  Alexandra Technopark  Singapore 119968</p>	<p><b>Spain</b>  TOSHIBA Information Systems,  ESPAÑA  Parque Empresarial San Fernando  Edificio Europa, 1ª Planta,  Escalera A 28830 Madrid</p>
<p><b>United States of America</b>  TOSHIBA America Information  Systems, Inc.  9740 Irvine Boulevard  Irvine, California 92618  USA</p>	<p><b>United Kingdom</b>  TOSHIBA Information Systems  (U.K.) Ltd.  TOSHIBA Court  Weybridge Business Park  Addlestone Road  Weybridge, Surrey KT15 2UL</p>
	<p><b>The Rest of Europe</b>  TOSHIBA Europe (I.E.) GmbH  Geschäftsbereich,  Deutschland-Österreich  Hammfelddamm 8,  D-41460 Neuss, Germany</p>



## Disclaimers

This chapter states the Disclaimers information applicable to TOSHIBA computers. In the text in this manual, \*XX is used to show which Disclaimer description is related to TOSHIBA computers.

Descriptions related to this computer are marked with a blue \*XX in this manual. Clicking on \*XX will display the related description.

### LCD\*<sub>1</sub>

Over a period of time, and depending on the usage of the computer, the brightness of the LCD screen will deteriorate. This is an intrinsic characteristic of LCD technology.

Maximum brightness is only available when operating in AC power mode. Screen will dim when the computer is operated on battery power and you will not be able to increase the brightness of the screen.

### CPU\*<sub>2</sub>

Central Processing Unit ("CPU") Performance Disclaimer.

CPU performance in your computer product may vary from specifications under the following conditions:

- use of certain external peripheral products
- use of battery power instead of AC power
- use of certain multimedia, computer generated graphics or video applications
- use of standard telephone lines or low speed network connections
- use of complex modeling software, such as high end computer aided design applications
- use of several applications or functionalities simultaneously
- use of computer in areas with low air pressure (high altitude >1,000 meters or >3,280 feet above sea level)

- use of computer at temperatures outside the range of 5°C to 30°C (41°F to 86°F) or >25°C (77°F) at high altitude (all temperature references are approximate and may vary depending on the specific computer model - please refer to your PC documentation or visit the Toshiba website at [www.pcsupport.toshiba.com](http://www.pcsupport.toshiba.com) for details).

CPU performance may also vary from specifications due to design configuration.

Under some conditions, your computer product may automatically shut-down. This is a normal protective feature designed to reduce the risk of lost data or damage to the product when used outside recommended conditions. To avoid risk of lost data, always make back-up copies of data by periodically storing it on an external storage medium. For optimum performance, use your computer product only under recommended conditions. Read additional restrictions under “Environmental Conditions” in your PC documentation. Contact Toshiba technical service and support, refer to [TOSHIBA support](#) section in Chapter 9 Troubleshooting for more information.

## Copy Protection\*3

Copy protection technology included in certain media may prevent or limit recording or viewing of the media.

## HDD Drive Capacity\*4

1 Gigabyte (GB) means  $1000 \times 1000 \times 1000 = 1,000,000,000$  bytes using powers of 10. The computer operating system, however, reports storage capacity using powers of 2 for the definition of  $1 \text{ GB} = 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 = 1,073,741,824$  bytes, and therefore may show less storage capacity. Available storage capacity will also be less if the product includes one or more pre-installed operating systems, such as Microsoft Operating System and/or pre-installed software applications, or media content. Actual formatted capacity may vary.

## Non-applicable Icons\*5

Certain notebook chassis are designed to accommodate all possible configurations for an entire product series. Your selected model may not have all the features and specifications corresponding to all of the icons or switches shown on the notebook chassis, unless you have selected all those features.

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## Wireless LAN/Atheros\*6

The transmission speed over the wireless LAN and the distance over which wireless LAN can reach may vary depending on surrounding electromagnetic environment, obstacles, access point design and configuration, and client design and software/hardware configurations. [54Mbps is the theoretical maximum speed under the IEEE802.11 (a/b/g) standard.] The actual transmission speed will be lower than the theoretical maximum speed.

To use the Atheros Super AG™ or Super G™ function, your client and access point must support the corresponding feature. Performance of these functions may vary depending on the format of data transmitted.

## SRS\*7

SRS audio enhancements are available in the Microsoft Windows operating system only.

## TV Tuner\*8

TV Tuner will function only in the country where the computer was purchased.

## Images\*9

All images are simulated for purposes of illustration.

## Qosmio™ Player\*10

The Qosmio™ Player is not a Windows based application. When using the Qosmio™ Player, the Audio/Video recording feature will not function.

The Qosmio™ Player is not a Windows based application. Battery life will be less than when using similar applications in the Windows Operating System.

## LCD Brightness and Eye Stain\*11

Your LCD display has a brightness approaching that of a TV device. We recommend that you adjust the brightness of your LCD to a comfortable level to prevent possible strain on your eyes.

## Safety Use for TV Tuner\*12

If you have to operate your PC during a thunderstorm and are connecting the TV tuner to an outside antenna, you should operate your PC using AC power mode. The AC adapter offers some protection against (but does not entirely prevent) possible electric shock caused by lightning. For complete protection, do not operate your PC during a thunderstorm.

## Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU")\*13

Graphics processor unit ("GPU") performance may vary depending on product model, design configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized. GPU performance is only optimized when operating in AC power mode and may decrease considerably when operating in battery power mode.

## Specific Main Memory Disclaimer/Statement\*14

The revolutionary new nVIDIA GeForce™ Go 6200 GPU and ATI RADEON X300/X600 GPU utilize the additional bandwidth of PCI Express to reach higher levels of graphics performance than traditional graphics memory solutions. Both nVIDIA GeForce™ Go 6200 GPU and ATI RADEON X300/X600 GPU share the capacity and bandwidth of dedicated graphics memory and dynamically available system memory for turbocharged performance and larger total graphics memory.

The VRAM capacity indicated in the NVIDIA display is the sum of the discreet graphics memory and the maximum possible graphics memory allocated dynamically by the system memory. The system memory capacity indicated in the Microsoft Windows PROPERTIES display is the maximum possible system memory capacity without adjustment for any system memory which may be dynamically allocated to the graphics system depending on demand.

## Battery Life Disclaimer\*15

Battery life may vary considerably depending on product model, configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized, as well as the natural performance variations produced by the design of individual components. Published battery life numbers are achieved on select models and configurations tested by Toshiba at the time of publication. Recharge time varies depending on usage. Battery may not charge while computer is consuming full power. After a period of time, the battery will lose its ability to perform at maximum capacity and will need to be replaced. This is normal for all batteries. To purchase a new battery pack, see the accessories information that shipped with your computer.

# Appendix A

## Specifications

This appendix summarizes the computer's technical specifications.

### Physical Dimensions

<b>Size</b>	328.0 (w) × 289.7 (d) × 36.9/38.4 (h) millimeters (not including parts that extend beyond the main body)
-------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Refer to User's Manual or Information sheet about Weight.

### Environmental Requirements

<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Ambient temperature</b>	<b>Relative humidity</b>
<b>Operating</b>	5°C (41°F) to 35°C (95°F)	20% to 80%
<b>Non-operating</b>	-20°C (-4°F) to 65°C (149°F)	10% to 95%
<b>Thermal Gradient</b>	20°C per hour maximum	
<b>Wet-bulb temperature</b>	26°C maximum	

<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Altitude (from sea level)</b>
<b>Operating</b>	-60 to 3,000 meters
<b>Non-operating</b>	-60 to 10,000 meters maximum

### **Power Requirements**

<b>AC adaptor</b>	100-240 volts AC 50 or 60 hertz (cycles per second)
<b>Computer</b>	15 VDC 5 amperes

### **Built-in Modem**

<b>Network control unit (NCU)</b>	
<b>Type of NCU</b>	AA
<b>Type of line</b>	Telephone line (analog only)
<b>Type of dialing</b>	Pulse Tone
<b>Control command</b>	AT commands EIA-578 commands
<b>Monitor function</b>	Computer's speaker
<b>Communication specifications</b>	
<b>Communication system</b>	Data: Full duplex Fax: Half duplex
<b>Communication protocol</b>	Data ITU-T-Rec V.21/V.22/V.22bis/V.32 (Former CCITT) /V.32bis/V.34/V.90 Bell 103/212A Fax ITU-T-Rec V.17/V.29/V.27ter (Former CCITT) /V.21 ch2
<b>Communication speed</b>	Data transmission and reception 300/1200/2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400/ 16800/19200/21600/24000/26400/28800/31200/ 33600 bps Data reception only with V.90 28000/29333/30666/32000/33333/34666/36000/ 37333/38666/40000/41333/42666/44000/45333/ 46666/48000/49333/50666/52000/53333/54666/ 56000 bps Fax 2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400 bps

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<b>Transmitting level</b>	-10 dBm
<b>Receiving level</b>	-10 to -40 dBm
<b>Input/output impedance</b>	600 ohms $\pm$ 30%
<b>Error correcting</b>	MNP class 4 and ITU-T V.42
<b>Data compression</b>	MNP class 5 and ITU-T V.42bis
<b>Power supply</b>	+3.3V (supplied by computer)

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# Appendix B

## Display Controller and Modes

### Display controller

The display controller interprets software commands into hardware commands that turn particular pels on or off.

The display controller supports VGA, SVGA and XGA modes at internal LCD display panel.

A high-resolution external monitor connected to the computer can display up to 2048 horizontal and 1536 vertical pixels at up to 16M colors.

The display controller also controls the video mode, which uses industry standard rules to govern the screen resolution and the maximum number of colors that can be displayed on screen.

Software written for a given video mode will run on any computer that supports the mode.

The computer's display controller supports all VGA and Super VGA modes, the most widely used industry standards.

### Video modes

The computer supports video modes defined in the tables below. If your application offers a selection of mode numbers that do not match the numbers on the table, select a mode based on mode type, resolution, character matrix, number of colors and refresh rates. Also, if your software supports both graphics and text modes, the screen display may appear to operate faster using a text mode.

**Table1 Video modes (VGA)**

<b>Video mode</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Resolution</b>	<b>Character matrix (pels)</b>	<b>LCD colors</b>	<b>CRT colors</b>	<b>Scanning frequency Vertical (Hz)</b>
0, 1	VGA Text	40 × 25 Characters	8 × 8	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
2, 3	VGA Text	80 × 25 Characters	8 × 8	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
0*, 1*	VGA Text	40 × 25 Characters	8 × 14	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
2*, 3*	VGA Text	80 × 25 Characters	8 × 14	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
0+, 1+	VGA Text	40 × 25 Characters	9 × 16	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
2+, 3+	VGA Text	80 × 25 Characters	9 × 16	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
4, 5	VGA Grph	320 × 200 Pels	8 × 8	4 of 256K	4 of 256K	70
6	VGA Grph	640 × 200 Pels	8 × 8	2 of 256K	2 of 256K	70
7	VGA Text	80 × 25 Characters	9 × 14	Mono	Mono	70
7+	VGA Text	80 × 25 Characters	9 × 16	Mono	Mono	70

**Table1 Video modes (VGA) continued**

<b>Video mode</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Resolution</b>	<b>Character matrix (pels)</b>	<b>LCD colors</b>	<b>CRT colors</b>	<b>Scanning frequency Vertical (Hz)</b>
D	VGA Grph	320 × 200 Pels	8 × 8	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
E	VGA Grph	640 × 200 Pels	8 × 8	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
F	VGA Grph	640 × 350 Pels	8 × 14	Mono	Mono	70
10	VGA Grph	640 × 350 Pels	8 × 14	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	70
11	VGA Grph	640 × 480 Pels	8 × 16	2 of 256K	2 of 256K	60
12	VGA Grph	640 × 480 Pels	8 × 16	16 of 256K	16 of 256K	60
13	VGA Grph	320 × 200 Pels	8 × 8	256 of 256K	256 of 256K	70

**Table 2 Video modes (SXGA+ model)**

<b>Resolution</b>	<b>LCD colors</b>	<b>CRT colors</b>	<b>Vertical frequency (Hz)*</b>
640 × 480	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
800 × 600	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
1024 × 768	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
1280 × 1024	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
1400 × 1050	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
1600 × 1200 (Virtual with LCD only)	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85 100
1920 × 1440 (Virtual with LCD only)	256/256K	256/256K	60 75 85
2048 × 1536 (Virtual with LCD only)	256/256K	256/256K	60 75

\* Only External Monitor can perform change of Vertical frequency (Hz).



*The screen may not be displayed properly in high resolution mode while running 3D applications, during DVD playback, etc. Reduce the resolution until the screen is displayed properly in such cases.*

**Table 2 Video modes (SXGA+ model) continued**

<b>Resolution</b>	<b>LCD colors</b>	<b>CRT colors</b>	<b>Vertical frequency (Hz)*</b>
640 × 480	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
800 × 600	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
1024 × 768	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
1280 × 1024	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
1400 × 1050	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
1600 × 1200 (Virtual with LCD only)	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85 100
1920 × 1440 (Virtual with LCD only)	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75 85
2048 × 1536 (Virtual with LCD only)	64K/64K	64K/64K	60 75

\* Only External Monitor can perform change of Vertical frequency (Hz).



*The screen may not be displayed properly in high resolution mode while running 3D applications, during DVD playback, etc. Reduce the resolution until the screen is displayed properly in such cases.*

**Table 2 Video modes (SXGA+ model) continued**

<b>Resolution</b>	<b>LCD colors</b>	<b>CRT colors</b>	<b>Vertical frequency (Hz)*</b>
640 × 480	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
800 × 600	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
1024 × 768	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
1280 × 1024	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
1400 × 1050	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
1600 × 1200 (Virtual with LCD only)	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85 100
1920 × 1440 (Virtual with LCD only)	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75 85
2048 × 1536 (Virtual with LCD only)	16M/16M	16M/16M	60 75

\* Only External Monitor can perform change of Vertical frequency (Hz).



*The screen may not be displayed properly in high resolution mode while running 3D applications, during DVD playback, etc. Reduce the resolution until the screen is displayed properly in such cases.*

## PowerMizer

PowerMizer is a graphics processor installed on this computer. The performance of PowerMizer can be configured in three ways. To define the performance, select the menu options shown below:

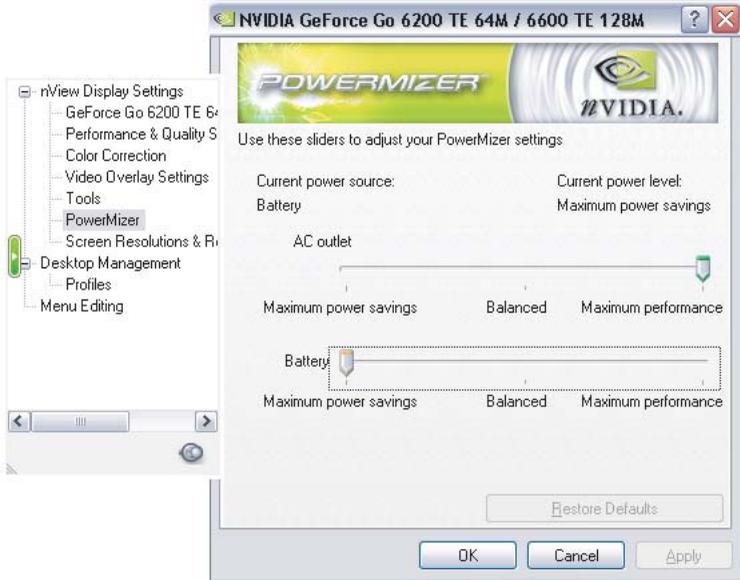
1. Click **start**, click **Control Panel** and click **Appearance and Themes**.
2. Double-click the **display** icon to open the Display Properties window.
3. Click the **Setting** tab and click the **Advanced** button.
4. Click the **GeForce Go 6200 TE 64M/6600 TE 128M** tab, click **GeForce Go 6200 TE 64M/6600 TE 128M** button.



*Figure B-1 (Multiple Monitors) and NVIDIA GeForce Go 6200 T...*

5. Click the button on the left side of a window.

6. Click the **nView Display Settings** and point to **PowerMizer**.



*Figure B-2 (Multiple Monitors) and NVIDIA GeForce Go 6200 T...*

The graphics processor is available in three options (Maximum Power Savings, Balanced, and Maximum Performance) in each of the AC power mode (AC Outlet) and the Battery power mode (Battery).

## AT Commands

In most cases, you will not need to type AT commands manually. However, there might be some occasions when you will need to do so.

This chapter describes AT commands for data mode. Fax and voice commands are taken care of by application software.

The format for entering AT commands is:

### **ATXn**

where **X** is the AT command, and **n** is the specific value for that command. After you type in the command press **Enter**.

Any command issued is acknowledged with a response in either text or numeric values known as result codes.

All commands and command-values accepted by the modem are described in this section; any entry other than those listed results in an error.

### +++ Escape sequence

The escape sequence allows the modem to exit data mode and enter on-line command mode. While in on-line command mode, you can communicate directly to your modem using AT commands. Once you finish, you can return to data mode using the ATO command.

A pause, the length of which is set by Escape Guard Time (S12), must be completed after an escape sequence is entered. This pause prevents the modem from interpreting the escape sequence as data.

The value of the escape sequence character may be changed using register S2.

### A/ Repeat last command

This command repeats the last command string entered. Do not precede this command with an AT prefix or conclude it by pressing **Enter**.

### A Answer command

This command instructs the modem to go off-hook and answer an incoming call.

## Bn Communication standard setting

This command determines the communication standard CCITT or Bell.

- B0** Selects CCITT V.22 mode when the modem is at 1200 bps.
- B1** Selects Bell 212A when the modem is at 1200 bps (default).
- B15** Selects V.21 when the modem is at 300 bps.
- B16** Selects Bell 103J when the modem is at 300 bps (default).

Result Codes:

- OK** n=0,1,15,16
- ERROR** Otherwise

## Dn Dial

This command instructs the modem to dial a telephone number. Enter **n** (the telephone number and any modifiers) after the ATD command.

Any digit or symbol (0-9, \*, #, A, B, C, D) may be dialed as touch-tone digits. Characters such as spaces, hyphens, and parentheses do not count. They are ignored by the modem, but you may want to include them to make the number and modifiers easier to read.

The following may be used as phone number modifiers:

- P** Pulse dialing.
- T** Touch-tone dialing (default).
- ,** Pause during dialing. Pause for time specified in Register S8 before processing the next character in the dial string.
- W** Wait for dial tone. Modem waits for a second dial tone before processing the dial string.
- @** Wait for quiet answer. Wait for five seconds of silence after dialing the number. If silence is not detected, the modem sends a NO ANSWER result code back to the caller.
- !** Hook flash. Causes the modem to go on-hook for 0.5 seconds and then return to off-hook.
- ;** Return to command mode. Causes the modem to return to command mode after dialing a number, without disconnecting the call.
- S=n** Dial a telephone number previously stored using the **&Zn=X** command (See **&Zn=X** command for more information). The range is 0-3.

## En Echo command

This command controls whether or not the characters entered from your computer keyboard are displayed on your monitor (echoed) while the modem is in command mode.

- E0** Disables echo to the computer.
- E1** Enables echo to the computer (default).

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1  
**ERROR** Otherwise

## Hn Hook control

This command instructs the modem to go on-hook to disconnect a call, or off-hook to make the phone line busy.

**H0** Modem goes on-hook (default).

**H1** Modem goes off-hook.

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1  
**ERROR** Otherwise

## In Request ID information

This command displays product information about the modem.

**I0** Returns modem identity string and driver version number.

**I3** Same as **I0**.

**I9** Returns region ID in English.

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,3,9  
**ERROR** Otherwise

## Ln Monitor speaker volume

This command sets speaker volume to low, medium, or high.

**L0** Low volume.

**L1** Low volume. (Same as **L0**)

**L2** Medium volume (default).

**L3** High volume.

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1,2,3  
**ERROR** Otherwise

## Mn Monitor speaker mode

This command turns the speaker on or off.

**M0** The speaker is off.

**M1** The speaker is on until the modem detects the carrier signal (default).

**M2** The speaker is always on when modem is off-hook.

**M3** Speaker is on until the carrier is detected, except when dialing.

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1,2,3  
**ERROR** Otherwise

## Nn Modulation handshake

This command controls whether or not the local modem performs a negotiated handshake at connection time with the remote modem when the communication speed of the two modems is different.

**NO** When originating or answering, this is for handshake only at the communication standard specified by S37 and the ATB command.

**N1** When originating or answering, begin the handshake at the communication standard specified by S37 and the ATB command (default).

During handshake, a lower transmission speed may be selected.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## On Return on-line to data mode

**O0** Instructs the modem to exit on-line command mode and return to data mode (see AT escape sequence, +++).

**O1** This command issues a retrain before returning to on-line data mode.

**O3** This command issues a rate renegotiation before returning to on-line data mode.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1,3

**ERROR** Otherwise

## P Select pulse dialing

This command configures the modem for pulse (non touch-tone) dialing. Dialed digits are pulsed until a T command or dial modifier is received. Tone dial is the default setting.

## Qn Result code control

Result codes are informational messages sent from the modem and displayed on your monitor. Basic result codes are **OK**, **CONNECT**, **RING**, **NO CARRIER**, and **ERROR**. The ATQ command allows the user to turn result codes on or off.

**Q0** Enables modem to send result codes to the computer (default).

**Q1** Disables modem from sending result codes to the computer.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## T Select tone dialing

This command instructs the modem to send DTMF tones while dialing. Dialed digits are tone dialed until a P command or dial modifier is received. This is the default setting.

## Vn DCE response format

This command controls whether result codes (including call progress and negotiation progress messages) are displayed as words or their numeric equivalents.

**V0** Displays result codes as digits.

**V1** Displays result codes as text (default).

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## Xn Result code selection, call progress monitoring

This command selects which result codes will be used by the modem.

Command	Dial tone detect	Busy signal detect	Supported Result Code
X0	Disable	Disable	OK, CONNECT, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR
X1	Disable	Disable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, CONNECT <RATE>
X2	Enable	Disable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, CONNECT <RATE>
X3	Disable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, BUSY, CONNECT <RATE>, BLACKLISTED
X4 (default)	Enable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, BUSY, CONNECT <RATE>, DELAYED, BLACKLISTED, REORDER, WARBLE, CALL WAITING DETECTED
X5	Enable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, BUSY, CONNECT <RATE>, RRING, NO BONGTONE, DELAYED, BLACKLISTED, REORDER, WARBLE, CALL WAITING DETECTED

## Dial tone detect

**Disabled:** The modem dials a call regardless of whether it detects a dial tone.

**Enabled:** The modem dials only upon detection of a dial tone, and disconnects the call if the dial tone is not detected within 10 seconds.

## Busy tone detect

**Disabled:** The modem ignores any busy tones it receives.

**Enabled:** The modem monitors for busy tones.

**Result Codes:**

**OK** n=0,1,2,3,4,5

**ERROR** Otherwise

## Zn Recall stored profile

The modem performs a soft reset and restores (recalls) the configuration profile according to the parameter supplied. If no parameter is specified, zero is assumed. Either Z0 or Z1 restores the profile.

**Result Codes:**

**OK** n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &Cn Data Carrier Detect (DCD) control

Data Carrier Detect is a signal from the modem to the computer indicating that a carrier signal is being received from a remote modem. DCD normally turns off when the modem no longer detects the carrier signal.

**&C0** The state of the carrier from the remote modem is ignored. DCD circuit is always on.

**&C1** DCD turns on when the remote modem's carrier signal is detected, and off when the carrier signal is not detected (default).

**Result Codes:**

**OK** n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &Dn DTR control

This command interprets how the modem responds to the state of the DTR signal and changes to the DTR signal.

**&D0** Ignore. The modem ignores the true status of DTR and treats it as always on. This should only be used if your communication software does not provide DTR to the modem

**&D1** If the DTR signal is not detected while in on-line data mode, the modem enters command mode, issues an **OK** result code, and remains connected.

**&D2** If the DTR signal is not detected while in on-line data mode, the modem disconnects (default).

**&D3** Reset on the on-to-off DTR transition.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1,2,3

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &F Load factory settings

This command loads the configuration stored and programmed at the factory. This operation replaces all of the command options and the S-register settings in the active configuration with factory values.

**&F** Recall factory setting as active configuration.

## &Gn V.22bis guard tone control

This command determines which guard tone, if any, to transmit while transmitting in the high band (answer mode). This command is only used in V.22 and V.22bis mode. This option is not used in North America and is for international use only.

**&G0** Guard tone disabled (default).

**&G1** Sets guard tone to 550 Hz.

**&G2** Sets guard tone to 1800 Hz.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1,2

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &Kn Local flow control selection

**&K0** Disable flow control.

**&K3** Enable CTS/RTS flow control (default).

**&K4** Enable XON/XOFF flow control.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,3,4

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &Pn Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio (WW)

**&P0** Selects 39% - 61% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second.

**&P1** Selects 33% - 67% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second.

**&P2** Selects 33% - 67% make/break ratio at 20 pulses per second.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0,1,2

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &Tn Self-test commands

These tests can help to isolate problems if you experience periodic data loss or random errors.

**&T0** Abort. Stops any test in progress.

**&T1** Local analog loop. This test verifies modem operation, as well as the connection between the modem and computer. Any data entered at the local DTE is modulated, then demodulated, and returned to the local DTE. To work properly, the modem must be off-line.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0

**CONNECT** n=1

**ERROR** Otherwise

## &V Display Current Configuration

This command displays the current configuration of the modem. If nonvolatile memory is supported the stored profiles are displayed as well.

**&V** View profiles.

## &W Store current configuration

Saves the current (active) configuration (profile), including S-Registers.

The current configuration comprises a list of storable parameters illustrated in the **&V** command. These settings are restored to the active configuration upon receiving a **Zn** command or at power up. Refer to the **&V** command.

**&W** Stores the current configuration.

## &Zn=x Store telephone number

This command is used to store up to four dialing strings in the modem's nonvolatile memory for later dialing. The format for the command is **&Zn**="stored number" where n is the location 0-3 to which the number should be written. The dial string may contain up to 34 characters. The **ATDS=n** command dials using the string stored in location n.

Result Codes:

**OK** n=0, 1, 2, 3

**ERROR** Otherwise

## \Nn Error control mode selection

This command determines the type of error control used by the modem when sending or receiving data.

**\N0** Buffer mode. No error control.

**\N1** Direct mode.

**\N2** MNP or disconnect mode. The modem attempts to connect using MNP2-4 error control procedures. If this fails, the modem disconnects.

This is also known as MNP reliable mode.

**\N3** V.42, MNP, or buffered (default).  
 The modem attempts to connect in V.42 error control mode. If this fails, it attempts to connect in MNP mode. If this fails, it connects in buffer mode and continues operation. This is also known as V.42/MNP auto reliable mode (same as **&Q5**).

**\N4** V.42 or disconnect. The modem attempts to connect in V.42 error control mode. If this fails, the modem disconnects.

**\N5** V.42. MNP or buffered (same as **\N3**).

**\N7** V.42. MNP or buffered (same as **\N3**).

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1,2,3,4,5,7  
**ERROR** Otherwise

### \Qn Local flow control selection

**\Q0** Disable flow control.

**\Q1** XON/XOFF software flow control.

**\Q3** CTS/RTS to DTE (default).

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1,3  
**ERROR** Otherwise

### \Vn Protocol result code

**\V0** Disable protocol result code appended to DCE speed.

**\V1** Enable protocol result code appended to DCE speed (default).

Result Codes:  
**OK** n=0,1  
**ERROR** Otherwise

### %B View numbers in blacklist

If blacklisting is in effect, this command displays the numbers for which the last call attempted in the past two hours failed. The **ERROR** result code appears in regions that do not require blacklisting.

### %Cn Data compression control

This command determines the operation of V.42bis and MNP class 5 data compression. On-line changes do not take effect until a disconnect occurs first.

**%C0** V.42bis/MNP 5 disabled. No data compression.

**%C3** V.42bis/MNP 5 enabled. Data compression enabled (default).

Result Codes:  
OK n=0,3  
ERROR Otherwise

## S-registers

S-registers contain the settings that determine how a number of functions of the internal modem operate. For example, how many times to let the telephone ring before the modem answers and how long to wait before it hangs up if a connection fails. You can also customize certain AT commands such as the escape sequence and command line termination.

The contents of the registers are changed automatically when you modify corresponding settings in your communication software. If you choose, however, you can display and edit the contents of the registers manually when the modem is in command mode. If the value is out of the acceptable range, then an error is generated.

This chapter describes the settings for each S-register.

### S-register values

The format for displaying the value of an S-register is:

**ATSn?**

where **n** is the register number. After you type in the register press **Enter**.

The format for modifying the value of an S-register is:

**ATSn=r**

where **n** is the register number, and **r** is the new register value. After you type in the register and its new value press **Enter**.



*Some registers vary from one country/region to another.*

#### S0 Auto answer ring number

This register determines the number of rings the modem will count before automatically answering a call. Enter 0 (zero) if you do not want the modem to automatically answer at all. When disabled, the modem can only answer with an ATA command.

Range: 0-255

Default: 0

Units: rings

## S1 Ring counter

This register is read only. The value of S1 is incremented with each ring. If no ring occurs over a six-second interval, this register is cleared.

Range: 0-225

Default: 0

Units: rings

## S2 AT escape character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII values used for an escape sequence. The default is the + character. The escape sequence allows the modem to exit data mode and enter command mode when on-line. Values greater than 127 disable the escape sequence.

Range: 0-255, ASCII decimal

Default: 43

Units: ASCII

## S3 Command line termination character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII values as the carriage return character. This character is used to end command lines and result codes.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 13 (carriage return)

Units: ASCII

## S4 Response formatting character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII value used as the line feed character. The modem uses a line feed character in command mode when it responds to the computer.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 10 (line feed)

Units: ASCII

## S5 Command line editing character (user defined)

This register sets the character recognized as a backspace and pertains to asynchronous only. The modem will not recognize the backspace character if it is set to a value that is greater than 32 ASCII. This character can be used to edit a command line. When the echo command is enabled, the modem echoes back to the local DTE the backspace character, an ASCII space character, and a second backspace character. This means a total of three characters are transmitted each time the modem processes the backspace character.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 8 (backspace)

Units: ASCII

## S6 Wait before dialing

This register sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem must wait (pause) after going off-hook before dialing the first digit of the telephone number. The modem always pauses for a minimum of two seconds, even if the value of S6 is less than two seconds. The wait for dial tone call progress feature (*W* dial modifier in the dial string) will override the value in register S6. This operation, however, may be affected by some ATX options according to country/region restrictions. In some countries/regions, S6 will set dial tone detect time.

Range: 3-255

Default: 3

Units: seconds

## S7 Connection completion time-out

This register sets the time, in seconds, that the modem must wait before hanging up because carrier is not detected. The timer is started when the modem finishes dialing (*originate*), or goes off-hook (*answer*). In *originate* mode, the timer is reset upon detection of an answer tone if allowed by county restriction. The timer also specifies the wait for silence time for the *@* dial modifier in seconds. S7 is not associated with the *W* dial modifier.

Range: 1-255

Default: 50

Units: seconds

## S8 Comma pause time

This register sets the time, in seconds, that the modem must pause when it encounters a comma (,) in the dial command string. In some countries/regions, S8 will set both wait before dialing and comma pause time.

Range: 0-255

Default: 2

Units: seconds

## S11 DTMF dialing speed

This register determines the dialing speed which is prefixed for each country/region.

Range: 50-255

Default: 95

Units: .001 seconds

## S12 Escape guard time

This register sets the value (in 20 millisecond increments) for the required pause after the escape sequence.

Range: 0-255

Default: 50

Units: .02 seconds

---

## S37 Dial line rate

---

S37 = 0 (default)	maximum modem speed
S37 = 1	reserved
S37 = 2	1200/75 bps
S37 = 3	300 bps
S37 = 4	reserved
S37 = 5	1200 bps
S37 = 6	2400 bps
S37 = 7	4800 bps
S37 = 8	7200 bps
S37 = 9	9600 bps
S37 = 10	12000 bps
S37 = 11	14400 bps
S37 = 12	16800 bps
S37 = 13	19200 bps
S37 = 14	21600 bps
S37 = 15	24000 bps
S37 = 16	26400 bps
S37 = 17	28800 bps
S37 = 18	31200 bps
S37 = 19	33600 bps

---

## AT command set result codes

The following table shows the result codes.

### *The result code summary*

<b>Result Code</b>	<b>Numeric</b>	<b>Description</b>
OK	0	Command executed
CONNECT	1	Modem connected to line
RING	2	A ring signal has been detected
NO CARRIER	3	Modem lost carrier signal, or does not detect carrier signal, or does not detect answer tone
ERROR	4	Invalid command
CONNECT 1200 EC <sup>*1</sup>	5	Connection at 1200 bps
NO DIAL TONE	6	No dial tone detected
BUSY	7	Busy signal detected
NO ANSWER	8	No quiet answer
CONNECT 2400 EC <sup>*1</sup>	10	Connection at 2400 bps
CONNECT 4800 EC <sup>*1</sup>	11	Connection at 4800 bps
CONNECT 9600 EC <sup>*1</sup>	12	Connection at 9600 bps
CONNECT 14400 EC <sup>*1</sup>	13	Connection at 14400 bps
CONNECT 19200 EC <sup>*1</sup>	14	Connection at 19200 bps
CONNECT 7200 EC <sup>*1</sup>	24	Connection at 7200 bps
CONNECT 12000 EC <sup>*1</sup>	25	Connection at 12000 bps
CONNECT 16800 EC <sup>*1</sup>	86	Connection at 16800 bps
CONNECT 300 EC <sup>*1</sup>	40	Connection at 300 bps
CONNECT 21600 EC <sup>*1</sup>	55	Connection at 21600 bps
CONNECT 24000 EC <sup>*1</sup>	56	Connection at 24000 bps
CONNECT 26400 EC <sup>*1</sup>	57	Connection at 26400 bps

CONNECT 28800 EC <sup>*1</sup>	58	Connection at 28800 bps
CONNECT 31200 EC <sup>*1</sup>	59	Connection at 31200 bps
CONNECT 33600 EC <sup>*1</sup>	60	Connection at 33600 bps
DELAYED <sup>*2</sup>	88	Delay is in effect for the dialed number
BLACKLISTED <sup>*2</sup>	89	Dialed number is blacklisted
BLACKLIST FULL <sup>*2</sup>	90	Blacklist is full

*\*1: EC only appears when the Extended Result Codes configuration option is enabled. EC is replaced by one of the following symbols, depending upon the error control method used:*

*V.42bis - V.42 error control and V.42bis data compression.*

*V.42 - V.42 error control only.*

*MNP 5 - MNP class 4 error control and MNP class 5 data compression.*

*MNP 4 - MNP class 4 error control only.*

*NoEC - No error control protocol.*

*\*2: In some countries/regions, these result codes may not appear.*



# Appendix E

## V.90

The TOSHIBA internal modem uses V.90 technology. The modem is capable of downstream speeds of 56kbps (kilobits per second) when connected to an Internet service provider that supports V.90. As with any modem, the actual throughput (speed of data transfer) depends on analog telephone line conditions, which can vary considerably. Therefore, many users will experience throughput in the range of 28-50kbps under normal telephone line conditions. Upstream data flows at the V.34 rate.



*V.90 rates can be achieved only when one V.90-capable host modem is connected to another. The TOSHIBA Internal modem will select automatically V.34 if the remote modem lacks V.90 capability or if a combination of network and/or phone line conditions prevent V.90 connection.*

## V.90 mode

Function	Transmission speed
Data V.90	From 56kbps (maximum) to 28kbps (minimum) Reception only

**Table E-1 Result codes for a V.90 connection**

No.	Result code	Description
70	CONNECT 32000 EC*	Connection at 32000 bps
72	CONNECT 36000 EC*	Connection at 36000 bps
74	CONNECT 40000 EC*	Connection at 40000 bps
76	CONNECT 44000 EC*	Connection at 44000 bps
78	CONNECT 48000 EC*	Connection at 48000 bps
80	CONNECT 52000 EC*	Connection at 52000 bps
82	CONNECT 56000 EC*	Connection at 56000 bps
100	CONNECT 28000 EC*	Connection at 28000 bps
101	CONNECT 29333 EC*	Connection at 29333 bps
102	CONNECT 30666 EC*	Connection at 30666 bps
103	CONNECT 33333 EC*	Connection at 33333 bps
104	CONNECT 34666 EC*	Connection at 34666 bps
105	CONNECT 37333 EC*	Connection at 37333 bps
106	CONNECT 38666 EC*	Connection at 38666 bps
107	CONNECT 41333 EC*	Connection at 41333 bps
108	CONNECT 42666 EC*	Connection at 42666 bps
109	CONNECT 45333 EC*	Connection at 45333 bps
110	CONNECT 46666 EC*	Connection at 46666 bps
111	CONNECT 49333 EC*	Connection at 49333 bps
112	CONNECT 50666 EC*	Connection at 50666 bps
113	CONNECT 53333 EC*	Connection at 53333 bps
114	CONNECT 54666 EC*	Connection at 54666 bps

---

\* EC stands for the Error Control method, which appears only when the extended result codes configuration option is enabled. EC is replaced by one of the following symbols, depending on the error control method used.

<b>V42bis</b>	V.42 error control and V.42bis data compression
<b>V42</b>	V.42 error control only
<b>NoEC</b>	No error control protocol

## AT Command

<b>-V90=*</b>	V.90 Dial Line Rate -V90 sets the maximum V.90 downstream that the modem attempts to connect.
<b>-V90=0</b>	V.90 disabled
<b>-V90=1</b>	V.90 enabled: automatic speed selection - maximum modem speed (default)



## Wireless LAN

### Card Specifications

<b>Form Factor</b>	Mini PCI Type III
<b>Compatibility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ IEEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LANS</li> <li>■ Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) certified by the Wi-Fi Alliance. The 'Wi-Fi CERTIFIED' logo is a certification mark of the Wi-Fi Alliance.</li> </ul>
<b>Network Operating System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Microsoft Windows® Networking</li> </ul>
<b>Media Access Protocol</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CSMA/CA (Collision Avoidance) with Acknowledgment (ACK)</li> </ul>
<b>Data Rate</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a, 802.11g)</li> <li>■ Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b)</li> </ul>

### Radio Characteristics

Radio Characteristics of Wireless LAN Cards may vary according to:

- Country/region where the product was purchased
- Type of product

Wireless communication is often subject to local radio regulations. Although Wireless LAN wireless networking products have been designed for operation in the license-free 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band, local radio regulations may impose a number of limitations to the use of wireless communication equipment.



*Refer to the sheet "Information to the User" for regulatory information that may apply in your country/region.*

<b>R-F Frequency</b>	■ Band 5 GHz (5150-5850 MHz) (Revision A)
	■ Band 2.4 GHz (2400-2483.5 MHz) (Revision B, G)
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	■ DSSS-CCK, DSSS-DQPSK, DSSS-DBPSK (Revision B)
	■ OFDM-BPSK, OFDM-QPSK, OFDM-16QAM, OFDM-64QAM (Revision A, G)

The range of the wireless signal is related to the transmit rate of the wireless communication. Communications at lower transmit range may travel larger distances.

- The range of your wireless devices can be affected when the antennas are placed near metal surfaces and solid high-density materials.
- Range is also impacted due to "obstacles" in the signal path of the radio that may either absorb or reflect the radio signal.

## Supported Frequency Sub-bands

Subject to the radio regulations that apply in the countries/regions, your Wireless LAN card may support a different set of 5 GHz/2.4 GHz channels. Consult your Authorized Wireless LAN or TOSHIBA Sales office for information about the radio regulations that apply in the countries/regions.

### Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision B and G)

Frequency Range <b>Channel ID</b> *2	2400-2483.5 MHz
1	2412
2	2417
3	2422
4	2427
5	2432
6	2437
7	2442
8	2447
9	2452

10	<b>2457</b> *1
11	2462
12	<b>2467</b>
13	<b>2472</b>

\*1 Factory-set default channels

\*2 Refer to the sheet *Approved Countries/Regions for use* for the countries/regions that in which these channels can be used.

When installing Wireless LAN cards, the channel configuration is managed as follows:

- For wireless clients that operate in a Wireless LAN Infrastructure, the Wireless LAN card will automatically start operation at the channel identified by the Wireless LAN Access Point. When roaming between different access points the station can dynamically switch to another channel if required.
- For Wireless LAN cards installed in wireless clients that operating in a peer-to-peer mode, the card will use the default channel 10.
- In a Wireless LAN Access Point, the Wireless LAN card will use the factory-set default channel (printed in bold), unless the LAN Administrator selected a different channel when configuring the Wireless LAN Access Point device.

## Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision A)

Frequency Range <b>Channel ID</b> *2	5150-5850 MHz
36	5180
40	5200
44	5220
48	5240
52	5260
56	5280
60	5300
64	5320
100	5500

104	5520
108	5540
112	5560
116	5580
120	5600
124	5620
128	5640
132	5660
136	5680
140	5700
149	5745
153	5765
157	5785
161	5805
165	5825

\*2 Refer to the sheet "Approved Countries/Regions for use" for the countries/regions that in which these channels can be used.

# Appendix G

## AC Power Cord and Connectors

The power cord's AC input plug must be compatible with the various international AC power outlets and the cord must meet the standards for the country/region in which it is used. All cords must meet the following specifications:

<b>Length:</b>	Minimum 2 meters
<b>Wire size:</b>	Minimum 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Current rating:</b>	Minimum 2.5 amperes
<b>Voltage rating:</b>	125 or 250 VAC (depending on country/region's power standards)

## Certification agencies

<b>U.S. and Canada:</b>	UL listed and CSA certified No. 18 AWG, Type SVT or SPT-2		
<b>Australia:</b>	AS		
<b>Japan:</b>	DENANHO		
<b><i>Europe:</i></b>			
<b>Austria:</b>	OVE	<b>Italy:</b>	IMQ
<b>Belgium:</b>	CEBEC	<b>The Netherlands:</b>	KEMA
<b>Denmark:</b>	DEMKO	<b>Norway:</b>	NEMKO
<b>Finland:</b>	FIMKO	<b>Sweden:</b>	SEMKO

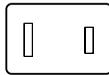
<b>France:</b>	LCIE	<b>Switzerland:</b>	SEV
<b>Germany:</b>	VDE	<b>United Kingdom:</b>	BSI

In Europe, two conductors power cord must be VDE type, H05VVH2-F or H03VVH2-F and for three conductors power cord must be VDE type, H05VV-F.

For the United States and Canada, two pin plug configuration must be a 2-15P (250V) or 1-15P (125V) and three pin plug configuration must be 6-15P (250V) or 5-15P (125V) as designated in the U.S. National Electrical code handbook and the Canadian Electrical Code Part II.

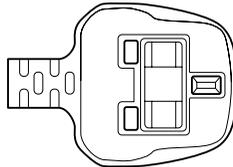
The following illustrations show the plug shapes for the U.S.A. and Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia and Europe.

**USA**



UL approved

**United Kingdom**



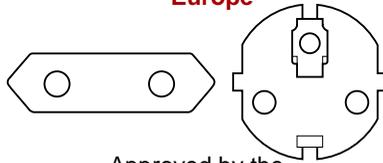
BS approved

**Australia**



AS approved

**Europe**



Approved by the appropriate agency

**Canada**



CSA approved

# Appendix H

## Parts Numbers

The computer configuration and parts numbers, indicate the CPU, LCD, Memory, External VRAM, HDD, ODD. Bay, Wireless LAN, BT and TPM Security solution.

## Configurations

CPU	LCD	Memory
PentiumM 770 (2.13GHz)	14" TFT-SXGA+	256MB
PentiumM 760 (2.00GHz)		512MB
PentiumM 750 (1.86GHz)		1024MB
PentiumM 740 (1.73GHz)		256MB+256MB
PentiumM 730 (1.60GHz)		256MB+512MB
		256MB+1024MB
	512MB+512MB	
		512MB+1024MB
		1024MB+1024MB

External VRAM	HDD (Primary)	ODD.Bay
64MB	40GB (5400rpm)	DVD-ROM
128MB	60GB (5400rpm)	CD-RW/DVD
	80GB (5400rpm)	DVD Super Multi
		DVD Super Multi (Double Layer)

Wireless LAN	BT	TPM Security solution
W-LAN Antenna Only	BT Antenna only	TPM Security integrated
802.11g	BT	
802.11ag		

# Glossary

The terms in this glossary cover topics related to this manual. Alternate naming is included for reference.

## **Abbreviations**

**AC:** alternating current

**AGP:** accelerated graphics port

**ANSI:** American National Standards Institute

**APM:** advanced power manager

**ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange

**BIOS:** basic input output system

**CD-ROM:** Compact Disc-Read Only Memory

**CD-RW:** Compact Disc-ReWritable

**CMOS:** complementary metal-oxide semiconductor

**CPU:** central processing unit

**CRT:** cathode ray tube

**DC:** direct current

**DDC:** display data channel

**DMA:** direct memory access

**DOS:** disk operating system

**DVD:** digital versatile disc

**DVD-R:** Digital Versatile Disc-Recordable

**DVD-RAM:** Digital Versatile Disc-Random Access Memory

**DVD-ROM:** Digital Versatile Disc-Read Only Memory

**DVD-RW:** Digital Versatile Disc-ReWritable

**ECP:** extended capabilities port

**FDD:** floppy disk drive

**FIR:** fast infrared

**HDD:** hard disk drive

**IDE:** integrated drive electronics

**I/O:** input/output

**IrDA:** Infrared Data Association  
**IRQ:** interrupt request  
**KB:** kilobyte  
**LCD:** liquid crystal display  
**LED:** light emitting diode  
**LSI:** large scale integration  
**MB:** megabyte  
**MS-DOS:** Microsoft Disk Operating System  
**OCR:** optical character recognition (reader)  
**PCB:** printed circuit board  
**PCI:** peripheral component interconnect  
**RAM:** random access memory  
**RGB:** red, green, and blue  
**ROM:** read only memory  
**RTC:** real time clock  
**SCSI:** small computer system interface  
**SIO:** serial input/output  
**SXGA+:** super extended graphics array plus  
**TFT:** thin-film transistor  
**UART:** universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter  
**USB:** Universal Serial Bus  
**UXGA:** ultra extended graphics array  
**VESA:** Video Electronic Standards Association  
**VGA:** video graphics array  
**VRT:** voltage reduction technology  
**WXGA:** wide extended graphics array  
**XGA:** extended graphics array

## A

**AccuPoint:** A pointing device integrated into the TOSHIBA computer keyboard.

**adaptor:** A device that provides an interface between two dissimilar electronic devices. For example, the AC adaptor modifies the power from a wall outlet for use by the computer. This term also refers to the add-in circuit cards that control external devices, such as video monitors and magnetic tape devices.

**allocate:** To assign a space or function for a specific task.

**alphanumeric:** Keyboard characters including letters, numbers and other symbols, such as punctuation marks or mathematical symbols.

**alternating current (AC):** Electric current that reverses its direction of flow at regular intervals.

- analog signal:** A signal whose characteristics such as amplitude and frequency vary in proportion to (are an analog of) the value to be transmitted. Voice communications are analog signals.
- ANSI:** American National Standards Institute. An organization established to adopt and define standards for a variety of technical disciplines. For example, ANSI defined the ASCII standard and other information processing requirements.
- antistatic:** A material used to prevent the buildup of static electricity.
- application:** A group of programs that together are used for a specific task such as accounting, financial planning, spreadsheets, word processing and games.
- ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange. ASCII code is a set of 256 binary codes that represent the most commonly used letters, numbers, and symbols.
- async:** Short for asynchronous.
- asynchronous:** Lacking regular time relationship. As applied to computer communications, asynchronous refers to the method of transmitting data that does not require a steady stream of bits to be transmitted at regular time intervals.

## B

- backup:** A duplicate copy of files kept as a spare in case the original is destroyed.
- batch file:** A file that can be executed from the system prompt containing a sequence of operating system commands or executable files.
- binary:** The base two number system composed of zeros and ones (off or on), used by most digital computers. The right-most digit of a binary number has a value of 1, the next a value of 2, then 4, 8, 16, and so on. For example, the binary number 101 has a value of 5. *See also* ASCII.
- BIOS:** Basic Input Output System. The firmware that controls data flow within the computer. *See also* firmware.
- bit:** Derived from "binary digit," the basic unit of information used by the computer. It is either zero or one. Eight bits is one byte. *See also* byte.
- board:** A circuit board. An internal card containing electronic components, called chips, which perform a specific function or increase the capabilities of the system.
- boot:** Short for bootstrap. A program that starts or restarts the computer. The program reads instructions from a storage device into the computer's memory.
- bps:** Bits per second. Typically used to describe the data transmission speed of a modem.
- buffer:** The portion of the computer's memory where data is temporarily stored. Buffers often compensate for differences in the rate of flow from one device to another.

**bus:** An interface for transmission of signals, data or electric power.

**byte:** The representation of a single character. A sequence of eight bits treated as a single unit; also the smallest addressable unit within the system.

## C

**cache memory:** High speed memory which stores data that increases processor speed and data transfer rate. When the CPU reads data from main memory, it stores a copy of this data in cache memory. The next time the CPU needs that same data, it looks for it in the cache memory rather than the main memory, which saves time. The computer has two cache levels. Level one is incorporated into the processor and level two resides in external memory.

**capacity:** The amount of data that can be stored on a magnetic storage device such as a floppy disk or hard disk. It is usually described in terms of kilobytes (KB), where one KB = 1024 bytes and megabytes (MB), where one MB = 1024 KB.

**card:** Synonym for board. See board.

**CardBus:** An industry standard bus for 32-bit PC cards.

**CD-ROM:** A Compact Disc-Read Only Memory is a high capacity disc that can be read from but not written to. The CD-ROM drive uses a laser, rather than magnetic heads, to read data from the disc.

**CD-R:** A Compact Disc-Recordable disc can be written once and read many times. See also CD-ROM.

**CD-RW:** A Compact Disc-ReWritable disc can be rewritten many times. See also CD-ROM.

**character:** Any letter, number, punctuation mark, or symbol used by the computer. Also synonymous with byte.

**chassis:** The frame containing the computer.

**chip:** A small semiconductor containing computer logic and circuitry for processing, memory, input/output functions and controlling other chips.

**CMOS:** Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor. An electronic circuit fabricated on a silicon wafer that requires very little power. Integrated circuits implemented in CMOS technology can be tightly packaged and are highly reliable.

**cold start:** Starting a computer that is currently off (turning on the power).

**COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4:** The names assigned to the serial and communication ports.

**commands:** Instructions you enter at the terminal keyboard that direct the actions of the computer or its peripheral devices.

**communications:** The means by which a computer transmits and receives data to and from another computer or device. See parallel interface; serial interface.

- compatibility:** 1) The ability of one computer to accept and process data in the same manner as another computer without modifying the data or the media upon which it is being transferred.  
2) the ability of one device to connect to or communicate with another system or component.
- components:** Elements or parts (of a system) which make up the whole (system).
- computer program:** A set of instructions written for a computer that enable it to achieve a desired result.
- computer system:** A combination of hardware, software, firmware, and peripheral components assembled to process data into useful information.
- configuration:** The specific components in your system (such as the terminal, printer, and disk drives) and the settings that define how your system works. You use the HW Setup program to control your system configuration.
- control keys:** A key or sequence of keys you enter from the keyboard to initiate a particular function within a program.
- controller:** Built-in hardware and software that controls the functions of a specific internal or peripheral device (e.g. keyboard controller).
- co-processor:** A circuit built into the processor that is dedicated to intensive math calculations.
- CPS:** Characters Per Second. Typically used to indicate the transmission speed of a printer.
- CPU:** Central Processing Unit. The portion of the computer that interprets and executes instructions.
- CRT:** Cathode Ray Tube. A vacuum tube in which beams projected on a fluorescent screen-producing luminous spots. An example is the television set.
- cursor:** A small, blinking rectangle or line that indicates the current position on the display screen.

## D

- data:** Information that is factual, measurable or statistical that a computer can process, store, or retrieve.
- data bits:** A data communications parameter controlling the number of bits (binary digits) used to make up a byte. If data bits = 7 the computer can generate 128 unique characters. If data bits = 8 the computer can generate 256 unique characters.
- DC:** Direct Current. Electric current that flows in one direction. This type of power is usually supplied by batteries.
- default:** The parameter value automatically selected by the system when you or the program do not provide instructions. Also called a preset value.

- delete:** To remove data from a disk or other data storage device.  
Synonymous with erase.
- device driver:** A program that controls communication between a specific peripheral device and the computer. The CONFIG.SYS file contains device drivers that MS-DOS loads when you turn the computer on.
- dialog box:** A window that accepts user input to make system settings or record other information.
- disk drive:** The device that randomly accesses information on a disk and copies it to the computer's memory. It also writes data from memory to the disk. To accomplish these tasks, the unit physically rotates the disk at high speed past a read-write head.
- disk storage:** Storing data on magnetic disk. Data is arranged on concentric tracks much like a phonograph record.
- display:** A CRT, LCD, or other image producing device used to view computer output.
- documentation:** The set of manuals and/or other instructions written for the users of a computer system or application. Computer system documentation typically includes procedural and tutorial information as well as system functions.
- DOS:** Disk Operating System. See operating system.
- driver:** A software program, generally part of the operating system, that controls a specific piece of hardware (frequently a peripheral device such as a printer or mouse).
- Dual Pointing Device:** Pointing device consisting of AccuPoint and Touch Pad. Both of these device can function together or separately. See AccuPoint and Touch Pad.
- DVD-R (+R, -R):** A Digital Versatile Disc-Recordable disk can be written once and read many times. The DVD-R drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- DVD-RAM:** A Digital Versatile Disc-Random Access Memory is a high-capacity, high performance disc that lets you store large volumes of data. The DVD-ROM drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- DVD-ROM:** A Digital Versatile Disc-Read Only Memory is a high capacity, high performance disc suitable for play back of video and other high-density files. The DVD-ROM drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- DVD-RW (+RW, -RW):** A Digital Versatile Disc-ReWritable disc can be rewritten many times.

## E

- echo:** To send back a reflection of the transmitted data to the sending device. You can display the information on the screen, or output it to the printer, or both. When a computer receives back data it transmitted to a CRT (or other peripheral device) and then retransmits the data to printer, the printer is said to echo the CRT.
- erase:** See delete.

**escape:** 1) A code (ASCII code 27), signaling the computer that what follows are commands; used with peripheral devices such as printers and modems.

2) A means of aborting the task currently in progress.

**escape guard time:** A time before and after an escape code is sent to the modem which distinguishes between escapes that are part of the transmitted data, and escapes that are intended as a command to the modem.

**execute:** To interpret and execute an instruction.

**Extended Capability Port:** An industry standard that provides a data buffer, switchable forward and reverse data transmission, and run length encoding (RLE) support.

## F

**fast infrared:** An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

**file:** A collection of related information; a file can contain data, programs, or both.

**firmware:** A set of instructions built into the hardware which controls and directs a microprocessor's activities.

**floppy disk:** A removable disk that stores magnetically encoded data.

**floppy disk drive (FDD):** An electromechanical device that reads and writes to floppy disks.

**Fn-esse:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you assign functions to hot keys.

**folder:** An icon in Windows used to store documents or other folders.

**format:** The process of readying a blank disk for its first use. Formatting establishes the structure of the disk that the operating system expects before it writes files or programs onto the disk.

**function keys:** The keys labeled **F1** through **F12** that tell the computer to perform certain functions.

## G

**gigabyte (GB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 megabytes. *See also* megabyte.

**graphics:** Drawings, pictures, or other images, such as charts or graphs, to present information.

## H

**hard disk:** A non-removable disk usually referred to as drive C. The factory installs this disk and only a trained engineer can remove it for servicing. Also called fixed disk.

**hard disk drive (HDD):** An electromechanical device that reads and writes a hard disk. *See also* hard disk.

- hardware:** The physical electronic and mechanical components of a computer system: typically, the computer itself, external disk drives, etc. *See also* software and firmware.
- hertz:** A unit of wave frequency that equals one cycle per second.
- hexadecimal:** The base 16 numbering system composed of the digits 0 through 9 and the letters A, B, C, D, E, and F.
- host computer:** The computer that controls, regulates, and transmits information to a device or another computer.
- hot key:** The computer's feature in which certain keys in combination with the extended function key, **Fn**, can be used to set system parameters, such as speaker volume.
- HW Setup:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various hardware components.

## I

- icon:** A small graphic image displayed on the screen or in the indicator panel. In Windows, an icon represents an object that the user can manipulate.
- i.LINK (IEEE1394):** This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.
- infrared port:** A cableless communications port capable of using infrared signals to send serial data.
- input:** The data or instructions you provide to a computer, communication device or other peripheral device from the keyboard or external or internal storage devices. The data sent (or output) by the sending computer is input for the receiving computer.
- instruction:** Statements or commands that specify how to perform a particular task.
- interface:** 1) Hardware and/or software components of a system used specifically to connect one system or device to another.  
2) To physically connect one system or device to another to exchange information.  
3) The point of contact between user, the computer, and the program, for example, the keyboard or a menu.
- interrupt request:** A signal that gives a component access to the processor.
- I/O:** Input/output. Refers to acceptance and transfer of data to and from a computer.
- I/O devices:** Equipment used to communicate with the computer and transfer data to and from it.
- IrDA 1.1:** An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

## J

**jumper:** A small clip or wire that allows you to change the hardware characteristics by electrically connecting two points of a circuit.

## K

**K:** Taken from the Greek word kilo, meaning 1000; often used as equivalent to 1024, or 2 raised to the 10th power. *See also* byte and kilobyte.

**KB:** *See* kilobyte.

**keyboard:** An input device containing switches that are activated by manually pressing marked keys. Each keystroke activates a switch that transmits a specific code to the computer. For each key, the transmitted code is, in turn, representative of the (ASCII) character marked on the key.

**kilobyte (KB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 bytes. *See also* byte and megabyte.

## L

**level 2 cache:** *See* cache.

**Light Emitting Diode (LED):** A semiconductor device that emits light when a current is applied.

**Liquid Crystal Display (LCD):** Liquid crystal sealed between two sheets of glass coated with transparent conducting material. The viewing-side coating is etched into character forming segments with leads that extend to the edge of the glass. Applying a voltage between the glass sheets alters the brightness of the liquid crystal.

**LSI:** Large Scale Integration.

- 1) A technology that allows the inclusion of up to 100,000 simple logic gates on a single chip.
- 2) An integrated circuit that uses large scale integration.

## M

**main board:** *See* motherboard.

**megabyte (MB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 kilobytes. *See also* kilobyte.

**megahertz:** A unit of wave frequency that equals 1 million cycles per second. *See also* hertz.

**menu:** A software interface that displays a list of options on the screen. Also called a screen.

**microprocessor:** A hardware component contained in a single integrated circuit that carries out instructions. Also called the central processing unit (CPU), one of the main parts of the computer.

**mode:** A method of operation, for example, the boot mode, standby mode or the hibernation mode.

**modem:** Derived from modulator/demodulator, a device that converts (modulates) digital data for transmission over telephone lines and then converts modulated data (demodulates) to digital format where received.

**monitor:** A device that uses rows and columns of pixels to display alphanumeric characters or graphic images. *See also* CRT.

**motherboard:** A name sometimes used to refer to the main printed circuit board in processing equipment. It usually contains integrated circuits that perform the processor's basic functions and provides connectors for adding other boards that perform special functions. Sometimes called a main board.

**MP3:** An audio compression standard that enables high-quality transmission and real-time playback of sound files.

## N

**non-system disk:** A formatted floppy disk you can use to store programs and data but you cannot use to start the computer. *See* system disk.

**nonvolatile memory:** Memory, usually read-only (ROM), that is capable of permanently storing information. Turning the computer's power off does not alter data stored in nonvolatile memory.

**numeric keypad overlay:** A feature that allows you to use certain keys on the keyboard to perform numeric entry, or to control cursor and page movement.

## O

**OCR:** Optical Character Recognition (reader). A technique or device that uses laser or visible light to identify characters and input them into a storage device.

**online state:** A functional state of a peripheral device when it is ready to receive or transmit data.

**operating system:** A group of programs that controls the basic operation of a computer. Operating system functions include interpreting programs, creating data files, and controlling the transmission and receipt (input/output) of data to and from memory and peripheral devices.

**output:** The results of a computer operation. Output commonly indicates data.  
1) printed on paper, 2) displayed at a terminal, 3) sent through the serial port of internal modem, or 4) stored on some magnetic media.

## P

**parallel interface:** Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information one byte (8 bits) at a time. *See also* serial interface.

**parity:** 1) The symmetrical relationship between two parameter values (integers) both of which are either on or off; odd or even; 0 or 1.  
2) In serial communications, an error detection bit that is added to a group of data bits making the sum of the bits even or odd. Parity can be set to none, odd, or even.

**password:** A unique string of characters used to identify a specific user. The computer provides various levels of password protection such as user, supervisor and eject.

**pel:** The smallest area of the display that can be addressed by software. Equal in size to a pixel or group of pixels. *See* pixel.

**peripheral component interconnect:** An industry standard 32-bit bus.

**peripheral device:** An I/O device that is external to the central processor and/or main memory such as a printer or a mouse.

**pixel:** A picture element. The smallest dot that can be made on a display or printer. Also called a pel.

**plug and play:** A capability with Windows that enables the system to automatically recognize connections of external devices and make the necessary configurations in the computer.

**port:** The electrical connection through which the computer sends and receives data to and from devices or other computers.

**Power Saver Utility:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various power-saving functions.

**printed circuit board (PCB):** A hardware component of a processor to which integrated circuits and other components are attached. The board itself is typically flat and rectangular, and constructed of fiberglass, to form the attachment surface.

**program:** A set of instructions a computer can execute that enables it to achieve a desired result. *See also* application.

**prompt:** A message the computer provides indicating it is ready for or requires information or an action from you.

## R

**Radio frequency interference (RFI) shield:** A metal shield enclosing the printed circuit boards of the printer or computer to prevent radio and TV interference. All computer equipment generates radio frequency signals. The FCC regulates the amount of signals a computing device can allow past its shielding. A Class A device is sufficient for office use. Class B provides a more stringent classification for home equipment use. TOSHIBA portable computers comply with Class B computing device regulations.

**Random Access Memory (RAM):** High speed memory within the computer circuitry that can be read or written to.

- restart:** Resetting a computer without turning it off (also called “warm boot” or “soft reset”). *See also* boot.
- RGB:** Red, green, and blue. A device that uses three input signals, each activating an electron gun for a primary additive color (red, green, and blue) or port for using such a device. *See also* CRT.
- RJ11:** A modular telephone jack.
- RJ45:** A modular LAN jack.
- ROM:** Read Only Memory: A nonvolatile memory chip manufactured to contain information that controls the computer’s basic operation. You cannot access or change information stored in ROM.

## S

- SCSI:** Small Computer System Interface is an industry standard interface for connection of a variety of peripheral devices.
- SD card:** Secure Digital cards are flash memory widely used in a variety of digital devices such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants.
- serial communications:** A communications technique that uses as few as two interconnecting wires to send bits one after another.
- serial interface:** Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information sequentially, one bit at a time. Contrast: Parallel interface.
- SIO:** Serial Input/Output. The electronic methodology used in serial data transmission.
- soft key:** Key combinations that emulate keys on the IBM keyboard, change some configuration options, stop program execution, and access the numeric keypad overlay.
- software:** The set of programs, procedures and related documentation associated with a computer system. Specifically refers to computer programs that direct and control the computer system’s activities. *See also* hardware.
- stop bit:** One or more bits of a byte that follow the transmitted character or group codes in asynchronous serial communications.
- subpixel:** Three elements, one red, one green and blue (RGB), that make up a pixel on the color LCD. The computer sets subpixels independently, each may emit a different degree of brightness. *See also* pixel.
- synchronous:** Having a constant time interval between successive bits, characters or events.
- system disk:** A disk that has been formatted with an operating system. For MS-DOS the operating system is contained in two hidden files and the COMMAND.COM file. You can boot a computer using a system disk. Also called an operating system disk.

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## T

**Tablet PC:** A fully functional computer that runs Microsoft Windows XP Tablet PC Edition. With a Tablet PC, you can write directly on the screen by using a Tablet PC Pen and use the pen to perform mouse functions.

**terminal:** A typewriter-like keyboard and CRT display screen connected to the computer for data input/output.

**TFT display:** A liquid crystal display (LCD) made from an array of liquid crystal cells using active-matrix technology with thin film transistor (TFT) to drive each cell.

**TOSHIBA Tablet PC Pen:** An input device for Tablet PC. User can write the character on a display screen with a digitizing function or tap to select the item appearing on the screen using the Tablet PC Pen.

**Touch Pad:** A pointing device integrated into the TOSHIBA computer palm rest.

**TTL:** Transistor-transistor logic. A logic circuit design that uses switching transistors for gates and storage.

## U

**Universal Serial Bus:** This serial interface lets you communicate with several devices connected in a chain to a single port on the computer.

## V

**VGA:** Video Graphics Array is an industry standard video adaptor that lets you run any popular software.

**volatile memory:** Random access memory (RAM) that stores information as long as power is supplied to the computer.

## W

**warm start:** Restarting or resetting a computer without turning it off.

**window:** A portion of the screen that can display its own application, document or dialog box. Often used to mean a Microsoft Windows window.

**Wireless LAN:** Local Area Network (LAN) through wireless communication.

**write protection:** A method for protecting a floppy disk from accidental erasure.



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