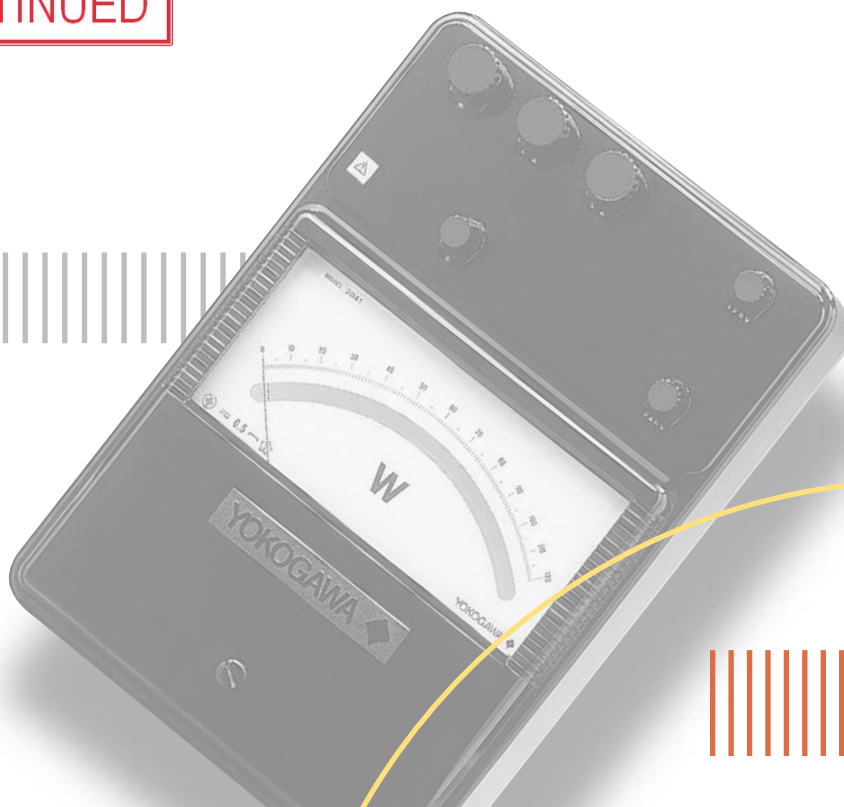
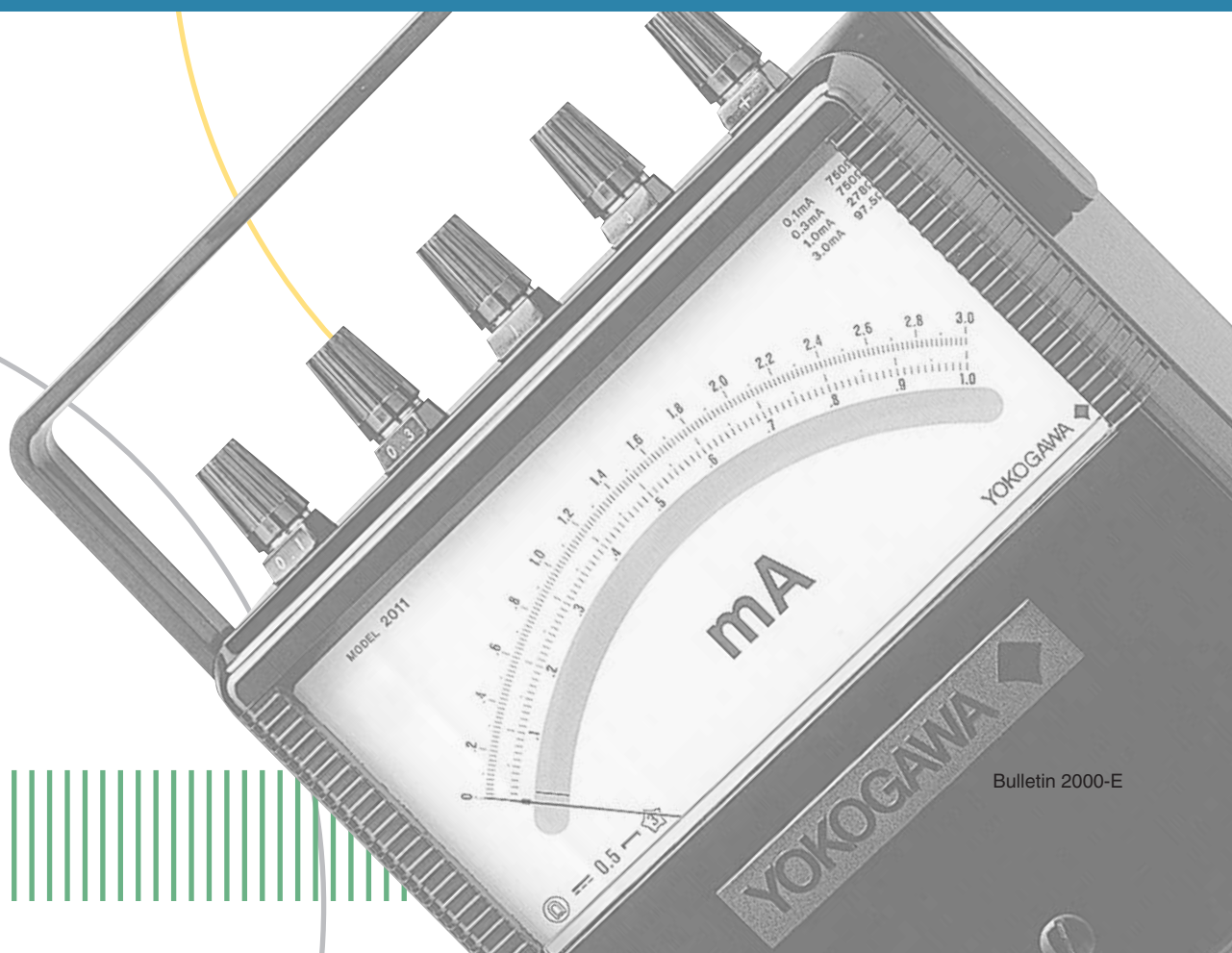


DISCONTINUED

YOKOGAWA 



Portable Instruments



Bulletin 2000-E

Usage Precautions

 **Warning:** Indicates usage precautions that must be read to ensure the safety of users and the equipment.

Safety Instructions for Portable Instruments

1. Usage environment and conditions

Do not use YOKOGAWA portable instruments in locations such as the following:

- Locations where the ambient temperature is outside the range of 0 to 40°C
- Locations where relative humidity is outside the range of 25 to 80%
- Locations subject to vibrations or shock impact
- Locations subject to rain, dripping water, or direct sunlight
- Locations exposed to large amounts of dust, salt, soot, or corrosive gases (sulfurous acid gas, ammonia gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, or other gases that corrode metals or plastics)
- Locations subject to strong external noise or electromagnetic waves
- Locations subject to large amounts of static electricity
- Locations subject to large amounts of high frequencies and waveform distortion (e.g., from inverters or thyristor circuits)

2. Wiring

Adhere to the following rules when connecting the wires:

- When connecting an instrument with accessories, first make sure none of the wires are live.
- The connector terminals on the wires should be appropriate for the electricity load and terminal size.
- Connect the wires properly as illustrated in the wiring diagrams of catalogs or on product labels.
- Fasten connector terminals to the proper torque for the size of screw being used.
- Instruments that are combined with current transformers (CT) should be properly connected to the secondary side of the CT. Improper connection may result in a CT failure, burned components, or a fire. When the secondary side of a CT is disconnected, especially while the primary side is powered, the secondary side terminal will carry a high voltage which could result in electrical shock. Therefore, the secondary side should be short-circuited before the instrument is disconnected.

3. Usage precautions

- Use the instrument within the rated specifications. Failure to do so can cause the equipment to malfunction or result in a failure.
- While the power is on, do not touch any terminals or open the cover or case.
- The current transformer emits heat while powered, so do not touch it.
- Never change the plug at the terminal when operating the instruments.

4. What to do if the equipment functions abnormally or fails

- If you notice abnormal heating, or a strange odor, noises, or smoking or if the equipment seems to have failed, immediately take steps such as cutting off the input. Next, contact your YOKOGAWA sales office.

5. Maintaining and checking the equipment

To ensure that your instrument operates properly, perform the following checks on a regular basis:

- Check for damage to the instrument or accessories due to heating or other factors.
- Check for loose attachments or screws (always turn off the power before doing this to ensure safety).
- The instrument covers have been coated with an antistatic agent to block static electricity. Gently wipe dirt off the cover surfaces with a soft, dry cloth. Do not use a wet cloth as this will reduce the effects of the antistatic coating. Do not allow cloths made from synthetic materials to contact the cover for an extended period of time, and do not use benzene, paint thinner, or similar substances. Doing so may cause the cover to become deformed, discolor it, or cause cracking.
- If the indicator reading becomes unstable due to static electricity, coat the front and back of the cover with a commercially available antistatic agent.
- Instrument service life will vary according to usage conditions. In general, however, we recommend replacing the instrument after about 15 years of use.

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Selection Guide

Portable Instrument (Ammeter and Voltmeter)

Category	Class	Model	Measurement range (maximum scale value)	
DC ammeters and voltmeters	Class 0.5 (2011 31 2011 32)	2011 DC A	4 ranges	
		2012 DC AV	17 ranges	
		2011 DC V	4 ranges	
AC ammeters and voltmeters	Class 0.5	2013 AC A	2 ranges	
			4 ranges	
		2014 AC AV	13 ranges	
		2013 AC V	2 ranges	
Audio- frequency voltmeters	Class 0.5	2017 (rectifier type)		
DC ammeters and voltmeters	Class 1.0	2051 DC A		
		2051 DC V		
AC ammeters and voltmeters	Class 1.5	2052 AC A AC V (rectifier type)		
AC ammeters	Class 1.5	2053 AC A (moving iron type)		

Portable DC Ammeters and Voltmeters

2011, 2012

Models **2011** and **2012** are moving coil type instruments using a taut-band suspension system. The suspension system provides excellent reproducibility without friction, and strong resistance to shock impact. These precision instruments combine a magnetic circuit (sandwich mechanism) that blocks the effects of external magnetic fields, and a superior temperature compensation circuit.

Features

- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides strong resistance to shock impact.
- Stable performance ensures that changes over time are negligible.
- Quick response and easy-to-read scale
- Superior temperature compensation circuit reduces external temperature effects.
- Magnetic circuit (sandwich mechanism) reduces the effects of external magnetic fields.



2011 33



2012 00

Specifications

Operating principle : Permanent moving coil
 Class : JIS C 1102, equivalent to Class 0.5 (Notes1.)
 Operating position : Horizontal
 Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
 Scale divisions : 100/150
 Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500 V/More than 10 MΩ
 Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 3000 V for 5 seconds

External dimensions and weight:

2011 Approximately 197 × 181 × 92 mm, approximately 1.7 kg

2012 Approximately 260 × 180 × 120 mm, approximately 2.8 kg

Standard accessories : Instruction Manual (1)

Dustproof Cover (2012 00 only)

Shunt cable (2011 41, 2012 00 only)

Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2291 01 Carrying case for 2011 (page 10)

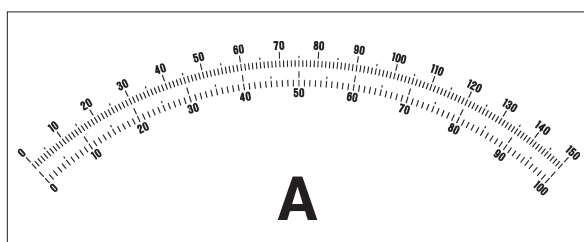
2292 01 Carrying case for 2012 (page 10)

Model		Maximum scale value	Approximate internal resistance and consumed power				
2011	31	* 3/10/30/100 μA	5.1/18.3/7.7/2.5		kΩ		
	32	* 10/30/100/300 μA	6.8/6.8/2.5/0.88		kΩ		
	33	0.1/0.3/1/3 mA	750/750/278/97.5		Ω		
	34	1/3/10/30 mA	23/14/4.7/1.6		Ω		
	35	10/30/100/300 mA	Voltage drop 50 mV				
	36	0.1/0.3/1/3 A					
	37	1/3/10/30 A					
	38	0.3/1/3/10 V	1 mA (1000 Ω/V)				
	39	3/10/30/100 V					
	40	30/100/300/1000 V					
41	(50 mV)	93 Ω					
2012	00	3/10/30/100/300/1000 V 1/3/10/30/100/300 mA 1/3/10/30 A/50 mV (17 different measurement ranges)		Voltage measurement range Approximately 1 mA (1000 Ω/V)			
				Current measurement range			
				<Range>	<Voltage drop>	<Range>	<Voltage drop>
				1 mA	24 mV	1 A	53 mV
				3 mA	41 mV	3 A	56 mV
				10 mA	47 mV	10 A	75 mV
				30 mA	49 mV	30 A	100 mV
				100 mA	50 mV	50 mV	59 Ω
				300 mA	51 mV		

Notes

1. 2011 31 and 2011 32 are equivalent to Class 1.0.
2. Not JIS-approved.
3. For ranges higher than 30 A, externally connect a shunt 2215-2217 (page 10) to the 50 mV terminal on 2011 41 (50 mV instrument) or 2012 00, 2011 41 (50 mV instrument) and 2012 00 both come with a set of shunt cables (two 1.5-meter cables with 0.025 Ω resistance). Different cables may be used if the cable resistance is 0.1 Ω or less.
4. For ranges higher than 1000 V, or externally connect external multiplier 2222 or 2223 (page 10) to the 3 V terminal on 2012 00.

Scale



● 2011 41 50 mV instrument

The scale for the 50 mV instrument has 100 and 150 divisions. A 50 mV current transformer may be combined with any rated current instrument to read measurements through a simple conversion process.

Scale on 2011 41 50 mV instrument

Portable AC Ammeters and Voltmeters

2013, 2014

Models **2013** and **2014** are moving iron type instruments using a taut-band suspension system. The suspension system provides excellent reproducibility without friction, and good resistance to shock impact. A cap shield mechanism serving to reduce external magnetic fields, and other components ensure stable performance.

Features

- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides good resistance to shock impact.
- Stable performance ensures that changes over time are negligible.
- Magnetic circuit reduces the effects of external magnetic fields.



2013 14



2014 00

Specifications

Operating principle : Moving iron type
 Class : JIS C 1102, equivalent to Class 0.5
 Operating position : Horizontal
 Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
 Rated Frequency : 50/60 Hz
 Scale divisions : Check the symbols below against the instrument list.
 A: 100 divisions B: 150 divisions C: 100/150 divisions
 D: 100/125 divisions E: 120/150 divisions

Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500 V/More than 10 MΩ
 Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 3000 V for 5 seconds
 External dimensions and weight :
 2013 Approximately 197 × 181 × 92 mm, approximately 1.7 kg
 2014 Approximately 260 × 180 × 120 mm, approximately 4.2 kg
 Standard accessories : Instruction Manual (1)
 Dustproof Cover (2014 00 only)
 Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2291 01 Carrying case for 2013 (page 10)
 2292 01 Carrying case for 2014 (page 10)

Model		Maximum scale value		Approximate internal resistance and consumed power	
2013		(scale divisions)			
	01	20/100	mA A	0.3/0.2	VA
	03	100/500	mA A	0.5/0.5	VA
	04	0.2/1	A A	0.4/0.4	VA
	06	1/5	A A	0.6/0.6	VA
	07	2/10	A A	0.7/0.7	VA
	08	5/25	A D	1/1	VA
	09	10/50	A A	1.2/1.8	VA
	10	20/50/100/200	mA A	0.4/0.3/0.2/0.3	VA
	11	0.1/0.2/0.5/1	A A	0.2/0.3/0.4/0.5	VA
	12	0.5/1/2/5	A A	0.7/0.6/0.5/0.3	VA
	13	2/5/10/20	A A	0.5/0.3/0.6/0.9	VA
	14	10/20/50/100	A A	0.6/0.9/1.7/2.4	VA
	15	15/30	V B	3.8 VA	
	16	30/75	V B		
	17	75/150	V B		
	18	150/300	V B		
	19	300/750	V B		
	2014	00	30/75/150/300/750 V 0.15/0.3/0.75/1.5/3/ 7.5/15/30 A (13 different measurement ranges)	B	Each voltage measurement range 4.5 VA Current measurement range 7.5 A or less 0.7 VA 15 A 0.9 VA 30 A 2 VA

Notes

1. For ranges higher than 100 A, externally connect current transformer 2241 00 or 2242 00 (page 9) to the 7.5 A terminal on 2014 00.
2. For ranges higher than 750 V, or externally connect voltage transformer 2261 01 (page 9) to the 150 V terminal on 2014 00.
3. Not JIS-approved.

Portable Audio-Frequency Voltmeters

2017

Model 2017 is a rectifier type, Class 0.5 voltmeter designed for the audio-frequency range.

The indicator is based on a taut-band suspension system, which eliminates friction, provides good resistance to vibrations and shock impact, and ensures excellent characteristics.

Features

- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides good resistance to shock impact.
- 2017: For measurements from 45 Hz to 10 kHz with 1000 Ω/V internal resistance



2017 30

Specifications

Operating principle : Rectifier type
Class : JIS C 1102, equivalent to Class 0.5
Operating position : Horizontal
Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
Scale divisions : 150
Maximum scale value : 30/75/150/300 V
Rated Frequency : 50/60 Hz
Operating frequency : 45 Hz to 10 kHz
Approximate consumed current : 1 mA (1000 Ω/V)
Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH
Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500V/More than 10 M Ω
Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 2000 V for 5 seconds
External dimensions and weight : 197×181×92 mm, approximately 1.8 kg
Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2291 01 Carrying case (page 10)

Notes

1. May also be used as an Epstein testing magnetic flux voltmeter.
2. Not JIS-approved.
3. Calibration certificate corresponds to commercial frequency (45 Hz to 65 Hz)

Portable Needle-indicator Frequency Meters

2038

Model **2038** uses a transducer to convert a measured frequency to a proportionate DC current, then shows the current as a DC current reading. The transducer, combined with a high sensitivity moving coil type indicator based on YOKOGAWA's proprietary taut-band suspension system, provides a level of performance not possible with conventional frequency meters. In addition to frequency measurements for research labs and schools, the 2038 can be used as a standard for measurement control labs and field tests.

Features

- A wide range of frequencies (45~100 Hz) can be measured with the broad selection of models.
- True equivalent scale enables measurement of continuous frequency changes.
- A wide range of voltages (50~300 V) can be used.
- Differential system minimizes waveform effects.
- Anti-shock structure provided by taut-band design.



2038 31

Specifications

Operating principle : Needle-indicator frequency meter (differential system)
 Class : JIS C 1102 (fiducial value: Max value see table below)
 Operating position : Horizontal
 Rated voltages : 120/240
 120 V ... Can be used between 50 and 135 V.
 240 V ... Can be used between 130 and 300 V.
 Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
 Consumed power : 120 V ... Approximately 1.3 VA 240 V ... Approximately 2 VA

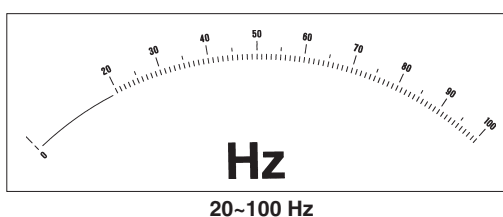
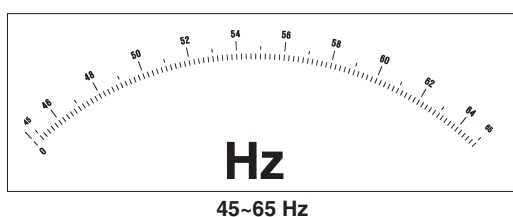
Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500 V/More than 10MΩ
 Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 2000V for 5 seconds
 External dimensions and weight : 197 × 181 × 92 mm, approximately 1.8 kg
 Standard accessory : Instruction Manual (1)
 Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2291 01 Carrying case (page 10)

Model	Measurement range	Class	Scale divisions
2038	31 45 ~ 65 Hz	Equivalent to Class 0.2	100 divisions (0.2 Hz/div)
	32 20 ~ 100 Hz	Equivalent to Class 1.0	100 divisions (1 Hz/div)

Notes

1. If the voltage exceeds 300 V, externally connect an instrument voltage transformer 2261 01 (page 9).
2. Not JIS-approved.
3. Tolerance is "percentage" with respect to maximum scale value.
 For 2038 31, $65 \times \pm 0.2\% = \pm 0.13\text{Hz}$.

Scale



(Note: Frequencies from 0 to 20 Hz are outside the measurement range.)

Portable Power Factor Meters

2039

Model 2039 is a revolutionary series of portable wattmeters in which a power factor is used to operate the DC indicator. This is done using a transducer which provides a DC current proportionate to the voltage-current phase by means of a circuit. Model 2039 can be used in single-phase and balanced three-phase circuits. The electronic transducer, combined with a high sensitivity moving coil type indicator based on YOKOGAWA's proprietary taut-band suspension system, provides a level of performance not possible with conventional power factor meters.

Features

- For both single-phase and three-phase (balanced circuit).
- Excellent current characteristic: 20~200% of rated current (short time period)
- Wide range of applicable voltages: 60~300 V AC
- Phase angle scale included
- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides strong resistance to shock impact.



2039 02

Specifications

Operating principle : Rectifier type
 Class : JIS C 1102, equivalent to Class 3.0 (fiducial value: 90 DEG)
 Operating position : Horizontal
 Rated frequency : 50/60 Hz
 Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
 Scale : Lead 0-0.3 to 1.0 to 0.3-0 lag (with phase angle scale)
 Effective measurement range: Lead 0.5 to 1.0 to 0.5 lag
 Consumed power Voltage circuit (120 V) : Approximately 0.14 VA
 Current circuit (5 A) : Approximately 2.4 VA
 Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH

Insulation test :

Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500V/More than 10MΩ
 Between current circuit and voltage circuit DC 500V/More than 5MΩ

Voltage test :

Between electrical circuit and the case AC 2000 V for 5 seconds
 Between current circuit and voltage circuit AC 1500 V for 5 seconds

External dimensions and weight :

Approximately 260 × 180 × 141 mm, approximately 2.9 kg

Standard accessory

: Instruction Manual (1)

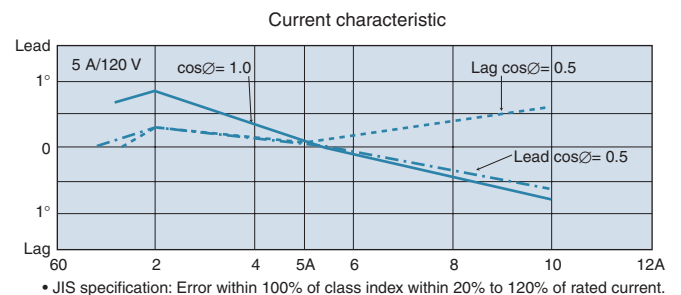
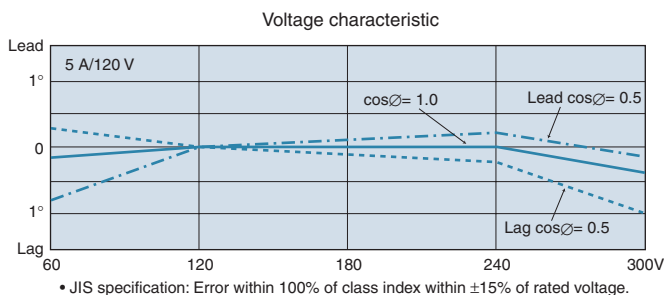
Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2292 01 Carrying case (page 10)

Notes

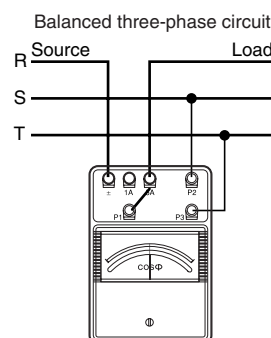
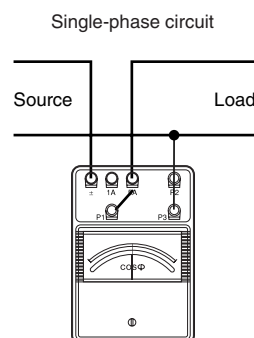
1. For measurements exceeding the rated current (25 A), externally connect a current transformer 2241 00-2242 00 (page 9) to the 5 A terminal.
2. For measurement with a voltage exceeding 300 V, externally connect a voltage transformer 2261 01 to the 120 V terminal. (page 9)
3. Not JIS-approved.

Model	Rated current	Rated voltage
2039	02 1/5 A	120 V (Can be used between 60 and 300 V.)
	03 5/25 A	

Characteristics



Connection diagrams



Portable Wattmeters

2041 and 2042

Model **2041** single-phase wattmeters and Model **2042** three-phase wattmeters are electrodynamic type wattmeters with indicators based on taut-band suspension. They can handle DC and frequencies from 25 Hz to 1000 Hz, and provide excellent power factor characteristics. These instruments are shielded with dual permalloy sheets as protection against external magnetic fields.

Features

- Frequency range: DC, 25 Hz to 1000 Hz (2041 02~03, 2042 02~03)
- Low self-consuming power
- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides strong resistance to shock impact.



2041 02



2042 02

Specifications

Operating principle : Electrodynamic type
 Operating position : Horizontal
 Scale length : Approximately 135 mm (deflection angle: 85°)
 Scale divisions : 120
 Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH
 Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500V/More than 10MΩ
 Between current circuit and voltage circuit DC 500V/More than 5MΩ

Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 2000 V for 5 seconds
 Between current circuit and voltage circuit AC 1500 V for 5 seconds

External dimensions and weight :

2041 Approximately 260 × 180 × 136 mm, Approximately 2.8 kg

2042 Approximately 260 × 180 × 136 mm, Approximately 3.2 kg

Standard accessory : Instruction Manual (1)

Optional accessories (sold separately) : 2292 01 Carrying case (page 10)

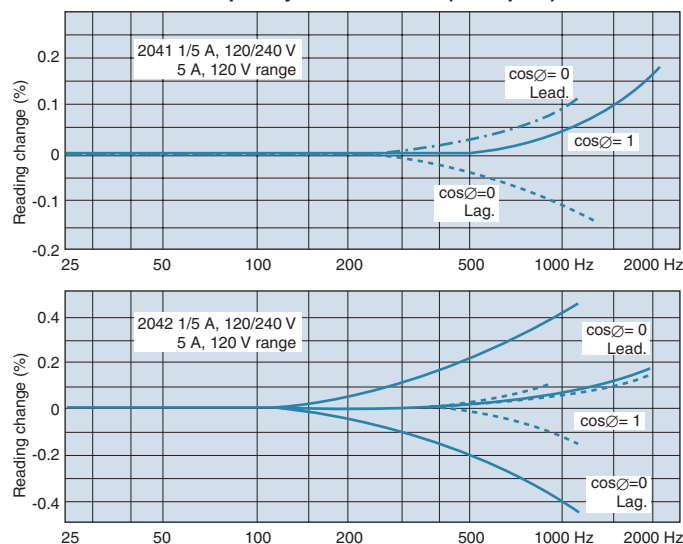
Parameter	Single-phase wattmeter	
	2041	
	02	03
	Three-phase wattmeter	
Parameter	2042	
	02	03
Class	JIS C 1102, equivalent to Class 0.5	
Rated voltage (approximate consumed power)	120/240 V (1.2/2.4 VA)	
Rated current (approximate consumed power)	1/5 A (0.93/0.84 VA)	5/25 A (1.72/1.69 VA)
Rated power factor	1.0	
Operating frequency	DC, 25-1000 Hz	
Rated Frequency	50/60 Hz	

Notes

1. For measurements exceeding the rated current (25 A), externally connect a current transformer 2241 00-2242 00 (page 9) to the 5 A terminal (two required for three-phase).
2. If the rated voltage (240 V) is exceeded, externally connect an instrument voltage transformer 2261 01 (page 9) (two required for three-phase).
3. Three-phase wattmeter total consumed power = (voltage range + current range) × 2
4. Not JIS-approved

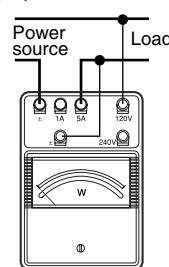
Characteristics

Frequency characteristic (examples)

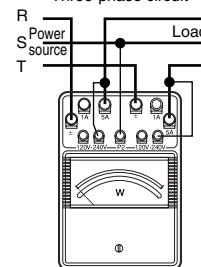


Connection diagrams

Single-phase wattmeter Single-phase and DC circuit



Three-phase wattmeter Three-phase circuit



Miniature Portable Ammeters and Voltmeters

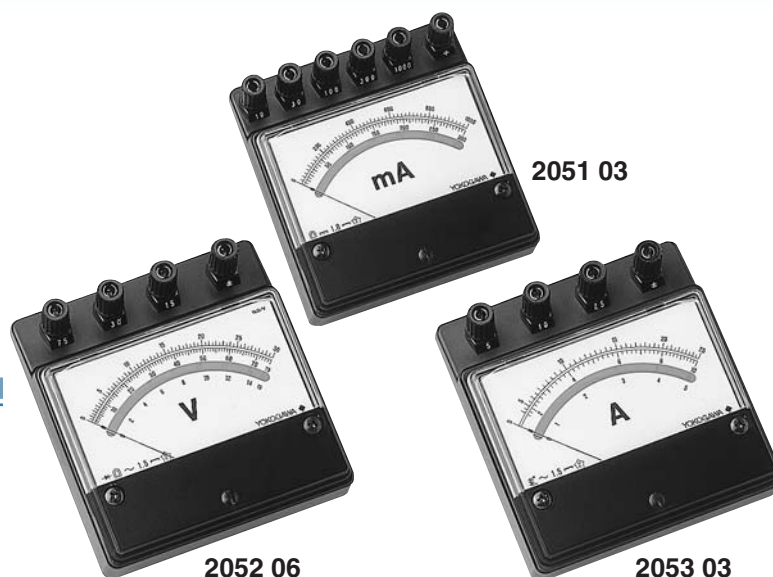
2051, 2052, 2053

The E series of miniature portable instruments consists of JIS C 1102-2 Class 1.0 and Class 1.5 instruments. The taut-band suspension system is used in the moving parts of Models 2051 and 2052 to eliminate friction and provide strong resistance to shock impact.

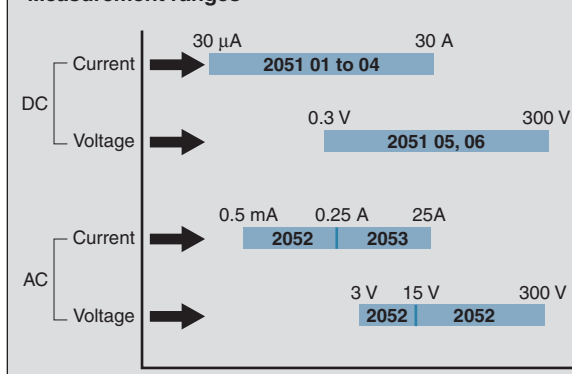
These instruments are functional and compact, making them suitable for labs at research centers and schools. They are also very useful for factory setups in which numerous instruments are arranged on a small tabletop area, and they are small enough to be carried for maintenance service use.

Features

- Useful for both high-sensitivity and large-volume measurements
DC: 30 μ A~30 A, 0.3 V~300 V
AC: 0.5 mA~25 A, 3 V~300 V
- Taut-band suspension system eliminates friction and provides strong resistance to shock impact.
- Small and lightweight, with easy-to-read mirrored scale



Measurement ranges



Specifications

Operating principle : 2051 Permanent magnet moving coil type
2052 Rectifier type (approximating RMS rectifier type for 15~300 V)
2053 Moving iron type

Class : JIS C 1102
2051... Equivalent to Class 1.0, 2052, 2053...
Equivalent to Class 1.5

Scale length : Approximately 88 mm (deflection angle: 90°)
Needle : Bladed needle (red)

Operating position : Horizontal
Rated Frequency : 50/60 Hz

Operating temperature and humidity ranges : 0 to 40°C, 25 to 80%RH
Storage temperature and humidity ranges : -10 to 50°C, 25 to 80%RH

Insulation test : Between electrical circuit and the case DC 500V/More than 10M Ω
Voltage test : Between electrical circuit and the case AC 2000 V for 5 seconds

External dimensions and weight :
Approximately 113 $\times$ 106 $\times$ 46 mm Approximately 0.35 kg

Optional accessories (sold separately):
2291 02 Carrying case for E series of miniature portable instruments
A case 93042 (origin: B9604WM) that can hold the instrument as well as leads and other accessories is also available. (page 10)

Single deflecting meter

Model	Maximum scale value			Approximate internal resistance, consumed power	
2051	01	30/100/300/1000/3000	μ A DC	5/6.8/2.8/0.9/0.3	k Ω
	02	0.3/1/3/10/30	mA DC	970/390/140/43/14	Ω
	03	10/30/100/300/1000	mA DC	4/1.4/0.4/0.14/0.04	Ω
	04	0.3/1/3/10/30	A DC	0.14/0.04/0.014/0.004/0.001	Ω
	05	0.3/1/3/10/30	V DC	100 μ A (10 k Ω /V)	
	06	3/10/30/100/300	V DC		
2052	01	0.5/1/2.5	mA AC	3 V	
	02	2.5/5/10	mA AC		
	03	10/25/50	mA AC		
	04	50/100/250	mA AC	1 mA	
	05	3/7.5/15	V AC		
	06	15/30/75	V AC		
	07	75/150/300	V AC		
2053	01	0.25/0.5/1	A AC	1/1/1	VA
	02	1/2.5/5	A AC	0.9/0.8/0.7	VA
	03	5/10/25	A AC	0.6/0.9/2.3	VA

Zero-Centrometer

Model	Maximum scale value			Approximate internal resistance, consumed power	
2051	12	$\pm$ 0.3/1/3/10/30	mA DC	1170/400/135/40/14	Ω
	14	$\pm$ 10/30/100/300/1000	mA DC	4/1.5/0.4/0.15/0.04	Ω
	15	$\pm$ 0.15/0.5/1.5/5/15	A DC	0.14/0.04/0.014/0.004/0.001	Ω
	16	$\pm$ 0.3/1/3/10/30	A DC	0.15/0.14/0.11/0.004/0.001	Ω
	18	$\pm$ 0.3/1/3/10/30	V DC	100 μ A (10 k Ω /V)	
	19	$\pm$ 1.5/5/15/50/150	V DC	50 μ A (20 k Ω /V)	
	20	$\pm$ 3/10/30/100/300	V DC	100 μ A (10 k Ω /V)	

Note

- Not JIS-approved.

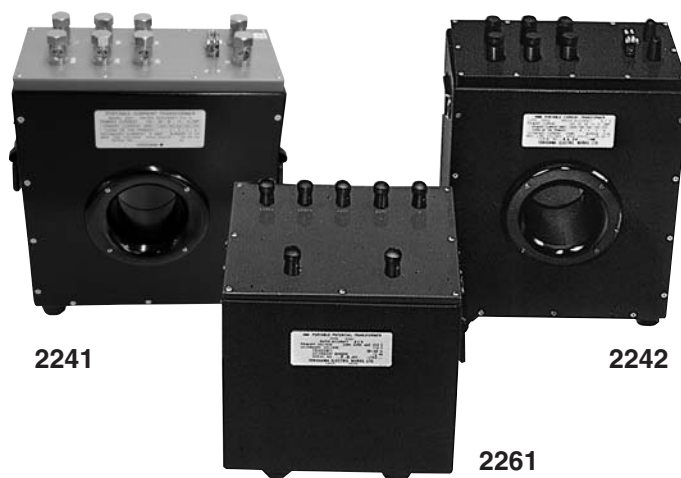
Instrument Transformers

2241, 2242, 2261

Instrument transformer is a general term for voltage transformers and current transformers that are used with electrical instruments. The main purpose of instrument transformers is to extend the measurement range for electrical quantities (voltage, current, power, power factor) on large-current and high-voltage circuits. They serve to convert currents and voltages to levels that are suitable for measurement, and to insulate the instrument, etc. from high-voltage circuitry.

Features

- Precision conversion of electrical quantities on AC large-current or high-voltage circuits
- Secondary circuit is isolated from primary circuit.
- Capable of wide-range measurement using numerous ranges
 - Current : 10 A~1500 A
 - Voltage : 220 V~3300 V
 - Relative error : $\pm 0.2\%$



Specifications

JIS C 1731 (equivalent) Instrument transformers

Model	Instrument current transformer		Instrument voltage transformer
	2241 00	2242 00	2261 01
Primary	10/15/30/50/100/250/300/500/750/1500 A	10/15/30/50/100/250/300/500/750/1500 A	220/440/2200/3300 V
Secondary	5 A	5 A	110 V
Rated load	15 VA	15 VA	15 VA
Relative error	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$
Phase angle	± 10 minutes	± 10 minutes	± 10 minutes
Class	0.2	0.2	0.2
Maximum circuit voltage	3450 V	6900 V	—
Withstand voltage (for one minute)	10000 V	16000 V	10000 V
Rated frequency	50~60 Hz		50~60 Hz
External dimensions	Approximately 318×272×128 mm	Approximately 348×280×152 mm	Approximately 255 × 266 × 200 mm
Weight	Approximately 9 kg	Approximately 11 kg	Approximately 18 kg

Notes

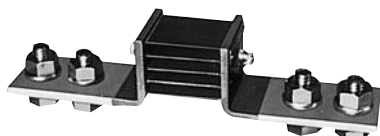
1. Current transformers 2241 and 2242 are terminal type for measurements at 100 A and below, and through type at 250 A and above.
2. In addition to 2241 through 2242, 2244 is also available. The specifications for this transformer (for current measurements only; cannot be used for power measurements) are 500 A primary, 5 A secondary (one range, through type), 1.5 VA rated load, Class 0.2 and 250 V maximum circuit voltage.

Shunts and External Multipliers

Shunts **2215~2217** External Multipliers **2222 and 2223**

Shunts

Permissible tolerance : $\pm 0.2\%$ of rated value
Rated voltage drop : 50 mV

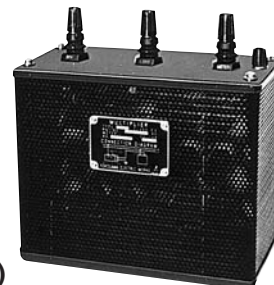


2216 (500 A)

Model	Rating		Model	Rating		Model	Rating	
2215	01	1 A	2215	09	20 A	2216	01	500 A
	02	1.5 A		10	30 A		02	750 A
	03	2 A		11	50 A		03	1000 A
	04	3 A		12	75 A		01	1500 A
	05	5 A		13	100 A	2217	02	2000 A
	06	7.5 A		14	150 A		03	3000 A
	07	10 A		15	200 A		04	5000 A
	08	15 A		16	300 A			

External Multipliers

Class : JIS C 1102 equivalent to Class 0.2
Consumed current : 1 mA



2222 (1.5/3 kV)

Model	Rating	
2222	01	0.75/1.5 kV
	02	1/2 kV
	03	1.5/3 kV
2223	00	3/5 kV

2291 and 2292 Carrying Cases



2291 01



2292 01



2291 02

Model	Compatible instruments	
2291	01	2011, 2013, 2016 (voltmeters), 2017, 2038
2292	01	2012, 2014, 2016 (ammeters), 2039, 2041, 2042, 3254
2291	02	2051, 2052, 2053

● Carrying cases are useful for carrying and storing instruments.

List of Products

Product	Model	Specifications
DC ammeter (4 ranges)	2011	31 3/10/30/100 μ A
		32 10/30/100/300 μ A
		33 0.1/0.3/1/3 mA
		34 1/3/10/30 mA
		35 10/30/100/300 mA
		36 0.1/0.3/1/3 A
		37 1/3/10/30 A
DC voltmeter (4 ranges)	2011	38 0.3/1/3/10 V
		39 3/10/30/100 V
		40 30/100/300/1000 V
DC ammeter	2012	41 (50 mV)
DC ammeter and voltmeter		00 17 ranges
AC ammeter (2 ranges)	2013	01 20/100 mA
		03 100/500 mA
		04 0.2/1 A
		06 1/5 A
		07 2/10 A
		08 5/25 A
		09 10/50 A
AC ammeter (4 ranges)	2013	10 20/50/100/200 mA
		11 0.1/0.2/0.5/1 A
		12 0.5/1/2/5 A
		13 2/5/10/20 A
AV voltmeter (2 ranges)	2013	14 10/20/50/100 A
		15 15/30 V
		16 30/75 V
		17 75/150 V
		18 150/300 V
		19 300/750 V
AC ammeter and voltmeter	2014	00 13 ranges
Audio-frequency voltmeter	2017	30 30/75/150/300 V

Product	Model	Specifications
Needle-indicator frequency meter	2038	31 45 ~ 65 Hz 120/240 V
		32 20 ~ 100 Hz 120/240 V
Power factor meter	2039	02 1/5 A 120 V
		03 5/25 A 120 V
Single-phase wattmeter	2041	02 1/5 A 120/240 V
		03 5/25 A 120/240 V
Three-phase wattmeter	2042	02 1/5 A 120/240 V
		03 5/25 A 120/240 V
Miniature DC ammeter	2051	01 30/100/300/1000/3000 μ A
		02 0.3/1/3/10/30 mA
		03 10/30/100/300/1000 mA
		04 0.3/1/3/10/30 A
		12 $\pm 0.3/1/3/10/30$ mA
		14 $\pm 10/30/100/300/1000$ mA
Miniature DC voltmeter	2051	15 $\pm 0.15/0.5/1.5/5/15$ A
		16 $\pm 0.3/1/3/10/30$ A
		05 0.3/1/3/10/30 V
		06 3/10/30/100/300 V
		18 $\pm 0.3/1/3/10/30$ V
		19 $\pm 1.5/5/15/50/150$ V
Miniature AC ammeter	2052	20 $\pm 3/10/30/100/300$ V
		01 0.5/1/2.5 mA
		02 2.5/5/10 mA
		03 10/25/50 mA
Miniature AC voltmeter	2052	04 50/100/250 mA
		05 3/7.5/15 V
		06 15/30/75 V
		07 75/150/300 V
Miniature AC ammeter	2053	01 0.25/0.5/1 A
		02 1/2.5/5 A
		03 5/10/25 A

Q & A

Is there a way to use the portable instruments in an upright (vertical) position?

Portable instruments must be used in a horizontal position (standard position). There is no assurance of precision within the specified ranges if a portable instrument is set in a vertical or tilted position during use. This is due to the weight balance of the moving parts, including the indicator needle. If the instrument is horizontal, there is basically no balance problem, but if it is vertical, the indicator error will be doubled. There are no strict guidelines on leveling the instrument (e.g., using a spirit level). It should be OK if it is set on a desk (or bench) that is basically level. If you really need to use your portable instrument in a vertical position, you should calibrate it in that position before use.

Can I order measurement leads from YOKOGAWA

YOKOGAWA does not carry measurement leads; you will need to purchase them separately. We do not carry leads because it is very difficult to establish a standard type of lead. This is because, with the exception of chips connected on the instrument end, line diameters, lengths, and the specifications of the remote chip being connected can vary greatly, depending on operating conditions. However, shunt cables (1.5-meter cable with 0.05Ω resistance) are provided with external shunt ammeters 2011 14 (50 mV) and 2012 00.

What are Class 0.5 and Class 1.0?

• The current product is not a JIS-approved.

They are precision classes specified in JIS C 1102 ("Direct Acting Indicator Electrical Instruments"). The classes refer specifically to limitations on error and influential fluctuations (characteristics), but are normally used to indicate the maximum tolerance.

Class 0.5 = $\pm 0.5\%$ of fiducial value; percentage of range's maximum scale value

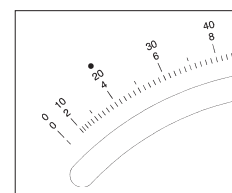
Class 1.0 = $\pm 1.0\%$ of fiducial value; percentage of range's maximum scale value

What is the solid circle (●) above the scale number on the labels of Models 2013 and 2014?

This indicates the minimum value in the measurement range.

- The range from the scale value marked by the solid circle to the maximum scale value is the guaranteed precision range.
- Values below the scale value marked by the solid circle are outside the guaranteed precision range.

This mark is specified in JIS C 1102 ("Direct Acting Indicator Electrical Instruments").



What are the test voltages for the voltage tests on the various meters?

The test voltages are listed below. Tests are done across the input terminal (electric circuit) and the outer casing.

3000 V AC for 5 seconds; 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014

2000 V AC for 5 seconds; 2017, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2038, 2039, 2041, 2042

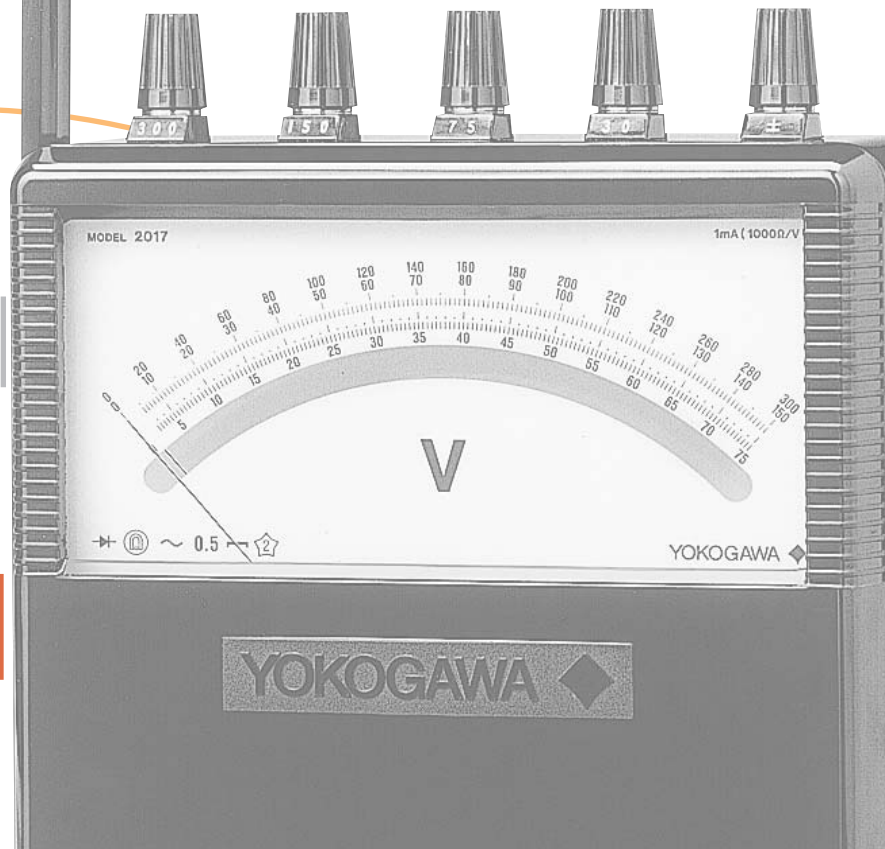
How do you calculate the internal (terminal-to-terminal) resistance or impedance?

When voltage drop is given on an ammeter; Voltage drop (V)/Range's rated current (A) = Internal resistance

When consumed current is given on a voltmeter; Range's rated voltage (V)/Consumed current (A) = Internal resistance

When consumed power is given on an ammeter (circuit); Consumed power (VA)/Square of rated current (A) = Internal impedance

When consumed power is given on a voltmeter (circuit); Square of rated voltage (V)/Consumed power (VA) = Internal impedance



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NOTICE

- Before operating the product, read the instruction manual thoroughly for proper and safe operation.

<http://tmi.yokogawa.com/>

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